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State of South Carolina
                        ) In the Court of Common Pleas
County of Hampton
                         ) Case No: 2017-CP-25-335
Richard Lightsey, LeBrian
Cleckley, Phillip Cooper, et
al., on behalf of themselves
and all others similarly
situated
                              ) Videotaped Deposition
               Plaintiff(s),
                                          of
VS.
                                   KENNETH BROWNE
South Carolina Electric & Gas
Company, a Wholly Owned
Subsidiary of SCANA, SCANA
Corporation, and the State of
South Carolina
               Defendant(s).
South Carolina Office of
Regulatory Staff,
               Intervenor.
             THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
                   OF SOUTH CAROLINA
  DOCKET NOS. 2017-207-E, 2017-305-E, AND 2017-370-E
IN RE: Friends of the Earth and
Sierra Club Complainant/Petitioner)
v. South Carolina Electric & Gas
Company, Defendant/Respondent
IN RE: Request of the South
Carolina Office of Regulatory
Staff for Rate Relief to SCE&G
Rates Pursuant to SC Code Ann.
$58-27-920
IN RE: Joint Application and
Petition of South Carolina
Electric & Gas Company and
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Dominion Energy, Incorporated for)
Review and Approval of a Proposed)
Business Combination between SCANA)
Corporation and Dominion Energy,)
Incorporated, as May be Required,)
and for a Prudency Determination)
Regarding the Abandonment of the)
VC Summer Units 2 & 3 Project and)
Associated Customer Benefits and)
Cost Recovery Plans

Videotaped Deposition of KENNETH BROWNE, taken before Jennifer L. Thompson, CVR-M, Nationally Certified Verbatim Court Reporter and Notary Public in and for the State of South Carolina, scheduled for 10:00 a.m. and commencing at the hour of 10:09 a.m., Tuesday, September 25, 2018, at the office of Strom Law Firm, Columbia, South Carolina.

Reported by:

Jennifer L. Thompson, CVR-M

Office of Regulatory Staff Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al. 1 Any court, party, or person who has purchased a transcript may, without paying a further fee to the reporter, reproduce a Copy or portion thereof as an exhibit pursuant to court order or Rule or for internal 3 use, but shall NOT otherwise provide or sell a copy or copies to any other party or person without the express consent of the reporter and/or reporting agency. 5 **APPEARANCES** 6 For the Plaintiff(s): Daniel S. Haltiwanger, Esquire Richardson, Patrick, Westbrook & Brickman, LLC 623 Richland Avenue West Aiken, SC 29801 Gibson Solomons, III, Esquire 10 Speights and Solomons 100 Oak Street 11 Hampton, SC 29924 12 Via Telephone: Terry Richardson, Jr., Esquire 13 Richardson, Patrick, Westbrook & Brickman, LLC 14 Aerial King, Attorney-at-Law Lewis Babcock, LLP 15 For the South Carolina Office of Regulatory Staff: 16 James E. Cox, Jr., Esquire Wyche, P.A. 17 PO Box 728 Greenville, SC 29602-0728 18 For Counsel Central Electric Coop and Electric Coop of 19 South Carolina Frank R. Ellerbe, III, Esquire 20 Robinson Gray Stepp & Laffitte LLC 1310 Gadsden Street 21 Columbia, SC 29201 22 For Santee Cooper: William C. Hubbard, Esquire 23 Rush Smith, III, Esquire Nelson Mullins Riley & Scarborough, LLP 24 Meridian/17th Floor 1320 Main Street 25 Columbia, SC 29201 Thompson Court Reporting, Inc. \square

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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018
     Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina
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     REPORTER'S LEGEND:
20
               [denotes interruption/change in thought]
               [denotes trailing off/incomplete
21
               thought or statement]
               [denotes word/phrase that may seem strange or
     [sic]
22
               incorrect; written verbatim]
     (ph)
               [denotes phonetic spelling]
23
     (unintelligible ) [denotes not capable of being
                          understood]
24
     (indiscernible crosstalk)
                                [denotes multiple speakers
                         at the same time, not capable of
25
                         being understood]
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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina 5 Electric & Gas Company, et al. 1 INDEX OF EXAMINATION 2 Stipulations6 3 Examination By Mr. Chally258 4 5 Re-Examination By Mr. Haltiwanger340 Re-Examination By Mr. Chally340 6 7 Signature & Errata Pages343 8 9 INDEX OF EXHIBITS Email SCANA RP0639111128 10 Exhibit No. 1 Exhibit No. 2 11 Exhibit No. 3 Exhibit No. 4 12 Exhibit No. 5 Exhibit No. 6 Email SCANA RP0246420-41146 13 Exhibit No. 7 Exhibit No. 8 Exhibit No. 9 14 15 Exhibit No. 12 Email SCANA_RP0388794-797160 Exhibit No. 13 Email SCANA_RP0381916-17166 16 Exhibit No. 14 Email SCANA RP0258894-96202 17 Exhibit No. 15 EAC Review Team Preliminary208 Update Exhibit No. 16 Email SCANA RP0020794,214 18 0954157-161 Exhibit No. 17 Email SCANA RP0021575, 577-583223 19 Exhibit No. 18 2015 Direct Testimony of Stephen262 20 Byrne Exhibit No. 19 2016 Testimony of Joseph Lynch269 Exhibit No. 20 Resignation Letter of Kenneth284 21 Browne 22 Exhibit No. 21 Direct Testimony of Stephen299 Byrne 2016 23 Exhibit No. 22 Direct Testimony of Carlette308 Walker 2015 24 25 Thompson Court Reporting, Inc. \square

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	Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.
1	STIPULATIONS
2	This deposition is being taken pursuant to
3	the South Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure.
4	
5	The reading and signing of this deposition is
6	reserved by the deponent and counsel for the
7	respective parties.
8	
9	(Begin 10:09 a.m.)
10	Whereupon, the case caption was published and
11	counsel noted their appearances for the record.)
12	
13	Whereupon,
14	KENNETH BROWNE, being administered an oath of
15	affirmation or duly sworn and cautioned to speak
16	the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the
17	truth, testified as follows:
18	Court Reporter: State your full name for the
19	record, please.
20	Witness: Kenneth Browne.
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
23	

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Kenneth	Brown	ne - Sep	otember	25, 20	18
Richard	Light	sey, et	t al. v.	South	Carolina
Electric	. & Ga	as Compa	any, et	al.	

1 2 EXAMINATION 3 BY MR. HALTIWANGER: 4 Mr. Browne, my name is Dan Haltiwanger and we met 5 just before this began. I'm going to be the one 6 that's asking most of the questions this morning 7 and probably into the afternoon. Before we begin, 8 I know you've probably talked with your lawyers about what to expect today, but there is a couple 9 of rules I'm required to go over so that I know 10 that you're aware of them. One of the things, 11 12 though, is even though we have video that's 13 running today --14 Right. Α 15 -- it's important to verbalize all of your 16 answers, to say yes or no instead of uh-huh or 17 huh-uh or nodding your head or anything like that so that she can make a record of everything we 18 19 say. 20 Α Yes, sir. 21 Second, we're probably going to go for a while 22 today, hopefully not as long as we went yesterday 23 with Mr. Kochems. But if at anytime you need to

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take a break, whether it's use the restroom, get

another water, whatever, let me know and we'll

24

Office of Regulatory Staff Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.
1		take a break. It's not meant to be an endurance
2		contest.
3	А	Sure.
4	Q	Also, as you know, you were just put under oath
5		for this testimony today. So this is testimony
6		that can be used in a courtroom. And along with
7		that, your attorney and some of the other
8		attorneys may object during the questioning today.
9		There's really two kinds of objections. You'll
10		hear "object to the form," which there's something
11		about my question that they don't think would be
12		proper in a courtroom setting for a number of
13		different reasons. But unless they object and
14		instruct you not to answer the question, I'm going
15		to ask you to go ahead and answer the question as
16		best you can. But related to that, if I ever do
17		ask you a question and you don't understand it, I
18		use a word that you're not familiar with, or you
19		don't think I'm making sense to you, let me know
20		and I'll do my best to, you know, ask a better
21		question.
22	A	Yes, sir.
23	Q	I'm not an accountant. I'm not an engineer. I
24		may use terms that you're familiar with that I'm
25		not familiar with that you think I'm using
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Kenneth	Browne	- September	25, 2018
Richard	Lightse	ey, et al. v.	South Carolina
Electric	& Gas	Company, et	al.

incorrectly. You're not bound to not ask me what 1

- 2 I mean. You can ask me to explain myself.
- 3 Right.
- Also, if anytime during the deposition today I've 4
- 5 asked you a question earlier and the answer you
- 6 gave earlier you think is either incomplete or
- 7 incorrect, you have the right to go back and say,
- 8 oh, oh, remember when I said, you know, I was with
- 9 so-and-so earlier, I now remember it wasn't
- so-and-so, it was somebody else. 10
- 11 Right.
- 12 Stuff like that --0
- 13 Sure. Α
- 14 You're welcome to do that. Don't feel that you
- 15 can't correct anything that you testified to
- 16 earlier. And having gone through all that, let me
- 17 ask you, have you ever had a deposition taken
- before? 18
- 19 Yes, I have. Α
- 20 What type of case was it?
- 21 It was a case between two contractors that were
- 22 working on a project that I was working on, and
- 23 they were in a dispute over the cost of materials
- 24 that increased during the project.
- 25 0 Were you employed by one of the parties to the

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Kenneth	Browne	- September	25, 2018
Richard	Lightse	ey, et al. v.	South Carolina
Electric	c & Gas	Company, et	al.

1		lawsuit?				
2	Σ	No	Т	W A S	employed	

- 2 A No, I was employed by Santee Cooper at the time.
- 3 Q So you've been through this before. And all of
- 4 them are a little same, but everyone's a little
- 5 bit different. I want to start -- and again, I
- 6 don't want you to tell me anything that you and
- 7 your attorneys discussed, but I am interested in
- 8 finding out what you did to prepare for today's
- 9 deposition. And that would be people you talked
- 10 to or documents you looked at.
- 11 A Nothing. I don't have any documents to look at.
- 12 Q You didn't go back and review any materials that
- 13 you may have with you?
- 14 A I don't have any materials with me. When I left
- my job, I left the materials.
- 16 Q And you didn't speak with any current or former
- 17 employees from the project?
- 18 A No, not specifically regarding this. It's been
- several months since I spoke with anyone.
- 20 Q Well, let me ask you. Have you ever read Carlette
- 21 Walker's deposition in this litigation?
- 22 A No.
- 23 Q When was the last time you would have had any
- 24 communication with Carlette Walker?
- 25 A Actually, she knew of my deposition today and she

Kenneth	Browne -	September	25, 20	18
Richard	Lightsey	et al. v.	South	Carolina
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1	sent me an email just telling me to, you know,
2	good luck. And I responded "Thank you, I'm a
3	little bit on edge, but I'm not worried about it

- 4 too much." And that was last week. Prior to
- 5 that, probably two months ago just in a casual
- 6 meeting, my wife and I and she and her husband for
- 7 dinner.
- 8 Q At that time, did you and Mrs. Walker review any
- 9 materials?
- 10 A No.
- 11 Q But you did work with Carlette Walker at SCANA?
- 12 A Yes.
- 13 Q And how long did you work with her?
- 14 A I worked with Carlette from November of 2009 until
- 15 I left -- well, actually until she left in about
- December of 2015, I think she left.
- 17 Q Did you know her before working with her on this
- 18 project?
- 19 A No.
- 20 Q How often would you interact with Ms. Walker while
- 21 working on this project?
- 22 A At work or outside of work?
- 23 Q At work?
- 24 A Daily.
- 25 Q Was she your supervisor?

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

	Rich	ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.
1	А	No.
2	Q	What was her relationship in the hierarchy to
3		where you were?
4	А	She worked for SCANA. She was the vice president
5		of nuclear accounting for SCANA Services. I
6		worked for SCE&G in the business and finance
7		group. And we had a combined group which was
8		mostly composed of SCANA personnel, and I was an
9		SCE&G employee. My supervisor, his name was Abney
10		Smith or Skip Smith. And Carlette was over the
11		accountants and the people working for SCANA
12		Services. So she was over the accounting group
13		and they were a piece of the business and finance
14		group for nuclear project.
15	Q	I know because there's a couple different entities
16		involved here.
17	А	Yes.
18	Q	Who was your direct employer when you were working
19		on the VC Summer project?
20	A	I worked for Santee Cooper for a period on the VC
21		Summer project, from I actually started on the
22		project in I think it was October of 2005 part
23		time. In January of 2006, I started working full
24		time commuting back and forth from Moncks Corner
25		to Columbia, but I was in Columbia four days a

Kenneth	Browne	- September	25,	2018
Richard	Lightse	y, et al. v.	Sou	th Carolina
Electric	& Gas	Company, et	al.	

		ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina etric & Gas Company, et al.	13
1		week. Then in June of 2009, I retired from Santee	
2		Cooper. In November of 2009, I went to work for	
3		SCE&G.	
4	Q	And when you say you worked for SCE&G, did you	
5		work for SCE&G, SCANA Services, SCANA which?	
6	А	I worked for SCE&G.	
7	Q	And that's who would have signed your paycheck?	
8	А	Yes, sir.	
9	Q	Did that ever change while you were I mean	
10		after you arrived at SCE&G did	
11	А	Never changed.	
12	Q	Have you followed any of the newspaper reporting	
13		and TV reporting involving the VC Summer?	
14	А	Yes, I have.	
15	Q	Did you read the article in the Charleston Post	
16		and Courier that was about a voicemail that	
17		Carlette Walker had left for an employee?	
18	А	Yes, I did.	
19	Q	What was your reaction to hearing that voicemail?	
20	А	I knew of the voicemail when she left it.	
21	Q	Can you elaborate on that? And how did you know?	
22	А	I knew because I worked very closely with Marion	
23		Cherry who was the Santee Cooper representative,	

and he told me about the voicemail whenever

24

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Carlette called and left him that voicemail.

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Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Septemb	er	25,	2 0 1	. 8
Richard	Liq	jh tse	Эу,	et al.	v.	Sou	th	Carolina
Electri	c &	Gas	Со	mpany,	еt	al.		

1 Q	I	want	to	get	some	details	from	that.	Did	this
-----	---	------	----	-----	------	---------	------	-------	-----	------

- come up in -- while you were at work or after he
- 3 get the voicemail did he call you? Just kind of
- lay out the narrative of how it came about. 4
- 5 Marion and I also worked together on a daily
- 6 basis, and at work he told me of the voicemail.
- 7 What did he tell you -- did he play it for you or
- 8 did he just describe --
- 9 I did not hear his voice. He just described it
- 10 for me.
- What did he describe? What do you recall? 11
- 12 He just described Carlette calling and leaving a
- 13 voicemail that -- telling him that Santee Cooper
- 14 needed to not approve anymore cost increases, I
- 15 believe were the words he used.
- 16 And kind of where did the conversation go after
- 17 that with Mr. Cherry?
- 18 Α It didn't go anywhere.
- 19 Did you ever see or listen to the voicemail
- 20 yourself?
- After it was on the link for the article in the 21
- 22 paper is the first time I heard it.
- 23 Q What was your reaction to hearing it?
- 24 A little shocked at the frankness of the
- 25 voicemail, but not surprised at the -- I guess the

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Kenneth	Browne	- September	25, 201	8
Richard	Lights	ey, et al. v.	South	Carolina
Electric	& Gas	Company, et	al.	

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	1
1		intent, the message in the voicemail.	
2	Q	And why were you not surprised?	
3	А	Because I knew how Carlette felt about the	
4		project.	
5	Q	And describe for us your understanding of what her	
6		feelings were.	
7	A	That's difficult to be in somebody else's head,	
8		but I can explain to you what my feelings were and	
9		I think they were very close to Carlette's. We	
10		were not I was not pleased with the path that	
11		the project was taking at the time.	
12	Q	And I want to dig down into that. What	
13		specifically, when you say you were not pleased,	
14		what were you not pleased with that?	
15	А	I was not pleased with the cost of the project	
16		continuously increasing.	
17	Q	Did you think there was I mean, what did you	
18		personally believe was responsible for those	
19		increases in costs?	
20	A	Contractors' inefficiencies.	
21	Q	And can you give me some examples?	
22	A	They were not meeting schedules. They were taking	
23		twice as many hours man hours to get work done	

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that they had budgeted for each incremental piece

of the project and there didn't appear to be any

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina

16

		ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	1
1		end in sight in those issues. We had been through	
2		many rounds of promises of improvement, but they	
3		never followed through on those promises.	
4	Q	And you've referenced "contractors" and "they."	
5		And just so I can have a clear record, who are we	
6		talking about?	
7	А	We're talking about, at various times in the	
8		project, Westinghouse, Shaw, and Chicago Bridge &	
9		Iron.	
10	Q	Besides not meeting the schedules and man hours,	
11		what other issues do you recall being upset with	
12		respect to contractors?	
13	А	I'm not sure what you	
14	Q	I was just asking if there's other things the	
15		contractors had in their performance that you were	
16		not pleased with?	
17	А	I don't know what else there is to not be pleased	
18		with other than failure to meet schedules and	
19		performance. I mean, that's	
20	Q	What about issues with the design of the project?	
21		Did you have problems with that?	
22	А	Personally, I did not. I was in the business and	
23		finance group.	
24	Q	We started kind of down this road with discussing	
25		the voicemail that Carlette Walker had left. Were	

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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina

17

- those concerns that Ms. Walker had expressed to 1
- 2 you during the time of the project?

Electric & Gas Company, et al.

- 3 MR. CHALLY: Object to form of the question.
- 4 Yes. Α
- 5 In addition to what we've talked about, did
- 6 Ms. Walker ever express any other concerns about
- 7 the performance of the project?
- 8 MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 9 No, not -- I'm not sure I understand the question,
- 10 but . . .
- I'm just trying to figure out if I can get an idea 11
- 12 of the universe of the complaints that Ms. Walker
- 13 shared with you.
- I mean, the same issues that I had she had, as far 14
- 15 as I'm concerned, yes.
- 16 I'm assuming from your earlier answer I know this
- 17 answer, but I'm just going to ask you to check it
- off. Have you read Margaret Felkel's deposition? 18
- 19 No. Α
- 20 Have you read Sheri Wicker's deposition?
- 21 Α No.
- 22 Have you read any other depositions from this
- 23 litigation?
- 24 Α I have not.
- Have you discussed Kevin Kochems' deposition 25

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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018
Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina
Electric & Gas Company, et al.

1	yesterday	with	anyone?

- 2 A No. Other than you guys discussing how long it
- 3 took.
- 4 Q Okay. Let me ask you, when did you -- are you
- 5 currently employed?
- 6 A I am not.
- 7 Q When were you last employed?
- 8 A I was last employed in July of 2016 when I left
- 9 SCE&G.
- 10 Q Since July '16, have you had any discussions with
- 11 any SCANA employees in which the discussions of
- 12 lawsuits against the company arising from the VC
- 13 Summer project were discussed?
- 14 A No.
- 15 Q Have you had any discussions with any SCANA
- 16 employees in which the topic of potential criminal
- 17 prosecution came up?
- 18 A Yes.
- 19 Q Describe those for me.
- 20 A In social settings, discussing the likelihood of
- 21 prosecution of the executives from SCANA. Just,
- 22 you know, opinions and maybe some feeling of
- 23 regret.
- 24 Q Which executives in particular were discussed?
- 25 A Kevin Marsh, Steve Byrne, and Jimmy Addison.

19

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	1
1	Q	Can you elaborate what you mean by regret?	
2	А	Yes, I can. I personally believe and of course	
3		I'm not an attorney and I'm not a law enforcement	
4		person, but I believe that there were some things	
5		done by those individuals that they should be	
6		prosecuted for. And the regret is I don't think	
7		they ever will be.	
8	Q	I want to get kind of if I can write down a	
9		list of the things that you would think would be	
10		relevant to potential criminal litigation, what	
11		would you list?	
12	А	Just one thing.	
13	Q	What's that?	
14	А	Not being truthful. Short list.	
15	Q	Okay. Well, maybe we can get through this quickly	
16		then. What do you believe they were not truthful	
17		about?	
18	A	I don't believe they were truthful about the	
19		status of the project and multiple quarterly	
20		reports and filings.	
21	Q	When you say "quarterly reports and filings,"	
22		which ones would those be? Would this be the BLRA	
23		reports?	
24	A	All of the reports regarding the project, not	
25		specifically the BLRA reports. But the financial	

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	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	20
1		reports I guess would be the ones that I would be	
2		most concerned about.	
3	Q	So I'm and that's why I'm trying to get more	
4		detail. Are you talking about SEC	
5	A	SEC filings, yes.	
6	Q	And what in particular, if I was going to go pull	
7		some SEC filings, what statements or types of	
8		statements would I look for do you think were	
9		inaccurate?	
10	А	The general reflection in those filings were that	
11		the project was going well. And for at least the	
12		last two years of the project when I was there,	
13		the project was not going well.	
14	Q	And those two years would have been 2014 through	
15		2016?	
16	А	Yes.	
17	Q	When you say "not going well," I want to get some	
18		actual meat on that bone	
19	А	Sure.	
20	Q	What do you mean?	
21	А	I'm going to go back to where I was talking about	
22		the contractor. They were not meeting schedules	
23		and their inefficiencies were not meeting the	
24		goals that the project budget were set on. And	
25		from those indicators, that's a general indication	

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	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	2
1		of the health of the project. And the health of	
2		the project was not good. But if you read in the	
3		reports, the health of the project was always	
4		good, a positive outlook.	
5	Q	Is there any in your opinion, is there any way	
6		that Mr. Marsh, Mr. Byrne and Mr. Addison could	
7		not have been aware of those problems?	
8		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
9	А	You need to rephrase that question.	
10	Q	Sure, yeah. Is it possible that management was	
11		unaware of those issues that we just discussed	
12		with the scheduling and productivity?	
13		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
14	А	It's not possible.	
15	Q	Okay. And why would you believe that?	
16	А	Because there were internal reports and	
17		communications that provided the status of the	
18		project to management.	
19	Q	And if I wanted to go find some of those internal	
20		reports and communications, how would I go about	
21		doing that? What would I look for?	
22	А	Emails.	
23	Q	From anyone in particular?	
24	А	Myself, my boss, Skip Smith, Carlette Walker.	

And if I wanted to kind of -- I mean, if I wanted

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25

Q

Kenneth	Brow	ne -	Septembe	er 25,	2018
Richard	Ligh	tsey,	et al.	v. Sou	th Carolina
Electric	& G	as Co	mpany,	et al.	

		tric & Gas Company, et al.	22
1		to do like a Google keyword search trying to find	
2		emails that might reflect this information, what	
3		would you suggest I use, as far as search terms or	
4		dates or anything that would help me locate those?	
5	А	Possibly performance factor, which would be most	
6		likely a PF indication, or cost estimates or	
7		estimate to complete or things like that would be.	
8		EAC, estimate at completion, estimate to complete,	
9		any of those terms.	
10	Q	Well, let me ask. Have you had any discussions	
11		with anyone related to the South Carolina Law	
12		Enforcement Division or SLED?	
13	А	Yes.	
14	Q	When would you have first had any contact with	
15		SLED?	
16	A	In November of last year, November 2017.	
17	Q	And how did it come about?	
18	А	They contacted me, actually through the FBI. I	
19		had a spent a wonderful day with the FBI and	
20		the SLED guy was not there for that discussion.	
21		And he contacted me and asked if he could come by	
22		my home and talk to me at my house.	
23	Q	Okay. Well, then if the FBI came first, let's	
24		start with that. How did that come about, a	
25		meeting with the FBI?	

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Office of Regulatory Staff Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

	Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.						
1	А	I'm not sure. They called me. Invited me to meet					
2		with them at the US Attorney's office and, of					
3		course, I accepted the invitation. And we had a					
4		long, long day as well.					
5	Q	And approximately when would that have occurred?					
6	А	That was November of 2017.					
7	Q	Did they ask you to bring any materials?					
8	А	They did not ask me, and I did not have any					
9		materials to bring.					
10	Q	While you were there, did they ask you to review					
11		any materials they had?					
12	А	Yes, they did.					
13	Q	And what did you review?					
14	А	I reviewed a cost estimate model that we developed					
15		at in the business and finance group, NND					
16		business and finance. We developed a cost model.					
17		And I spent a good portion of that day explaining					
18		that model to the FBI and the US Attorney.					
19	Q	And this would have when would this model have					
20		originally have been created?					
21	А	The model was originally created in I think it was					
22		2014. And we modified it in 2015 to do an					

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analysis of the fixed-price offer that we had for

Would this have been a spreadsheet that was kept

23

24

25

Q

the contract.

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

		ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.
1		at SCANA?
2	А	Yes.
3	Q	If I wanted to find that spreadsheet, how would I
4		search for that? Is there a title to it that you
5		would point me to?
6	А	Oh my goodness. I don't remember what the title
7		was of that.
8	Q	Again, what about like any keywords or searches
9		that you think might if I was searching for
10		spreadsheets with these terms?
11	A	Probably something cost estimate or estimate to
12		complete or something like that. It had my name,
13		Kevin Kochems' name, and Marion Cherry's name at
14		the top of it as well. The three of us jointly
15		prepared it.
16	Q	And how did this cost estimate model come to be
17		created back in 2014?
18	А	We were expecting an estimate to complete from the
19		contractor. And in preparation for their
20		estimate, we developed that model to just be
21		prepared for their work. It was taking them a
22		long time, and we needed something to use on our
23		own. And then when we received their estimate to
24		complete, we used that as a parallel review of
25		their cost.

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	25
1	Q	And the original creators of that cost estimate	
2		model, was that you, Mr. Kochems, and Mr. Cherry?	
3	А	Yes.	
4	Q	Anyone else involved in that?	
5	A	Not really, not in creating the sheet.	
6	Q	Going back to the FBI meeting. They were the ones	
7		that presented you with this cost estimate model	
8		you had created and asked you to explain it to	
9		them?	
10	A	Yes.	
11	Q	Did they indicate whether they had met with either	
12		Mr. Kochems or Mr. Cherry?	
13	A	I don't recall.	
14	Q	Besides the cost estimate model, any other	
15		materials that you went over with the FBI?	
16	А	I don't think so, but I can't say for sure.	
17		That's been a while. I know we spent most of our	
18		time on that.	
19	Q	Besides the cost estimate model, any other topics	
20		that you discussed with the FBI?	
21	A	Yes.	
22	Q	What were they?	
23	A	Just they wanted to understand the EPC contract,	
24		how the EPC contract came to be. The it's a	
25		very complicated contract, the pricing mechanism	

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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

26

		ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	2
1		in it. And we spent a lot of time going through	
2		that. They wanted to I spent a lot of time	
3		teaching, I guess, that date more than answering	
4		questions, just trying to help them understand the	
5		cost estimate and how the project was formed.	
6	Q	Did they inform you that they had met with any	
7		other former SCANA or Santee Cooper employees?	
8	А	They told me they had met with Carlette Walker.	
9		And I believe she was the source of the	
10		spreadsheet that we went over.	
11	Q	Did they indicate they had anybody they were going	
12		to talk to after you, besides you and Carlette?	
13	А	They didn't specifically say, but I sort of	
14		assumed that they would be talking with probably	
15		Kevin Kochems and Marion Cherry.	
16	Q	Have you had any conversations with Mr. Kochems	
17		that this FBI took place?	
18	А	Yes.	
19	Q	And what about with Mr. Cherry?	
20	А	You mean whether FBI discussed with Kochems or	
21		with me?	
22	Q	Did you ever inform either Mr. Kochems or	
23		Mr. Cherry that you had met with the FBI?	
24	А	Yes, both.	
25	Q	Do you know whether Mr. Kochems ever met with the	

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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

27

	Rich	ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.
1		FBI?
2	А	I do not.
3	Q	I may have asked, but when was the last time you
4		would have talked to Mr. Kochems?
5	А	I think it was in May, but I'm not sure. We went
6		out to dinner with some of the people from NND,
7		and Kevin was there with that. Kevin was there;
8		Sheri Wicker was there. I'm not sure who else,
9		but our spouses. We just went out to dinner.
10	Q	When you met with the SLED agent that wasn't there
11		the day with the FBI, what did that entail?
12	А	He told me that he was primarily interested in any
13		fraudulent activities that I was aware of,
14		specifically regarding the contractors. And there
15		was one episode that we discovered, and I spent
16		most of the time with him going through the
17		details of that.
18	Q	Who was the contractor?
19	А	The contractor was CB&I.
20	Q	What was the suspected fraud?
21	А	There was a situation where one of their suppliers
22		was submitting three bids, the same supplier under
23		three different names. And CB&I was buying office
24		equipment from this supplier and paying too much

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25

money for it.

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	28
1	Q	How did you become aware of this?	
2	A	Of the situation?	
3	Q	Yeah.	
4	А	In my job responsibilities, I reviewed my invoices	
5		from the contractor for the target price element,	
6		and month after month I kept seeing the same	
7		supplies coming from the same guy, who really I	
8		didn't know why he was supplying this equipment.	
9		And the prices seemed to be high, so we started	
10		doing research and found out the situation. We	
11		called in the SCANA audit group and they did a	
12		little deeper investigation and that's how they	
13		found how we found out that one guy was	
14		submitting all three bids.	
15	Q	Anything else you discussed with SLED?	
16	А	No.	
17	Q	What about the Securities and Exchange Commission,	
18		have you had any discussions with any	
19		representatives of that?	
20	А	No.	
21	Q	After the meeting that day with the FBI, has there	
22		been any follow-up with the FBI?	
23	А	They've called me two or three times asking me of	
24		names or contact information, primarily with the	
25		contractors.	

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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

Electric & Gas Company, et al.

1	Q	When	you	say	the	contractors,	would	that	be

- Westinghouse?
- 3 A Westinghouse and Fluor and CB&I.
- 4 Q Who in particular were they inquiring about?
- 5 A The site managers.
- 6 Q Do you know what they wanted or did they indicate
- 7 to you what they wanted to talk to them about?
- 8 A No.
- 9 Q Earlier when we were discussing having any
- 10 conversations about potential criminal prosecution
- 11 you said -- you used the word "regret" --
- 12 A Yes.
- 13 Q Was there anything in the meeting with the FBI or
- 14 SLED that led you to believe that they were not
- going to pursue criminal prosecution?
- 16 A No. It's just the time that it's taken. And it
- 17 might be because, you know, I watch too much TV or
- 18 whatever, but it's taken so long I just can't
- imagine anything happening now.
- 20 Q But based on what you observed at your employment
- 21 at SCANA, you believe that there were material
- 22 misrepresentations made by management?
- MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 24 A Yes.
- 25 Q What would those material misrepresentations --

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	30
1		how would you summarize them?	
2	А	Well, we've already been through it once, but it's	
3		the reporting was in general, reporting a	
4		positive outlook with a healthy project while I	
5		believe it should have been a negative outlook	
6		with an unhealthy project.	
7	Q	Well, let me ask you. Does that does your	
8		belief in that respect, does that extend to Santee	
9		Cooper as well? Do you believe that anyone from	
10		Santee Cooper made any material representations	
11		about the health of the project?	
12		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
13	А	I'm not aware of reports that Santee Cooper makes,	
14		so I can't respond to that question.	
15	Q	Based on your experience on the project, do you	
16		believe that SCE&G was candid with Santee Cooper	
17		about the help of the project?	
18	А	Yes.	
19	Q	If you could, explain why you would believe that.	
20	А	Well, the main reason I believe that is because I	
21		was SCE&G and Marion Cherry was Santee Cooper, and	
22		I had no secrets from Marion Cherry. Now, if	
23		you're asking me did Kevin Marsh and Lonnie	
24		Carter, were they truthful with each other, I	
25		can't respond to that because I don't know. But I	

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Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Sept	emb	er	25,	201	. 8
Richard	Liç	htse	у,	еt	al.	v.	Sou	th	Carolina
Electri	2 &	Gas	Co	mpar	ц,	еt	al.		

	Elect	tric & Gas Company, et al.
1		know for a fact that Marion Cherry and I were
2		candid with each other and there were no secrets.
3	Q	Okay. Let me ask you and get a little bit of your
4		background. And I don't know if it's easier for
5		you to start with graduating school and getting
6		your first job and going forward or starting when
7		you retired from
8	А	Probably easier to start at the beginning.
9	Q	Okay.
10	А	I graduated from Clemson University in December
11		of 1980. And I went to work at the Charleston
12		Naval shipyard in January of 1981. I worked in
13		the marine mechanical design group at Charleston
14		Naval Shipyard until I think it was August of 1985
15		where I when I left and went to work for Naval
16		Facilities Engineering Command in Charleston,
17		where I worked until, again, I think it was August
18		of 1990. And I left NAVFAC and went to Santee
19		Cooper at that time. I worked at Santee Cooper in
20		the station construction group from then until I
21		retired in June of 2009. And in November 2009, I
22		went to work for SCE&G. I left SCE&G in June
23		or July, excuse me, of 2016. Is that what you
24		were after?
25	Q	Absolutely.

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	Richa	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	32
1	А	I didn't know if you need more details of what I	
2		did at the	
3	Q	Well, we'll probably dig down into the Santee	
4		Cooper and SCANA. And again, I just want to make	
5		sure because there are different entities. Were	
6		you a SCANA Services employee or were you a SCE&G	
7		direct employee?	
8	А	I was an SCE&G employee.	
9	Q	How was your compensation structured there? Was	
10		it a base salary? Was there I mean, just how	
11		were you compensated for your work there?	
12	А	It was primarily a base salary with a very small,	
13		compared to what the executives received, bonus	
14		plan.	
15	Q	And how did the bonus plan operate?	
16	А	There were goals that were set for it was a	
17		company-wide goal, a department goal, an	
18		individual goal. And your bonuses were paid out	
19		based on meeting those goals.	
20	Q	During the time of the VC Summer Unit Two and	
21		Three construction, did you have the opportunity	
22		to receive bonus payments based on or specifically	
23		related to the progress of the project?	
24	А	No.	
25	Q	For your time at working out on the VC Summer	
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	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	33
1		project, I want to get kind of an understanding of	
2		a cast of characters, who was in charge, who	
3		oversaw what. And just as best as you can, if you	
4		could lay that out for me.	
5	А	Within business and finance or total project or	
6		what's the	
7	Q	Whichever one is I want to get both. Whichever	
8		one is easiest for you to start with.	
9	А	The business and finance group was composed of	
10		SCE&G and SCANA. SCE&G group was fairly small.	
11		That was my supervisor, immediate supervisor Skip	
12		Smith, Abney Smith is his given name. He was the	
13		manager of business and finance. I was senior	
14		engineer business and finance. And occasionally	
15		we would have an analyst or somebody else working	
16		with us. Most of the time it was just the two of	
17		us.	
18	Q	Okay.	
19	A	And then there was the SCANA Services group which	
20		had the accounting and contract compliance. And I	
21		can't remember what Sheri Wicker's Sheri	
22		Wicker's group was accountants who did the	
23		payments. And I had a fairly unique role in the	
24		group because I was an engineer; I was not an	
25		accountant. But because of my prior experience on	

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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

1		other projects with Santee Cooper, I was familiar
2		with accounting and business-related aspects. So
3		I sort of was a go-between between the technical
4		groups and construction for SCE&G and the
5		accountants for SCANA, because accountants didn't
6		speak construction and construction guys didn't
7		speak accounting. And I was the translator in
8		there in between those two groups. I spent a lot
9		of time reviewing invoices, which a lot of people
10		would consider an accounting thing, but the
11		accountants didn't know for this cost-plus
12		invoice, we would get 10,000 lines a month of
13		things they were billing us for, and an accountant
14		looking down there, she could look and see how
15		much it cost, but she wouldn't have a clue as to
16		what it was she was paying for. So I got stuck
17		with that duty for several years of reviewing
18		those things. And I spent probably 25 percent of
19		my time reviewing that target invoice because
20		nobody else was willing to do it and nobody else
21		knew I mean, I hate to say it, but a lot of the
22		accountants didn't know a hammer from a
23		screwdriver, you know, and they were billing us
24		for things like that.
25	Q	I want to dig into that a little bit. As far as
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Kenneth	Bro	wne	- Se	pteml	oer	25,	201	L 8
Richard	Liq	ghtse	еу, е	t al	. v.	Sou	th	Carolina
Electric	c &	Gas	Comp	any,	еt	al.		

	Richa	ath Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.
1		your invoice review, did you ever find invoices
2		that you would challenge or question?
3	А	Absolutely, every month.
4	Q	Describe your experience with that.
5	А	The number one issue that I would find in the
6		invoices that they would be billing us for under
7		the target price for things that should have been
8		firm price or for small tools and consumables
9		which we paid for in the labor markup, the
10		multiplier on the labor, so
11	Q	There's going to be a lot of non-engineers and
12		accountants probably looking at this.
13	А	Yes.
14	Q	Can you kind of put that in layman's terms?
15	А	Yes. We early in the project, we agreed with
16		the contractor that we did not want to see line
17		item billing for small tools, which would be
18		literally hammers, screwdrivers, and anything like
19		that. So we came up with an agreement that
20		anything any tool under \$1,000 and any
21		consumable such as duct tape or grease or anything
22		like that, would be paid for with a labor markup.
23		So it was a certain amount per hour that we paid
24		or actually it was a percentage markup on the
25		labor that we paid to avoid having bills for those

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

36

		5216 t 646 company, 66 42.
1		individual tools under \$1,000. And just about
2		every month we would find or I would find tools
3		under \$1,000 on the invoice that we would have to
4		dispute the payment for.
5	Q	Okay.
6	А	Other things that we find in the contract, all of
7		the commodity materials which was the steel, the,
8		you know, structural steel, reinforcing bar,
9		concrete, any wire and cable, anything like that,
10		was part of the fixed-price on the contract. So
11		we should not receive billing for those items
12		under the target price. So if we found those
13		types of things, we would dispute that. Another
14		issue, we early in the project, we moved to
15		construction equipment to fixed-price. The
16		construction equipment were trucks, any kind of
17		welding machines, or anything like that, should
18		not be billed in the target price. So if we found
19		those on the invoice, we disputed those. So when
20		you have a 10,000 line spreadsheet where they're
21		billing you for some things that you should be
22		paying for and some things that you shouldn't be
23		paying for, you have to go line by line, look at
24		the contract and see whether it's a target price
25		or a firm or fixed-price item and dispute the
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Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Sept	emb	er	25,	2 0 1	. 8
Richard	Lig	jh t s e	у,	e t	al.	v.	Sou	th	Carolina
Electric	e &	Gas	Со	mpan	У,	еt	al.		

	Elec	tric & Gas Company, et al.
1		payment for the firm or fixed-price or other terms
2		in the contract.
3	Q	I just want to make sure I understand some of
4		this. On the when you talk about a labor
5		markup, what that means is if you agree to pay X
6		dollars an hour for a man-hour of work, instead of
7		on top of that paying for individual duct tape and
8		other tools under \$1,000, y'all had an arrangement
9		where you said, okay for that man-hour, we're also
10		going to pay a percentage on top of that, and
11		that's going to cover all these consumables and
12		small tools?
13	А	Yes, that's correct. So, in a sense, if they
14		billed us for it under target, they would be
15		getting paid twice for the same thing because
16		they're getting paid for it in the markup and then
17		if they bill it under target price again, if we
18		don't dispute it, they get paid twice for the same
19		item.
20	Q	And then with the commodity materials, is that a
21		similar situation where you're paying for it under
22		the fixed-price? You know, we're going to pay
23		you, you know, X dollars as a fixed-price on the
24		contract and that's supposed to cover rebar?
25	A	That's correct.
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Kenneth	Browne - September 25, 2018
Richard	Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina

- 1 Q And instead, in your work you would find invoices
- 2 for rebar?
- 3 A That's correct.
- 4 Q And again, that would be the contractor being paid
- 5 twice?
- 6 A If we had not caught it, yes.

Electric & Gas Company, et al.

- 7 Q Okay.
- 8 A There are records of all of those things that we
- 9 caught. We had a -- we called it a Target Price
- 10 Log. And month after month, we would add items to
- 11 that log. And as we agreed that we shouldn't pay
- for them, we would get a credit back.
- 13 Q Besides yourself, who else would be involved in
- 14 updating and creating this Target Price Log?
- 15 A We had one of the accountants. Or actually, it
- 16 was an accounting technician for SCANA Services
- that worked with me on doing that.
- 18 Q Who was that?
- 19 A Her name was Mandy Wicker. No relation to Sheri
- 20 Wicker. She worked for Sheri Wicker, but no
- 21 relation.
- 22 Q Okay. And I'm just asking you to give me an idea
- 23 what type of dollar figures are we talking about
- 24 here? Is this a --
- 25 A Millions of dollars over the project.

	Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.									
1	Q	And these would be millions of dollars of								
2		essential double billing by the contractor?								
3	A	Yes.								
4	Q	I want to get an idea of how it was handled on								
5		behalf of SCANA. You and Mandy Wicker would								
6		identify these materials and it would go on a								
7		Target Price Log?								
8	А	That's correct.								
9	Q	Is there any chance that was also maybe called a								
10		Disputed Invoice Log? Or is that a different log?								
11	А	It's pretty much the same thing. It was a part of								
12		it.								
13	Q	Okay. And the after it got put on the Target								
14		Price Log what happened next with that issue?								
15	А	There would be maybe once a quarter a meeting.								
16		Well, some things that were obvious and no								
17		dispute, the accountants from CB&I would issue us								
18		a credit immediately for those. And then there								
19		would always be things that we would not agree on,								
20		and those items that we did not agree on would be								
21		handled in a review with usually it was Alan								
22		Torres, the construction manager. And the site								
23		manager or some other management person with CB&I								
24		would go down that list and agree what should be								
25		paid and what should not be paid.								
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	Elec	ctric & Gas Company, et al.	40
1	Q	Besides CB&I, what other, if any, contractors	
2		would end up on this Target Price Log? Were there	
3		other contractors I guess I'm asking did	
4		everything come through CB&I and then to y'all?	
5		Or did	
6	А	Everything came through CB&I, yes. Or Shaw when	
7		Shaw was there.	
8	Q	And again, just so I'm making sure I understand	
9		the process. The invoices would come in from	
10		CB&I. You and Mandy Wicker, as part of your job,	
11		would review the invoices?	
12	А	I would review it. Mandy just kept up with the	
13		log.	
14	Q	Okay. So you would review it, identify items	
15		being invoiced that you did not believe were	
16		proper due to the contract between the parties?	
17	А	Right.	

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina

21 A Yes, sir.

22 Q What would the outcome of that meeting typically

representative of CB&I and Shaw?

23 be?

18

19

20

24 A Occasionally it would be -- and I was not pleased

25 whenever it turned out like this, but occasionally

Those items would go on this log. The log would

then be discussed quarterly with Alan Torres and a

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

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	ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	41
	it would be "here, we'll take this one and you	
	take that one" sort of deal, maybe split the	
	difference. But usually it was an item by item	
	reconciliation and looking at the contract and	
	making a determination based on the contract.	
Q	Can you give me a rough idea like in an average	
	quarter how many items we would we be talking	
	about?	
A	In a quarter, maybe a 1,000 items.	
Q	And dollar figure that you'd be associated with	
	those items?	
A	In a quarter?	
Q	Yes.	
A	Probably varied from \$100,000 to maybe as much as	
	\$500,000 in a rare quarter, total. Total	
	aggregate of the disputed items.	
	(Parkin Hunter enters proceeding - Ian	
	Weschler leaves 11:04 a.m.)	

21 VIDEOGRAPHER: This is tape number two in the

(Off the Record)

deposition of Kenneth Browne. We're on the record

23 at 11:16 a.m.

24 BY MR. HALTIWANGER:

25 Q All right, Mr. Browne, let me just -- a little bit

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Richard	Lightsey, et al. v. South Ca	arolina
Electric	. & Gas Company, et al.	

	Richa	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	4
1		of follow-up on what we were talking about with	
2		the Target Price Log. After compiling the	
3		challenged invoices on the log, it would be	
4		Mr. Torres who would be responsible for discussing	
5		this with	
6	А	Not always, but usually that was the case.	
7		Sometimes he would send a designate his group.	
8		Occasionally, Skip Smith, my boss, would take the	
9		SCANA side of the argument. But usually it was	
10		Alan Torres.	
11	Q	And I would that be the end of the question?	
12		They'd have a meeting; we believe this was	
13		improperly charged; they say, well, this is why we	
14		think it was properly charged and	
15	А	With very, very few exceptions, that was the end	
16		of it.	
17	Q	Okay. Did management above Mr. Torres ever have	
18		to get involved in those discussions?	
19		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
20	А	In those few exceptions, yes.	
21	Q	And give me an example of when you recall	
22		management above Torres?	
23	А	I can't recall any time, but I know there was	
24		exceptions.	

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You were actually at Santee -- or let me ask you.

25

Q

Kenneth	Browne	e – Septemb	er 25, 2018	
Richard	Lights	sey, et al.	v. South Ca	arolina
Electric	& Gas	s Company,	et al.	
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1 Were you at Santee Cooper when the decision to build the nuclear plants was originally adopted? 3 Yes. And what was your role at Santee Cooper? 4 5 I was the -- official title was Representative of 6 the Authority, but I was -- in common language, I 7 was the Santee Cooper representative for the 8 project. Marion Cherry was my replacement. 9 And when did you -- or how did it first come about that Santee Cooper was going to look at taking 10 part in this project? 11 12 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 13 I'm not sure, because when I was put on the 14 project, the decision had already been made. 15 Okay. 16 And I was working on cross units three and four, 17 and I was called back into my office in Moncks Corner one day and on my white board in my office 18 was this little nuclear symbol and it said, "Go 19 see Maxie," who was our vice president. And I had 20 no clue what it was about. Found out that I was 21 22 going to be working on a nuclear plant. 23 So you were not part of any of the discussions 24 leading up to Santee Cooper deciding to go

nuclear?

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	Richa	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina cric & Gas Company, et al.	44
1	A	I was not part of the discussions leading up to	
2		Santee Cooper working with SCE&G to investigate	
3		the nuclear plant. I was part of the discussion	
4		making the decision to sign the agreement with	
5		SCE&G and execute the EPC contract. That was	
6		after I was working on the project. I don't know	
7		if I'm answering your question or not.	
8	Q	Yeah, I'm getting them.	
9	А	It was in phases.	
10	Q	So I guess describe for me how that went down, as	
11		far as the getting into the agreement with SCANA	
12		and just I'm just trying to get information	
13		about how it went down.	
14	А	Well, it was not really a single point in time, I	
15		don't guess. It was, you know, we got involved	
16		with SCANA to investigate the project. We spent	
17		two years negotiating, investigating, looking at	
18		different technologies and, you know, kind of	
19		narrowed it down to the Westinghouse AP1000. We	
20		negotiated contracts for probably a	
21		year-and-a-half or more with Westinghouse. We	
22		were in with them, out with them, in with them,	
23		out with them, back and forth. And finally, I	
24		guess the final decision was made just prior to	
25		execution of the EPC contract. That's when Santee	

Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Sept	emb	er	25,	201	. 8
Richard	Liç	htse	у,	еt	al.	v.	Sou	th	Carolina
Electric	. &	Gas	Со	mpar	у,	еt	al.		

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 and Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	4
1		Cooper was in, was when they agreed to execute the	
2		EPC contract.	
3	Q	One element we've heard about in the whole project	
4		and with the expenses associated with the project	
5		is the term "owner's cost."	
6	А	Yes.	
7	Q	For somebody who's not an accountant or engineer	
8		or familiar with the project, can you give us a	
9		definition or explanation of what are owner's cost	
10		in this area.	
11	А	Well, there's always some things that can go	
12		either way, but, in general, owner's cost refer to	
13		the owner's cost of managing the project. One of	
14		the major components at VC Summer for owner's cost	
15		was in hiring and training the operations and	
16		maintenance staff. That's probably the largest	
17		component of the owner's cost was in preparing 600	
18		people to take over ownership and operation of a	
19		nuclear plant. You can't just hire them from	
20		Ready South Carolina and put them on the board of	
21		a nuclear plant the next day. So it takes years	
22		to hire and train those people. That's the	
23		largest component of the owner's cost with the	
24		project.	
25	Q	And as part of the decision to go with nuclear	

Office of Regulatory Staff Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al. power, were you involved in any calculation of the projected owner's cost for the project? Not directly. That was primarily an SCE&G function. I mean, I was the representative of

5 Santee Cooper at that time. I watched the

development of the owner's cost, but it was

7 prepared by SCE&G.

8 And who in particular do you believe was

9 responsible?

That was when Ron Clary was the project manager 10

for SCE&G. So it was Ron. A gentleman by the 11

12 name of Duke Bell was involved in it. And Kevin

Kochems I think was involved in it. You're 13

14 talking about the original development of the

15 owner's cost?

16 Yes. Q

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17 Α Yes.

And then -- and from your question there, I assume 18

19 that that changed over time?

20 It changed over time, yes. New items would come

in to be added into owner's cost, the plant 21

22 staffing numbers were changed a number of times

23 after execution of the contract. Some -- you

24 know, buildings would need to be added. There was

25 an emergency building for where the fire trucks

Kenneth	Browne -	September	25, 20	1 8
Richard	Lightsey,	et al. v.	South	Carolina
Electric	c & Gas Co	ompany, et	al.	

47

- are and all of the emergency equipment and things 1 2 like that was added one time on the owner's cost. 3 Things like that were changed that were not in the original owner's cost budget. 5 Did Santee Cooper also have to perform any 6 projection of owner's cost? 7 No, not that I'm aware of. SCE&G was always 8 responsible for the operation of the plant. So, if I understand it, SCE&G would have developed 9 10 the projections for owner's cost, but Santee Cooper would be financially responsible for 11 12 45 percent of those costs when they actually came 13 into --14 Yes, yes. But to your knowledge, Santee Cooper never did an 15 16 independent estimate of what the owner's cost were 17 going to be? Not that I'm aware of. 18 Α Are you aware of did anybody from Santee Cooper 19 work with Ron Clary or Duke Bell or Kevin Kochems 20 to put those original owner's estimates together? 21 22 I was there. No one else from Santee Cooper was Α 23 there. 24 And do you recall if you had any role in preparing
 - those numbers? Thompson Court Reporting, Inc.

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48

1	l A	Not	directly.	I mean,	Ι	do	recall	and	Ι	did	not	

- 2 directly have responsibility in preparing the
- 3 numbers.
- 4 Q And the original owner's costs that were projected
- for the company, do you know whether those were
- 6 officially filed in front of the PSC?
- 7 MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 8 A I'm not sure. At that time, I was Santee Cooper
- 9 and I wasn't keeping up with what SCE&G was filing
- 10 and not filing.
- 11 Q Well, at the time that you came to work at SCE&G,
- 12 were you ever involved in any modifications of the
- 13 projected owner's costs that were filed with the
- 14 PSC?
- 15 A No.
- 16 Q Have you ever been told that Ron Clary instructed
- 17 that SCANA's owner's cost should be lowered than
- what they had originally calculated?
- 19 A Yes.
- 20 Q And how did you hear that?
- 21 A I heard that from both Kevin Kochems and Duke
- 22 Bell.
- 23 Q And approximately when would you have heard that?
- 24 A Oh my goodness. In the maybe 2006/2007 timeframe.
- 25 Q So you were still at Santee Cooper?

Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Sept	emb	er	25,	201	. 8
Richard	Liç	htse	у,	et	al.	v.	Sou	th	Carolina
Electric	. &	Gas	C	mpan	у,	еt	al.		

- 1 A I was Santee Cooper then, yes.
- 2 Q Okay. And how did this come up?
- 3 A Just in general discussion of the project costs.
- 4 You know, as we were justifying the project, we
- 5 spent a lot of time on developing a cost for the
- 6 project.
- 7 Q Okay. And I want to get as much detail as I can
- 8 about how you became aware of Ron Clary's request
- 9 to lower those cost projections?
- 10 A It was just a conversation. I mean, I don't know
- 11 how to . . .
- 12 Q Okay. And this would have occurred in the
- 13 '06/'07 timeframe?
- 14 A Yes.
- 15 Q And what was your understanding of the impact of
- 16 having the owner's cost projection lowered like
- 17 that?
- MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 19 A It makes the project look better.
- 20 Q How?
- 21 A Because it had to be justified on cost. If you
- 22 had lower owner's cost, then the project would
- look better compared to other alternatives.
- 24 Q And what would those other alternatives be?
- 25 A Gas, probably a combined cycle gas turbine plant

		ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.
1		or purchased power, I would assume.
2	Q	Because it's my understanding that the owner's
3		cost projections would eventually be part of the
4		PSC filing. Is that your understanding as well?
5	A	Yes.
6	Q	And I just want to make sure I'm clear on when
7		Mr. Clary or when you were informed by Mr.
8		Kochems and Mr. Belle that Ron Clary had
9		instructed to lower these owner's costs, was he
10		do you believe this was an honest disagreement
11		about what they should be?
12	А	Yes.
13	Q	Okay. And elaborate on that.
14	А	I think what was happening at that time was
15		Westinghouse was providing SCE&G with projected
16		numbers of people to operate and maintain the
17		plant. And there was some disagreement among the
18		people involved at that time as to how many people
19		it would take to run the plant. And so that's
20		what that was the basis. Westinghouse was
21		giving one number and other people at SCE&G were
22		looking at how many people were at VC Summer Unit
23		One and the numbers in the different departments
24		and things like that. And there was some
25		disagreement among those groups as to how many

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	51
1		people it would really take to run a plant. And I	
2		guess it's a matter of opinion. There had never	
3		been an AP1000 built and operated, so nobody	
4		really knew how many people it would take to run	
5		it and maintain it.	
6	Q	And the dispute was, or the difference was,	
7		Westinghouse believed there would be a higher	
8		number	
9	А	No. Westinghouse believed it would be lower	
10		numbers.	
11	Q	Oh, Westinghouse believed there would be lower	
12		numbers?	
13	А	Yes. That was one of their selling points of the	
14		plant, is fewer people to operate it because it	
15		had more modern control systems and the	
16		maintenance would be easier on a lot of the	
17		equipment and things like that. So it could	
18		produce the same amount of power with fewer	
19		people.	
20	Q	Okay. Have you ever participated in the	
21		preparation of any filing of testimony with the	
22		PSC?	
23	A	Yes.	
24	Q	In what role?	
25	А	Primarily just an advisory role. The testimonies	

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina

52

	Elec	tric & Gas Company, et al.	J
1		would be prepared and we would have a meeting in a	
2		room similar to this, people sitting around a	
3		table with the draft of the testimony. We would	
4		read through the draft and discuss, you know, the	
5		validity of the information that was in the	
6		testimony and whether it could be said in another	
7		way better or whatever. But in general, the	
8		testimony was already prepared and this was just	
9		like a review session of the draft.	
10	Q	Have you ever given any testimony to the PSC?	
11	А	No.	
12	Q	Did you have any role in the original application	
13		to the PSC for the initial approval of the nuclear	
14		plants?	
15	А	No.	
16	Q	Did you have any role in the NRC license	
17		applications?	
18	А	Just providing the input for Santee Cooper's	
19		portions of it. For example, transmission lines.	
20		Santee Cooper transmission lines had to be all	
21		the environmental work done. And that information	
22		was provided for the NRC license.	
23	Q	And what about any role in the EPC contract	
24		negotiations?	
25	А	Yes.	
l			

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

Electric & Gas Company, et al.

- 1 Q All right. Give us, as best as you can, your
- 2 summary of your involvement.
- 3 A That was two years of involvement.
- 4 Q Okay.
- 5 A But we had almost as many attorneys in the room as
- 6 we have here today, and representing all of the
- 7 entities: Westinghouse, Shaw at that time, Santee
- 8 Cooper, and SCE&G. And the EPC contract was just
- 9 hammered out over months of meetings and arguments
- 10 and disputes and --
- 11 Q Was there a particular area that you had a
- 12 responsibility for or --
- 13 A No. Didn't have a responsibility for any
- 14 particular area.
- 15 Q Had you, at Santee Cooper, participated in the
- 16 negotiation of EPC contracts on other types of
- 17 plants before?
- 18 A Yes.
- 19 Q And can you give me an example of --
- 20 A Santee Cooper's normal process of construction did
- 21 not use EPC contracts, but with the Rainey
- 22 Generating Station, which was a General Electric
- combined cycle gas turbine site, we did have an
- 24 EPC contract for the power block, we called it,
- 25 which was the gas turbines, the steam turbine, the

Kenneth	Browne -	September	25, 2018
Richard	Lightsey,	et al. v.	South Carolina
Electric	c & Gas Co	mpanv, et	al.

54 heat recovery steam generator, the power plant 1 2 itself, that we awarded that through an EPC 3 contract with General Electric. And I was involved in the negotiation of that contract and 5 responsible for managing the GE portion of the 6 station. 7 What time frame would that have been? 8 Α Roughly 1999 til 2003. 9 What would you say would be the most significant 10 differences between the EPC relationship and the Rainey Generation Station and the VC Summer 11 12 situation? 13 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. I'm not sure of the --14 15 I just was wondering if there was anything that 16 struck out -- or stuck out to you as different in 17 the way that the EPC contracts were handled. MR. CHALLY: Same objection. 18 19 Not really. I mean, of course, the VC Summer EPC Α 20 was much larger. I mean, the Rainey Station EPC, if I remember correctly, was in the \$300 million 21 22 range for the total project and VC Summer was 23 originally over \$6 billion. So you get an idea of

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are different animals. The contractor is

the order of magnitude there. But EPC contracts

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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

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		tric & Gas Company, et al.
1		responsible. You know, he's it's almost a
2		turnkey concept. So the contractor is responsible
3		for doing the design, procuring the equipment and
4		constructing it.
5	Q	We're getting ready to talk I'm getting ready
6		to shift into the topic of the Westinghouse
7		bankruptcy, but before I do, at the time of the
8		EPC negotiations, were there ever any discussions
9		about a potential of Westinghouse going bankrupt?
10		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
11	A	Not as something that was expected, but you always
12		have to consider that as a possibility. So, you
13		know, it was not an unusual amount of discussion
14		over it because of the size of the contract or
15		anything, but whenever you're having a contract
16		you should always have some way to terminate the
17		contract, you know, for either party. Or if there
18		is a bankruptcy, what are you going to do. It's
19		just a good practice to follow.
20	Q	And do you recall if there was any particular
21		aspect of the EPC contract that was intended to
22		address that potential?
23	A	Yes.
24	Q	And what was that?
25	A	That was the proprietary material that
		-1

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56

	Elec	tric & Gas Company, et al.
1		Westinghouse owned regarding the design. There
2		was we called it a lockbox. I'm not sure
3		really what it was the real name of it is. But
4		Westinghouse was supposed to put information in
5		that box somewhere to allow SCE&G to finish the
6		construction if for some reason Westinghouse were
7		to pull out. And we paid for that box. And I
8		assume Westinghouse put all the materials in
9		there. It was not available to us unless there
10		was an event, you know, a triggering event that
11		caused us to go to get that material.
12	Q	So, as I understand it, part of the EPC contract
13		had provided that the intellectual property, kind
14		of how to run the things, the computers and very
15		different various different elements of the
16		plant would be put into this lockbox so that if,
17		for some reason, Westinghouse was unable to
18		perform, SCANA could access it?
19	А	Well, how to construct it.
20	Q	How to construct it?
21	А	How to construct it, right. It was the
22		intellectual property regarding the construction
23		and all of the the NRC requires a bunch of
24		calculations and computer models and all that sort
25		of thing that normally the owner would not have
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Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Sept	emb	er	25,	201	. 8
Richard	Lig	jh t s e	у,	еt	al.	v.	Sou	th	Carolina
Electric	&	Gas	Со	mpan	У,	еt	al.		

access to unless for some reason Westinghouse was 1 2 not there anymore and you needed it to finish 3 constructing the plant. 4 What about any financial -- I mean, that's an 5 intellectual property, I guess, protection. What about financial protections? Anything in the 6 7 contract designed to --8 I don't recall. It's possible. It's been a while 9 since I read that contract, but I don't recall anything for financial issues regarding 10 11 bankruptcy. 12 Do you recall if there was ever any discussion of 13 having a performance bond in place? 14 Α Yes. 15 All right. Tell me what you recall about that? 16 What I recall about that was Westinghouse and 17 Shaw, at the time, saying, "Sure, we'll have a performance bond, but you're going to pay for it." 18 19 And it would be very expensive. So, I mean, that 20 was pretty much an owner's decision to not require the performance bond because the cost was 21 22 exorbitant. 23 But you recall those discussions occurring and

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Shaw and Westinghouse not paying -- or not saying

they would pay for it, but, you know, SCANA was

Office of Regulatory Staff Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

Kenneth	Browne	- September 25, 2018	
Richard	Lightse	ey, et al. v. South Carolina	
Electric	& Gas	Company, et al.	

welcome to do so? 1 2 Α Sure. 3 And do you know if SCANA undertook to evaluate the options of getting a performance bond? 4 5 I don't recall, but I don't think they seriously 6 did. 7 And why would you feel that way? 8 Because the cost was so enormous it would -- I 9 mean, I don't know what the cost would have been, but I was told that, you know, it was a cost we 10 couldn't stand to get a bond for a \$6 billion 11 12 construction project. 13 Do you know who at SCANA would have looked at the potential of getting a performance bond? 14 15 I would assume their risk-management, but that's 16 just an assumption. I really don't know. 17 And if you were going to go ask somebody at SCANA to try to find that information out, who would be 18 19 the person you would ask to see if that was done? 20 There was a gentleman there named Mark Cannon, but he's not there anymore. 21 22 Q Okay. 23 I think he was over -- you know, remember, at that time, I was Santee Cooper and not SCE&G, so I 24 25 didn't know a lot of the internal behind the

	Richa	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	59
1		scenes SCE&G things going on. But I would start	
2		with Mark Cannon.	
3	Q	I know it's been a while and I'm just curious to	
4		know if you ever heard of any figures of	
5		approximate cost of what a performance bond would	
6			
7	А	I don't recall ever hearing.	
8	Q	Besides the discussion about a performance bond,	
9		any other I guess what I would call sort of	
10		financial protection mechanisms in the EPC	
11		contract negotiations that could address a	
12		potential contractor bankruptcy?	
13	А	I don't think so.	
14	Q	What about the Toshiba guarantees, the parental	
15		guarantees that ended up being I guess that	
16		ended up getting paid after the bankruptcy. Do	
17		you recall discussions about those?	
18	А	Those discussions were primarily at the time we	
19		negotiated the fixed-price agreement.	
20	Q	Okay. And what was that time frame?	
21	А	2015, maybe October 2015.	
22	Q	Well, as we've been discussing, eventually	
23		Westinghouse did declare bankruptcy in March	
24		of 2017.	
25	A	Yes.	
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	Richa	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	60
1	Q	You were no longer employed at SCANA at that time?	
2	А	Correct.	
3	Q	How did you first hear about Westinghouse's	
4		bankruptcy? Newspaper or somebody call you?	
5	А	Newspaper or television news or something. I	
6		don't nobody called me and told me that.	
7		Frankly, after I left the project, I tried to	
8		forget about it.	
9	Q	And why was that?	
10	А	Why did I try to forget about it?	
11	Q	Yeah.	
12	А	I left with a bad taste in my mouth. I was not	
13		pleased with the way things were going.	
14	Q	Well, I want to give you the opportunity to	
15		explain what you mean by that.	
16	А	The schedules were continuously pushing out, as we	
17		discussed earlier this morning. They were not	
18		meeting their performance efficiencies; schedule	
19		was pushing out and continually made promises that	
20		they didn't keep, as far as improvements. You	
21		could look at their month-to-month performance and	
22		if you drew a line on their performance, it would	
23		be 2030 or later before they finished the plant.	
24		And everybody was still moving forward and acting	
25		like they were going to finish it in 2020.	

	Kenr	neth Browne - September 25, 2018	
Ī	Rich	nard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina	61
1	Q	When you said "everybody" in that last statement,	
2		I want to understand who you mean by everybody was	
3		acting like it would be done in 2020?	
4	А	The management of the contractor and the	
5		management of SCE&G.	
6	Q	But based on the and did you actually do that	
7		work? Did you look at the actual historical	
8		performance data-to-date and figure what a	
9		realistic completion date would be?	
10		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
11	A	Yes.	
12	Q	And take us through what your conclusions were.	
13	А	I don't remember the specific dates, but it was	
14		certainly in the late 2020 to 2030 timeframe,	
15		unless performance was to show a drastic	
16		improvement. And what was happening, their	
17		performance was not improving. The time was going	
18		by so the curve to finish the plant was getting	
19		steeper and steeper and steeper to the point of,	
20		you know, you would have to put 20,000 people on	
21		the site to get the number of man hours on the	
22		project in the time left to finish.	
23	Q	And would SCANA management have been aware of that	
24		situation?	
2.5		MD CHATTY, Object to form	

25 MR. CHALLY: Object to form.

Kenneth	Browne -	September	25, 2018	8
Richard	Lightsey	, et al. v.	South (Carolina
Electric	& Gas C	ompany, et	al.	

- 2 Q And how do you know they would have been aware?
- 3 MR. CHALLY: Same objection.
- 4 A Because they said in meetings where I presented
- 5 that information. Or I didn't present it, I would
- 6 dispute with the people from the contractor who
- 7 were saying they were going to finish on time, and
- 8 I would say you're not going to finish on time.
- 9 If you take your performance that you're doing
- 10 right now and you carry it out, it's just simple
- 11 math. When are you going to finish, because
- 12 you're not going to finish when you're saying you
- 13 are. And management would be in that same
- 14 meeting.
- 15 Q And did the contractor ever come back with a
- 16 satisfactory explanation to your opinion about how
- they were going to make this change?
- MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 19 A No.
- 20 Q Did they try to ever give any, I guess, concrete
- 21 examples of what they were going to do different?
- MR. CHALLY: Same objection.
- 23 A No.
- 24 Q Did you ever have any discussions then afterwards
- 25 with management about that schedule and your

Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Sept	emb	er	25,	201	. 8
Richard	Liç	htse	у,	еt	al.	v.	Sou	th	Carolina
Electric	&	Gas	Со	mpan	У,	еt	al.		

- conclusion that it would be the late 2020s or 1
- 2 2030s?
- 3 MR. CHALLY: Same objection.
- The discussion with my immediate supervisor and 4 Α
- 5 Carlette Walker.
- 6 And who was your immediate supervisor?
- 7 Skip Smith.
- 8 And describe what you recall about those
- 9 discussions.
- There's no dispute. It was an agreement. I mean, 10
- it was clear that -- you know, I used to say Ray 11
- 12 Charles could have seen it because it was so
- 13 obvious, but nobody wanted to do anything about
- 14 it.
- When you say "nobody," who would you include in 15
- 16 that list of people who could have done something
- 17 about it?
- It would have to be the management of SCE&G. 18 Α
- 19 And the individuals we talked about earlier, Mr.
- 20 Addison, Mr. Byrne, Mr. Marsh?
- Primarily that would be Steve Byrne and Kevin 21
- 22 Marsh. I don't know that Jimmy Addison is a
- 23 financial -- he was the CFO at the time. I don't
- 24 really know what he could have done, but . . .
- 25 0 When you made the statement or when you recall

Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Sept	emb	er	25,	201	. 8
Richard	Liç	htse	у,	еt	al.	v.	Sou	th	Carolina
Electric	. &	Gas	Со	mpar	у,	еt	al.		

		ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina etric & Gas Company, et al.	6
1		having made the statement that "Ray Charles could	
2		see it," I just want to be clear on our record,	
3		what is the "it" you would consider that even Ray	
4		Charles could see?	
5	А	The performance curves and the absurdity of	
6		finishing the project on schedule at the current	
7		rates of performance.	
8	Q	And approximately what time frame are we talking	
9		about this going on?	
10	А	I guess it really became obvious in the 2015/2016	
11		time frame when the time was getting so close that	
12		there was not enough. You know, it just became	
13		unreasonable to think that a the change	
14		required to finish on time could be implemented.	
15	Q	And was there any triggering event or study or	
16		work that occurred in that timeframe that, I	
17		guess, brought this to a head?	
18		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
19	А	I guess the Bechtel study. But everybody wants to	
20		draw attention to the Bechtel study. There were	
21		people in the project who knew everything that was	
22		in the Bechtel study before Bechtel ever showed up	
23		on site.	
24	Q	When did they show up on site?	
25		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	

	Richa	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	65
1	А	I'm not sure when they showed up. I was not	
2		involved at all in that study.	
3	Q	But as I understand it, you don't believe the	
4		Bechtel study brought any new information to those	
5		people actually on the site?	
6	А	Very little.	
7	Q	What is your understanding of some of the major	
8		issues that Bechtel discussed in their study?	
9		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
10	A	I don't I've never read the Bechtel study.	
11	Q	Okay. We had discussed you learning of	
12		Westinghouse's bankruptcy, I guess through press	
13		reports?	
14	A	Yes.	
15	Q	What thoughts went through your head when you	
16		heard about it? What was your reaction?	
17	A	Disaster. The project, there's no the only	
18		thing left for that project was the fixed-price	
19		agreement. And when we negotiated that	
20		fixed-price agreement, it was like the last ray of	
21		hope that the project could be finished was if	
22		Toshiba was going to stand behind it and truly	
23		take a loss on the project to be able to finish it	
24		and sell other plants. That was the argument that	
25		we were presented with. They knew they were not	
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	Richa	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	66
1		going to make money on this, on VC Summer and	
2		Vogtle. But their plan was to complete these	
3		projects, have successful plants, and then sell	
4		other plants around the world. And that's the	
5		only concept that would have made it a success for	
6		Toshiba, Westinghouse, SCE&G or Southern Company,	
7		for that matter, was for Toshiba to take a loss	
8		and finish the plants in accordance with their	
9		agreements. And the bankruptcy shot that hope	
10		dead because that got Toshiba out of the	
11		agreement.	
12	Q	Let me ask if you recall whether the potential for	
13		either a Westinghouse or a Toshiba bankruptcy was	
14		discussed when the fixed-price agreement was being	
15		negotiated?	
16		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
17	А	I don't recall any discussions of it. It was	
18		mentioned as an obvious flaw in the plan, but I	
19		don't recall any there were no serious	
20		discussions of a bankruptcy that I participated	
21		in.	
22	Q	When you say it was mentioned as a serious flaw in	
23		the plan, can you give me an idea of who may have	
24		been having those discussions?	
25	A	Again, those were not discussions. They were	
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Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Sept	emb	er	25,	201	. 8
Richard	Lig	jh tse	у,	еt	al.	v.	Sou	th	Carolina
Electri	e &	Gas	Co	mpar	ц,	еt	al.		

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina etric & Gas Company, et al.	6
1		it was a more or less, you know, this is a great	
2		deal as long as Toshiba is willing to stand behind	
3		it, and if they were to declare bankruptcy, that	
4		would get them out of it. I mean, you know, and	
5		that was the extent of the discussion that I	
6		participated in.	
7	Q	Earlier when we were talking about the EPC, we	
8		talked about potential financial protections that	
9		could be put in place in anticipation.	
10	А	Right.	
11	Q	Was there anything like a performance bond again	
12		discussed at this time?	
13	А	No, not that I recall. We did get an increased	
14		parental guarantee at that time. And I don't	
15		recall how much it was increased, I just recall it	
16		was increased.	
17	Q	And if I if you wanted to find more information	
18		about the parental guarantee aspect of that	
19		negotiation, who would you talk to? I mean who	
20		would you call up and say, hey, I want to find out	
21		more about	
22	А	I don't know what what's the question? What do	
23		you need to find out?	
24	Q	How the negotiations went about on choosing a	
25		price or a selecting	

	Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.						
1	А	Of the value of the parental guarantee?					
2	Q	Yeah.					
3	А	I guess you would probably have to talk to maybe					
4		Kevin Marsh and Lonnie Carter. I think they were					
5		the ones that were					
6	Q	After the Westinghouse bankruptcy became public,					
7		did you either contact or were you contacted by					
8		any of the of your former coworkers at the site					
9		to discuss the bankruptcy?					
10	А	Not specifically. I mean, we had contact because					
11		I occasionally do talk to them, but I don't recall					
12		any specific discussions of the bankruptcy or the					
13		effects of the bankruptcy or anything like that.					
14	Q	Earlier when we were talking about the EPC					
15		negotiations and the lockbox for the intellectual					
16		property to be able to finish the construction,					
17		after the Westinghouse bankruptcy, have you did					
18		you have any discussions with any of your former					
19		coworkers about the potential for SCANA to finish					
20		the construction project?					
21	А	No.					
22	Q	Have you ever had any discussions with any of					
23		Westinghouse employees about the bankruptcy?					
24	А	No. In fact, I've not had any discussions with					
25		any Westinghouse employees about anything. I					
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	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	69
1		don't think I've seen one since I left the	
2		project.	
3	Q	And what was the date that you left?	
4	А	July of 2016, end of July. I don't recall if it	
5		was the last day of July, but it was like the last	
6		Friday of July 2016.	
7	Q	And how did you come to leave the project or leave	
8		employment at SCE&G?	
9	А	I resigned.	
10	Q	I guess I want to hear your story on how your	
11		resignation came to be. Was it you had reached a	
12		certain age? You know, I turned X age, I'm	
13		retiring or	
14	А	I could. The last year I was at SCE&G, I worked	
15		part time. My goal was during that part-time	
16		period was for Skip to find somebody to take my	
17		place and for me to train them and leave. And	
18		that goal was conceived in sometime in 2015.	
19	Q	What brought about conceiving that goal?	
20	А	Several things. Number one is I have an	
21		89-year-old mother who lives alone in Charleston	
22		who needs assistance occasionally. She's also a	
23		customer of SCE&G, by the way. At that in	
24		2015, she was experiencing some health issues and	
25		that's why I went part time was to spend time with	
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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

Electric & Gas Company, et al. 1 her helping her out, getting her to recover. 2 I always had the goal and plan of moving back to 3 Charleston. I've not done it yet. I still live up here in Columbia, but -- or the Charleston 5 area. I've got two daughters that live down there as well. Four grandchildren down there. My wife 6 7 spends a lot of time down there and she wants to 8 move down there, but -- so, you know, all of that 9 plays in. The number one reason that I left is 10 because I could. I was retired from Santee Cooper. I was approaching the magical age of 11 12 59-and-a-half and didn't need to work anymore. Prior to you leaving, was Fluor brought onto the 13 14 project? 15 Just prior to my departure. They were brought on 16 in January of 2016 and I left in July. 17 Did you have any involvement with on-boarding Fluor onto the project? 18 During the period of November and December 2015, I 19 20 took part in an off-site exercise with Fluor in an 21 effort -- I don't remember how many teams there 22 were, something like 15 or 17 teams, that were 23 developed to improve processes and the way things 24 were going on the project. And I happened to be 25 placed on the project controls team and I worked

Kenneth	Browne - September 25, 2018	
Richard	Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolin	ı a
Electric	& Gas Company, et al.	

	Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina 7 Electric & Gas Company, et al.		
1		directly with Fluor and Westinghouse off-site for	
2		most of the month of November and about half of	
3		December 2015.	
4	Q	What was Fluor's role going to be on the VC Summer	
5		project?	
6	А	Fluor was coming in as the contractor for	
7		Westinghouse, as opposed to a partner which was	
8		the way CB&I it was structured as a partner	
9		relationship. Fluor was coming in as a contractor	
10		working under the direction of Westinghouse to do	
11		the construction of the project.	
12	Q	Do you know if Fluor ever performed any type of	
13		estimate as a cost to complete the project before	
14		it began work?	
15	А	Not before they began work.	
16	Q	Okay.	
17	А	I assume they did. And I've heard that they did	
18		do a cost to complete estimate after they started	
19		work. But when they came onto the project they	
20		were still operating with the CB&I/Westinghouse	
21		cost estimate.	
22	Q	Well, who would you have heard that Fluor may have	
23		completed its own cost to complete estimate? How	
24		would you have gotten that information?	
25	A	I believe it was in the paper. I think that was	

Office of Regulatory Staff Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

	Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.		
1		one of the reasons that the project was eventually	
2		canceled was because the Fluor cost estimate was	
3		more than and actually probably the reason that	
4		Westinghouse went bankrupt was because of that	
5		estimate.	
6	Q	Explain what you mean by that.	
7		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
8	А	When Fluor prepared their cost estimate and	
9		this is all an assumption because I was not there.	
10		I don't know, but I would assume that Fluor	
11		performed a cost estimate and saw that the cost	
12		was much greater than the fixed-price agreement	
13		that Westinghouse had executed, and Westinghouse	
14		says we're not willing to take that much of a	
15		loss, so we're going to declare bankruptcy. That	
16		is pure conjecture, but a rational person would	
17		assume that that's what happened.	
18	Q	If you wanted to find out more information about	
19		Fluor's cost to complete work, like who prepared	
20		it, how it was done and what basis they use for	
21		their calculation, who would you talk to?	
22		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
23	А	I have no idea.	
24	Q	If you wanted to try to find that out from	
25		somebody at SCANA, who would you call at SCANA to	

	Rich	neth Browne - September 25, 2018 nard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina etric & Gas Company, et al.	73
1		say, hey, who do who knows at Fluor what they	
2		did?	
3		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
4	A	I'd probably start with Kevin Kochems, but I have	
5		no interest and don't know.	
6	Q	Okay. Do you remember any approximate dollar	
7		figure of what the Fluor cost to complete was?	
8	А	I have no idea.	
9	Q	Was Fluor coming on board related to the switch to	
10		the fixed-price contract?	
11	А	Yes.	
12	Q	Can you describe how?	
13	А	Yes. In the time period when the fixed-price	
14		contract was negotiated, the partners, CB&I and	
15		Westinghouse, were fighting with each other more	
16		than they were fighting with us. And I think they	
17		came to a separate agreement that CB&I would exit	
18		the project. The problem was CB&I could not exit	
19		the project without the owner's approval because	
20		of the joint and several liability in the	
21		contract. So the two parties it's my	
22		understanding because I was not there for the	
23		meeting, but I understand that Westinghouse and	
24		CB&I came to the management of Santee Cooper and	
25		SCE&G and said here's the deal: CB&I wants out;	
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	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	74
1		we want them out; what can we do to get you to	
2		agree to let CB&I exit the project. And that was	
3		the birth of the fixed-price agreement.	
4	Q	So	
5	А	So Westinghouse gave us a fixed-price contract and	
6		we gave CB&I permission to exit the project. And	
7		Fluor came in as the constructor at that time.	
8	Q	And the amount of the fixed-price contract, as we	
9		discussed earlier, it's your understanding was for	
10		an amount dramatically less than the actual cost	
11		to complete it?	
12	А	That was my belief at the time, yes. We actually	
13		did an analysis that compared many options is	
14		not the right word, but possibilities,	
15		eventualities of price. And almost all of the	
16		possibilities came out higher than the fixed-price	
17		contract. And that's how we justified the	
18		fixed-price contract.	
19	Q	Let me make sure I understand that. These would	
20		have been persons at SCE&G making an analysis of	
21		the possibilities of what the price of a	
22		fixed-price contract should be?	
23	А	No. We had an offer of what the fixed-price was.	
24	Q	Okay.	
25	А	But we did an analysis to determine whether that	
		The second County Description - The COUNTY	

	Richa	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	75
1		was a good price or not.	
2	Q	Okay.	
3	А	If our eventualities of prices came out less than	
4		the fixed-price contract, then you wouldn't	
5		execute a fixed-price contract. But almost all of	
6		the we did a Monte Carlo analysis. And almost	
7		all of the results were higher than the	
8		fixed-price.	
9	Q	Give me an idea of how that analysis was	
10		undertaken by SCANA, the different possible	
11		prices. Did y'all form a team? What did y'all	
12		how did y'all do that?	
13	А	Well, they used our cost model, the cost model	
14		that we discussed earlier today, and we gave that	
15		model to the I'm not sure what the name of the	
16		group is, but it's Dr. Lynch's group at SCE&G.	
17		Joe Lynch and his folks did the statistical	
18		analysis to	
19		(Interruption)	
20	А	So they used our cost model, the NND cost model,	
21		and applied a statistical analysis with that	
22		model. And I don't know if it was a team or might	
23		have been two people that work under Joe Lynch at	
24		SCE&G.	
25	Q	All right. Well, let me make sure I'm keeping all	
		The second County Properties Transport	

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina

76

1 my models straight and everything else.

Electric & Gas Company, et al.

- 2 A Sure.
- 3 Q If I understand it, there was the Westinghouse
- 4 cost model that we discussed where they were going
- 5 to be getting done in around the 2020 timeframe?
- 6 A Right.
- 7 $\,$ Q $\,$ There was the numbers that you and others had come
- 8 up with that projected it more closer to 2030
- 9 timeframe?
- 10 A That was not in the model.
- 11 Q That's what I'm asking.
- 12 A Okay.
- 13 Q Which model were you using or whose model were you
- using to do the analysis?
- 15 A We were using the NND Cost Model, the same thing
- 16 that I went over with the FBI in the interview
- 17 that day. And there's surprisingly very few
- variables in that model.
- 19 Q Okay.
- 20 A And the analysis group did a statistical analysis
- of changing those variables, what -- you know,
- 22 what's the most likely, what's the least likely
- outcome. And that's how they came up with the
- 24 projected cost above the fixed-price.
- 25 Q Now, is that NND cost model, was that the same

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 and Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	77
1		cost model that was used to prepare the numbers	
2		submitted to the PSC?	
3		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
4	А	The numbers submitted to the PSC did not come out	
5		of the model. The numbers submitted to the PSC	
6		came from Westinghouse and CB&I. Those were	
7		contractor numbers; those were not owner numbers.	
8	Q	But at the time that the PSC or the numbers	
9		were submitted to the PSC, did SCANA have this NND	
10		cost model in place and available?	
11		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
12	А	Yes.	
13	Q	Do you know why the Westinghouse numbers were	
14		submitted to the PSC instead of the numbers from	
15		SCANA's NND cost model?	
16	А	I know one reason that was given to me. And that	
17		reason was that if we were to submit a cost higher	
18		than the cost that our contractor told us they	
19		would finish the project for, it would, in effect,	
20		be a contingency. And the Public Service	
21		Commission had ruled against any form of	
22		contingency on the project. So when you have a	
23		contractor who is giving you a price to build	
24		something, if you've been told you can't have a	

contingency, which I think is ridiculous, then you

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	Rich	neth Browne - September 25, 2018 nard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina ctric & Gas Company, et al.	7:
1		have no choice but to submit the cost that your	
2		contractor is telling you he's going to finish the	
3		project for.	
4	Q	But you would agree that	
5	А	Does that make sense?	
6	Q	Yes, I see where you're going with that. And I	
7		just want to make sure though that the numbers	
8		that we're talking about that Westinghouse	
9		submitted as their numbers to complete, those were	
10		different than the numbers that SCANA had	
11		calculated on its own?	
12		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
13	А	Yes.	
14	Q	And under all the different various models that	
15		you ran, is it accurate to say that the numbers	
16		Westinghouse were submitting to you were too low	
17		for the actual cost of completion?	
18		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
19	А	If you input the same variables into our model	
20		that Westinghouse used in developing their costs,	
21		you would come out with the same costs that	
22		Westinghouse provided. There was some judgment	
23		applied. For example, in the Westinghouse cost	
24		they told us they were going to have a performance	
25		factor of 1.15, which means that they would	

		ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	7
1		complete all of their work at 115 percent or less	
2		of the estimated time in the original cost	
3		estimate. Well, historically, they had never even	
4		come close to a 1.15 performance factor. So we	
5		used more reasonable performance factors, in our	
6		opinion, more realistic performance factors which	
7		would result in a higher cost. But all the while	
8		the contractors were telling us we will finish	
9		this project with a 1.15 performance factor.	
10	Q	And the numbers that you understand were submitted	
11		to the PSC were based on the 1.15 performance	
12		factor?	
13	A	Yes.	
14	Q	Even though historically that had never been	
15		accomplished?	
16	A	Yes, but that doesn't mean that they were never	
17		going to do it. Do you understand what I'm	
18		saying? It's not likely.	
19	Q	Yeah. Well, what was your personal belief about	
20		whether it was doable or not?	
21	А	I don't think it was doable, my personal opinion.	
22		But there were other people that had the opinion	
23		it was.	
24	Q	Who would that have been?	
25	А	Other people weighing into the decision. I'm sure	

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	Elec	tric & Gas Company, et al.
1		Alan Torres, Ron Jones, you know, other people
2		higher than me at SCE&G were saying it's
3		reasonable, they're going you know, they're
4		going to come in and make changes and meet their
5		performance. I'm always a glass half empty kind
6		of guy, and I didn't think they were going to do
7		it.
8	Q	During the time that there was negotiation and
9		eventual switch to the fixed-price contract, were
10		there any discussions of any of I guess I
11		would imagine there had to have been discussion of
12		the benefits and risks of this switch. Is that
13		fair to say?
14	А	Yes.
15	Q	And what do you recall being sort of touted as the
16		benefits and what do you recall being highlighted
17		as the risks?
18	А	The benefits obviously were coming up with a cap
19		on the cost of the plant. The risk was having a
20		contractor who was not going to stand behind the
21		agreement.
22	Q	And that eventually happened with the Westinghouse
23		bankruptcy?
24	А	That eventually happened with the Westinghouse
25		bankruptcy.
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Kenneth	Browne	- Sep	tember	25, 20	18
Richard	Lights	ey, et	al. v	. South	Carolina
Electri	c & Gas	Compa	ny, et	al.	

	Rich	ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	8
1	Q	Have you ever heard any discussions or, I guess,	
2		speculation about whether the switch to the	
3		fixed-price contract actually contributed to the	
4		Westinghouse bankruptcy?	
5	А	I've never heard anything about that, but I think	
6		it's a rational conclusion.	
7	Q	And can you explain why you believe that would be	
8		a rational conclusion?	
9	А	Because had they not switched to a fixed-price	
10		contract, they were guaranteed to always make a	
11		profit no matter how much the plant cost. But	
12		once they agreed to the fixed-price, that put	
13		Westinghouse on the hook and their guaranteed	
14		profit was gone, vaporized.	
15	Q	I'm having a and I'm just having difficulty	
16		understanding the benefits of the switch to the	
17		fixed-price contract for Westinghouse. I mean,	
18		you mentioned letting they needed CBI switched	
19		out for Fluor, but I guess I have can you tell	
20		me what you understood to be the benefits to	
21		Westinghouse	
22		MR. CHALLY: Object to the predicate and the	
23		form of the question.	
24	А	The only benefit that I can see is getting out of	
25		the agreement with CB&I. And we don't know we	

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	82
1		did not know at the time how bad that dispute was.	
2		Apparently, it was pretty bad for them to be	
3		willing to accept the fixed-price and as an	
4		exchange.	
5	Q	Do you recall if anybody at SCANA was opposed to	
6		switching to the fixed-price contract?	
7	А	I don't recall anyone being opposed to that.	
8	Q	And prior to finalizing the fixed-price	
9		arrangement, you took part in using the - I want	
10		to make sure I get it right the NND what do	
11		we call it?	
12	А	Cost model.	
13	Q	Yes, NND cost model.	
14	А	Yes.	
15	Q	To determine whether it was a good deal for SCANA	
16		to enter into?	
17	А	Yes.	
18	Q	And that's because in order to figure out if it	
19		was a good deal or not, SCANA had to know what it	
20		would actually cost to finish the project?	
21	А	Correct.	
22	Q	And in making that calculation, they did not rely	
23		on the Westinghouse numbers that were submitted to	
24		the PSC for cost of completion?	
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Object to form.

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MR. CHALLY:

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	83
1	A	The Westinghouse numbers that were submitted to	
2		the PSC for cost completion were a year prior to	
3		the fixed-price negotiation.	
4	Q	Okay.	
5	А	So we did not use the Westinghouse numbers, and it	
6		would not have been appropriate to use	
7		Westinghouse numbers.	
8	Q	Any reason not to use them as appropriate besides	
9		that they were a year old at that time?	
10		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
11	А	No. Other than the fact they used the 1.15	
12		performance factor, which was becoming all more	
13		unlikely a year later.	
14	Q	In the year since those numbers were generated,	
15	~	the PF factor didn't get any better. Is that what	
16		you're saying?	
17		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
18	А	Yes.	
19	Q.	Did it, in fact, get worse?	
20	×	MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
21	А	I believe it did. I can't say for sure because I	
22	11	don't recall the exact numbers. But I believe	
23		that the cumulative performance factor did get	
24		worse over that period.	
25	0	And at that time, would it also have been true	
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	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	84
1		that the anticipated schedule for completion would	
2		have also been out of whack, to use a layman's	
3		terms, as supposed to, you know, just as the cost	
4		would have been?	
5		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
6	A	I don't understand the question, honestly.	
7	Q	It's probably because it's a terrible question.	
8		But the in addition to the PF factor of 1.15	
9		being a basis of the Westinghouse numbers, the	
10		performance since that date, the schedule also was	
11		continuing to be impacted by the performance, so	
12			
13	А	Obviously, yes.	
14	Q	So a year later whenever you're looking at the	
15		fixed-price arrangement, the	
16	А	In fact, the schedule was changed with the	
17		fixed-price arrangement. I don't remember the	
18		details of the dates, but the schedule was pushed	
19		out at the time of the fixed-price arrangement	
20		and the performance factor does not directly	
21		affect your time in the schedule because you can	
22		always bring more people on. If it's taking you	
23		twice as long to do something, you can double the	
24		amount of people and get it done in the same	
25		amount of time.	

Kenneth	Browne -	September	25, 2018
${\tt Richard}$	Lightsey	, et al. v.	South Carolina
Electric	. & Gas C	ompany, et	al.

1	Q	How	would	the	cost	for	that	be		be	allocated?
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- 2 A The cost would double, if you doubled your
- 3 performance. If it took you twice as long to do
- 4 it, the cost would double, but your time would be
- 5 the same. But if you have a fixed-price
- 6 agreement, the cost is no longer relevant to the
- 7 owner because we have a fixed-price, it's just a
- 8 matter of whether they can get enough people to
- 9 get the job done.
- 10 Q So prior to the fixed-price agreement, if SCANA
- 11 had wanted to push for a doubling of the workforce
- 12 to double or to half -- cut in half the PF factor
- 13 --
- 14 A That doesn't change the PF factor. The PF factor
- 15 stays the same.
- 16 Q Okay.
- 17 A You just get the work done on time.
- 18 Q Okay.
- 19 A And it would have cost the owner twice as much.
- 20 Q So that would have been the labor under the
- 21 agreement prior to the fixed-price situation,
- 22 SCANA --
- 23 A Target price.
- 24 Q Target price.
- 25 A Time and material, for a layman's term.

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	86
1	Q	Okay. And that the risk associated with the	
2		labor PF factor was born by the owner?	
3	А	That's correct.	
4	Q	That was SCANA?	
5	А	That's correct. After the fixed-price, the risk	
6		for the labor cost was born by the contractor.	
7		That's why the fixed-price was a good deal.	
8	Q	Just to be clear, that's not there are some	
9		limitations on that as far as, for instance, when	
10		you talk about doubling the number of people	
11	А	Oh, absolutely.	
12	Q	You can't put them all in the same	
13		MR. CHALLY: Object to form of the question.	
14	Q	You can't put them all the same room. If you only	
15		have limited space, you can't just say we're going	
16		to double the workforce	
17	А	You can't necessarily hire them.	
18		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
19	Q	And why is that?	
20		MR. CHALLY: Same objection.	
21	А	You have to have the availability of resources.	
22		At that time, CB&I was having a hard time hiring	
23		people to staff the project. So every time they	
24		would hire, they would need 20, they would hire	
25		ten and loose three. So, you know, it takes you a	

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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina 87 Electric & Gas Company, et al. long time. And they could not ever reach their number of people that they needed to do the construction. Was that an issue from the beginning of the project or did that arise at some point during the project? That was an issue from the first day of the project. That CB&I was not able to actually hire --Q Shaw at the beginning. Α Oh, Shaw. Okay. Α Yes. In other words, they -- if I understand what you're saying, your understanding was that it wasn't an unwillingness to hire these people, they just were not able to find them? MR. CHALLY: Object to form. It was my understanding they were not able to Α find -- the biggest problem, believe it or not, was the passing of drug tests. When half of your people show up to the site and can't pass a drug

the drug tests to work on the site.

test, you have a hard time staffing a project.

And I don't know what the exact numbers were, but

it was astounding at the number of people failing

Kenneth	Browne	- Septembe	r 25, 20	18
Richard	Lightse	y, et al.	v. South	Carolina
Electri	c & Gas	Company, e	t al.	
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Just as a general question, the drug test, was 1 2 that something all persons on the site had to take 3 or only the contractors? MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 4 5 Everyone on the site had to pass a drug test. So were you yourself drug tested? 6 7 Absolutely. 8 Was the management of SCANA ever drug tested? 9 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 10 I'm sure they were. Anybody that works on a site under the control of the Nuclear Regulatory 11 12 Commission has to pass a drug test. It's not a 13 SCANA requirement, although it is, but it was an 14 NRC requirement. MR. HALTIWANGER: Y'all want to take a break? 15 16 We've been going longer than an hour. Take a 17 break and get sandwiches? 18 MR. CHALLY: That's fine. 19 VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the end of tape number

22 (Off the Record)

off the record at 12:29 p.m.

20

21

VIDEOGRAPHER: This is tape number three in
the deposition of Kenneth Browne. We're on the

two in the deposition of Kenneth Browne. We're

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al. record at 1:19 p.m.

89

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- 3 BY MR. HALTIWANGER:
- Okay. Mr. Browne, when did the switch to the 4
- 5 fixed-price agreement take place?
- October of 2015. 6
- 7 And what impact --
- 8 Well, that's when we executed it. I guess it
- 9 really took place January of -- January 1st I
- think was the effective date. 10
- Okay. And if I understand it correctly, the 11
- 12 contract gave SCANA the option to switch to a
- 13 fixed-price arrangement?
- 14 Α Yes.
- 15 And you're saying that that was exercised in
- October of 2015? 16
- 17 The contract was executed in October. I can't
- remember when the switch was made. But it was --18
- the reason it was done in that manner is because 19
- 20 there was a cost increase, and the cost increase
- could not be approved without getting approval 21
- 22 from the Public Service Commission. So we had to
- 23 do it in steps.
- 24 Okay.
- 25 We executed it without option knowing we were

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	90
1		going to exercise the option unless there was	
2		something really drastic was to happen. And then	
3		we exercised that option. And I don't recall, I	
4		guess it was probably November that the option was	
5		exercised.	
6	Q	And was it everybody's understanding that the	
7		option would be exercised? You just had to set it	
8		up in stages in order to get it approved by the	
9		PSC?	
10	А	Yes. Well, if the PSC had not approved it, it	
11		wouldn't have been exercised. But that was the	
12		intent.	
13	Q	Okay. And what impact did the switch have on the	
14		amount of money SCANA was paying monthly to	
15		Westinghouse? Did it go up, did it go down, or	
16		did it stay the same?	
17	А	The way the contract was structured, the	
18		fixed-price, there was a period of several	
19		months and I can't remember how many months it	
20		was that we were to be making a lump sum payment	
21		in lieu of milestone payments. And those payments	
22		were there was a little bit of disagreement	
23		within our company about that, but we agreed to	
24		pay, I think it was \$100 million a month. I can't	
25		remember for sure how much it was, which was	
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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina

	Elec	tric & Gas Company, et al.
1		probably about 40 million more than what we had
2		been historically paying per month. And during
3		that period, we were supposed to agree to a
4		milestone payment schedule which would have
5		construction milestones to be completed and
6		dollars associated with those milestones to be
7		paid. And I left in July of '16, and the
8		milestone payment schedule had not been agreed
9		upon at that time because we were disputing with
10		the contractor over the milestones and the dollars
11		associated with the milestones. What we were
12		trying to do was see that we did not get upside
13		down, if you would, on making more payments than
14		the work had been completed to justify.
15	Q	Okay. So and I just want to make sure I'm
16		understanding your testimony, the SCANA was
17		paying a varying amount every month before the
18		exercise of the fixed-price agreement?
19	А	Yes. Yes.
20	Q	And
21	А	Typically in the 50 to probably 50 to
22		\$70 million a month. Occasionally there might be
23		an outlier where there might be a hundred, but
24		then after the execution of the fixed-price, I
25		think the first six months were \$100 million a

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

92

- 1 month. I can't remember exactly what that was.
- 2 Q All right. I want to jump back in time from that
- 3 period to when the project began. Obviously,
- 4 there was some what I would call the original cost
- 5 projections for the project.
- 6 A Okay.
- 7 Q And those were filed with the PSC, correct?
- 8 MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 9 A Yes.
- 10 Q And based on your recollection, from the beginning
- of the project, how many times was the projection
- for the cost of completion changed?
- 13 A I couldn't tell you. If you recall, the first
- 14 three years of the project, I was working for
- 15 Santee Cooper. I didn't keep up with it.
- 16 Q Okay.
- 17 A And honestly, after I did go to work for SCE&G, I
- 18 didn't keep up with the PSC filings because that
- 19 was not my area, and I just didn't worry about
- that.
- 21 Q Okay. Well, let me then switch to an area that I
- 22 do believe you were involved in, which was the EAC
- 23 team.
- 24 A Yes.
- 25 Q What does EAC stand for?

Kenneth	Browne -	September	25, 2018
Richard	Lightsey,	et al. v.	South Carolina
Electric	c & Gas Co	mpanv, et	al.

- 1 A Estimate at completion.
- 2 Q And --
- 3 A It's total price, if you will. That's from
- 4 beginning to end how much is the project going to
- 5 cost.
- 6 Q And was this a -- let me -- I want to make sure I
- 7 ask correctly. What is your understanding of how
- 8 the EAC team came to be?
- 9 A Which team are you referring to? The owner's team
- or the contractor's team.
- 11 Q Okay. Well, let's start with each of them. The
- 12 contractor's team, how did -- that would have been
- Westinghouse?
- 14 A That would have been Westinghouse and CB&I at that
- 15 time when the EAC was developed. I'm assuming
- 16 you're talking about the 2014 estimate. Is that
- 17 the one you're --
- 18 Q Well, is that the first EAC team -- EAC SCANA team
- that you're aware of?
- 20 A Yes.
- 21 Q Okay.
- 22 A There was a team with Westinghouse and CB&I
- 23 developed the EAC. And there was a SCANA team
- that reviewed that EAC. They presented that to us
- and we reviewed it and made comments to our

Kenneth	Browne - September 25, 2018	
Richard	Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolin	ı a
Electri	& Gas Company, et al.	

- 2 Q What were you told or what did you understand to
- 3 be the reason Westinghouse undertook to create its
- 4 EAC?
- 5 MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 6 A It's good project management to have an updated
- 7 estimate. Their estimates were not good at the
- 8 time. And for their benefit and for the owner's
- 9 benefit, they undertook that effort, which was a
- 10 sizable effort. It took several months of I don't
- 11 know how many people working on that cost
- 12 estimate.
- 13 Q Well, I guess, do you know if SCANA asked them to
- 14 undertake this? Did they come to SCANA and say
- 15 we're going to do this or was there an event that
- 16 everybody agreed, okay, after this we're going to
- 17 --
- 18 A I'm not sure why. I don't know if there was an
- 19 event that kicked it off, honestly. I know we had
- 20 been asking for it for years.
- 21 Q When you say we --
- 22 A SCANA.
- 23 Q And anyone in particular pushing for it?
- 24 A I was pushing for it.
- 25 Q Okay. Did you have any allies with you saying we

Kenneth	Browne - September 25, 2	018
Richard	Lightsey, et al. v. Sout	h Carolina
Electric	c & Gas Company, et al.	

95

- need to have an EAC process? 1
- 2 Α Yes.
- 3 Who would have been --
- My boss Carlette. That was my circle of influence 4
- 5 right there. I assume our management was wanting
- 6 an EAC as well, a cost, you know. It's just
- 7 another name for cost, project cost.
- 8 Okay. When was the EAC team -- and I'm going to
- 9 refer to the EAC team as the 2014 SCANA EAC team.
- 10 Right. Α
- When was that EAC team formed? 11
- 12 Probably August timeframe of '15. It was around
- 13 the time we got the cost in from
- 14 Westinghouse/CB&I.
- 15 August '15 or August '14?
- 16 '14. I'm sorry, '14. Α
- 17 Okay. And who was on that team? 0
- That was Kevin Kochems, Margaret Felkel. 18 Α
- 19 believe Kyle Young was on there, I'm not sure.
- 20 And myself. And Marion Cherry was sort of an ad
- 21 hoc member. He was in and out.
- 22 Q How were those individuals selected?
- 23 Our -- well, it was my job. It was Kevin's job.
- 24 The others, Margaret was in our contract
- 25 compliance group. She was put in on the team for

Kenneth	Browne -	September	25, 20	18
Richard	Lightsey	, et al. v.	South	Carolina
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	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 aard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina etric & Gas Company, et al.	9
1		a couple reasons, and I'm not sure, but to learn	
2		how to do it because she was fairly young and	
3		didn't have a lot of experience in that. And she	
4		was on the team for that purpose. Kyle Young was	
5		there to represent the construction group.	
6	Q	Was Sheri Wicker on that team?	
7	А	I think she may have been. I can't recall for	
8		sure.	
9	Q	And I want to get a feel for how long did the EAC	
10		team operate?	
11	А	About a month.	
12	Q	About a month.	
13	A	Yeah.	
14	Q	And was this how often or how much of your	
15		workday would have been devoted to the EAC work	
16		during that month?	
17	А	Practically all day during the month.	
18	Q	Okay. And would that be accurate for all the	
19		members of the team?	
20	А	Pretty much. Now, Marion was in and out. Kyle	
21		Young was in and out. The rest of us spent, you	
22		know, pretty much full-time on that several	
23		days or for a month.	
24	Q	During your time at SCANA, did you ever	
25		participate in any other projects similar to the	

	Rich	neth Browne - September 25, 2018 nard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina ctric & Gas Company, et al.	97
1		EAC team?	
2	A	I don't think so. I'm not going to say for sure	
3		or not. I mean, our job was really sort of like	
4		that, so I did it for several years, but	
5	Q	Okay.	
6	A	not a focused group effort like the EAC team.	
7	Q	And if I understood what you said earlier, the	
8		I guess the starting point for the EAC team work	
9		was the reception of Westinghouse's EAC?	
10	А	Yes.	
11	Q	What were you provided from Westinghouse? Was it	
12		a spreadsheet	
13	А	Multiple spreadsheets and backup information. And	
14		what we did is we took the information from	
15		Westinghouse. We spent probably a week or two	
16		with it. Came up with questions and then we	
17		conducted interviews of people within Westinghouse	
18		with their project controls group and their	
19		accounting group to come in and explain a lot of	
20		the information that they had transmitted to us,	
21		because some of it didn't make sense to us,	
22		honestly.	
23	Q	Can you give me an example of that?	
24	А	The way they did their cost estimates for labor,	
25		we had to have someone from the project controls	
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Kenneth	Bro	wne -	- September	25, 2018
Richard	Liç	htsey	y, et al. v.	South Carolina
Electric	ء د	Gas C	Company, et	al.

	Rich	neth Browne - September 25, 2018 nard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina ctric & Gas Company, et al.	91
1		come in. And they had switched the categories of	
2		work and we almost had to have a roadmap to show	
3		how they changed from the original cost to the new	
4		cost that was in the EAC, because they changed	
5		numbers account numbers and things like that.	
6	Q	So this wasn't if I understand that, was there	
7		an original EAC from Westinghouse?	
8	A	There was an original cost, yes.	
9	Q	Original cost, okay.	
10	А	Yes.	
11	Q	And did that have a name? When y'all referred to	
12		that material, did that have a	
13	А	It did, and I can't remember what it was.	
14	Q	Okay. Well, that's like I said at the very	
15		beginning, if it comes to you later	
16	A	Right.	
17	Q	just interrupt and let me know.	
18	A	It had a it was the I don't know, cost	
19		estimate. You know, I don't remember. It had a	
20		name that we called it and we had it, but we had	
21		the original file and then we got the EAC and the	
22		two didn't match up directly because they had	
23		changed some of their categories.	
24	Q	And that is what you had Westinghouse come in and	

explain to you what they had done?

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

99

- Yes. It was actually CB&I, not Westinghouse. 1 Α
- 2 Okay.
- 3 Most of the cost that we were dealing with at that
- time were CB&I cost, because the -- what we were 4
- 5 interested in was the target portion of the
- contract. We didn't really care about the fixed 6
- 7 portion. But about 50 percent of the contract was
- 8 target price. And so the target price was
- 9 primarily a CB&I function, not a Westinghouse
- function, at that time before Westinghouse took 10
- 11 over.
- 12 Okay. And when you say "target price," what does
- that mean for somebody who's not in the business? 13
- Target price is the T&M, time and material, 14
- 15 portion of the contract that had a target that was
- 16 set at the original date and modified up; it never
- 17 went down. But if they completed -- if the
- contractor completed their work under the target, 18
- 19 they got a big portion of a bonus there.
- 20 Okay.
- If they went over the target, then they went to a 21
- 22 minimum profit percentage. So -- but it was
- 23 basically a time and material piece of the
- 24 contract, so the risk was on the owner, but the
- 25 contractor stood to lose profit if he went over

Kenneth	Browne -	September	25, 2018
Richard	Lighteev	et al 17	South Carolina

1	that	target.
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- 2 Q Okay. So at the end of the month of the EAC team
- 3 work, what happened next?

Electric & Gas Company, et al.

- 4 A We gave a presentation to our management.
- 5 Q And who actually delivered that presentation?
- 6 A The whole team.
- 7 Q And who from management was there to receive it?
- 8 A I remember specifically that Kevin Marsh was
- 9 there. Lonnie Carter from Santee Cooper was
- 10 there. Mike Crosby from Santee Cooper was there.
- 11 From SCANA, I believe Steve Byrne was there. But
- it's been a while and I -- for some reason, I
- don't think Jimmy Addison was there.
- 14 Q Okay. And --
- 15 A Project manager, Ron Jones, was there.
- 16 Q Anyone else you remember?
- 17 A Well, our NND management. I don't think Carlette
- 18 was there. I think she may have been out at that
- 19 time. But Skip Smith, my boss, was there.
- 20 Q And I believe I've seen a PowerPoint addressing
- 21 this --
- 22 A Probably. We did have a PowerPoint of that.
- 23 Q Any materials besides the PowerPoint you recall
- 24 being prepared by the EAC team?
- 25 A We did -- we had a spreadsheet that we developed

Kenneth	Brown	- •	Septemb	er	25,	2018	
Richard	Light	зеу	, et al.	v.	Sou	th C	arolina
Electric	& Ga:	s Co	ompany,	еt	al.		

1	that	went	along	with	the	PowerPoint	evaluating	the
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- cost categories and showing our position on those
- 3 costs.
- 4 And what would you say was the overall conclusion
- 5 of the EAC team's work?
- Our conclusion was that CB&I had underestimated 6
- 7 the cost in a number of categories.
- 8 And can you give me an approximate number of how
- 9 underestimated you believe it was?
- I don't recall exactly, no. Less than a billion 10
- 11 dollars.
- 12 Less than a billion --0
- Less than a billion, but it was a substantial 13
- 14 difference.
- 15 After the presentation to management, what
- 16 happened next with the EAC?
- 17 Α Nothing.
- Did the EAC team do anymore work, any follow-up? 18 Q
- 19 No. Α
- 20 What did -- what are you aware of management doing
- 21 with the EAC work?
- 22 I'm not aware of them doing anything with it. Α
- 23 Did management ever follow up with the EAC team
- wanting more information? 24
- 25 Α No.

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	10
1	Q	Do you know if management used the EAC team work	
2		to prepare any future PSC filings?	
3	А	They used the contractor's price. That's, you	
4		know, what I was talking about earlier.	
5		Westinghouse provided us with a price. And our	
6		cost was higher and the position from our counsel	
7		and management was that to file for a higher cost	
8		would have been, in effect, creating a contingency	
9		on the project. What's critical to remember is	
10		the actual cost to the owner was going to be what	
11		the cost was and not what the contractor presented	
12		as the cost, because it was a target it was a	
13		time and material contract. So if he went over in	
14		labor, they didn't have any skin in the EAC. The	
15		risk was still on the owner.	
16	Q	Elaborate what you mean by that.	
17	А	If the cost exceeded the EAC, the owner still had	
18		to pay it	
19	Q	How is that	
20	А	Because of the structure of the contract because	
21		it was a target or a time and material based	
22		contract.	
23	Q	Are you talking about prior to the switch to the	
24		fixed-price?	

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All of this was prior to the switch to the

25

Α

Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

	Richa	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina cric & Gas Company, et al.	103
1		fixed-price.	
2	Q	Okay.	
3	А	And that's why the fixed-price was such a good	
4		deal and so important.	
5	Q	So prior to the fixed-price option, whether SCANA	
6		was using the Westinghouse numbers or the EAC	
7		numbers, they were still going to be responsible	
8		for whatever the actual number was going to be?	
9		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
10	А	Absolutely, yes.	
11	Q	After the do you know if there was ever a	
12		second EAC team?	
13	А	I don't recall there ever being one, other than	
14		associated with the fixed-price, you know,	
15		negotiation. In a sense, we did the same thing a	
16		year later.	
17	Q	And in those negotiations, SCANA did utilize the	
18		EAC team's new nuclear cost projections?	
19	A	Yes.	
20	Q	Do you remember having any conversations about the	
21		EAC team's conclusions with Carlette Walker? You	
22		mentioned she was at the presentation.	
23	A	I don't think she was at the presentation.	
24	Q	Oh, you don't think she was at the presentation?	
25	A	I don't think she was there.	

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

104

1 Q	Okay.

- 2 A And yes, we did discuss it with Carlette.
- 3 Q And what do you recall about the substance of
- 4 those conversations?
- 5 A Just explained to her the difference between the
- 6 EAC is received from the contractor and what we
- 7 felt like was a better cost, which was higher.
- 8 $\,$ Q $\,$ And what do you recall if she had any reaction to
- 9 that?
- 10 A She was I guess a little concerned that we were
- 11 filing a lower number when we felt like the cost
- was going to be higher.
- 13 Q Did she express those concerns to you?
- 14 A Yes.
- 15 Q Do you know if she expressed those in writing to
- 16 you? In conversation?
- 17 A Just conversation.
- 18 Q And as best as you can, can you recall any
- 19 specific exchanges about her concerns, what she
- 20 said?
- 21 A No, not really.
- 22 Q Did Santee Cooper participate in the EAC work? I
- 23 mean, I think you mentioned --
- MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 25 A Marion was involved. He was not full time on our

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

105

		hard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina ctric & Gas Company, et al.	10
1		team. He was involved and aware. I mean,	
2		obviously, he worked on the model; he contributed	
3		a lot to the model. That probably was his	
4		greatest involvement. And they were present for	
5		the presentation.	
6	Q	And I believe I asked you earlier, you, yourself,	
7		have never given any testimony to the PSC?	
8	А	Correct, I have not.	
9	Q	Did you ever participate in helping Carlette	
10		Walker prepare her testimony for the PSC?	
11	A	The way testimony was prepared, and I think we've	
12		been through this before, but the outside counsel	
13		for SCE&G would write a draft of testimony,	
14		everybody's testimony. Then a group of people -	
15		Sometimes I participated; sometimes not would,	
16		in a conference room, show the words of the	
17		testimony on the wall and discuss whether it was	
18		accurate, not accurate and, you know, maybe change	
19		words, change things around. But it was a group	
20		effort to prepare all of the testimony that was	
21		submitted with the filings.	
22	Q	And	
23	А	That would be for anyone who was giving testimony,	
24		including Carlette.	
25	Q	Did Carlette Walker ever express to you concern	

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		hard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina ctric & Gas Company, et al.
1		about her 2015 testimony and the numbers being
2		submitted to the PSC?
3	А	Yes.
4	Q	Tell me what you remember about that.
5	A	I just remember that she was not comfortable with
6		the lower numbers being filed as the you know,
7		the lower cost numbers being filed as opposed to
8		what the owner had developed as a cost.
9	Q	Did she share that in these group effort meetings?
10		MR. CHALLY: Object to form. And I'm going
11		to instruct the witness not to answer. These are
12		meetings that involved SCANA lawyers, and I'm not
13		going to allow him to testify as to the substance
14		of communications that occurred in meetings
15		involving SCANA lawyers. If he has recollection
16		of a meeting or discussion with Carlette Walker
17		that excludes SCANA lawyers, he can answer the
18		question, but otherwise he can't.
19		MR. WEST: Well, first of all, let me say for
20		the record that I don't think it's your place to
21		instruct my witness about what he can and can't
22		answer.
23		MR. CHALLY: It is, Mr. West. It's SCANA's
24		privilege. And he, at the time of these meetings,
25		was a SCANA employee. So it is absolutely SCANA's

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

107

- 1 role to carve out and protect it's own privilege
- 2 as we're doing.
- 3 A Let me say something. And if I'm not supposed to
- 4 say you can erase it.
- 5 MR. CHALLY: No, no, no.
- 6 A Carlette was not even present --
- 7 MR. CHALLY: Whoa --
- 8 A -- when her testimony was being prepared.
- 9 MR. HALTIWANGER: Okay.
- 10 A Can I say that?
- MR. WEST: Yes.
- 12 BY THE WITNESS:
- 13 A Carlette was dealing with problems. Her husband
- 14 had severe health issues, was in the hospital, in
- Johns Hopkins, I believe. And she was not present
- when her testimony was prepared.
- 17 Q Let me ask, were SCANA counsel involved in
- 18 preparing that testimony?
- 19 A Yes.
- 20 Q Besides SCANA counsel who else was involved?
- MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 22 A I don't recall everyone's name who was present.
- 23 Typically, there would have been somebody from the
- 24 regulatory group at SCANA, and business and
- 25 finance, project management. Typically, involved

.08

	Rich	aeth Browne - September 25, 2018 aard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina stric & Gas Company, et al.	10
1		in those meetings, SCANA inside counsel and SCANA	
2		outside counsel.	
3	Q	Okay. And I have to ask the question, and I	
4		realize Mr. Chally may object.	
5			
6		MR. HALTIWANGER: I'll put on the record	
7		that, you know, we've had a disagreement about	
8		whether regulatory communications do or do not	
9		qualify for attorney-client protection in this	
10		situation, so I'm going to ask the question in	
11		anticipation of an objection, and then I'll let	
12		Mr. Browne and his attorney discuss what they want	
13		to do.	
14			
15	BY M	MR. HALTIWANGER:	
16	Q	During the group discussion in preparing	
17		Ms. Walker's testimony, for which she was not	
18		present, were there disagreements about whether to	
19		use the EAC numbers prepared by SCANA or the	
20		Westinghouse numbers that were used?	
21	А	Yes.	
22		MR. CHALLY: I move to strike the answer from	
23		the deposition transcript. I'm instructing the	
24		witness not to answer and divulge SCANA's	

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Kenneth	Browne - September 25, 2018	
Richard	Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina	
Electri	c & Gas Company, et al.	

1	information.

- 2 MR. HALTIWANGER: Mr. West, if you would want
- 3 to have a conference with your client.
- 4 MR. WEST: I would like to have an
- 5 off-the-record conference with him.
- 6 MR. HALTIWANGER: There's a conference room
- 7 right across the hall.
- 8 VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record at 1:47 p.m.
- 9 (Off the Record)
- 10 VIDEOGRAPHER: We're on the record at 1:57
- 11 p.m.

12

- 13 BY MR. HALTIWANGER:
- 14 Q Mr. Browne, there's been a lot of press coverage
- of what's been referred to as the Bechtel report
- 16 involved in the VC Summer project. Have you seen
- some of that press coverage?
- 18 A Yes.
- 19 Q Were you at SCANA when the Bechtel report was
- 20 being prepared?
- 21 A Yes.
- 22 Q Did you have any interaction with the Bechtel
- employees?
- 24 A No.
- 25 Q Were you aware that Bechtel was on the site or

110

1	what	were	you	aware	that	they	were	on	the	site?	
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- 2 A Yes.
- 3 Q What was your understanding of what Bechtel was
- 4 doing?
- 5 A It was my understanding that Bechtel was there to
- 6 evaluate the project management, evaluate the
- 7 construction contractors and make recommendations
- 8 for improvements to aid in completing the project
- 9 on schedule and budget.
- 10 Q And was that your understanding at the time or is
- 11 that something you learned later?
- 12 A That was my understanding at the time.
- 13 Q And who informed you that that was going on?
- 14 A Marion Cherry.
- 15 Q Were you ever interviewed by Bechtel?
- 16 A No.
- 17 Q Were you ever told that there was a specific event
- or occurrence that triggered the retention of
- 19 Bechtel?
- 20 A No.
- 21 Q Were you aware of the Bechtel report and its
- 22 conclusions prior to seeing it in the press?
- 23 A I knew there was a report. Well, I knew there was
- a presentation. I don't think the original -- the
- 25 draft report was submitted. I knew there was a

. 1

		hard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina ctric & Gas Company, et al.	11
1		presentation. And then at some point in early of	
2		2016, I did see a list of recommendations and was	
3		tasked with responding to some of those	
4		recommendations. I never did see a complete list	
5		of recommendations or the Bechtel report.	
6	Q	How did you get that list	
7	А	From my supervisor.	
8			
9		(Interruption - Phone conference with	
10		the Hon. John C. Hayes, III.)	
11			
12		MR. HALTIWANGER: Your Honor, this is Dan	
13		Haltiwanger. We are in the middle of a deposition	
14		of Ken Browne who was a SCANA employee for a	
15		period during the construction of the VC Summer	
16		plant. And we are on the topic of Carlette	
17		Walker's testimony that was presented to the PSC	
18		in 2015. I was asking Mr. Browne about the	
19		preparation of that testimony. And, as background	
20		so the question makes sense, and Mr. Chally will	
21		have an opportunity to say whether this is an	
22		accurate presentation or not, but there was a	
23		gathering of SCANA employees that included	
24		THE COURT: Let me interrupt you just a	
25		minute. Interestingly enough, I was working on	
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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

12

	Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.	11
1	Carlette. You know, I hadn't heard the motion and	
2	I was working on that yesterday, and I read the	
3	her testimony about the presentation. I mean, you	
4	can elaborate, but I think I know a little bit	
5	about where you're going.	
6	MR. HALTIWANGER: Okay. Well, she the	
7	testimony was that Ms. Walker was not present for	
8	the preparation of her testimony that was	
9	submitted to the PSC.	
10	THE COURT: Right.	
11	MR. HALTIWANGER: And the question of the	
12	numbers that were submitted to the PSC for the	
13	cost of completion, the use of the numbers	
14	prepared by SCANA's EAC or estimate at completion	
15	team versus Westinghouse's numbers that were	
16	submitted to SCANA came up. And I'll let the	
17	court reporter read the question and then give	
18	Mr. Chally an opportunity to address his	
19	objection.	
20	THE COURT: All right. Question.	
21	MADAM COURT REPORTER: The question was,	
22	"During the group discussion in preparing Ms.	
23	Walker's testimony, for which she was not present,	
24	were there disagreements about whether to use the	
25	EAC numbers prepared by SCANA or the Westinghouse	

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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina

113

	Electric & Gas Company, et al.	
1	numbers that were used.	
2	THE COURT: Mr. Chally.	
3	MR. CHALLY: Yes, Your Honor, thank you. We	
4	apologize for bothering you, but there is	
5	testimony that this is a discussion, the specific	
6	question relates to a discussion that involves	
7	SCANA lawyers. And given that Mr. Browne received	
8	information, was invited to that meeting because	
9	he was an employee of the company and thus	
10	information that was disclosed to SCANA's lawyers	
11	in that context would remain privileged, we think	
12	that discussions Mr. Browne may have had or may	
13	have been exposed to in this meeting with SCANA	
14	lawyers would be privileged. And so we believe	
15	that that information shouldn't be disclosed.	
16	I've made clear on the record that to the extent	
17	Mr. Browne is familiar with discussions on this	
18	topic that excluded lawyers, he is free to	
19	disclose those answers or disclose those	
20	communications throughout the deposition. So my	
21	objection here is to questions that reveal	
22	discussions that involve lawyers related to this	
23	testimony.	
24	THE COURT: Well, this wasn't in anticipation	
25	of litigation or anything like that, I feel sure,	

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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

4

	Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina 1: Electric & Gas Company, et al.	14
1	but simply because the lawyers were present, being	
2	with the submission of some testimony and the	
3	figures involved that it becomes privileged. Is	
4	that your position, Mr. Chally?	
5	MR. CHALLY: No, sir. I do not believe that	
6	just because discussions existed, that lawyers	
7	were also familiar with, that necessarily makes	
8	the information privileged, but the purpose of	
9	this meeting is to finalize to work with	
10	lawyers and to finalize draft testimony. And	
11	those communications that are had in the presence	
12	of lawyers so that those lawyers can provide	
13	attorney-client privileged advice as to the	
14	substance of the disclosures made to the PSC is,	
15	in fact, privileged.	
16	MR. HALTIWANGER: And	
17	THE COURT: All right, go ahead.	
18	MR. HALTIWANGER: Well, Your Honor, I was	
19	going to say I should have introduced Mr. West.	
20	There is Mr. Browne has personal counsel here	
21	as well. And I just want to make sure, since you	
22	were not aware, that we gave him an opportunity if	
23	he wanted to address the issue before I responded.	
24	THE COURT: Okay.	
25	MR. WEST: Your Honor, this is John West from	
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1 Moncks Corner representing Ken Browne. 2 position today -- Mr. Browne's position today is 3 is that he came here for the purpose of telling the full and complete story as he understands it 5 and to truthfully answer questions. And he feels like that this is a very fine legal, technical 6 7 point. And he feels constrained in his ability to 8 fully testify. And he disagrees with counsel that 9 this is privileged. And we disagree with 10 counsel's instruction that he not answer the 11 question. 12 MR. HALTIWANGER: And if -- and so that the 13 plaintiffs' -- this is Mr. Haltiwanger again. plaintiffs' position is that this was not 14 15 litigation anticipated discussions. This was 16 discussions for regulatory compliance. We don't 17 believe that such business advice from attorneys 18 qualify as attorney-client privileged material. 19 And that also I would put on the record, if this 20 was to go forward, we'll note it now, that we 21 believe the crime fraud exception would apply here 22 in light of the -- in light of the situation and, 23 therefore, we think that we should be able to ask 24 the witness what he recalls about these

25

discussions.

1	THE COURT: All right. Well, what is the
2	does anybody have a good plan as to how to wiggle
3	out of this at this point without I'm inclined,
4	Mr. Chally, to find that it is not privileged,
5	based on the limited information I have now. And,
6	quite frankly, this is done in the background of
7	having yesterday read the exact portion of the
8	testimony. In fact, I think I could spit out the
9	number that she said and the number that was given
10	because it's so fresh in my mind from yesterday.
11	But it doesn't sound like to me that it was done
12	in a legal setting. I don't know about crime
13	fraud exception. I mean, I do know what it is,
14	but I don't know about it in this situation. I
15	don't know how it's developed in this situation I
16	guess is what I'm saying as how we get there with
17	just the limited information that was given now.
18	But I'm going to rule that the witness will have
19	to answer the question, of course, truthfully.
20	And I'll do this, Mr. Chally, this is a very
21	awkward way to handle stuff, obviously, but I
22	will if you want to appeal my decision at this
23	point, I don't know whether you you know, how
24	you go about this, but I would suggest that if
25	SCE&G wants to get some quick ruling from an
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appellate court, that the deposition be adjourned
and reconvened after SCE&G has an opportunity to
do whatever it may want to do and whatever its
available options are at this time. And, quite
frankly, I don't know what there are, but
that's -- I'm going to require him answer to the
question.

MR. CHALLY: Thank you, Your Honor. I do have one follow-up question. Part of our concern in this regard is that the plaintiffs or others involved in these proceedings would take any testimony that we believe reveals privileged information to work as a waiver of our ability to claim privilege on any related information.

THE COURT: No, I don't consider -- I don't consider this a waiver. A waiver would have to be something that was initiated by you. And this was something you have vigorously objected and vigorously argued against. I don't consider -- I'm not granting any waiver. This is specific as to this particular testimony on this date at this time in the arena y'all are in. So I don't see how that could constitute any kind of waiver. But again, I'm not the final arbiter.

MR. CHALLY: I understand that. And part of

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Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Septemb	er	25,	2018	
Richard	Liq	ghtse	у,	et al.	v.	Sou	th Carolina	
Electri	c &	Gas	Со	mpany,	еt	al.		

	Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.	1
1	the reason I raise that here on the record and	
2	with all counsel present is to see whether anyone	
3	intends to take the position that Mr. Browne	
4	answering this line of questioning would work as a	
5	waiver of SCANA's ability to claim privilege on	
6	any other information.	
7	THE COURT: Well, the limited power I have to	
8	grant that at this point, I'm not sure exactly how	
9	I do it. It's sort of moot at this time and	
10	participatory ruling, but I don't consider this	
11	I don't consider my ruling I'm forcing him to	
12	answer over defendant SCE&G's vehement objection.	
13	And therefore, I can't conceive under any	
14	circumstance how that would constitute a waiver.	
15	MR. CHALLY: Okay.	
16	THE COURT: But again, I haven't researched	
17	it and I'm sitting in my children's	
18	grandchildren's playroom right now not with any	
19	access to any great legal terms.	
20	MR. CHALLY: Understood, Your Honor. I	
21	think unless others have questions for you, I	
22	think you have done all you can be fairly asked to	
23	do for us today, so we will address this topic	
24	further amongst ourselves and let you go back to	
25	what you, no doubt, had more important things to	

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Kenneth	Brow	ne – Se	ptember	25, 20	1 8
Richard	Ligh	tsey, e	t al. v	. South	Carolina
Electric	c & G	as Comp	any, et	al.	

1	complete	today.	So	thank	you.	

- THE COURT: Well, I don't know if they're
- 3 more important to the world, but they're important
- 4 to me.
- 5 MR. CHALLY: Understood.
- 6 THE COURT: Okay, take care.
- 7 MR. CHALLY: Thank you.
- 8 THE COURT: Bye.
- 9 MR. CHALLY: So in determining whether or not
- 10 we need to seek that immediate relief, is anyone
- 11 intending to take Mr. Browne's answers to these
- 12 questions as a waiver of our ability to claim
- 13 privilege on anything else?
- 14 MR. SOLOMONS: No. From the plaintiffs,
- 15 the -- just like you've said, though, I want to
- make sure we're clear. This is confined to the
- very topic that we're talking about today. So I
- don't want to act as if me saying no, I agree that
- 19 we won't -- Mr. Browne's actions aren't a waiver,
- 20 that that's some blanket statement that I'm not
- 21 going to dispute with you, Jon, some other waiver
- 22 argument, so.
- MR. CHALLY: Yeah.
- 24 MR. SOLOMONS: As long as you understand that
- 25 confinement, then the answer is no from the

1 plaintiffs.	
---------------	--

2	MR. COX: This is Jim Cox for the Office of
3	Regulatory Staff. We also do not take SCE&G's
4	position here to be a waiver, in light of Judge
5	Hayes' ruling. We take the position that Judge
6	Hayes took there. But as Gibson said, any other
7	ground that comes up, and not just the crime fraud
8	exception, but the point that I mentioned to you
9	off the record, Jon, if, in fact, at some point
10	SCE&G takes any action where it directly or
11	indirectly suggests that the fact that SCE&G
12	involved counsel in any decisions, that we
13	preserve the right to argue that that is a waiver
14	itself of privilege.

MR. CHALLY: All right, Central.

16 FRANK ELLORBY: Frank Ellerby for Central.

We agree this testimony would not be a waiver.

18 MR. CHALLY: Okay. And State?

MR. WECHSLER: Can we go off the record? I

20 have to call the office on this.

MR. CHALLY: Why don't you do that and then

22 I'll confirm Santee's position and then we'll come

23 back to you.

17

24 VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record --

MR. CHALLY: Hold on, hold on. Hold on, sir.

Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Septe	mber	25,	201	. 8
Richard	Liç	ghtse	у,	et a	1. v.	Sou	th	Carolina
Electric	2 &	Gas	Со	mpany	, et	al.		

_	Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina	1:
	Electric & Gas Company, et al.	
1	Go ahead, Rush.	
2	MR. SMITH: This is not a waiver.	
3	MR. CHALLY: Okay. All right, we'll wait for	
4	the State.	
5	VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record at 2:14 p.m.	
6	(Off the Record)	
7	VIDEOGRAPHER: On the record at 2:21 p.m.	
8	MR. WECHSLER: The Attorney General's office	
9	does not view this as a waiver.	
10	MR. CHALLY: Okay. So with that	
11	clarification, which I appreciate, and subject to	
12	our continuing objection and instruction to the	
13	witness not to reveal privileged information or	
14	product information that he was exposed to or	
15	participated in while at SCANA, and in recognition	
16	of Judge Hayes' ruling, we'll keep moving forward.	
17	MR. HALTIWANGER: Okay.	
18	MADAM COURT REPORTER: And the question was,	
19	"During the group discussion in preparing Ms.	
20	Walker's testimony, for which she was not present,	
21	were there disagreements about whether to use the	
22	EAC numbers prepared by SCANA or the Westinghouse	
23	numbers that were used?"	
24		
2.5		

122

- 1 BY THE WITNESS:
- 2 A Yes, there were.
- 3 Q Describe what the disagreements were.
- 4 A The difference revolved around obviously the
- 5 difference in the cost estimates and whether it
- 6 was appropriate to go forward with a number that
- 7 we did not completely have confidence in as being
- 8 the most accurate reflection of the costs.
- 9 $\,$ Q $\,$ And when you refer to the one that you -- the
- 10 number that you do not have the most confidence
- 11 in --
- 12 A Yes.
- 13 Q -- which number are you referring to?
- 14 A The lower number that was provided by the
- 15 contractor, by Westinghouse and CB&I.
- 16 Q Who in the meeting advocated against using the
- Westinghouse number?
- 18 A Primarily me.
- 19 Q And in addition to you, anyone else?
- 20 A Not vocally.
- 21 Q Well, what about --
- 22 A There was a lot of people who were thinking that,
- 23 but I'm the one who said why don't we use the cost
- that we believe is more accurate.
- 25 Q And what was the response to your --

Office of Regulatory Staff Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

1	A	The response - And this is what I was going to say
2		earlier. I've already said it three times
3		today was it was viewed that to go forward with
4		a higher cost above what the contractor had stated
5		would be, in effect, adding a contingency to the
6		project cost which had been ruled against by the
7		Public Service Commission. And so we were to
8		present the cost that had been provided by our
9		contractor without that additional cost or
10		contingency as the filing.
11	Q	And was there a vote taken?
12	А	No.
13	Q	And who raised the point about or made the
14		argument that adopting the EAC numbers would be
15		using would be trying to add a contingency into
16		the number?
17	А	It was one of the outside counsel. I'm not sure
18		if it was Mr. Ziegler or Mr. Willoughby, but one
19		of those two gentlemen who prepared our testimony
20		presented that case. And, frankly, it was a good
21		argument. I mean, I dropped the issue. And that
22		was where the decision was made to use or I
23		guess the decision had already been made, but it
24		was I dropped my argument whenever presented
25		with that.
1		

124

1 Q	And	earlier	your	testimony	was	that	Ms.	Walker	was
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- 2 not at this meeting?
- 3 A I'm almost positive she was not at that meeting.
- 4 I'm not -- I couldn't say for sure, but I don't
- 5 believe she was there. If she was there, she
- 6 would have been, in addition to myself, raising
- 7 question.
- 8 Q And how do you know that?
- 9 A Because I know Ms. Walker.
- 10 Q And had she expressed that opinion to you before?
- 11 A Yes.
- 12 Q And did she express that opinion to you after this
- 13 meeting?
- 14 A Yes.
- 15 Q Describe that for us.
- 16 A She just told me she did not agree with going with
- lower costs, she wasn't comfortable with that.
- 18 Q Did she elaborate on that at all with you?
- 19 A No.
- 20 Q Did you have more than one conversation where this
- topic came up?
- 22 A Not really, not after it was resolved.
- 23 Q After 2015, based on the performance of the
- 24 construction project after the testimony was
- 25 filed, do you have an opinion about which numbers

Office of Regulatory Staff Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

		eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina	125
		tric & Gas Company, et al.	125
1		were more accurate, based on the performance	
2		following that date, the EAC numbers or the	
3		numbers provided by Westinghouse?	
4		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
5	А	After 2015?	
6	Q	Uh-huh.	
7	А	I would say neither one of them were accurate.	
8	Q	And why is that?	
9	А	Because they were both terrifically low. Even the	
10		higher cost was well below where the costs were	
11		trending.	
12	Q	And you had already left employment at SCANA when	
13		the decision to abandon the project was made?	
14	А	Yes.	
15	Q	Prior to your leaving, were you ever a part of or	
16		aware of discussions about potentially abandoning	
17		the project?	
18	А	Not to my knowledge.	
19	Q	Prior to hearing about the announcement the	
20		project was being abandoned, had you, yourself,	
21		ever thought that there was a possibility the	
22		project wouldn't be completed?	
23	А	Yes.	
24	Q	When would you have first had those thoughts?	
25	А	When Westinghouse declared bankruptcy.	

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126

- 1 Q Prior to that, did you believe the plants would
- 2 one day be operational?
- 3 A Yes.
- 4 Q Did you ever have any discussions with Carlette
- 5 Walker about her leaving employment at SCANA?
- 6 A Yes.
- 7 Q And describe what you recall about those
- 8 discussions.
- 9 A She described to me the last day that she was an
- 10 active employee where she was called into a
- 11 meeting and instructed to turn over her badge and
- 12 cell phone and laptop computer and told that she
- 13 had been under a lot of stress and they were going
- 14 to give her, I believe, a 90-day leave of absence
- period to give her a break from things and
- 16 escorted her out of the building. I'm not sure
- how long the period, but I think it was a 90-day.
- 18 It may not have been defined. But she had been
- 19 under a lot of stress, which she had. And she was
- 20 basically given time off to recover and
- 21 recuperate.
- 22 Q Did Ms. Walker herself indicate to you that she
- 23 was under a lot of stress?
- 24 A Yes.
- 25 Q And did she identify for you what the source of

Office of Regulatory Staff Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

127

- her stress was? 1
- 2 Α Yes.
- 3 And what was it?
- Her husband, at that time, was terminal with liver 4
- 5 disease -- or no, it's kidney, not liver. Kidney
- disease. And she had been spending months with 6
- 7 him at Johns Hopkins Hospital. And she was also
- 8 dealing with the issues regarding the project --
- 9 And can you --Q
- -- the cost issues regarding the project. 10 Α
- And specifically what about those cost issues? 11
- 12 She had a hard time personally giving testimony
- that she did not believe. 13
- Did she ever indicate to you that that was one of 14
- 15 the reasons she was leaving employment?
- 16 I don't think she voluntarily left employment.
- 17 Okay. Did you ever work with Marty Phalen?
- 18 Α No.
- What about Mark Cannon? 19 Q
- 20 Α Yes.
- Do you know whether Mr. Cannon is still employed 21
- 22 by SCANA?
- 23 I don't think he is. In fact, I think he may have
- left before I did. 24
- 25 0 Okay. What, if anything, did you hear about the

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128

- 2 A Retirement. I don't know of any other reason.
- 3 Q We're going to go through a few documents.
- 4 MR. HALTIWANGER: Again, I made these before
- 5 I left Aiken, so I would have added more copies
- 6 after yesterday, but I didn't have an opportunity
- 7 to.
- 8 (Whereupon, Email SCANA_RP0639111 was
- 9 marked Exhibit No. 1 for
- identification.)

11

- 12 BY MR. HALTIWANGER:
- 13 Q Bates number is SCANA RP0639111. And Mr. Browne,
- 14 I've got a number of documents to go through.
- 15 A Yes.
- 16 Q And what I'll do is I'll have the court reporter
- mark the document and hand it to you. I'm going
- to give you the opportunity to review it as much
- 19 as you feel you need to. Some of these documents
- 20 may be longer and I only want to discuss a small
- 21 portion.
- 22 A Sure.
- 23 Q But whenever you're, you know, comfortable having
- 24 recognized the document or scanned over it, let me
- 25 know and I'll ask my questions.

Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Sept	emb	er	25,	201	. 8
Richard	Lig	, h t s e	у,	et	al.	v.	Sou	th	Carolina
Electric	.	Gas	Со	mpan	у,	еt	al.		

	Elec	tric & Gas Company, et al.
1	А	(Witness reviewing document). Okay.
2	Q	Okay. Mr. Browne, do you recognize what Exhibit
3		No. 1 is?
4	А	Yes.
5	Q	What is it?
6	А	It's an email from myself to Kyle Young or
7		actually to Kyle Young and also to my boss, Skip
8		Smith or Abney Smith, Carlette Walker and Shirley
9		Johnson addressing what I identified as a terrible
10		month's performance from August of 2013, labor
11		performance.
12	Q	And specifically, does this deal with the PF,
13		performance factor, that we've been discussing?
14	А	Absolutely. Yes, it does.
15	Q	Okay. And I want to ask you about some of the
16		information in this email. The second email
17		there, the September 11, 2013 at 10:02 a.m. In
18		the first sentence there, you discuss that you're
19		putting together a sheet to analyze the monthly
20		performance each month rather than the
21		inception-to-date that CB&I reports. Why did you

do that?

23 A Because I felt like it was important to zero in on

24 an actual month's performance or a snapshot rather

25 than to wash that out by looking at the ITD, or

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130

		ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	13
1		inception to date, which was from the beginning of	
2		the project. And the reason one of the main	
3		reasons for that is because in the beginning of	
4		the project, they were cutting down trees and	
5		making it flat. And this was construction	
6		above-ground construction that would be taking	
7		place for the remainder of the project. The crews	
8		did a pretty good job cutting down trees and	
9		making the land flat. There's not a lot that you	
10		can mess up on that.	
11	Q	Okay.	
12	А	But when you're building nuclear grade concrete	
13		and buildings, that's where they had the problems	
14		and that's what they were going to be looking at	
15		for the rest of the project from this date	
16		forward.	
17	Q	Were you asked to do that or was this your own	
18		idea?	
19	А	I was asked basically by my boss, by Skip Smith.	
20		But the way we were working, it was like a team	
21		and a group effort. And this was what I was	
22		familiar with and I was most qualified to do this	
23		analysis. I had the information, so that's why I	
24		was doing this.	
25	Q	Okay. The second to last sentence of the first	

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131

	Elec	tric & Gas Company, et al.	13
1		paragraph you have underlined "overall performance	
2		for the month shows a PF of 2.52 with 73,411	
3		man-hours worked and 29,076 earned." First of	
4		all, let me ask if you can put that into layman's	
5		terms. What does it mean with man-hour worked	
6		verse earned?	
7	А	Whenever the project estimate is developed, they	
8		use what they call unit rates, which is a	
9		measurement of how much time would normally be	
10		expected to you would use to do a particular	
11		job, whether it's pouring concrete you know, if	
12		you're pouring a yard of concrete and it takes	
13		and you would spend four hours pouring a yard of	
14		concrete, then that would be your effective unit	
15		rate.	
16	Q	Okay.	
17	А	Well, all of the work, all of the labor and	
18		construction is estimated based on unit rates	
19		which are industry standard, and that's what the	
20		estimates were based on. And when you complete a	
21		task, the time that you earn is what that unit	
22		rate would be. The actual is how many it takes	
23		you to do it. So if you're pouring a yard of	
24		concrete and your unit rate is supposed to be four	
25		hours and it takes you eight hours, then your	
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Kenneth	Browne	- September	25, 2018
Richard	Lights	ey, et al. v	. South Carolina
Electri	c & Gas	Company, et	al.

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	1
1		worked is eight, your earned is four and your PF	
2		is going to be eight divided by four, or two.	
3	Q	Okay. So in my layman's understanding, it took	
4		them 73,411 hours to do 29,076 hours of budgeted	
5		work?	
6	А	Yes, correct.	
7	Q	The first sentence of the second paragraph	
8		yeah, the second full paragraph there it says,	
9		"This shows a steadily increasing trend from a ITD	
10		PF of 1.14 in January 2013 to the present of	
11		1.25."	
12	А	Yes.	
13	Q	And that is that your recollection that the PF	
14		was steadily increasing during that period?	
15	А	Yes. And what that is, is you're taking the total	
16		hours worked-to-date divided by the total hours	
17		earned-to-date. So what you were seeing there is	
18		the high 2.52 for that month is bringing up the	
19		average. Just like when you're in college and you	
20		start out as a freshman and your GPR is really	
21		down and you hope you're going to make some As	
22		when you're a senior, this is the same thing here,	
23		only it's the performance factor is increasing is	
24		a bad thing and not a good thing.	
25	Q	Yeah. The second to last sentence in that	

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Office of Regulatory Staff Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina 133 Electric & Gas Company, et al. 1 paragraph, "Unless this trend is reversed, we 2 should expect a substantial overrun of target 3 price craft labor cost." Do you see that sentence? 5 Yes. Α The trend you're talking about is the steadily 6 7 increasing PF factor? 8 That's correct. 9 And explain what the impact of a substantial overrun of target price craft labor would have on 10 the market. 11 12 It would increase the cost. 13 Q. To who? To the owner, as long as the owner is responsible 14 15 for -- this is before the fixed-price and the 16 owner bore the risk of cost overruns on labor. 17 as it takes them two-and-a-half-times, 18 two-and-a-half-hours to do one hour worth of work, 19 the owner is picking up the additional cost for 20 that, not the contractor. 21 (Whereupon, Email SCANA RP0018657-58 was 22 marked Exhibit No. 2 for 23 identification.) 24 25

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Kenneth	Browne	- September	25, 2018
Richard	Lightse	y, et al. v.	South Carolina
Electric	& Gas	Company, et	al.

- 1 BY MR. HALTIWANGER:
- 2 Q And again, just let me know when you feel
- 3 you've --
- 4 A Okay.
- 5 Q -- had a chance to look it over.
- 6 A (Witness reviewing document). Okay.
- 7 Q Okay. And do you recognize what Exhibit No. 2 is?
- 8 A Yes.
- 9 Q And what is it?
- 10 A It's an email from myself to Carlette Walker and
- 11 Skip Smith.
- 12 Q Okay. And the date of this email appears to be
- 13 about a little less than a month after the
- 14 previous email we just looked at. Is that
- 15 correct?
- 16 A Yes.
- 17 Q And here this email includes the performance
- 18 factor for the month of September.
- 19 A Yes.
- 20 Q And if I can draw your attention to the second
- 21 paragraph there. The first sentence says,
- 22 "Unfortunately, the Consortium direct craft labor
- 23 performance has fallen off further this month with
- a monthly PF of 2.68." Do you see that sentence?
- 25 A Yes.

		eth Browne - September 25, 2018	
		ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	135
1	Q	What was the target PF at that time?	
2	A	1.15.	
3	Q	The next sentence says, "The ITD project	
4		inception-to-date is now 1.29." That would be the	
5		inception-to-date PF you had discussed in Exhibit	
6		No. 1, the previous email?	
7	А	Yes. Went from to. 25 to 1.29 as a result of	
8		this month's performance.	
9	Q	All right. And going down to paragraph number two	
10		in that email. It says, "The concrete work scope	
11		has a monthly PF of 3.00 with 62,249 hours worked	
12		and 20,750 hours earned."	
13	А	Yes.	
14	Q	Was concrete a major percentage of the work being	
15		done at that time?	
16	А	Yes.	
17	Q	Was a PF of 3, did that occur often on this	
18		project?	
19	А	Unfortunately, yes.	
20	Q	And is the layman's understanding, that means it	
21		would take three times what was	
22	А	Three hours to do one hour's work.	
23	Q	Okay.	
24	A	That's correct.	
25	Q	And obviously, you are aware or you were aware	

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Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Sept	emb	er	25,	201	8
Richard	Lig	htse	у,	еt	al.	v.	Sou	t h	Carolina
Electric	. &	Gas	Со	mpan	у,	еt	al.		

of this back in 2013, corr

- 2 A Yes.
- 3 Q And you were passing that information along to
- 4 other members of SCANA back in 2013?
- 5 A Obviously, yes.
- 6 Q The last sentence of that first page of the email,
- 7 "If performance continues at the current ITD rate,
- 8 the direct craft labor portion of the target price
- 9 will be roughly 28.6 percent over the budget. If
- 10 performance continues at the YTD rate, the direct
- 11 craft labor portion of the target price will be
- 12 70 percent over the budget." Let me ask you, what
- explains the difference between the 28.6 and the
- 70 percent over budget?
- 15 A The ITD was project inception-to-date, which was a
- 16 longer period and had a lot more tree cutting and
- 17 land clearing. The YTD is year-to-date, that's
- January 1, '13 to September '13, so it has a lot
- 19 more of the construction type work. So the YTD
- 20 performance factor is -- did I say that in here?
- 21 1.79 --
- 22 Q Okay.
- 23 A From January '13 to September '13, the PF for this
- nine-month period is 1.79 with 616,986 worked.
- 25 344,736 earned.

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina ctric & Gas Company, et al.
1	Q	Okay. And the you're talking about the impact
2		this would have on the direct craft labor portion
3		of the target price. What or how significant
4		is the direct craft portion of the target price?
5	A	Very significant. Those are the people building
6		the plant.
7	Q	What percentage of the projected budget would that
8		have been?
9		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
10	А	It should be about 75 percent of your budget.
11		Should be. This project was estimated with a
12		higher there's direct craft and indirect craft.
13		Indirect craft are the support people. They are
14		the ones who are bringing water, cleaning up and
15		things like that. This project had a higher
16		percentage of indirect craft than anything I've
17		ever seen before. They're the nonproductive
18		people. But on a normal project, it would be
19		75 percent. On this project I think was about a
20		half, 50 percent.
21		(Whereupon, Email SCANA_RP0388623 was
22		marked Exhibit No. 3 for
23		<pre>identification.)</pre>
24		
25		

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- BY MR. HALTIWANGER: 1
- 2 Just let me know when you --

Electric & Gas Company, et al.

- 3 Α I'm ready.
- 4 You're ready. Let me ask if you recognize Exhibit
- No. 3. 5
- 6 Α Yes.
- 7 And what is Exhibit No. 3?
- 8 It's an email from myself to Carlette Walker and
- 9 Skip Smith.
- And what is the date of the email? 10
- March 10, 2014. 11
- 12 And the subject of this is, "Strange call from --
- 13 is it --
- 14 Shimon. Α
- 15 Shimon?
- 16 Yes. Α
- 17 0 Who is Shimon?
- Shimon was a engineer who worked for CB&I. 18 Α
- 19 And obviously, from the subject, the body of this
- 20 email discusses a phone call you had gotten from
- 21 them.
- 22 Α Yes.
- 23 Or from him. Did you ever meet with him to
- 24 discuss what his issues were?
- 25 Α I assume that I did. I can't recall. And I don't

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Kenneth	Browne - Sept	ember 25, 2018	
Richard	Lightsey, et	al. v. South Carolina	a
Electric	& Gas Compan	y, et al.	

- 1 recall what he divulged to me in that meeting
- 2 either, unfortunately.
- 3 Q Okay.
- 4 (Whereupon, Email SCANA_RP0623144-5 was
- 5 marked Exhibit No. 4 for
- 6 identification.)

7

- 8 BY MR. HALTIWANGER:
- 9 Q Okay. Have you had a chance to review Exhibit
- 10 No. 4?
- 11 A Yes.
- 12 Q And do you recognize what Exhibit No. 4 is?
- 13 A Yes.
- 14 Q Describe for us what is Exhibit No. 4.
- 15 A It's a string of emails, I guess three of them
- 16 originating with Bernard Hydrick or Bernie Hydrick
- 17 who worked in our construction group. He was our
- scheduler in the construction group. And he was
- 19 passing along to others on our team the schedule
- that have been provided by CB&I for us to review.
- 21 $\,$ Q $\,$ So would this be -- is it fair to say this was
- 22 part of the information y'all were gathering as
- part of the EAC work?
- 24 A Probably not. This is just a general schedule of
- 25 construction.

140

- 1 $\,$ Q $\,$ So this would not be part of the EAC that
- Westinghouse had provided to SCANA?
- 3 A I doubt it.
- 4 Q And what --
- 5 A The EAC is generally a cost-related issue and not
- 6 schedule.
- 7 Q Oh, okay.
- 8 A The schedule impacts the EAC, but we did not
- 9 review schedule when we were reviewing the EAC.
- 10 $\,$ Q $\,$ Okay. The bottom email on the first page is --
- subject is, "Bud and Ryan." Who are they?
- 12 A I have no idea.
- 13 Q All right. I want to read the third email on the
- 14 chain from the top from Bernard Hydrick at -- on
- 15 August 5, 2014 at 9:50 a.m.
- 16 A Yes.
- 17 Q I'm going to read the first three sentences. "The
- 18 schedule is a joke, there is nothing verifiable in
- 19 what they posted on RT01. It is just a grouping
- of hammocks with long arbitrary durations, in my
- 21 opinion, with no relationships or ties to sub-tier
- 22 activities. This is not acceptable." Let me ask,
- first of all, what is RT01?
- 24 A It was a computer network drive that CB&I would
- 25 put information on that SCANA people had access

141

	Elec	tric & Gas Company, et al.
1		to. So if SCANA wanted to or if CB&I wanted to
2		pass information in the form of a computer file,
3		such as a Primavera schedule document, they would
4		put it on RT01 drive and then SCANA would have
5		access to it. They could go to the drive and
6		download it and open it to look at it.
7	Q	Okay. What was your understanding of his use of
8		the phrase, "It is just a grouping of hammocks"?
9	А	Hammock is a I don't know if it's an official
10		term, but it's certainly used a lot in scheduling.
11		You know how a hammock would hang between trees or
12		something? Whenever you're doing a schedule, you
13		may have a critical path line and then the hammock
14		would be activities that were done parallel to
15		that, that if you looked at it in a diagram on
16		paper, kind of hangs down like a hammock does, and
17		so that's why those are called are hammocks. And
18		it's just a grouping of activities that are done
19		in a sequence on a schedule.
20	Q	Okay. And the email you sent at the top of the
21		page at 11:18 a.m. it says you were sending it
22		to Skip Smith and the statement is, "Look at what
23		they gave us to perform our review on."
24	А	Right.
25	Q	So you actually, at the time, did review the
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	Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.					
1		schedule that was submitted to SCANA?				
2	А	Yes.				
3	Q	Did you agree with Mr. Bernard Hydrick's				
4		observation that the schedule is a joke?				
5	А	Yes. Well, to elaborate on that, it was				
6		insufficient information to be able to perform a				
7		review on.				
8	Q	Were there any actions taken in response to				
9		getting this schedule to try to get more				
10		information or				
11		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.				
12	А	I don't recall this specific situation, but I'm				
13		sure there were actions, there were requests made				
14		to get additional information.				
15						
16		MR. HALTIWANGER: Why don't we go ahead and				
17		switch the tape.				
18		VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the end of tape number				
19		three in the deposition of Kenneth Browne. We're				
20		off the record at 2:58 p.m.				
21		(Off the Record)				
22		VIDEOGRAPHER: This is tape number four in				
23		the deposition of Kenneth Browne. We're on the				
24		record at 3:08 p.m.				
25		(Whereupon, Email SCANA_RP0006936 was				

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	Rich	neth Browne - September 25, 2018 nard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina ctric & Gas Company, et al.	14
1		marked Exhibit No. 5 for	
2		identification.)	
3			
4	BY N	MR. HALTIWANGER:	
5	Q	Mr. Browne, just let me know when you're ready.	
6	А	I'm ready.	
7	Q	Do you recognize Exhibit No. 5?	
8	А	Yes.	
9	Q	What is it?	
10	А	It's an email from myself to Skip Smith and	
11		Carlette Walker.	
12	Q	The subject is update on real schedule status.	
13	А	Yes.	
14	Q	I guess what context are you using that subject	
15		line in?	
16	А	It's real is to identify you have to get down	
17		into the email, but it is saying that we're	
18		saying there's a June 19 Unit Two substantial	
19		completion date, but it's actually June 26th,	
20		which is late June. And if you read on further,	
21		it's saying that that's not a real date because	
22		there are hard constraints in there holding the	
23		schedule to prevent actual work durations from	
24		moving the schedule out. This was all in an	
25		effort to maintain a June substantial completion	

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	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	14
1		date which was, at that time, the contractual	
2		date.	
3	Q	But and I don't want to put words in your	
4		mouth. I just want to make sure I'm understanding	
5		what you're saying. There was a June 2019	
6		substantial completion date for Unit Two. Who	
7		when you say "just learned," who would have been	
8		providing that information?	
9	А	Either CB&I or Westinghouse.	
10	Q	And the date that they gave you was June 26, 2019?	
11	А	Yes. When you look into the schedule, it's a June	
12		26th date.	
13	Q	But as your belief, though, was even though	
14		that June 26th was not real because of certain	
15		factors that you're listing below that?	
16	А	Yes.	
17	Q	And those factors were exactly what?	
18	А	It's based on assumption that NNI, that's Newport	
19		News, who was supplying panels for the shield	
20		building, meets their original delivery dates,	
21		which did not happen. And CB&I Services, CB&IS is	
22		able to start shield building erection on	
23		March 24, 2015. And then I said that's a hard	
24		constraint in the schedule, which means that	
25		whenever the schedule is developed somebody	

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145

	Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.		
1		actually typed in the date of March 24th instead	
2		of allowing it to slide out based on events that	
3		have to take place before that happens.	
4	Q	So they have to get the panels before they can	
5	А	They have to get the panels before they can start	
6		putting it together. And the other thing, the	
7		foundations had to be complete before they could	
8		start putting that together as well.	
9	Q	Okay.	
10	А	And so if the foundation pushes out past March	
11		24th, but you have somebody keying in a hard	
12		date of March 24th, it's not a real schedule	
13	Q	Okay.	
14	А	because you're saying they're going to start	
15		work on March 24th, but the foundation's not	
16		ready to start work on March 24th.	
17	Q	The last sentence of that paragraph, "All along,	
18		our management has been told the current date is	
19		June 2019 and we pass it along."	
20	А	Yes.	
21	Q	When you say "our management has been told," by	
22		who?	
23	А	By our contractors.	
24	Q	When you say "we pass it along" who are you	

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passing it along to?

146

1 A	Anybody	who	asks.
-----	---------	-----	-------

- 2 Q Would that include the PSC?
- 3 A That would include the PSC, ORS, your wife at
- 4 home, anybody.
- 5 (Whereupon, Email SCANA_RP0246420-41 was
- 6 marked Exhibit No. 6 for
- 7 identification.)

8

- 9 BY MR. HALTIWANGER:
- 10 Q Do you recognize Exhibit No. 6?
- 11 A Yes.
- 12 Q And what is Exhibit No. 6?
- 13 A That's an email chain originating with an email
- 14 from myself. Let's see, that was -- to a string
- of people. Kevin Kochems replied to that and then
- I replied to that from Kevin.
- 17 Q I've really one question about this one document.
- 18 In the email from Mr. Kochems that you were a
- 19 copy -- a recipient of, the second one on that
- 20 page, there's a number five, which I believe
- 21 corresponds to your number five in the previous
- 22 email, the question of "What schedule do we base
- our EAC on?"
- 24 A Yes, sir.
- 25 Q Mr. Kochems reply was, "I think this needs to be

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 aard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	14
1		schedule we plan to file with the PSC whether we	
2		think it is achievable or not." Do you see that	
3		statement?	
4	А	Yes.	
5	Q	What was your interpretation or how did you	
6		understand his statement that, "I think this needs	
7		to be the schedule we plan to file with the PSC	
8		whether we think it's achievable or not"?	
9		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
10	А	I'm going to get you to repeat that for me again.	
11	Q	Okay. Well, I guess, what was your understanding	
12		of his proposal to use the "schedule we plan to	
13		file with the PSC whether we think it's achievable	
14		or not"?	
15		MR. CHALLY: Same objection.	
16	А	In order to do a cost estimate, you have to have	
17		some time schedule to base your cost on, the	
18		estimate on. And my question on the second page	
19		was what schedule do we need to base our cost on.	
20		And Kevin's response to me was that it needed to	
21		be the same schedule that we filed with the PSC so	
22		that the cost and the schedule would match, that	
23		they would be copacetic with each other, they work	
24		with each other. And at least I did not, and I'm	
25		sure Kevin did not either, believe that it was an	

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148

- 1 achievable schedule.
- 2 Q Okay.
- 3 (Whereupon, Email SCANA_RP0255947 was
- 4 marked Exhibit No. 7 for
- 5 identification.)

6

- 7 A Whenever you're ready.
- 8 BY MR. HALTIWANGER:
- 9 Q Okay. Do you recognize Exhibit No. 7?
- 10 A Yes.
- 11 Q And what is it?
- 12 A That's an email from myself to Carlette Walker,
- 13 Kevin Kochems, Shirley Johnson, and Skip Smith.
- 14 Q And the subject of this email is a Revision 2 of
- 15 the cancellation analysis. And then there's an
- 16 attachment that is entitled
- 17 CancelCostEST8-20-12-Rev2.
- 18 A That's a spreadsheet.
- 19 Q That's what I was going to ask. That appears to
- 20 be an Excel spreadsheet?
- 21 A Yes.
- 22 Q And when you worked with the spreadsheets, does
- 23 the numbers there, the 8-20-12 indicate a date?
- 24 A Yes.
- 25 Q Is that the creation date or is that the date that

Electric & Gas Company, et al. you last worked with it? How do you date those? 1 2 Generally, it was the last date that it was 3 accessed. 4 Then what does Rev2 indicate? 5 Revision 2. So there may have been a previous date, maybe 8-19-12, and that would have been like 6 7 a Revision 1. 8 All right. What is a cancellation analysis? 9 Periodically, we were asked to prepare a cost analysis for terminating the project, and that was 10 primarily for a use in the analysis of looking at 11 12 options. I don't know -- I don't think it was 13 every time we did a filing, but occasionally with filings they had to do a cost justification of the 14 15 project. And in order to do that justification, 16 they would have to look at the cost that would be 17 incurred to cancel the project, which would be and adder to -- for example, if you were comparing it 18 19 to a gas combined cycle site, it's acknowledging 20 that you couldn't just stop the project and walk away and not spend money and cancel it. 21 22 Q There would be costs associated with it? 23 There would be costs associated with doing that. 24 And the fact that this was prepared does not 25 indicate that there was ever a consideration of

Office of Regulatory Staff Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

	Rich	neth Browne - September 25, 2018 hard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina etric & Gas Company, et al.	150
1		canceling the project at this time, it was just	
2		part of that analysis.	
3	Q	Okay.	
4		(Whereupon, Email SCANA_RP0689335 was	
5		marked Exhibit No. 8 for	
6		identification.)	
7			
8	А	Okay.	
9	BY N	MR. HALTIWANGER:	
10	Q	And have you had a chance to look at Exhibit	
11		No. 8?	
12	А	Yes.	
13	Q	And what is Exhibit No. 8?	
14	А	Exhibit No. 8 is an email from myself to Carlette	
15		Walker passing along the third revision of that	
16		same sheet, Cancel Cost Estimate 8-22-12 Revision	
17		3.	
18	Q	And I guess I just don't know. Do you know	
19		whether this number or these calculations would be	
20		included in PSC filings?	
21	А	They would not.	
22	Q	What would they where would they show up at the	
23		company?	
24	А	They would be used in an analysis that Dr. Lynch	
25		did to justify continuation of the project.	
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Kenneth	Browne - September 25,	2018
Richard	Lightsey, et al. v. So	uth Carolina
Electri	& Gas Company, et al.	

1	(Whereupon,	Email	SCANA	RP0015099-100

- was marked Exhibit No. 9 for
- 3
 identification.)

4

- 5 A Okay.
- 6 BY MR. HALTIWANGER:
- 7 Q All right. Can you tell us what Exhibit No. 9 is?
- 8 A That is an email from myself to Jimmy Addison. It
- 9 looks like one, two, three, four different, five
- 10 different emails in the chain.
- 11 Q All right. Turning to the last email in the
- 12 chain, or the earliest email. That would be one
- authored by you on October 21, 2015?
- 14 A Yes.
- 15 Q The first sentence there says, "Jimmy, here is an
- 16 attempt at answering your question from
- 17 yesterday." Who would Jimmy be?
- 18 A That would be Jimmy Addison.
- 19 Q And from reviewing this document and from your
- 20 memory, do you recall what his question from
- 21 yesterday was?
- 22 A I do not.
- 23 Q The subject, "Cost comparison as requested current
- 24 PSC budget vs. settlement w/o fixed-price option."
- 25 What -- I guess can you tell us what we're looking

ELECTRONICALLY FILED - 2018 November 2 3:16 PM - SCPSC - Docket # 2017-370-E - Page 152 of 512

Office of Regulatory Staff Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

Kenneth	Browne - September 25, 2018
Richard	Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina
Electric	c & Gas Company, et al.

152

	Elec	tric & Gas Company, et al.
1		at here?
2	А	I'm not sure, so I'm going to if it's okay, I'm
3		going to make a guess, but I believe what this is
4		referring to is the status of the PSC budget at
5		this time compared to the option that we had
6		whenever we went to the fixed-price. And this was
7		a comparison of the prior budget from the previous
8		filing to the option without fixed-price. You
9		know, we had an option to go fixed-price or not
10		fixed-price with the settlement that we had when
11		CB&I got out of the project.
12	Q	Okay.
13	А	And I think what this is is the comparison of that
14		previous filing budget as it would be changed by
15		the settlement without execution of the
16		fixed-price option.
17	Q	Okay. And
18	А	So there's three prices there. There's the prior
19		budget, there's the price with the settlement
20		without the fixed-price, and then there's another
21		one, which would be the settlement with the
22		fixed-price.
23	Q	And the third one is the option that eventually
24		was taken?

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25

Α

Yes.

	Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.			
1	Q	And this is looking at what would the cost of the		
2		section option would have been?		
3	А	Yes.		
4	Q	And based on the first email in that chain there,		
5		did you determine what SCANA's price would be		
6		under that option two?		
7	А	It looks like we did, yes.		
8	Q	And that conclusion, was that option two was going		
9		to be \$1,038,876,000 more than what was currently		
10		filed at the PSC?		
11	А	Honestly, I don't remember the numbers, but that's		
12		what the email says.		
13	Q	Okay.		
14	А	That does look like it's fixed-price. It says for		
15		55 percent fixed-price.		
16	Q	I want to give you an opportunity to make sure		
17	А	Yeah. I'm not sure if that means that it was the		
18		fixed-price or 55 percent was fixed in the		
19		project, roughly, as well. So I'm not sure if		
20		that's the fixed-price option or if that means		
21		that 55 percent of the project is fixed and		
22		45 percent is still a target price.		
23		(Whereupon, Email SCANA_RP0617852 was		
24		marked Exhibit No. 10 for		
25		identification.)		
		mb Count Descrition To COURS		

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ELECTRONICALLY FILED - 2018 November 2 3:16 PM - SCPSC - Docket # 2017-370-E - Page 154 of 512

Kenneth	Browne -	September	25, 20	18
Richard	Lightsey	, et al. v	. South	Carolina
Electri	c & Gas C	ompany, et	al.	

	Rich	neth Browne - September 25, 2018 nard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina etric & Gas Company, et al.	1
1		question?	
2	А	Because I kept up with the Charleston paper, being	
3		from Charleston. And the other people did not	
4		keep up with the Charleston papers. And there was	
5		an article about the project and I thought people	
6		would be interested in it.	
7	Q	Well, do you recall any discussions followed your	
8		sending out that copy of the article?	
9	А	I don't, no.	
10		(Whereupon, Email SCANA_RP0024002-18 was	
11		marked Exhibit No. 11 for	
12		identification.)	
13			
14	А	I'm ready.	
15	BY N	MR. HALTIWANGER:	
16	Q	It sounds like you're familiar with this email.	
17	А	This is the issue that I discussed earlier today	
18		when you asked about having the discussion with	
19		the SLED agent and office equipment fraud, that's	
20		what this is about.	
21	Q	So let me ask you so it's clear for the record.	
22		Do you recognize Exhibit No. 11?	
23	А	Yes.	
24	Q	And what is it?	
25	А	It's an email from myself to Sean Burk who was a	

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156

		tric & Gas Company, et al.	Т
1		manager at CB&I.	
2	Q	And why did this email come about?	
3	А	This email came about because they had a supplier	
4		who was submitting all three bids on equipment,	
5		office equipment, ordering it from Staples, having	
6		it shipped to the site directly from Staples,	
7		marking it up to CB&I, and CB&I was marking it up	
8		and selling it to SCE&G. And we caught them doing	
9		it.	
10	Q	And I just want to and it's a lengthy email, so	
11		I'm not going to go through point by point, but a	
12		couple of things I want to ask you about. The	
13		second line of the email it says you use the	
14		phrase "this is backup information approved by	
15		you" is underlined. What was the purpose in	
16		underlining that particular provision?	
17	А	It was pointing out to Mr. Burk that he was the	
18		one who approved the purchases, although I knew he	
19		wasn't looking at it, but his signature was on the	
20		forms.	
21	Q	And what was the what is the basis for your	
22		belief he wasn't looking at it?	
23	А	Had he been looking at it, he would not have	
24		approved it.	
25	Q	The bottom of the second full paragraph there, I	

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157

		tric & Gas Company, et al.	15
1		will read this sentence, "Instead, through the	
2		purchase from Compuworld, CB&I have spent this	
3		amount unnecessarily and thus increased the cost	
4		to SCE&G by this amount plus 3.09 percent in G&A,	
5		\$440.86, and 4.562 percent profit, \$677.09, to	
6		CB&I, with a total of \$15,518.95 of unnecessary	
7		cost." Take me through what is that	
8		mathematical extrapolation you're doing there?	
9	А	This gets back to the time and material piece of	
10		our contract. Whenever CB&I billed SCE&G for	
11		anything there were markups, a series of markups	
12		on there. The 3.09 percent is generally the	
13		administrative markup on every cost. 4.562 is the	
14		CB&I profit, which is on top of the cost plus the	
15		G&A. So in spending if you go a couple of	
16		lines up, they spent \$14,397 unnecessarily on this	
17		one purchase.	
18	Q	Okay.	
19	A	And in addition to that, there's the G&A and	
20		profit because CB&I made more profit when they	
21		spent more money. So I was just pointing out to	
22		him that it's more than the \$14,000, it's \$15,518	
23		that CB&I billed SCE&G for that was invalid on	
24		this one purchase.	
25	Q	All right. Well, let me see if we can't	

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158

- 1 extrapolate that further, because your email stops
- with the cost going to SCANA.
- 3 A Right.
- 4 $\,$ Q $\,$ How would that cost then extrapolate out to
- 5 ultimately the ratepayers?
- 6 A I'm not sure.
- 7 Q Okay.
- 8 A Obviously, it would cost more.
- 9 Q Well, what elements would go into that? Would
- there be a return on investment by SCANA?
- 11 A Yes.
- 12 Q Would there also be any other additional cost
- added on that would eventually flow down to --
- 14 A I don't think so.
- 15 Q I guess I'm trying to get a rough idea of what
- 16 that \$15,000, once it reaches to the point of
- 17 being put into rates, what amount it would be.
- 18 A I don't know. But if I can, can I tell you the
- 19 end of this story?
- 20 Q Yes. Very interested.
- 21 A We went back to CB&I and we found that they had
- 22 purchased more than a million dollars worth of
- 23 stuff from this guy here in Columbia who ran
- 24 Compuworld. We did get satisfaction from them on
- that, so we wound up taking back 100 percent of

159

- everything they had spent with Compuworld. 1 2 withheld from their invoices and dared them to 3 dispute it. So not only did we find them doing this, we saved -- we got over a million dollars 5 back because of catching this happening. And that was part of your job at SCE&G? 6 7 Yes. I made it my job. If you read on down --8 and I'm going to get on a soapbox here. 9 All right. Q But hopefully you guys have caught on to me in the 10 little bit of time we've spent together. I looked 11 12 after all of this money like it was my money being spent. And it may have been a \$10 billion 13 project, but I squeezed every nickel and dime that 14 15 I could get my hands on. And that's why this was 16 caught and that's why this was done. 17 Well, in that line, the statement in the second to last paragraph, "This \$15,519 represent to me an 18 indicator of the attitude that I see every month 19 as I review the CB&I invoices. This is not an 20 isolated case." Can you think of some other 21 22 examples besides this where --23 Not as gross as this. Α 24 Okay.
- 25 But I can think of many instances where they spent

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Kenneth	Browne	- Septe	ember 25,	2018
Richard	Lights	ey, et a	al. v. Sou	th Carolina
Electri	c & Gas	Company	, et al.	

	Elec	tric & Gas Company, et al.
1		money that should not have been spent.
2	Q	Okay. And the last sentence of that same
3		paragraph says, "Again, CB&I has this
4		responsibility to SCE&G, and SCE&G has this
5		responsibility to our customers." Explain for me
6		why you had made the statement that SCE&G has this
7		responsibility to our customers.
8		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
9	A	I've got an 89-year-old mother in Charleston
10		living on \$1300 a month Social Security, and when
11		she gets a 300-something electric bill and can't
12		pay for her medicine, that's what I mean by that.
13		And there's people like that all over the state.
14		(Whereupon, Email SCANA_RP0388794-797
15		was marked Exhibit No. 12 for
16		<pre>identification.)</pre>
17		
18	BY M	IR. HALTIWANGER:
19	Q	And if it helps you, I don't plan on asking you
20		any questions about the original email from Don

- 21 DePierro.
- 22 A Okay.
- 23 Q Do you recognize Exhibit No. 12?
- 24 A Yes.
- 25 Q And what is it?

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161

- 1 A It's an email. The very end of the string is an
- email from me to Skip Smith, Carlette Walker,
- 3 Kevin Kochems, Sheri Wicker and Shirley Johnson.
- 4 Q And if we can look at the second page of Exhibit
- 5 No. 12. This would be an email from Abney Smith
- on October 2, 2014 at 9:15 p.m. First of all,
- 7 well, I should set the context here. The email
- 8 that begins this chain is from a Don DePierro.
- 9 Who was he?
- 10 A He was a vice president at CB&I.
- 11 Q And it's an email from him that triggered the
- 12 following email chain of which I want to ask you
- some questions, but --
- 14 A Senior Vice President of nuclear power at CB&I.
- 15 Q Okay. What was, I guess, Mr. DePierro, what was
- 16 he emailing Mr. Archie about or what is the --
- 17 A It looks like a follow-up to a phone call that is
- discussing the implementation of a team to track
- 19 progress and work on-site.
- 20 Q Okay.
- 21 A Without reading all of the details of this.
- 22 Q All right.
- 23 A By the way, the Ken here, Ken, Chris and Ron, that
- is not me. That's another Ken.
- 25 Q And where are you looking for that one?

162

		etric & Gas Company, et al.	1
1	А	That's on the last page.	
2	Q	Oh, okay. Okay, okay. I want to read to you some	
3		of the email originally drafted by Mr. Abney	
4		Smith.	
5	А	Yes.	
6	Q	It's on the second page, "A lot of the same CBI	
7		talk on planning, protocol, briefings,	
8		presentations, alignments. So not very impressive	
9		in my opinion. A wise old mentor once very	
10		bluntly suggested to me get off you're	
11		a-blank-blank-blank and get out in the field and	
12		find out what's going on and get the job done	
13		without all the b-blank-blank	
14		s-blank-blank. CB&I has productivity	
15		problems in the field, can't meet a schedule. WEC	
16		keeps changing design that impact field and shops.	
17		The shops have quality and production problems.	
18		There are a multiple of procurement issues. The	
19		field non-manuals and indirects are out of	
20		control. CBI, one of the largest contractors in	
21		the universe can't find the necessary resources."	
22	A	Other than that everything was great.	
23	Q	I guess I was going to ask you, this is a litany	

of, I guess, complaints Mr. Smith was making?

Skip. When I say Skip Smith, this was my boss.

24

25

Α

	Richa	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	163
1	Q	Okay. And this is in October of 2014?	
2	А	Yes.	
3	Q	And were you familiar with those problems	
4		occurring in that time frame on the project?	
5	A	Yes.	
6	Q	Do you think Mr. Smith was accurate in his	
7		recitation of the problems that CB&I was	
8		experiencing?	
9	А	Yes.	
10	Q	On the first page at the bottom, there's an email	
11		from Carlette Walker. She states, "I agree 100%.	
12		We need actionable items on their WEC and CB&I	
13		parts to drive change and let's quit talking about	
14		and around the problems. Just for the record, I	
15		don't have any emotion in my voice." And then a	
16		little smiley face emoticon. I wanted to ask a	
17		question about the last statement there, "I don't	
18		have any emotion in my voice." Do you know what	
19		she's referring to?	
20	А	Yes.	
21	Q	Tell us what you believe she's referring to?	
22	А	Understand through discussions with Ms. Walker	
23		that she was I don't know if accused is the	
24		right word, but she was chastised on occasion from	

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some of our senior management for showing too much

164

- 1 emotion related to the project.
- 2 Q What type of emotion was she showing?
- 3 MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 4 A I was not present when she was chastised with
- 5 this, but it would be my assumption that she was
- 6 being challenged as a woman working in a man's
- 7 world and showing emotion as a woman.
- 8 Q But was -- I guess the emotion, was this anger?
- 9 Frustration? Happiness? What type of emotion?
- MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 11 A Anger, passion to try and make it a better
- 12 project.
- 13 Q And based on your work on the project, is -- are
- 14 those emotions -- would those have been typical of
- 15 what you experienced with working with Ms. Walker?
- MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 17 A Yes. And not just Ms. Walker, I might add.
- 18 Q Who else would you include?
- 19 A Myself.
- 20 Q Anyone else?
- 21 A Mr. Smith.
- 22 Q Okay. Anyone else?
- 23 A No, unfortunately.
- 24 Q At the top is an email you authored on October 3,
- 25 2014. It says, "Skip, Preach on Rev. You hit the

165

		ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	16
1		nail on the head. The Consortium response to	
2		every issue is another program, more people, more	
3		money. The new OSS group is a perfect example."	
4		What was the OSS group?	
5	А	That is the group that is addressed in the	
6		telephone call and the follow-up email from Don	
7		DePierro. And actually, I have forgotten what	
8		the OSS stands for, but it was a group that was	
9		going to be established on-site to monitor	
10		progress and schedule performance and things like	
11		that, when we already had groups that should have	
12		been doing that and they were not doing their	
13		jobs. So instead of making the groups who should	
14		have been doing it do their job, they bring in	
15		another group with more people - We're paying the	
16		cost because we're paying labor and allow the	
17		other people to continue not doing their job.	
18	Q	And those costs would eventually be passed on to	
19		the ratepayers?	
20	А	Absolutely.	
21		MR. CHALLY: I was late, but I'm going to	
22		object to the form of that question.	
23	Q	A little bit more than halfway down that email the	
24		statement is, "At least one-half of their effort	
25		is hiding costs, not fixing problems." Who is the	

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166

- their you're referring to? 1
- 2 The contractor, CB&I.
- 3 The third from the end sentence there. It says,
- 4 "Bring this up and we'll be challenged as petty
- 5 because it's only \$12,500."
- 6 Α Yes.
- 7 Why did you anticipate that would happen?
- 8 Because it happened on numerous occasions before
- 9 this and with this.
- And who would challenge it as petty? 10
- The people we dealt with at CB&I. 11
- 12 And what was SCANA's management's response to
- their challenge of it being petty? 13
- MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 14
- 15 They didn't care. I mean, if we found something
- 16 that was wrong that we shouldn't be paying for, we
- 17 didn't pay for it.
- 18 (Whereupon, Email SCANA RP0381916-17 was
- 19 marked Exhibit No. 13 for
- 20 identification.)
- 21
- 22 Okay. Α
- 23 BY MR. HALTIWANGER:
- 24 Okay. Can you tell us what Exhibit No. 13 is?
- 25 Exhibit 13 is an email string. Looks like it's

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Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Septemb	er	25,	201	. 8
Richard	Liç	htse	Эу,	et al.	v.	Sou	th	Carolina
Electric	2 &	Gas	C c	mpany,	еt	al.		

	Ricl	hard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina ctric & Gas Company, et al.	1
1		mostly between me, Carlette, Skip. I would say	
2		that's it, yes.	
3	Q	Okay. And I want to discuss your email which is	
4		at the top of the exhibit. But before that, I	
5		want to put that into context by reading	
6		Ms. Walker's email to you on August 27, 2014 at	
7		8:34 a.m.	
8	А	All right.	
9	Q	She emails, "How is the schedule work going?	
10		Close to wrapping up?" And in response, your	
11		email says, "Carlette, I don't know that wrapping	
12		up is a good description, covering up is probably	
13		better." With respect to covering up, who would	
14		be covering up?	
15	А	This email is addressing a joint schedule effort	
16		between the owner and the contractor. And we were	
17		going through multiple critical path strings in	
18		the schedule, looking at what's the longest thing	
19		that's pushing out to completion. And I would say	
20		it would be a joint effort at covering up,	
21		primarily the contractor because they were driving	
22		the schedule show. They had possession of the	
23		schedule and they were making all of the changes	
24		and controlling the schedule, which is their job	
25		as the EPC contractor. The owner's job is to	

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Kenneth	Browne	- September	25, 2018
Richard	Lightse	y, et al. v.	South Carolina
Electric	c & Gas	Company, et	al.

- 1 review it and, you know, not necessarily control
- 2 it or even participate in it.
- 3 Q And I guess would it be the owner's job to be
- 4 evaluating that schedule?
- 5 A Yes.
- 6 Q And that's part of what you did?
- 7 A Yes. I was a junior participant in that. The
- 8 schedule primarily resided with the construction
- 9 group.
- 10 Q Okay. About halfway down that paragraph, you say,
- "It is unanimous that there is a 100 percent
- 12 chance we will not meet the September dates."
- 13 What are the September dates you're referring to?
- 14 A I'm not sure.
- 15 Q Is it possible those were the September completion
- 16 dates we had discussed earlier for Units Two and
- 17 Three?
- MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 19 A We have a schedule that shows completion of Unit
- Two in September of '18 and Unit Three in
- 21 September of '19, so I'm assuming that not meeting
- 22 the September dates would be those two dates,
- 23 September '18 and September '19 schedule dates.
- 24 Q The second -- or down near the bottom of the
- 25 email, there's a paragraph sentence, "If I

Office of Regulatory Staff Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

Kenneth	Browne	- September	25, 2018
Richard	Lightse	y, et al. v.	South Carolina
Electric	& Gas	Company, et	al.

9

	Rich	neth Browne - September 25, 2018 nard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina otric & Gas Company, et al.	169
1		honestly believed any of this was possible, I	
2		would stop on the way home and buy a lottery	
3		ticket, just one." When you say "any of this,"	
4		what would "this" be?	
5	А	Meeting those September '18 and September '19	
6		completion dates.	
7	Q	The last line there it says, "Note, please don't	
8		forward this note because I would prefer to make	
9		my departure on my terms and not because I was	
10		fired." I think I can detect some sarcasm, but at	
11		the same time, I want to ask what you meant by	
12		that statement. Or was it even sarcastic?	
13	А	Well, it was actually serious.	
14	Q	Okay.	
15	А	Because if this note had been passed along to our	
16		senior project management people, I very well	
17		could have been fired.	
18	Q	Why do you believe that?	
19	А	Because I was challenging the position, the	
20		official position of the project.	
21	Q	In the portion we read earlier, though, you stated	
22		that it was unanimous that there's a 100 percent	
23		chance we will not meet the September date, so I	
24		assume that means it was not just your opinion.	
l			

25

Α

Right.

ELECTRONICALLY FILED - 2018 November 2 3:16 PM - SCPSC - Docket # 2017-370-E - Page 170 of 512

Q

Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	170
Q	Who else had that opinion?	
	MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
А	I would assume everybody in the schedule review.	
	What we did is we put together a schedule and we	
	put together a list of challenges to meeting that	
	schedule. And going down the list of challenges,	
	most of the challenges were acknowledged as going	
	to happen.	
Q	Okay.	
A	So it was very little chance of meeting the	
	scheduled dates due to those complications.	
Q	And I guess but isn't that information that in	
	your job you would be passing along to your	
	management?	
A	Not in my job.	
Q	In whose job?	
A	That would be in the scheduling, the people	
	responsible for scheduling in the construction	
	group.	
Q	Okay.	
A	I was participating in this from a business and	
	finance standpoint because our costs had to be	
	reflected off of the same information that was in	

And you believed that you may be fired if you

their schedule.

Office of Regulatory Staff Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

	Richa	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina cric & Gas Company, et al.	171
1		brought this information to whose attention? Or	
2		if this note had been forwarded to who?	
3	A	To Ron Jones.	
4	Q	Okay.	
5	A	The project manager.	
6	Q	So if you had at the time you wrote this email,	
7		the concern was that if these scheduling problems	
8		were brought to the attention of the scheduling	
9		growth, there could be retaliation against you?	
10	A	Yes, for putting this in writing and sending it to	
11		someone outside of our group.	
12	Q	Okay. And that someone out of the group was	
13		Carlette Walker?	
14	A	She was in the group.	
15	Q	She was in the group, okay.	
16	A	I sent this to Carlette.	
17	Q	Okay. Did you ever have any discussions with	
18		Carlette Walker about potentially being terminated	
19		for this?	
20	А	For this situation, no.	
21	Q	Well, did Ms. Walker ever discuss with you	
22		concerns that she may be terminated?	
23	А	No.	
24		MR. HALTIWANGER: Okay. I'm going to go	
25		ahead and pass the witness and move along.	

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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

72

		ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina etric & Gas Company, et al.	17
1		VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the end of tape number	
2		four in the deposition of Kenneth Browne. We're	
3		off the record at 3:59 p.m.	
4		(Off the Record)	
5		VIDEOGRAPHER: This is tape number five in	
6		the deposition of Kenneth Browne. We're on the	
7		record at 4:04 p.m.	
8			
9		EXAMINATION	
10	BY N	MR. COX:	
11	Q	Good afternoon, Mr. Browne?	
12	A	Good afternoon.	
13	Q	My name is James Cox. We met right before your	
14		deposition began. I'm an attorney representing	
15		the South Carolina Office of Regulatory Staff in	
16		both of the proceedings that are occurring here,	
17		both the state court action brought by the	
18		ratepayers in which the ORS has intervened, as	
19		well as the proceedings pending before the Public	
20		Service Commission of South Carolina in which	
21		SCE&G has requested approval of a merger and	
22		approval to recover its costs incurred on the VC	
23		Summer project from its ratepayers through rates.	
24		I have some questions to follow-up on	
25		Mr. Haltiwanger's questions for you. I'm going to	
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Office of Regulatory Staff Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

173

	Elec	tric & Gas Company, et al.
1		try not to cover the same ground he did and ask
2		the same questions, but I will be following up on
3		different issues that he talked to you about.
4		I'll try to familiarize you with the subject
5		matter and then move into the follow-up questions
6		that I have on that. One of the risks in moving
7		around like that is you may not understand the
8		context in which my question is being asked. It
9		may be vague or I may not have directed you to the
10		right time period or you may not be sure of what
11		I'm asking. If that occurs, I'd like for you to
12		be sure to let me know about what you're not sure
13		of and I'll try to improve the question so that
14		you understand it. Will you let me know if you
15		don't understand?
16	А	Sure, yes.
17	Q	Mr. Browne, other than you, do you know of anyone
18		else who worked on the project who worked for both
19		Santee Cooper and SCANA/SCE&G during the life of
20		the project?
21	А	Not off the top of my head, not immediately.
22	Q	Do you feel that background put you in sort of a
23		unique position as far as understanding the
24		project?
25	A	Yes.
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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

		Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.				
1	Q	Can you describe a little bit about how that is?				
2	A	Well, I'm not sure, but I think at the time I left				
3		I had been on the project longer than anyone else,				
4		because I was actually the third person to start				
5		working on the project whenever I started. And				
6		both of the guys who were there when I left or				
7		when I started left before I did, Ron Clary and Al				
8		Paglia.				
9	Q	So at the time you left the project, you had been				
10		on the project longer than anyone else from both				
11		of the owners, right?				
12	А	Yes. And the contractors.				
13	Q	Now, in addition to that continuity that you had				
14		there, do you feel that you're having worked for				
15		both owners kind of gave you some sort of				
16		perspective on the project that others didn't				
17		have?				
18	А	Possibly, yes.				
19	Q	Do you have any thoughts as to how that how				
20		your perspective might be different?				
21	А	Well, it's hard to get into other people's minds,				
22		but I believe that I had a respect for Santee				
23		Cooper that others did not have on the project. I				
24		thought of them as more than a 45 percent junior				
25		partner. I mean, I really felt like I was working				

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Office of Regulatory Staff Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina

175

		ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina etric & Gas Company, et al.	17
1		for both SCE&G and Santee Cooper when I was there,	
2		which, technically, everyone was because Santee	
3		Cooper paid 45 percent of the salary for everybody	
4		working on that project. And I understood what	
5		that meant and I felt like I was working for both.	
6		If it was good for SCE&G and good for Santee	
7		Cooper, then I was behind it.	
8	Q	Did you take any actions or what actions did	
9		you take to kind of manifest that respect that you	
10		felt toward Santee Cooper while you were	
11		officially working for SCE&G?	
12	А	I just did my job in that manner. You know, I	
13		tried to represent both utilities and the	
14		customers of both utilities.	
15	Q	Did you work closely with Marion Cherry from	
16		Santee Cooper?	
17	А	Yes.	
18	Q	Can you describe what kind of relationship you had	
19		with him?	
20	А	We were very good friends. And with regards to	
21		the business and financial aspects of the project	
22		that I was involved in, I kept Marion up to speed	
23		on what was going on.	
24	Q	You mentioned earlier at several points about the	
25		concern that you and Carlette Walker and Skip	
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176

- Smith had about the cost and schedule overruns at the project. Is that correct?

 Xes.
- 9 11 100.
- 4 $\,$ Q $\,$ Did Marion Cherry share those concerns?
- 5 A Yes, he did.
- 6 Q How do you know that?
- 7 A Because we had many conversations discussing that.
- 8 Q Can you describe how those conversations typically
- 9 went? What was said in those conversations?
- 10 A It's hard to paraphrase and get it into words,
- 11 but, I mean, we agreed on things. You know, it's
- 12 hard to -- really hard to describe that, but we
- were of like minds with regards to the project
- status and what needed to be done, you know.
- 15 Q Is that very similar to the way you felt about
- 16 your relationship with Carlette Walker?
- 17 A Yes.
- 18 Q Did you and Mr. Cherry or you and Ms. Walker ever
- 19 talk about your frustration in getting senior
- 20 management of the owners to understand the
- 21 seriousness of the cost and schedule delays?
- MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 23 A Yes.
- 24 Q Can you describe how often those conversations
- 25 occurred?

177

1	А	Maybe every few months. In general, we had a
2		project review meeting monthly, a monthly project
3		review meeting. And we the business and
4		finance team tried to get while we were able to
5		attend the meeting, we tried to get business and
6		finance related commercial issues on the table and
7		discussed in those meetings. And we were
8		repeatedly challenged and told that the commercial
9		issues did not need to be discussed in those
10		meetings. And the reason we wanted to get them on
11		the table and be discussed in those meetings is
12		because of the people who were there, the
13		manager you know, the senior management was
14		attending those meetings. If we had a separate
15		commercial meeting, we were lucky to get the
16		project manager there. They thought a commercial
17		meeting had to be just the commercial folks from
18		the contractor and SCE&G. And we wanted an
19		audience of senior management and senior you
20		know, executive management to be aware of the
21		commercial issues that we were describing.
22	Q	Were you generally told before those meetings not
23		to bring it up or were you told during the meeting
24		when you tried to bring it up?
25	А	Usually during the meetings.
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ELECTRONICALLY FILED - 2018 November 2 3:16 PM - SCPSC - Docket # 2017-370-E - Page 178 of 512

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 and Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	178
1	Q	And who would tell you not to bring that up?	
2	А	Either Ron Jones, the project manager. Jeff	
3		Archie occasionally would tell us. Sometimes the	
4		contractor would ask us and say let's discuss that	
5		at a commercial meeting and not in here. Because	
6		that's a meeting with, you know, 50 or 60 people	
7		attending the meeting, not ten or 12 that we may	
8		have at a commercial meeting.	
9	Q	Did you feel that Ron Jones was concerned to the	
10		right degree about the scheduling cost delays on	
11		the project?	
12		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
13	А	That's hard for me to say. I don't know. You	
14		know, I can't really say whether he was concerned	
15		or not about it.	
16	Q	Did Mr. Marsh, Mr. Addison or Mr. Byrne ever shut	
17		you down as far as trying when you were trying	
18		to present this information about commercial	
19		issues?	
20	А	No.	
21	Q	In general, from your experience on the project,	
22		do you feel that the senior management of Santee	
23		Cooper was more concerned about the schedule and	
24		cost dolays than the senior management of SCESC2	

cost delays than the senior management of SCE&G?

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MR. CHALLY: Object to form.

24

Office of Regulatory Staff Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

Kenneth	Bro	wne -	Septembe	r 25, 20	18
Richard	Lig	htsey	et al.	v. South	Carolina
Electric	. &	Gas Co	ompany, e	t al.	

179

1	Α	Ιc	can't	address	that.	I	don't	know.	
---	---	----	-------	---------	-------	---	-------	-------	--

- You don't know. If I would use the term senior
- management of Santee Cooper, who would you believe 3
- 4 that that included?
- 5 Michael Crosby and Lonnie Carter.
- 6 And if I were to say the senior management of
- 7 SCE&G or SCANA, who would you put in that group?
- 8 Jeff Archie, Steve Byrne, Kevin Marsh, Jimmy
- 9 Addison.
- Now, Marion Cherry at Santee Cooper, he took over 10
- the position that you had --11
- 12 Α Yes.
- 13 -- after you retired from Santee Cooper. Is that
- 14 correct?
- 15 Α Correct.
- 16 Did you have any transition time with him when you
- 17 were still at Santee Cooper?
- 18 Α Yes, about a month.
- 19 Okay. And what did you do during that time
- 20 period?
- Introduced him to everybody, showed him the way 21
- 22 around and the idiosyncrasies of working at a
- 23 nuclear plant and things like that.
- 24 Now, I believe you mentioned earlier that you
- 25 presented the 2014 estimate at completion cost

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180

- team analysis to senior management from SCE&G. Is
- 2 that correct?
- 3 A That's correct.
- 4 Q And I believe you testified that management didn't
- 5 do anything with it after that point. Is that
- 6 right?
- 7 MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 8 A It's hard to say what they did or didn't do. I
- 9 mean, we didn't see any impact from it.
- 10 Q Did that frustrate you at all?
- 11 A A little. A little.
- 12 Q Did you talk to Carlette Walker about not getting
- any follow-up from management on the team's
- 14 conclusions on that issue?
- 15 A I don't recall specifically addressing that with
- 16 Carlette. It's possible. We did feel -- I mean,
- 17 we never even got to a final report stage. We had
- 18 a draft report and gave our presentation. And
- that was sort of the end of it.
- 20 Q Why didn't you complete a final report?
- 21 A Moved on to other things.
- 22 Q Did anyone tell you to not write a final report?
- 23 A No.
- 24 Q You mentioned earlier that you believe there were
- 25 material misrepresentations made by SCE&G in some

Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Sept	e m b	еr	25,	201	. 8
Richard	Lig	htse	у,	еt	al.	v.	Sou	th	Carolina
Electric	&	Gas	Со	mpan	у,	еt	al.		

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	18
1		filings. Is that correct?	
2	А	If representation as a, you know, positive outlook	
3		and status of a project, if that's a material	
4		representation, then yes, that would be a true	
5		statement.	
6	Q	Now, is it correct that no one at SCE&G or SCANA	
7		told you that your team's cost analysis was not	
8		going to go into the PSC filing because it was	
9		believed to not be the most accurate numbers?	
10		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
11	А	No.	
12	Q	So no one gave you the explanation that the	
13		numbers that were going to be presented to the PSC	
14		in 2015, the Consortium's numbers, were being used	
15		because those numbers were believed to be the most	
16		accurate?	
17		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
18	А	That is we were never told that.	
19	Q	Okay.	
20	А	I'll say it, I think for the fourth or fifth time,	
21		we were told that to use a cost higher than what	
22		we received from our contractor would be, in	
23		effect, placing a contingency on the project. And	
24		we were not permitted to have a any level of	
25		contingency. So the contractor provided us with a	

Office of Regulatory Staff Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Septemb	er	25,	201	. 8
Richard	Liç	htse	у,	, et al.	v.	Sou	th	Carolina
Electric	. &	Gas	Cc	ompany,	еt	al.		

182

	Elec	tric & Gas Company, et al.	10
1		cost estimate. I'm guessing the proper action	
2		would have been to go back to the contractor and	
3		say are you sure this is your cost and ask him to	
4		increase his cost. Now, that's kind of a strange	
5		thing to do, but maybe that's what should have	
6		been done, but we didn't do that. We took what	
7		the contractor provided us as his cost estimate,	
8		we did not add any contingency to it. And the	
9		filing was made based on the contractor's cost.	
10	Q	And that reason that you were given as to why that	
11		number was being used in the filing, that was the	
12		only reason that you were told as to why that	
13		number was being used?	
14		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
15	А	Yes.	
16	Q	I'd like to go back in time, Mr. Browne, to before	
17		your 2014 EAC team's work. You had mentioned that	
18		the Consortium had made promises to improve	
19		productivity that they never were able to meet.	
20	A	Right.	
21	Q	When did they start making these promises,	
22		roughly?	
23	A	2012. Whenever the vertical construction started.	
24		And, you know, the first few months of poor	
25		performance with that, they said, you know, give	

Kenneth	Browne - September 25, 2018	
Richard	Lightsey, et al. v. South Caroli	na
Electri	: & Gas Company, et al.	

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	18
1		us time, as soon as we get things rolling it's	
2		going to get better. And it never got better.	
3	Q	In what form did they make these promises? Was it	
4		emails, conversations, all of the above?	
5	А	All of the above. Generally, meetings. You know,	
6		presenting in the monthly meetings we're going to	
7		put this team over here and they're going to do	
8		better; we're going to take the ones that worked	
9		on Unit Two and move them to Unit Three; it's	
10		going to get better. You know, those types of	
11		issues.	
12	Q	When did you start becoming skeptical of their	
13		promises that they would be able to meet their	
14		promises?	
15	А	Probably about 2014 was when I started getting	
16		concerned.	
17	Q	Do you remember when in that year?	
18	А	Let's see, when did we maybe 2013, because at	
19		the time of these emails is about the time I was	
20		getting concerned that things weren't turning	
21		around. That was August of '13, September of '13.	
22	Q	What exhibit are you looking at, Mr. Browne.	
23	A	Exhibit No. 1 and Exhibit No. 2.	
24	Q	So these two emails, Exhibit No. 1 and Exhibit	
25		No. 2, where you're expressing dismay at the poor	

184

	Elec	tric & Gas Company, et al.
1		PF factor that's being performed, this is when you
2		started becoming skeptical of the Consortium's
3		ability to
4	А	This is when I started taking action on it. And,
5		you know, a little before this, I was getting
6		concerned. It was hard because they were giving
7		us reports that did not have the monthly
8		performance factor and just an inception-to-date,
9		so it was watered down. And I started doing my
10		own monthly's and looking at the work that had
11		been completed in a month and said, you know,
12		we've got a trend developing here, if it's not
13		corrected, we're going to be in trouble. And
14		that's what these emails were about.
15	Q	And one thing I should mention, Mr. Browne. Is
16		there's going to be a number of occasions where
17		you know exactly what my question is going to be,
18		even before I finish. And I would just ask that
19		you even though you know that, if you hold off
20		on answering until I finish, because, otherwise,
21		it's going to be really difficult for the court
22		reporter.
23	А	Sure.
24	Q	And it also helps because you might it helps
25		make sure you know what the question is too, so

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185

1 i	t's	good	for	everyone.
-----	-----	------	-----	-----------

- 2 Did Carlette Walker and Skip Smith become
- 3 skeptical of the Consortium's promises on
- 4 improving productivity at about the same time you
- 5 did or was there some time difference in who first
- 6 became skeptical?
- 7 MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 8 A Maybe a little bit of a lag. I mean, I had to put
- 9 the things on paper and show, but once they saw
- 10 the trends, it didn't take long for them to become
- 11 concerned.
- 12 Q Have you ever heard the expression "the canary in
- 13 the coal mine?"
- 14 A Yes.
- 15 Q Do you feel like you were sort of the first canary
- to kind of express alarms about this issue?
- 17 A Yes.
- 18 Q Now, I want to be sure I understand your
- 19 organizational chain. You reported to Skip Smith,
- 20 correct?
- 21 A Correct.
- 22 Q Who else reported to Skip Smith?
- 23 A Occasionally, we would have an analyst. Maybe for
- a year or two we had an analyst working for us.
- 25 And then in the last six months before I left we

	Elec	ctric & Gas Company, et al.
1		brought in actually he was an accountant, but
2		he was going to be taking my place. But most of
3		the time it was just me, just the two of us
4		working for SCE&G.
5	Q	Who was that accountant that was brought in?
6	А	His name was Joey Gillespie.
7	Q	Do you recall when he started on the project?
8	А	He was originally in our audit group. And I'm not
9		sure when he started in that group, but he changed
10		over from SCANA Services audit to SCE&G business
11		and finance about six months before I left, so
12		maybe January of '17 or '16 or so.
13	Q	So he was in Carlette Walker and Kyle Kochems'
14		group?
15	А	No. He was in the audit group which was under
16		Iris Griffin at the time, assigned to our project.
17	Q	Do you know whether Joey Gillespie started doing
18		the same work that you had been doing on the
19		project after you left?
20	А	Yes. That job changed drastically when we went to
21		fixed-price because we didn't have that monthly
22		target price invoice to review. But Joey took
23		over most of my responsibilities.
24	Q	Who did Skip Smith report to when you were on the
25		project?

Office of Regulatory Staff Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

	nard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina etric & Gas Company, et al.	187
А	Ron Jones, the project manager.	
Q	And who else reported to Ron Jones, to your	
	knowledge?	
А	On my goodness. Direct reports? All of the	
	managers, the design engineering, Brad Stokes,	
	Alan Torres who was general manager of	
	construction. Roosevelt Ward was like ODNP, human	
	performance, you know, it's a nuclear term. Larry	
	Cunningham was quality. Licensing was April Rice.	
	When I left, Al Paglia before April. I think	
	that's everybody.	
Q	And to your knowledge, do you know who Ron Jones	
	reported to?	

Ron Jones reported to Jeff Archie. 14

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

- 15 Do you know who Jeff Archie reported to?
- 16 Jeff Archie reported to Steve Byrne. Α
- 17 Did Skip Smith ever talk to you about whether he
- 18 shared the concerns about the Consortium's
- productivity and cost overruns with Ron Jones? 19
- 20 Α No.

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- 21 Did you ever ask him about that?
- 22 Α No.
- 23 Why not? Q
- I just assumed it really wasn't any of my 24
- 25 business. I mean, my job was to tell Skip.

188

1		Skip	did	with	it	was	his	business.
_	_	- ' ' '		~ ' . 1			,	

- 2 Q Did Skip Smith ever share with you any actions he
- 3 was taking to try to address the situation about
- 4 cost overruns?
- 5 A No.
- 6 Q What was the relationship, organizationally,
- 7 between Skip Smith and Carlette Walker?
- 8 MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 9 A Carlette was in the SCANA chain as the vice
- 10 president of nuclear accounting, but they sort of
- 11 functioned as co-leaders of our business and
- 12 finance group. I mean, Carlette had her people
- 13 working for her and Skip had me, and we worked as
- 14 a team. But skip did not report to Carlette.
- 15 Q Mr. Browne, in 2014 when your team reached its
- 16 cost estimates, the EAC team reached its cost
- 17 estimate, did you feel that you needed anymore
- 18 data from the Consortium to know that their cost
- 19 estimates were inaccurate?
- 20 A There were a lot of questions we had that we never
- got answered, you know, for the Consortium. But,
- 22 honestly, we felt like ours was a better number,
- 23 not because of them leaving out anything, just
- 24 assumptions that they made and the performance
- 25 factor that they used. It was a big one.

ı	Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina						
	Elec	ctric & Gas Company, et al.					
1	Q	And let's go ahead and kind of dive into those					
2		assumptions that are relevant to the estimate of					
3		cost.					
4	А	Sure.					
5	Q	You mentioned performance factor. Would you say					
6		that's the most important factor?					
7	А	Yes.					
8	Q	And can you list other factors that are relevant					
9		to that estimate? Kind of and also describe					
10		how important they are.					
11	А	Sure. Other factors would be the ratio of					
12		indirect craft to direct craft. I think I					
13		mentioned earlier indirect craft are people who					
14		are maybe cleaning up and bringing you know,					
15		keeping ice water in the coolers and taking care					
16		of the facilities on-site. They're not directly					
17		involved in constructing the plant. And there's a					
18		ratio that was the direct to indirect ratio.					
19		Normally, I was used to seeing maybe ten or					
20		15 percent. If you have a hundred people direct					
21		craft, maybe 15 people working on indirect to					
22		support them. On this project, that ratio was out					
23		of whack. At times, there were more indirect than					
24		there were direct. Then there's a ratio of field					

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non-manual. Field non-manual are supervisors,

190

1		engineers, people like that. They're actually on
2		site, but they're not doing manual work. So
3		there's going to be a ratio of field non-manual to
4		direct craft. But everything in the estimate and
5		on a project derives from how many people does it
6		take to do the direct craft building of the
7		construction, so those are ratios that are
8		important. And you also have to look at the
9		schedule, how many months how long is the
10		project, because there's a cost associated with
11		maintaining a site that doesn't show up in your
12		manpower. You know, you're renting offices,
13		you're taking you've got water you're paying
14		for, you've got your utilities and all those sorts
15		of things, your warehouse space, maybe. And
16		there's a cost per month that you have to figure.
17		So the longer your project is, the more months you
18		have of that cost. So those are the big things
19		that drive your costs.
20	Q	And those four things that you mentioned,
21		performance factor, ratio of indirect to direct
22		labor, field non-manual and schedule, were those
23		all factors that went into your cost estimate
24		model?
25	А	Yes.
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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

91

		ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	19
1	Q	Are there any other factors that you can recall	
2		now that went into that model?	
3	А	I can't recall any. Those were the big ones.	
4		Those are what drove the costs.	
5	Q	This model, did you have did you create some	
6		kind of database with formulas in it that would	
7		spit out an estimate or	
8	А	It was a spreadsheet, just a fairly large	
9		spreadsheet. You could print it all on one sheet	
10		with the variables that you would change, such as	
11		those ratios and your performance factor and the	
12		schedule, duration and how much per month does it	
13		cost to maintain a site. And when you put all of	
14		that in there, the cost is going to come out.	
15	Q	So on the spreadsheet, if you were to change the	
16		estimated schedule completion date, there would be	
17		a formula in the spreadsheet that would show how	
18		that would affect the estimated cost for the	
19		estimated completion?	
20	А	Yes.	
21	Q	And you talked about this earlier, but I just want	
22		to go back and be sure I understand. Was it your	
23		testimony that both the Consortium estimate at	
24		completion costing and your EAC team used the same	

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cost estimate model?

15 Α Yes.

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- 16 Do you have any understanding as to how they used
- 17 that number in their estimate?
- They used the 1.15 performance factor in their 18 Α
- 19 estimate.

be?

- 20 And do you have any understanding as to how --
- 21 what formulas they used in their model versus the
- 22 formula that you used in your model with a given
- 23 performance factor? Do you understand that
- 24 question?
- 25 Α No.

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Office of Regulatory Staff Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

Α

Rich	neth Browne - September 25, 2018 nard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina otric & Gas Company, et al.	193
Q	Okay, let me so I understand they used a	
	performance factor of 1.15	
А	Right.	
Q	and your EAC team used a performance factor of	
	1.40. Is that right?	
	MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
А	I'm not sure.	
Q	Okay.	
А	I'm not sure what we used. We used several. I'm	
	not sure what the final number was based on.	
Q	Okay. And we'll get to that later. Do you have	
	any understanding as to whether they weighted the	
	performance factor differently in their model	
	versus the weight that you placed on performance	
	factor in your cost estimate model?	
А	I don't think so, but I don't know.	
Q	Did Westinghouse ever provide you with the reams	
	of paper that you're talking about that they used	
	to come up with their EAC?	
А	Some of it, not all.	
Q	Can you describe what portion of it you received?	

much concrete and rolled into a cost for doing the Thompson Court Reporting, Inc. \square

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We got a huge spreadsheet with, I don't know,

maybe 300 pages of stuff that went all the way

back to how much steel and how much rebar and how

Office of Regulatory Staff Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	194
1		work.	
2	Q	Were you able to understand the spreadsheet that	
3		they gave you?	
4	А	Pretty much. Pretty much.	
5	Q	Did your EAC team use the same schedule assessment	
6		that the Consortium EAC cost team used in 2014?	
7		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
8	А	Yes.	
9	Q	Did you just did your team just accept the	
10		schedule assessment that was used by the	
11		Consortium or did SCE&G do any independent	
12		schedule assessment?	
13	А	Parties in SCE&G did do a schedule assessment, but	
14		business and finance did not. And we used the	
15		same schedule that the contractor used.	
16	Q	And I want to understand if you used that same	
17		schedule because the construction team at SCE&G	
18		did some analysis and came up with the same	
19		assessment that the Consortium did or if the	
20		construction team said just use the schedule	
21		assessment that the Consortium came up with? Do	
22		you understand the difference there?	
23	А	I do, but we were instructed to use the same	
24		guaranteed substantial completion dates that were	
25		in that schedule for our cost estimate.	
		Thompson Court Reporting, Inc.	

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	Elec	tric & Gas Company, et al.
1	Q	So your understanding is that SCE&G did not do any
2		independent schedule assessment, but was but
3		you were told to use the dates that the Consortium
4		
5	A	Well, my understanding is that SCE&G did do an
6		independent schedule assessment. I don't know the
7		results of that, but there was an assessment done
8		by others within SCE&G. But for consistency and
9		cost and matching, we had to use the same
10		schedule. You have too many variables. If you
11		start throwing in a different schedule and trying
12		to explain why is your cost different from theirs,
13		well, we used a different schedule. So we based
14		our cost on the same schedule that the contractor
15		used.
16	Q	And I guess the question I would ask you about
17		that is your team said, look, we can't use the
18		same we don't think it's accurate to use the
19		same performance factor that the Consortium used,
20		so we're not going to assume that same performance
21		factor. Why could your team not say we're not
22		going to use the same schedule assessment that the
23		Consortium's using because we don't think that's
24		accurate
25	А	Because we were not the schedule people. We were
		Thompson Court Reporting, Inc.

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196

- 1 the commercial people.
- 2 Q So your team was doing what was told?
- 3 MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 4 A Correct.
- 5 Q And who told your team to use the schedule
- 6 assessment that was provided by the Consortium?
- 7 MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 8 A Our team was not told to use the schedule
- 9 assessment by the Consortium. Our team was told
- 10 to use the guaranteed substantial completion dates
- 11 that were in place at that time.
- 12 Q And those dates to your understanding, were those
- 13 dates the same schedule assessment input that the
- 14 Consortium EAC team used to develop its cost
- 15 analysis?
- 16 A Yes.
- 17 Q Who told your team to use the dates, the
- 18 guaranteed substantial completion dates, that the
- 19 Consortium had agreed to?
- 20 A I'm not sure.
- 21 Q Who would you generally expect that to have told
- 22 you that?
- MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 24 A I don't know the source of -- you know, we were
- just told to use the same dates for consistency

Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Sept	embe	r	25,	201	. 8
Richard	Lig	jhtse	у,	еt	al.	v.	Sou	ıth	Carolina
Electric	. &	Gas	Со	mpan	у, е	t	al.		

- that the contractor used. 1
- 2 Do you recall who in your chain of command first
- 3 told you about your role in heading up this EAC
- 4 team?
- 5 That would have been Skip, my boss.
- Could it have been Skip who told you to use the 6
- 7 guaranteed substantial completion dates as the
- 8 input?
- 9 MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 10 Possibly. Α
- Is there anyone else who you would put within the 11
- 12 realm of the possible people who could have told
- 13 you that?
- 14 MR. CHALLY: Same objection.
- 15 It did not originate with Skip. Somebody would
- 16 have told Skip.
- 17 And just to go back to your testimony, if the
- substantial completion dates that were used by 18
- 19 your team had been later dates than what you used,
- that would have increased the cost estimate that 20
- your team reached. Is that correct? 21
- 22 Yes. Not by a substantial amount, but -- because Α
- 23 your -- the cost was driven by the labor cost. If
- 24 you've got a certain amount of work to do, if it
- 25 takes you a little bit longer to do it, your labor

198

	Elec	ctric & Gas Company, et al.	т.
1		costs are the same. The only cost that would be	
2		impacted by the schedule is that monthly carrying	
3		cost for the facilities and things like that,	
4		which is a small portion of the total cost	
5		estimate. Does that make sense?	
6	Q	It does. Correct me if I'm wrong, but you're	
7		saying that performance factor is by far the most	
8		important input on this EAC	
9	А	Absolutely. Absolutely.	
10	Q	That's the input that you cared the most about it?	
11	А	Yes, performance factors and those rations that I	
12		addressed.	
13	Q	Okay. And that would be the indirect to direct	
14		labor and the field non-manual ratio?	
15	А	That's right.	
16	Q	Can you describe the process that your team used	
17		in coming up with the PF estimate that you used	
18		for determining your own EAC estimate?	
19	A	We looked at what some specific areas where	
20		they focused on doing work and we got some input	
21		from our construction group, Kyle Young and his	
22		people. And we looked at what their performance	
23		factors had been on that recent work similar to	
24		some of the work that was going to be done in the	
25		future. And we applied a little bit of	
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ELECTRONICALLY FILED - 2018 November 2 3:16 PM - SCPSC - Docket # 2017-370-E - Page 199 of 512

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

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Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina

Electric & Gas Company, et al. performance improvement, but not a lot to that. And we felt like that was a rational analysis of, you know, what could be expected in the future for performance. Why did you feel that was the rational approach? Because it would not be realistic to base it all on the -- all categories of work if they weren't going to be doing much of that work in the future. And also, we wanted to have some focused areas where experienced people were doing things for at least the second time going forward because there would be a lot of repetitive work. So we wanted to take advantage of the learning curve instead of having brand new people coming in because that impacts your performance. So we felt like, you know, these people have done this before; what was their performance in this area; the design is all worked out; they're doing it for at least a second time; what was their performance here. And we

Were you the lead on your team as far as developing that PF assumption or estimate to be used in the EAC model due to your engineering background?

felt like that was the best that they could

achieve would be doing that.

	Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.					
1	А	Yes.				
2	Q	I think you mentioned that your EAC team conducted				
3		some interviews during this process. Is that				
4		correct?				
5	A	Yes.				
6	Q	Do you recall who you interviewed?				
7	A	The primary person was Joe Aurostogui, and I'm				
8		going to make a stab at spelling his last name.				
9		A-r-o-s-t-e-g-u-i, I believe. He was a CB&I				
10		project controls manager.				
11	Q	And why did you interview him?				
12	A	Because he was the lead project controls person				
13		for CB&I on developing their cost estimate.				
14	Q	What information did you gather from him?				
15	А	An explanation of that 300 page spreadsheet and,				
16		you know, explaining those their methodology				
17		and developing their estimate. Because in order				
18		to have an opinion on their estimate, we had to				
19		understand as best we could how they developed it				
20		and what went into their development of the				
21		estimate.				
22	Q	Did you talk to him about the 1.15 PF that the				
23		Consortium was using in its estimate?				
24	А	Yes.				

What did he say about that?

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Q

Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Sept	e m b e	r	25,	201	8
Richard	Lig	htse	у,	еt	al.	v.	Sou	th	Carolina
Electric	. &	Gas	Со	mpan	у, е	t	al.		

1	A	Ιt	was	too	low.

- 2 Q He didn't agree with it?
- 3 A He didn't agree with it.
- 4 Q Did he say why?
- 5 A He just didn't think they were going to make that
- 6 performance.
- 7 Q Did that factor into your conclusion that it
- 8 wasn't a good factor to use in --
- 9 A It didn't really factor into it. It reinforced
- 10 it.
- 11 Q Did he mention anything about why the Consortium
- 12 was proposing that productivity factor when he
- didn't think it could be reached?
- 14 A Over his paygrade. He was directed to use it.
- 15 Q Did he mention who --
- 16 A No.
- 17 Q Were there any other interviews that your team
- 18 conducted, other than Joe?
- 19 A We interviewed some of the Westinghouse people,
- and I can't remember specifically who. But most
- 21 of the costs were CB&I cost. And Joe was our --
- we talked to him more than once.
- 23 Q Did CBI hire both the direct and the indirect
- 24 laborers?
- 25 A Yes.

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	4
1	Q	Did they also hire the field non-manual labor?	
2	А	Yes. Well, there were Westinghouse people on-site	
3		who would be considered field non-manual, but they	
4		were not in the target price, they were in the	
5		firm price scope.	
6	Q	So that wouldn't be a factor in your assessment of	
7		costs?	
8	А	Correct. We were evaluating target price only,	
9		target and T&M.	
10		(Whereupon, Email SCANA_RP0258894-96 was	
11		marked Exhibit No. 14 for	
12		identification.)	
13			
14	BY M	R. COX:	
15	Q	So, Mr. Browne, I've handed you a document marked	
16		Exhibit No. 14. Like Mr. Haltiwanger instructed	
17		you, go ahead and take a moment to review this	
18		document. It's an email that I think you reviewed	
19		partially in an earlier exhibit. It also includes	
20		an attachment. Just let me know when you're ready	
21		to discuss it.	
22	А	Sure. (Witness reviewing document). Okay.	
23	Q	So, Mr. Browne, the first sentence you talk about,	
24		"a plan for review of the EAC when we get it."	
25		There you're referring to the EAC that was being	

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Bernie Hydrick were probably the only

contractor and SCE&G. From SCE&G, Kyle Young, and

representatives. It was primarily driven by the

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substantial completion dates?

Kenneth	Browne - September 25, 2018	
Richard	Lightsey, et al. v. South Caroli	na
Electri	: & Gas Company, et al.	

Rich		20
А	Yes.	
Q	Bullet point number four in this email, you	
	reference the need to define our mission and goals	
	for the EAC review. Can you describe what the	
	mission and goals were that eventually were	
	developed for your team?	
А	Our mission, as it turned out, was primarily to	
	validate the cost estimate, understand it and	
	validate it.	
Q	And in bullet point number six you say, "What will	
	be the product? Presentation to management?	
	Report? Both?"	
А	Right.	
Q	Ultimately, what was the product that your team	
	reached?	
А	A presentation, no report.	
Q	Now, you reference an attachment to this email,	
	and it's page three of this exhibit. Can you	
	describe what this attachment to your email is?	
А	These are questions that I think I probably did	
	this at home one night just trying to think about,	
	you know, what questions are we going to need	
	answered to be able to make an educated assumption	
	of the EAC. And it gets back to a lot of the	
	things that we've already talked about, such as	
	A Q A Q	Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al. A Yes. Description Bullet point number four in this email, you reference the need to define our mission and goals for the EAC review. Can you describe what the mission and goals were that eventually were developed for your team? Description of the Carolina and transport of the EAC review. Can you describe what the mission and goals were that eventually were developed for your team? A Our mission, as it turned out, was primarily to validate the cost estimate, understand it and validate it. And in bullet point number six you say, "What will be the product? Presentation to management? Report? Both?" A Right. Description understand to management? Report? Both?" A presentation, no report. Now, you reference an attachment to this email, and it's page three of this exhibit. Can you describe what this attachment to your email is? These are questions that I think I probably did this at home one night just trying to think about, you know, what questions are we going to need answered to be able to make an educated assumption of the EAC. And it gets back to a lot of the

206

	Elec	tric & Gas Company, et al.
1		the ratios, the PF for subcontract work, PFs for
2		direct labor work, field non-manual categories,
3		things like that, all of the inputs that would go
4		into developing a cost estimate. Or most of them,
5		I'm sure there's some that are not in here.
6	Q	You mentioned on bullet point number one, "To what
7		level schedule has the EAC been developed?"
8	A	Yes.
9	Q	What do you mean by that?
10	А	In scheduling, there's like a level one schedule
11		which you could draw with one line. Some people
12		call them stick and ball. It's just a line with a
13		circle and a date. And then you get all the way
14		down to the detailed schedule. I don't know how
15		many items were in the VC Summer schedule, but it
16		was over 100,000 activities in the schedule with,
17		you know, durations for each of those activities
18		and the sequence. Maybe a level three or a level
19		four is what that would be called. And my
20		question here was, you know, did they use the
21		detailed schedule for developing the cost or did
22		they use a level one schedule?
23	Q	Would that affect how much you weighted the
24		schedule in your cost estimate?
25	A	No, it would affect the accuracy of their schedule
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207

	Elec	tric & Gas Company, et al.
1		because they did a much more of their cost
2		estimate because they did a much more detailed
3		analysis as opposed to our one sheet. You don't
4		do a cost estimate for a \$10 billion nuclear plant
5		on a one-page spreadsheet. The real cost estimate
6		should be done with, you know, lots and lots of
7		information going into it. And that validity of
8		that information is directly related to what level
9		of schedule you base it on.
10	Q	So I guess the question I'm asking is your the
11		cost estimate model you developed didn't weight
12		the schedule based on how reliable you thought the
13		schedule was?
14	А	Correct.
15	Q	And ultimately, you were provided schedule
16		information and told to use that in your cost
17		estimate, correct?
18	А	Correct. Which was just the dates completion
19		dates. You're starting today and you're finishing
20		September 2019, September of 2020. From today
21		until then, how many months is it? How much is it
22		a month? You know, that was the level of what was
23		in our model.
24	Q	Just to go back to that schedule team that
25		Mr. Young and Mr. Hydrick were part, are you
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Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

	V	ach Danne Combon 25 2018	
	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina ctric & Gas Company, et al.	208
1		familiar with the form of their final product, as	
2		far as a schedule assessment, like whether it was	
3		a PowerPoint, a presentation, an email?	
4	А	I am not, no.	
5		(Whereupon, EAC Review Team Preliminary	
6		Update was marked Exhibit No. 15 for	
7		identification.)	
8			
9	BY N	MR. COX:	
10	Q	Mr. Browne, I'm handing you a document that's been	
11		marked Exhibit No. 15 Bates-stamped	
12		SCANA_RP0024674.	
13	А	Yes.	
14	Q	If you can go ahead and review that and let me	
15		know when you're prepared to discuss it.	
16	А	I'm prepared already.	
17	Q	Can you describe what this document is?	
18	А	This is the PowerPoint presentation that was used	
19		in presenting the owner's EAC to our management.	
20	Q	Who prepared this document?	
21	А	Our team, the EAC team. I think Margaret Felkel	
22		actually put it together, but it was with input	
23		from our team.	
24	Q	Do you believe the preparation date of October 6,	
25		2014 is accurate to you?	
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Office of Regulatory Staff Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

Ricl	neth Browne - September 25, 2018 hard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina ctric & Gas Company, et al.	209
А	I can't say for sure. I don't know why it	
	wouldn't be.	
Q	Do you recall whether the executive meeting that	
	you had the presentation occurred around	
	October 13, 2014?	
А	That's about right.	
Q	Who was at that meeting?	
А	I can't say for sure. I do know I know Kevin	
	Marsh was there because I sat next to him. I know	
	that Lonnie Carter, Mike Crosby and Marion Cherry	
	were there from Santee Cooper. Skip Smith was	
	there. And I don't know who else was there.	
Q	Were all the members	
А	Typically, it would have been Jeff Archie, Steve	
	Byrne, Kevin Marsh. That's probably you know,	
	but I can't say for sure they were there, all of	
	those people. It's been four years ago.	
Q	So let's turn to page three of this document. The	
	first bullet on that page says "CB&I projects the	
	To-Go PF will be 1.15." That references the	

the project, forgetting about the historical

impact of it.

Α

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performance factor that the Consortium was

projecting until the end of the project, correct?

Yes. To-Go means from current date to the end of

Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Sept	emb	er	25,	201	. 8
Richard	Lig	jh t s e	у,	еt	al.	v.	Sou	th	Carolina
Electric	e &	Gas	Co	mpan	у,	еt	al.		

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	210
1	Q	And you're also representing there that the	
2		performance factor up to the date of August 14th	
3		was 1.46. Is that right?	
4	А	That's correct.	
5	Q	And the third bullet point references, "EAC team	
6		anticipates a To-Go PF closer to 1.40 and	
7		recalculated the cost, resulting in an additional	
8		increase of approximately 101 million." Does this	
9		refresh your recollection of what the PF that your	
10		team used was?	
11	А	Obviously. 1.4, yes.	
12	Q	When you say this is the cost impact of the To-Go	
13		PF of 1.40 versus 1.15, what do you mean by that?	
14	А	That's \$101 million more than the contractor's	
15		cost estimate just because of this difference in	
16		performance factor. For the same number of	
17		hours same number of work hours, earned hours,	
18		if you will, it's going to increase the cost by	
19		\$101 million just to go from a 1.15 to a 1.4.	
20	Q	Do you believe the Consortium's use of an	
21		inappropriately low PF is the biggest factor as to	
22		why their cost estimate was inappropriately low?	
23		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
24	А	Several factors, not just the performance factor.	
25		Those ratios that are mentioned, the indirect	

211

	Elec	tric & Gas Company, et al.	
1		craft to direct craft, the field non-manual to	
2		manual, the cost, the carrying cost, I don't	
3		recall what they used, but it seems like it was	
4		low. We did find in their cost estimate - And I	
5		think it's probably mentioned in here they	
6		developed a cost, sent it to their headquarters in	
7		Texas, CB&I's headquarters, and the management of	
8		CB&I just made discretionary cuts to the cost with	
9		no explanation. We call them the Woodlands cuts,	
10		and we identified those and felt like there was no	
11		justification for making those cuts and costs.	
12		The work still had to be done.	
13	Q	So there were a number of reasons that you felt	
14		the Consortium's EAC estimate was inappropriately	
15		low?	
16	А	Yes. They're probably pointed out in this	
17		presentation.	
18	Q	Do you feel like the PF factor was the most	
19		important one or could you not say that for sure?	
20	А	I don't think it was. I think the Woodlands cuts	
21		were more than that 100 million. Yeah, they cut	
22		296 million, which is on slide nine. CB&I cut the	
23		EAC by 296 million at a very high level.	
24	Q	So that's the page that has the long number at the	
25		bottom of SCANA_RP 0024682?	

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212

1	А	Yes.

- 2 Q Can you explain, again, what that 269 million
- 3 number represents?
- 4 A 269 million?
- 5 Q Yeah.
- 6 A Those are cuts that were removed from the
- 7 developed cost estimate by management of the
- 8 contractor in Woodlands, Texas without any
- 9 explanation as to how they were going to achieve
- 10 those cost savings. Because its target price, it
- 11 didn't really matter to them if they ever achieved
- 12 them or not. They were going to get paid what
- 13 their cost was.
- 14 Q So did your team use the full number?
- 15 A We put it back.
- 16 Q Who actually made the presentation to the
- management team at this meeting?
- 18 A Our team, different sections. People had
- 19 separated out. Each one had a responsibility
- 20 during the review and we each did our own piece at
- 21 the presentation.
- 22 Q Did you receive any questions from management at
- the end of the presentation?
- 24 A Yes.
- 25 Q Do you recall what questions were asked?

Kenneth	Browne - September 25,	2018
Richard	Lightsey, et al. v. So	uth Carolina
Electri	& Gas Company, et al.	

- 2 Q Do you recall the general response of the
- 3 executive team, such as surprise, disappointment,
- 4 fear? Could you characterize their response?
- 5 A I think it was more disappointment.
- 6 Q Was there any talk at that meeting about what
- 7 would occur next?
- 8 A No.
- 9 Q How long did that meeting last?
- 10 A A few hours.
- 11 Q Did anyone take notes at that meeting?
- 12 A Yes.
- 13 Q Who took notes?
- 14 A I couldn't say. Just about everybody. I mean,
- 15 everybody had a copy of this presentation and they
- were jotting notes on it, so.
- 17 Q And I actually saw some notes on this one, page
- 18 24685?
- 19 A There's one note on 24680. Yeah.
- 20 Q Do you know whose notes those are?
- 21 A I don't.
- 22 Q Where was this meeting held at?
- 23 A At the corporate campus, the new office building
- down off of I-77. I don't know if you know what
- 25 I'm talking about when I say that.

214

1	Q	I don't.	I	don't	know	the	old	office	either.

- 2 A Downtown at the -- what's -- the Hub now I think
- 3 they call it, residence.
- 4 (Whereupon, Email SCANA_RP0020794,
- 5 0954157-161 was marked Exhibit No. 16
- for identification.)

7

- 8 MR. CHALLY: I didn't notice this until just
- 9 now, but did you mean to have two attachments to
- 10 15?
- 11 MR. COX: I did. I included a native file
- 12 with it.

13

- 14 BY MR. COX:
- 15 Q Mr. Browne, if you could go and review Exhibit
- No. 16 and let me know when you're ready to
- 17 discuss that.
- 18 A (Witness reviewing document). Okay.
- 19 Q So, Mr. Browne, this is an email that was
- 20 forwarded to you from Marion Cherry. Is that
- 21 right?
- 22 A I was copied on it. Actually, it's from Marion to
- 23 Ron Jones and I received a copy of it.
- 24 Q Okay. And in the email that's being forwarded to
- you, Mr. Crosby is sending an email to Mr. Byrne.

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

	Rich	eard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina etric & Gas Company, et al.	21
1		Is that right?	
2	А	Yes.	
3	Q	And in the email, Mr. Crosby says that Marion	
4		worked with business and finance to produce the	
5		following charts that were discussed in the	
6		executive steering committee meeting on March	
7		6th.	
8	А	Yes.	
9	Q	When Mr. Crosby says "business and finance," were	
10		you one of the people that Marion Cherry worked	
11		with to produce these charts?	
12	А	I think Marion produced the charts with	
13		information that he got from business and finance,	
14		and I did not give him the information. I was	
15		aware of it. You know, it's I think he got the	
16		information from Sheri Wicker. But either Kevin	
17		or Sheri probably gave it to Marion.	
18	Q	The executive steering committee meeting on	
19		March 6th, were you present at that meeting?	
20	А	No.	
21	Q	At the bottom of the first page of the email,	
22		Mr. Crosby states, "As you recall upon receiving	
23		the EAC August 2014, the Consortium promised to	
24		self-correct and drive productivity and the labor	

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ratios back closer to the EPC basis." Is that a

Office of Regulatory Staff Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

	Rich	neth Browne - September 25, 2018 nard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina otric & Gas Company, et al.	216
1		correct statement about what the Consortium	
2		promised to do?	
3		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
4	А	That is a correct statement.	
5	Q	I'd like to turn to the last three pages which are	
6		the charts attached to the email that was	
7		forwarded to you. The first page of charts, at	
8		the top it says, "Target cost 62.4 million over	
9		EAC basis and five months following receipt of	
10		EAC."	
11	А	Yes.	
12	Q	Do you know what that means?	
13	А	Yes.	
14	Q	Can you describe what that means?	
15	А	What that means is that as a result of not	
16		achieving the PF performance goals and craft	
17		ratios that we discussed, the target cost had	
18		increased by \$62.4 million during this period.	
19	Q	So would that be a statement that already just six	
20		or so months after the Consortium's EAC, it's	
21		already 62.4 million over the target cost that it	
22		projected in August 2014?	
23	А	That's correct.	
24	Q	Can you describe what the three charts below that	
25		statement show?	

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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

217

	Elec	tric & Gas Company, et al.
1	А	The first chart is the direct craft productivity
2		which is the performance factors. The green line
3		down at the bottom is approximately 1.15 which is
4		what the EAC was based on. The red bullets above
5		there are the actual performance factors that
6		occurred in each of those months, which are all in
7		the neighborhood of two or more. One was as high
8		as 2.8. And the blue line is the cumulative
9		performance factor, that would be the
10		inception-to-date performance factor, increasing
11		as a result of those red bullets that you see
12		above it. And the \$11.4 million is the cost
13		impact of those higher PFs during this period
14	Q	So that would be I'm sorry, go ahead.
15	А	During this five-month period.
16	Q	So that would be 11.4 million over the estimated
17		target due to the higher productivity factors?
18	А	Yes.
19	Q	Can you go on to the next chart?
20	А	The next chart is the indirect and direct craft
21		labor. Again, that's the people building the
22		plant compared to the people supporting them, or
23		indirect craft. The EAC basis of it looks like
24		it's a .4 something, 0.4. And the actuals are the
25		red bullets. And the cost of that is \$20 million
		Thompson Court Reporting, Inc.

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	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	218
1		compared to what it would have been had they met	
2		their goals at the EAC.	
3	Q	Okay. Can you go to the last	
4	A	And below is field non-manual to direct craft,	
5		similar. The EAC basis looks like it's about a	
6		.55 or something. Actuals are up over 1.2 and the	
7		cost is \$31 million.	
8	Q	Would it be fair to say, Mr. Browne, that by the	
9		time of this email, there already existed	
10		significant evidence that the Consortium was not	
11		going to meet the EAC that they had projected just	
12		six months earlier?	
13	A	Yes.	
14	Q	Is that the purpose, in your mind, of Mr. Crosby's	
15		email to point out that the Consortium is already	
16		not fulfilling the promises it made in August?	
17		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
18	А	That would be my guess.	
19	Q	Do you know why Mr. Cherry forwarded this to you?	
20		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
21	A	I can't say, other than to show me these curves.	
22		I didn't I have not you know, he didn't give	
23		me these curves. He gave he prepared these	
24		curves and gave them to his management. And this	
25		would be him providing that to me.	

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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina etric & Gas Company, et al.	219
1	Q	When you say "curves," what are you referring to?	
2	А	The charts.	
3	Q	Do you have any reason to believe that	
4		Mr. Cherry's information used here was not	
5		accurate?	
6	А	None whatsoever.	
7	Q	Did he usually use accurate information?	
8	А	Absolutely, yes.	
9	Q	Can you go to the next to last page and describe	
10		what this chart shows?	
11	А	This one, yes. This is what I was describing	
12		earlier today	
13	Q	This is the chart?	
14	А	percent complete direct craft work. The	
15		extrapolation shows along their current progress	
16		where they would be at the August '19 date. And	
17		the 100 percent complete is at the end of the	
18		other line, if you're following me here. This	
19		is at their current progress, they would be	
20		here when it was supposed to be finished here. So	
21		in order to make this date, they had to work and	
22		improve and do the work along this line. And what	
23		made it even more difficult is as this goes out,	
24		this line gets steeper and steeper.	
25	Q	Is it fair to say, Mr. Browne, that the steeper	
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ELECTRONICALLY FILED - 2018 November 2 3:16 PM - SCPSC - Docket # 2017-370-E - Page 220 of 512

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

Electric & Gas Company, et al.

1	that l	ine gets,	the	harder	it	is	for	the	
---	--------	-----------	-----	--------	----	----	-----	-----	--

- 2 Consortium to meet the goals that it set out for
- 3 itself to complete?
- 4 A Yes. Yes, definitely. The steepness of this line
- 5 represents how much work they would have to do in
- 6 a given period. So while they were accomplishing
- 7 this much work, they needed to be doing that much.
- 8 Q Did this cause you concern?
- 9 MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 10 A This did not -- specific situation cause me a lot
- of concern. This information did not cause me
- 12 concern because I already knew it. This was the
- same thing that I had been raising flags about for
- months.
- 15 Q So it didn't surprise you?
- 16 A Correct.
- 17 Q Why is it concerning for the project?
- 18 A Because it indicates that you're not going to
- 19 finish on schedule.
- 20 Q Turning to the last page, Mr. Browne. Can you
- 21 describe what that chart shows?
- 22 A It looks like there is a series of curves. And
- 23 this was prepared by Mr. Cherry and I'm not
- 24 totally familiar with it, but it appears to be a
- 25 series of curves that represent different inputs

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

		hard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina ctric & Gas Company, et al.	2
1		to the EAC cost model, such as varying the	
2		performance factor or varying the indirect to	
3		direct craft ratio and the field non-manual to	
4		direct craft ratio and what those impacts of	
5		varying those numbers are on the cost.	
6	Q	And there's a dot on this chart labeled PSC	
7		filing. Can you explain what that represents?	
8	А	That would represent the cost that was included in	
9		the Public Service Commission filing.	
10	Q	That was the filing in March 2015. Is that right?	
11	А	I'm not sure what the date of this was. Probably	
12		is, yes, because this is this data is	
13		September '14 to January '15.	
14	Q	The curve labeled EAC, is that a curve that uses	
15		that EAC estimate developed by the Consortium or	
16		by your team?	
17	А	That would be the Consortium number. That's a	
18		1.15 performance factor, 0.39 direct or	
19		indirect to direct and .53 field non-manual to	
20		direct.	
21	Q	Do you know why the estimated cost for the	
22		Consortium was higher than the number that was	
23		provided by the company to the PSC?	
24	А	I do not.	
25	Q	Was it your belief that the number was the same?	

	Rich	neth Browne - September 25, 2018 nard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina etric & Gas Company, et al.	22
1	А	Yes.	
2	Q	The top of this chart includes a row labeled	
3		September '14 to January 2015 average PF 2.27.	
4		Does that indicate that the performance factor of	
5		the Consortium during that time period averaged	
6		out to 2.27?	
7	А	I would assume, yes.	
8	Q	That's about twice the PF that the Consortium	
9		projected. Is that right?	
10	А	That's correct.	
11	Q	What does that mean in layman's terms?	
12	А	That means that the cost has doubled, in layman's	
13		terms.	
14	Q	Does it mean it's taken them almost twice as long	
15		to get the work time?	
16	А	Not necessarily because you could have more	
17		people. This is not a schedule related item here;	
18		this is a cost related item. If you could	
19		physically hire the people and put them in the	
20		place to do the job, it just impacts your cost	
21		because it takes more people to do the work. If	
22		you can't hire the people or you can't get them	
23		into the place to do the job, that impacts your	
24		schedule because it takes longer.	
25	Q	Do you need a break, Mr. Browne?	

Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Sept	emb	er	25,	201	. 8
Richard	Liq	htse	у,	еt	al.	v.	Sou	th	Carolina
Electric	c &	Gas	Со	mpar	у,	еt	al.		

	Rich	neth Browne - September 25, 2018 nard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina ctric & Gas Company, et al.	22
1	А	I'm fine.	
2		MR. COX: Does anyone need a break? Let's go	
3		off the record.	
4		VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the end of tape number	
5		five in the deposition of Kenneth Browne. We're	
6		off the record at 5:22 p.m.	
7		(Off the Record)	
8		VIDEOGRAPHER: This is tape number six in the	
9		deposition of Kenneth Browne. We're on the record	
10		at 5:32 p.m.	
11		(Whereupon, Email SCANA_RP0021575,	
12		577-583 was marked Exhibit No. 17 for	
13		identification.)	
14			
15	BY N	MR. COX:	
16	Q	Mr. Browne, I have handed you a document that's	
17		been labeled Exhibit No. 17. Have you had a	
18		chance to review that document?	
19	А	Yes.	
20	Q	It's an email from Sheri Wicker to Carlette Walker	
21		copying you and Kevin Kochems. There's two	
22		attachments to the email. Can you describe what	
23		each attachment is?	
24	А	The first attachment is a log, as we called it,	
25		but it's a spreadsheet. But it's actually just a	
I		The Book Service Country Count	

Kenneth	Browne	- September	25, 2018
Richard	Lightse	y, et al. v.	South Carolina
Electric	c & Gas	Company, et	al.

224

	Elec	tric & Gas Company, et al.
1		log of questions that we would come up with during
2		our independent review and send the questions to
3		different people with the Consortium for
4		correspondence, you know, to provide an answer to
5		us. The different columns on there just represent
6		the date, who came up with the question or who
7		they should respond to with an answer. The basis
8		looks like a Unit Two substantial completion date.
9		Description of the question, which Consortium
10		member, either CB&I or Westinghouse, the person at
11		the Consortium and then a completion date and any
12		notes or comments regarding the response from the
13		Consortium.
14	Q	Was this document sort of a living document that
15		was completed as your team did its work?
16	А	Yes.
17	Q	Who prepared the original spreadsheet?
18	А	Sheri Wicker.
19	Q	Where did she get the information to put in it?
20	А	From the team members as we were reviewing through
21		the EAC.
22	Q	So I guess I meant there's a column labeled
23		description along with each action item. How did
24		the team come up with these action items?
25	А	Just questions that we may have as we're looking
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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

25

		ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	22
1		through the EAC.	
2	Q	Through the Consortium's EAC?	
3	А	Yes, yes.	
4	Q	Do you recall when this spreadsheet was completed?	
5	А	It was done as we were conducting the review. I'm	
6		not sure that every question was answered, so I	
7		don't know if you could call it completed or not,	
8		but it was just a working document for us to keep	
9		track of our questions and the responses to the	
10		questions.	
11	Q	The filename for this spreadsheet is EACs Review	
12		Team Action Items Final 11-11-14. Does that	
13		indicate to you that this spreadsheet was	
14		finalized or you quit working on the action item	
15		somewhere around November 11, 2014?	
16	А	That may be the final date for a response. I	
17		don't know that we did anything after our	
18		presentation to management, as far as reviewing	
19		the EAC.	
20	Q	And that's what I was going to ask. That's a few	
21		weeks after your presentation. And I was	
22		wondering if you did recall whether there was any	
23		cleanup items or work that was done right after	
24		your presentation?	
25	А	I think there were some questions that were still	

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

26

	Rich	nard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina otric & Gas Company, et al.	22
1		outstanding and the answers may have come back	
2		after. If you look at the date of the questions	
3		originating, I think all of those will show up	
4		during our review period.	
5	Q	Who is Joann Hyde?	
6	А	She was the commercial manager for Westinghouse.	
7	Q	Is she the one you would go to from Westinghouse	
8		if you needed data to help you come up with your	
9		EAC estimate?	
10	А	Yes.	
11	Q	Was she helpful in providing information?	
12	А	Yes.	
13	Q	During your team's work, did she ever refuse to	
14		provide any information you asked for?	
15	А	I don't think so.	
16	Q	At any time during your work on the project, did	
17		anyone from Westinghouse refuse to provide	
18		information for any assessments or estimates you	
19		wanted to make on cost?	
20	А	I don't think so. But, again, we were not asking	
21		them for information. What we were asking them	
22		for were explanations of their costs. We had them	
23		explain their cost and we would take their	
24		explanation and either accept it as it was in	
25		the case with Westinghouse, I think we did accept	

Rich	neth Browne - September 25, 2018 nard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina etric & Gas Company, et al.	227
	most of their cost as they presented them. CB&I,	
	we didn't agree with a lot of their costs so we	
	modified them.	
Q	So if for example, if the Consortium had a	
	certain PF factor for indirect to direct labor,	
	you would want to know how they came up with that	
	assumption or estimate for that factor?	
А	That's right.	
Q	And was Joe Aurostogui, was he helpful in	
	providing information that you needed for your	
	team's estimate?	
А	Yes.	
Q	Did he refuse to ever provide any information to	
	you?	
А	No.	
Q	Can you explain or describe what the second	
	attachment is to this email?	
А	This is an explanation of a spreadsheet that we	

cost estimate. Without the spreadsheet, it's difficult to make much sense of this, but it does explain what the columns are on that sheet.

Q So we're talking now about the document that at

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developed that had columns of various -- the first

column was the cost basis of the contract and then

the following columns were modifications to that

ELECTRONICALLY FILED - 2018 November 2 3:16 PM - SCPSC - Docket # 2017-370-E - Page 228 of 512

- 2 that correct?
- 3 That's correct.
- And you're saying this document matches up with 4
- 5 certain columns on a spreadsheet that your team
- 6 prepared?
- 7 Yes.

1

- 8 We haven't seen that spreadsheet here today, have
- 9 we?
- I have not seen that today. You may have, but I 10
- 11 haven't.
- 12 The meeting where the Consortium presented you
- 13 with their EAC, was that a sitdown meeting or did
- 14 they just give you paperwork?
- 15 No, that was a sitdown meeting at our corporate
- 16 headquarters off of I-77.
- 17 So that's the same location where you presented
- the results of your team's assessment to senior 18
- 19 management?
- 20 Yes. And mostly the same people there.
- And let's go ahead and go to that. The meeting 21
- 22 where the Consortium presented to you their
- 23 results, can you go ahead and state to the best of
- your recollection who was there? 24
- 25 Α It was myself, Skip Smith, Carlette Walker, Kevin

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

229

	Elec	tric & Gas Company, et al.
1		Kochems. In general. I mean, I don't recall the
2		names and faces of everybody that were at that
3		meeting, but in general, it would have been us,
4		Kevin Marsh, Steve Byrne. I don't know if Jeff
5		Archie was there or Jimmy Addison, I can't say.
6	Q	And that's what I wanted to know if it was only to
7		your EAC team or some members of senior management
8		were there?
9	А	Yes, absolutely.
10	Q	I think you mentioned earlier that you're not sure
11		what caused the Consortium to conduct an EAC
12		analysis. Is that right?
13	А	We had the owner had asked for an EAC analysis
14		to be done for several years. I'm not sure what
15		finally prompted them to do it. Does that make
16		sense?
17	Q	It does. And I'll follow up with that with asking
18		you based on your role at the project, do you know
19		who would be the most likely person to know what
20		caused the Consortium to do that review?
21	A	It had to happen in senior management. I mean, I
22		don't know where it came from otherwise. That
23		would be, you know, Jeff Archie, Steve Byrne or
24		Kevin Marsh. You'd have to get the answer to that
25		from one of those three.

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

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Q

fixed-price.

21579 at the bottom.

Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina

of your in-depth analysis to senior management?

Yes, we actually used that model to justify the

I'd like to turn to the last attachment to this

email, page three of that document. It's labeled

ELECTRONICALLY FILED - 2018 November 2 3:16 PM - SCPSC - Docket # 2017-370-E - Page 231 of 512

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Yes.

goal of reaching a PF of 1.15 within six months?

This last attachment to this email, do you know

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

232

1	when	this	document	was	created?	

- 2 A I believe it was created concurrently with the EAC
- 3 review, so fall of '14.
- 4 Q It's referring to PFs --
- 5 A It does have -- it has PFs after that, so it had
- 6 to be afterwards, yeah.
- 7 Q And I think you had testified earlier that your
- 8 team didn't prepare a report. When I saw this, I
- 9 looked at it as a report from your team. Would
- 10 you look at it as a different type of document?
- 11 A Yes.
- 12 Q Can you describe the difference?
- 13 A This is separate from -- okay. This document is,
- again, addressing the spreadsheet that we've not
- 15 seen yet, which was a summary of the Consortium's
- 16 EAC and our review comments specifically addressed
- 17 to those columns from the EAC.
- 18 Q So, in your mind, this document kind of sets forth
- what's in that spreadsheet?
- 20 A Yes.
- 21 Q Explains it.
- 22 A Explains it. Now, had there been a final report
- done, it would have been developed based on this
- information. This was our working papers here of
- 25 the review. This is not prepared to be a formal

Kenneth	Browne - September 25, 2018	
Richard	Lightsey, et al. v. South Caroli	na
Electri	: & Gas Company, et al.	

		nard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina etric & Gas Company, et al.	23
1		presentation of a report to be given to anyone,	
2		but it is our summary of our review team's efforts	
3		for our use.	
4	Q	Did Ms. Wicker also draft do the drafting of	
5		this report?	
6	А	All of us took part in this.	
7	Q	It sounds like all of the documents that your team	
8		generated, your team all contributed to those	
9		documents. Is that correct?	
10	А	Yes, that's correct.	
11	Q	Do you know why Ms. Wicker was sending these	
12		documents to you in May of 2015?	
13	А	Actually, she sent them to Carlette. And I'm not	
14		sure why she did it in May of '15.	
15	Q	That meeting that you described earlier in which	
16		Carlette Walker's PSC testimony was being	
17		developed, was there any discussion at that	
18		meeting about concern that the Consortium's EAC	
19		estimates were already six months later off the	
20		mark from what the Consortium had represented that	
21		they could do?	
22		MR. CHALLY: Hold on. Subject to the	
23		discussion had earlier on the record and	
24		specifically our continuing instruction since	
25		overruled by the judge for the witness not to	
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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

234

1	Rich	ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina	2
	Elec	tric & Gas Company, et al.	
1		answer, if you want to proceed have at it.	
2			
3	А	So, yes, there was discussion of the facts that	
4		performance since submission of the EAC did not	
5		support the cost contained in the EAC.	
6	Q	Is that a point you raised at the meeting?	
7	А	Yes.	
8	Q	And how was that point responded to by those	
9		present?	
10	А	The response was we cannot submit a cost that is	
11		higher than what the Consortium has provided us in	
12		their estimate because that would be viewed as a	
13		contingency over and above the cost provided by	
14		the Consortium, and we cannot propose a	
15		contingency on the project.	
16	Q	Was there any discussion at that meeting of asking	
17		the Consortium for an updated cost estimate since	
18		the estimate they had provided was over six months	
19		old?	
20	А	No.	
21	Q	Is that a point that anyone brought up?	
22	А	I don't recall it being brought up.	
23	Q	I know you testified that you don't believe	
24		Carlette Walker was at that meeting. Do you	
25		recall whether any non-attorneys were present at	

ELECTRONICALLY FILED - 2018 November 2 3:16 PM - SCPSC - Docket # 2017-370-E - Page 235 of 512

		ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.
1		that meeting besides yourself?
2	А	Yes.
3	Q	Who was there?
4	A	Probably Kevin. I mean, I don't have a
5		photographic memory, but I would guess Kevin
6		Kochems, Byron Hinson. He typically was at the
7		testimony prep meetings. Skip Smith. Carlette
8		would have been there had she not been required
9		other places. Kenny Jackson was there
10		occasionally. He may be an attorney, I'm not
11		sure. Again, those are typical attendees. And I
12		can't say for sure who was in every one of those
13		meetings.
14	Q	Did you attend any other testimony prep meetings
15		other than that one?
16	A	I did before that. And incidentally, I was never
17		invited to another testimony prep meeting.
18	Q	Are you aware that Mr. Kochems took over
19		Ms. Walker's role in submitting cost information
20		to the PSC after Ms. Walker left SCANA?
21		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
22	A	Yes.
23	Q	And you were not invited to the meeting in which
24		he was his testimony was prepared. Is that
25		right?

Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Sept	e m b	er	25,	201	. 8
Richard	Lig	htse	у,	et	al.	v.	Sou	th	Carolina
Electric	. &	Gas	Со	mpan	у,	еt	al.		

236

- Α Right. 1
- 2 Did that strike you as unusual?
- 3 A little bit.
- 4 Why is that? 0
- 5 Because I had always been involved before.
- 6 Did you ask anyone about that?
- 7 No. I didn't want to go. I was happy, I had
- 8 enough to do.
- 9 How many had you attended before the 2015 one in
- which Ms. Walker you don't believe was present? 10
- Five to ten, not a lot. More than -- you know, 11
- 12 not one or two.
- I think you testified earlier that the explanation 13
- 14 that you were given about a contingency as being
- the reason for the data being submitted to the PSC 15
- 16 was made by one of the attorneys, but you didn't
- 17 recall which attorney. Is that correct?
- 18 Α Yes.
- It was either Mr. Gissander (ph) or Mr. Belton? 19
- MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 20
- It was either Mr. Ziegler or Willoughby. 21 Α
- 22 Were both of them present at that meeting?
- 23 I think so. I'm not positive, but I think so. Α
- 24 When the fixed-price option was being considered
- 25 later in 2015, did you ever hear anyone say that

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina

237

		ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina ctric & Gas Company, et al.	23
1		one benefit of entering the option was to avoid	
2		telling the PSC about any discrepancies between	
3		actual projected costs and costs under the	
4		fixed-price option?	
5	А	I never heard that.	
6	Q	Same question with respect to ORS. Did you ever	
7		hear anyone say that one benefit of entering the	
8		fixed-price option was to avoid telling ORS about	
9		any discrepancy between the actual estimated cost	
10		to complete and the cost under the fixed-price	
11		option?	
12	A	I did not hear.	
13	Q	Did you ever have any discussions with anyone	
14		regarding whether to disclose your EAC team's work	
15		to ORS?	
16	А	I did not participate in any discussions of that.	
17	Q	What was your involvement with ORS during your	
18		time on the project?	
19	А	It was fairly limited. I did, incidentally, with	
20		the EAC, I was asked to make a presentation to the	
21		ORS group on-site. Two, maybe three other times,	
22		I had met with them to discuss issues, you know,	
23		specific issues or questions that I was most	
24		qualified to explain. But that particular time	
25		with the EAC, that was probably my most focused	
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Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 and Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	238
	involvement with the ORS.	
Q	What did you share with ORS at that meeting?	
А	The EAC costs.	
Q	Your team's work?	
A	No.	
Q	Okay.	
А	The contractor's work.	
Q	Do you recall, roughly, when that meeting occurred	
	in relation to the briefing the Consortium gave	
	you in late August 2014 and your team's	
	presentation of your results to senior management	
	in October?	
А	I don't recall.	
Q	You don't recall whether your meeting with ORS	
	occurred before or after you presented the results	
	of your team's work to senior management?	
А	I think it was after, but I can't say for sure. I	
	think it was actually much after, you know, like	
	maybe six months later or so, but I can't say for	
	sure.	
Q	And what did you tell the ORS about the	

I presented to the ORS the estimate that we had

been provided. I made it clear the factors that

the estimate was based upon, including the Thompson Court Reporting, Inc. \square www.thompsonreporting.com

Consortium's EAC estimates?

Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Septemb	er	25,	201	. 8
Richard	Liq	ghtse	Эу,	et al.	v.	Sou	th	Carolina
Electri	&	Gas	C c	ompany,	еt	al.		

		ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	23
1		performance factor and the ratios. I also	
2		presented what the current ratios were. And I	
3		guess the way my conscience allowed me to do that	
4		is because the ORS had people there who were	
5		capable of taking the information that I provided	
6		in coming to their own conclusion. And I can't	
7		say what conclusion they came to or what they did	
8		with it.	
9	Q	And when you say "your conscious allowed you to do	
10		that," you mean the ORS could see the disconnect	
11		between the productivity that's actually occurring	
12		and what the Consortium had estimated for their	
13		EAC?	
14	A	Yes.	
15	Q	When you say "your conscious allowed you to	
16		present that," do you mean that you didn't	
17		actually connect the dots for them and say we	
18		don't think this EAC is	
19	А	Exactly.	
20	Q	is attainable?	
21	А	That's correct.	
22	Q	Okay. Did anyone instruct you not to inform ORS	
23		that you did not believe the Consortium's EAC was	
24		attainable?	
25	А	I was not instructed what not to say. I was	

Kenneth	Browne - S	eptember	25, 201	. 8
Richard	Lightsey,	et al. v.	South	Carolina
Electric	. & Gas Com	pany, et	al.	

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina etric & Gas Company, et al.	240
1		instructed what to say. We had talking points	
2		that were developed and I was to provide those	
3		talking points. There's a difference.	
4	Q	By receiving those talking points, did you get the	
5		understanding that you were not to tell ORS that	
6		you did not believe the Consortium's EAC was	
7		attainable?	
8	А	By getting those talking points, I was instructed	
9		as to what I was to tell the ORS.	
10	Q	And your belief that the Consortium's EAC was not	
11		attainable was not among those talking points?	
12	А	That's correct.	
13	Q	Who gave you those talking points?	
14	А	I believe it was Byron Hinson. I can't say for	
15		sure, but I think it was Byron.	
16	Q	What was his role?	
17	А	He's something in the regulatory field. I'm not	
18		sure what his he deals day-to-day with the ORS.	
19	Q	Were the talking points he gave you, was it a	
20		one-page document or multipage?	
21	А	Oh, I don't remember.	
22	Q	Were they in writing or did he orally give you	
23	А	They were in writing.	
24	Q	Let me finish the question.	
I			

25

Α

Yes.

	Richa	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	241
1	Q	Did you get those talking points via email or were	
2		they delivered to you by hand?	
3	А	By hand.	
4	Q	Did that strike you as unusual?	
5	А	No.	
6	Q	Why is that?	
7	А	Because we got a lot of stuff, particularly	
8		regarding the regulatory issues and the testimony	
9		preparation and things like that were copies	
10		presented at the meetings that we would attend, no	
11		email.	
12	Q	Did you have any understanding as to why that was	
13		done?	
14	А	No.	
15	Q	What did you do with the talking points after your	
16		ORS briefing?	
17	А	Most likely carried them back to my office and	
18		stuck them in a file somewhere. It might have	
19		been file 13, I don't know.	
20	Q	Was Mr. Hinson present at that meeting with the	
21		ORS?	
22	А	Yes.	
23	Q	Do you know whom else from SCE&G or SCANA was	
24		present?	
25	А	I believe Skip Smith was there, Shirley Johnson,	
		Thompson Court Reporting, Inc.	

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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

242

- Margaret Felkel. And that's probably it. 1
- 2 Do you know who from ORS was there?
- 3 I know Gary Jones was there, a consultant.
- Anthony James. It seems like Ellen. I can't 4
- 5 remember her last name. Ellen Powell, maybe.
- 6 Was there any discussion at that meeting about the
- 7 disappointing productivity to date from the
- 8 Consortium?
- 9 Α Yes.
- Can you describe what discussion occurred there? 10 Q
- Mr. Jones was very familiar with the performance 11
- 12 and the performance factors to date, and he
- 13 challenged why we were comfortable assuming those
- 14 factors.
- 15 And how did you respond to those challenges?
- 16 Just told him that the Consortium had promised us
- 17 they were going to achieve them.
- Do you recall any other discussions that occurred 18
- 19 at that meeting other than what you've described
- so far? 20
- 21 Α No.
- 22 How long did that meeting last?
- 23 The meeting was all day, but I was only there for
- 24 a short period. I was there to discuss that and I
- 25 left.

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 and Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	243
1	Q	Was there any other paperwork that you recall	
2		using in your portion of the meeting, other than	
3		the talking points?	
4	А	We may have had a spreadsheet from the Consortium,	
5		but I'm not sure, you know, the cost, the EAC	
6		spreadsheet that they provided.	
7	Q	Was there any discussion that you had with any of	
8		your colleagues at SCE&G and SCANA about revealing	
9		the results of your EAC team's work?	
10	А	To the ORS?	
11	Q	Correct.	
12	А	Not really.	
13	Q	Were you ever involved in responding to	
14		information requests from the ORS?	
15	А	Occasionally.	
16	Q	Can you describe what kind of information request	
17		you would respond to?	
18	А	It's been a while and I can't specifically address	
19		any.	
20	Q	Would it include these invoice disputes?	
21	А	Not usually. The ORS did not normally get	
22		involved in to the level of detail that I was	
23		on the invoice disputes. Now, in general, they	
24		have, you know, asked a question, how much, what	
25		value have you disputed and things like that, but	

	Rich	neth Browne - September 25, 2018 nard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina etric & Gas Company, et al.	244
1		even I didn't answer those. Sheri Wicker	
2		typically would handle that.	
3	Q	Did you have any conversations with your	
4		colleagues after that meeting with ORS about what	
5		was revealed to ORS at that meeting and what was	
6		not revealed?	
7	А	No.	
8	Q	Did you have any discussions with any of your	
9		colleagues about whether to reveal the results of	
10		the Monte Carlo analysis and SCE&G's 2016 filing	
11		to the PSC? In other words, the analysis that	
12		showed the actual costs on the project would	
13		almost surely be greater than the fixed-price	
14		option costs?	
15	А	I did not have any discussion, but I believe it	
16		was revealed as justification for the fixed-price	
17		option.	
18	Q	And you weren't involved at all in that 2016 PSC	
19		filing, correct?	
20	А	No.	
21	Q	I'm going to skip around to several different	
22		topics, Mr. Browne. The good news for you is that	

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revenue modification cases filed with the PSC

means I'm almost done. Mr. Browne, there were no

between 2012 and 2015. Do you know why that is?

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Kenneth	Browne - S	eptember	25, 20	L 8
Richard	Lightsey,	et al. v.	South	Carolina
Electric	. & Gas Com	pany, et	al.	

1 MR.	CHALLY:	Object	to	form.
---------	---------	--------	----	-------

- 2 A I don't.
- 3 Q Who would be the most likely source of information
- 4 on that question?
- 5 MR. CHALLY: Same objection.
- 6 A Kevin.
- 7 Q Kevin Marsh?
- 8 A Kevin Kochems.
- 9 Q Oh.
- 10 A I'm sorry, yes.
- 11 Q Are you aware of any employees that left the
- 12 project because they disagreed with the way the
- 13 project was being operated?
- 14 A No.
- 15 Q In your opinion, was SCE&G either too stringent in
- 16 holding invoice payments in 2015 and early 2016 or
- failing to be forceful and paying too much on
- 18 invoices?
- 19 A I think we did all we could do within the bounds
- of the contract. It was a very onerous contract
- on the owner, as far as disputing invoices. If
- 22 there was something that we disputed, if it was
- 23 under a million dollars, we had to pay it anyway
- and then still dispute it. It was over a million,
- we could only withhold ten percent and then

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

246

	Elec	ctric & Gas Company, et al.	24(
1		dispute it. And we went outside of the bounds of	
2		that because there were just some things that we	
3		couldn't take anymore and we started disputing and	
4		withholding and daring the contractor to make an	
5		issue out of it.	
6	Q	Is it fair to say that you don't have any	
7		criticisms of the way senior management ran the	
8		invoice dispute process for the project?	
9	А	That is correct.	
10	Q	Did the commercial team ever discuss the need to	
11		delay equipment purchases due to the lack of	
12		schedule progress?	
13	А	No.	
14	Q	During your time on the project, what was your	
15		observations as far as the relationship among the	
16		Consortium members, Westinghouse and CB&I?	
17	А	Seemed to be troubled, very troubled. At times, I	
18		think we got along individually better with	
19		Westinghouse and with CB&I than they got along	
20		with each other, and they were supposed to be	
21		partners. There was something in the background	
22		that was causing problems there.	
23	Q	Did you view Westinghouse's request to remove CB&I	
24		as a member of the Consortium as potentially being	
25		a positive step?	
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Q

24	and not a fact. But from my experience, I saw as
25	the schedule was pushed out for regulatory reasons
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that we could have taken to improve that.

A big problem that I saw -- and this is an opinion

Can you describe those?

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

248

	Elec	tric & Gas Company, et al.
1		or designs not being complete, but we had craft on
2		site with no work to do. That impacts your
3		performance factor in two ways. Because at the
4		time that's happening, you got people you're
5		paying with no work to do, so that impacts your
6		performance. Then when they get work to do, they
7		don't want to do it because they're used to
8		sitting around. So I think that was what we saw
9		later in the project with poor performance factors
10		was we had three or 4,000 craft people there who
11		had gotten used to not working a full day. So
12		when there was work there for them to do, they
13		didn't want to do it.
14	Q	What could SCE&G have done to help address that
15		issue?
16	А	We could have told the contractors to when you
17		don't have work for people to do, send them home.
18		Don't have them working 50 hours a week when they
19		don't have work to do. And we didn't do that.
20	Q	That type of instruction would have come from a
21		different section than your section, correct?
22	A	Yes, yes.
23	Q	Are there any other examples you would give as to
24		steps that SCE&G could have taken to improve
25		productivity?
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А	Probably not. Probably not. That situation that	
	I explained is just one that bothered me a lot	
	because we didn't take that action.	
Q	What involvement did your team have in verifying	
	milestone payments that were made to the	
	Consortium?	
А	The commercial team received verification from the	
	construction group for construction milestones.	
	And we would make the payments based on that	
	documentation that we got from construction. Now,	
	if the milestone was the procurement of a certain	
	piece of equipment or something like that that was	
	more of a paperwork milestone, we verified those.	
	But as far as construction milestones, the	
	documentation to support that was totally prepared	
	by the construction group.	
Q	Did you feel there were adequate tracking and	
	auditing systems to validate these payments?	
A	Yes.	
Q	When you say commercial group, is that referring	
	to both you and Skip and Carlette, SCANA team?	
A	Yes.	
Q	Is there any groups besides those two teams?	
A	No.	
Q	How much involvement did commercial have with	
	A Q A Q A	Decause we didn't take that action. What involvement did your team have in verifying milestone payments that were made to the Consortium? The commercial team received verification from the construction group for construction milestones. And we would make the payments based on that documentation that we got from construction. Now, if the milestone was the procurement of a certain piece of equipment or something like that that was more of a paperwork milestone, we verified those. But as far as construction milestones, the documentation to support that was totally prepared by the construction group. Did you feel there were adequate tracking and auditing systems to validate these payments? Yes. When you say commercial group, is that referring to both you and Skip and Carlette, SCANA team? Yes. Is there any groups besides those two teams? No.

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	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	250
1		Santee Cooper in reviewing invoices and	
2		reconciling them?	
3	А	Marion participated generally in the final invoice	
4		review and sign-off meetings. But detailed	
5		review, he did not participate, you know, to the	
6		level of what I was doing and the other people	
7		that were reviewing.	
8	Q	What was your view of Fluor coming onto the	
9		project? Did you view that as a positive?	
10	А	I viewed that as very positive.	
11	Q	What was your impression of their work during the	
12		time you were on the project when they were there?	
13	А	I was only there for a short period, but it was	
14		I did see an improvement immediately when they	
15		showed up on-site.	
16	Q	When did you learn about the schedule assessment	
17		results that the Bechtel group reached from their	
18		2015 assessment?	
19		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
20	А	I didn't ever learn of that. I didn't see	
21		anything from Bechtel other than they made a list	
22		of recommendations. And sometime in early 2016,	
23		Skip brought to me some of those recommendations	
24		and wanted that were related to business and	
25		finance and wanted to know, you know, if we were	
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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

51

		ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	25
1		doing that or, you know, what we could do to meet	
2		those recommendations. As far as Bechtel's review	
3		of the schedule in fact, today, I still don't	
4		know what it was.	
5	Q	Does it surprise you that you weren't told about	
6		their assessment results?	
7		MR. CHALLY: Object to the form.	
8	Q	I mean, do you view that as more of a construction	
9		type issue that you would expect to be notified	
10		about?	
11		MR. CHALLY: Same objection.	
12	A	For the schedule or for their total review?	
13	Q	Let's start with the schedule.	
14	A	I didn't get involved too much with schedule, so	
15		I'm not surprised. That was schedule was	
16		handled by the construction group.	
17	Q	What about their total review?	
18	А	Their total review, I can't say for sure because	
19		no one ever told me don't talk to Bechtel. But	
20		there seemed to be a wall between me and Bechtel	
21		while they were on-site, sort of an invisible	
22		wall. They didn't want Bechtel to talk to me.	
23	Q	What gave you that impression?	
24	A	Anytime Bechtel came up, if I walked in the room	
25		(sound effect) it was quiet. I never met any of	

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

252

- 1 the Bechtel people, which was a little unusual.
- 2 Q Do you know of other finance people who did meet
- 3 them?
- 4 A I don't think any of our people met them.
- 5 Q Is there anything else that gave you the
- 6 impression that there was that wall between you
- 7 and Bechtel?
- 8 A Just a feeling.
- 9 Q Did you ever attend any PSC hearings?
- 10 A No.
- 11 Q What did you think of Carlette Walker's
- 12 performance as an employee, up to the time she
- 13 left the project?
- 14 A I thought Carlette was a very, very respectable
- and hard-working, conscientious, good employee.
- 16 Q Did you feel her performance was still good even
- 17 after she started experiencing these personal
- 18 stressors?
- 19 A Yes.
- 20 Q Do you believe that the stress that she felt from
- 21 providing testimony that she didn't believe in
- 22 contributed to the overall stress that she was
- 23 experiencing?
- MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 25 A I can't say for sure. One would think, yes.

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina

Electric & Gas Company, et al. Are you familiar with any SCE&G employees copying

- 1
- 2 and safeguarding plans on how to build the units?
- 3 I don't understand that question.
- Do you know who Shirley Johnson is? 4
- 5 Yes.
- Do you know if she ever told you that SCE&G was 6
- 7 safeguarding plans on how to build the units?
- 8 Well, that gets back to the lockbox that we
- 9 discussed this morning. We were supposed to have
- in that box all of the proprietary information 10
- necessary to complete construction and licensing 11
- 12 and operation of the plant.
- 13 Do you feel that the Consortium met its
- 14 obligations to provide the information in that
- 15 lockbox --
- 16 I have no idea. It's probably still locked.
- 17 don't know.
- Did you help prepare a document that Carlette 18
- 19 Walker provided to Jimmy Addison about the
- 20 potential target costs around early 2015?
- MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 21
- 22 I provided Carlette with information. And what Α
- 23 she did with it, I don't know.
- 24 She never mentioned to you that she wanted
- 25 information to present to Jimmy Addison?

Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Sept	emb	er	25,	201	. 8
Richard	Liç	gh t s e	у,	еt	al.	v.	Sou	t h	Carolina
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254

- Α Yes. 1
- 2 She did mention that?
- 3 She did mention that.
- Did she tell you what she wanted, what information 4
- 5 she wanted?
- She told me she wanted the cost information. 6
- 7 Did she tell you why?
- 8 To present to Jimmy Addison.
- 9 And did you have an understanding of why she
- wanted to show him that? 10
- MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 11
- 12 I guess he needed to know. I mean, that's her
- 13 job. I do my job; she did her job.
- Did she ever tell you I think Jimmy Addison needs 14
- 15 to understand that the cost projections are not
- 16 what the Consortium's telling us and so that's why
- 17 I need you to give me the information --
- She didn't directly tell me that, no. 18 Α
- 19 Do you know who Bill Timmerman is? Q
- 20 Α Yes.
- 21 Who is he? 0
- 22 He's a former president and chairman of the board
- 23 for SCANA.
- 24 Do you know if any payments were made to him after
- 25 he retired?

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	Rich	nard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina ctric & Gas Company, et al.	2.
1	А	Yes.	
2	Q	What do you know about that?	
3	А	I know there was a series of payments that were	
4		made to him. I don't recall the exact amount, but	
5		as a consultant for negotiating any problems or	
6		issues that may come up during construction, and	
7		those payments were made for several years after	
8		he retired.	
9	Q	How did you come to understand or learn about	
10		these payments?	
11	А	Kevin Kochems told me.	
12	Q	What was your view of these payments?	
13	A	I don't understand that question.	
14	Q	Did you feel these payments were justified?	
15		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
16	A	That's not my business to know if they're	
17		justified or not. I didn't get any when I left.	
18	Q	Are you aware that there's a hearing scheduled	
19		before the Public Service Commission in November?	
20	А	No.	
21	Q	There's a hearing scheduled on SCE&G's request to	
22		participate in a merger and to recover its costs	
23		in the project of approximately \$5 billion on the	
24		ground that its behavior on the project was	
25		prudent and to have those costs recovered through	

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

56

		hard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina ctric & Gas Company, et al.	2
1		rates paid by ratepayers. Do you believe, based	
2		on your experience on the project, that SCE&G	
3		should be able to recover all of the costs that it	
4		incurred on the project on the ground that it was	
5		prudent?	
6		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
7	А	One hundred percent or some portion?	
8	Q	One hundred percent. Do you think they should	
9		recover all of their cost?	
10	А	No.	
11	Q	And why is that?	
12	А	Because there were decisions made throughout the	
13		project that I would consider not prudent.	
14	Q	And this goes back to your statements earlier	
15		about the representations of the progress of the	
16		project versus what was actually happening on the	
17		ground?	
18	А	No, it goes back to decisions that were made on	
19		expenses that were paid throughout the project	
20		that I would not consider to be prudent.	
21	Q	And that goes back to your examples about the	
22		expenses that you identified?	
23	А	I haven't given any examples of those.	
24	Q	Can you give one now?	
25	А	I can't. I don't know. I just know there were	

Kenneth	Browne - S	September	25, 2018
Richard	Lightsey,	et al. v.	South Carolina
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257

1	L	expenses	incurred	that	Τ	don'	t	ieel	were	prudent.	

- 2 Do you have any travel planned in the month of
- 3 November?
- 4 Travel planned? Α
- 5 Do you have any vacations to the Bahamas planned?
- I do not, but I do have -- if you're seriously 6
- 7 asking this question, I am currently a reserve
- 8 technical specialist for FEMA and there's a very
- 9 good chance that I'm going to be deployed to
- 10 somewhere in eastern North Carolina probably in
- 11 early November.
- 12 How do you get that understanding?
- 13 Through the contractor that I'm employed by.
- 14 not employed, but I'm on his roster as a technical
- 15 specialist.
- 16 How much notice will you get when that occurs?
- 17 Α It could be as little as 48 hours.
- And how long could deployment last? 18 Q
- Six to 12 months. 19 Α
- Other than that, if that deployment does not 20
- occur, are you planning to be in the state the 21
- 22 month of November?
- 23 Α Yes.
- 24 MR. COX: Thank you for your time,
- 25 Mr. Browne. I have no further questions.

Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

	Ricl	neth Browne - September 25, 2018 hard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina ctric & Gas Company, et al.	258
1		MR. ELLERBE: I have no questions.	
2			
3		EXAMINATION	
4	BY I	MR. CHALLY:	
5	Q	Mr. Browne, my name is Jon Chally. I represent	
6		SCE&G and SCANA in the matters that are here, that	
7		we're here to talk about today. I do have a few	
8		questions for you.	
9	А	Okay.	
10	Q	First, you indicated that you had interacted with	
11		the ORS at certain times throughout the project.	
12		Is that right?	
13	А	Occasionally. Rare occasions, yes.	
14	Q	And specifically, this meeting you discussed with	
15		Mr. Cox, I'm not sure we identified a precise	
16		timeframe for it, but the meeting with the ORS	
17		where you discussed estimate at completion. Is	
18		that right?	
19	А	Correct.	
20	Q	Do you believe you should be subject to criminal	
21		prosecution for any of the information you shared	
22		or did not share with the ORS in this meeting?	
23	А	No.	
24	Q	Do you believe you made any material misstatements	
25		to the ORS at any point throughout the project?	
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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

259

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 aard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina etric & Gas Company, et al.	2
1	А	No.	
2	Q	Do you believe you made any material misstatements	
3		to the ORS in the meeting that you discussed with	
4		Mr. Cox?	
5	А	No.	
6	Q	And do I understand your testimony previously that	
7		you believe you did not make any material	
8		misstatements because you disclosed three things	
9		to the ORS in this meeting. One, that the	
10		estimate at completion you were presenting is one	
11		that came from the Consortium?	
12	А	Right.	
13	Q	Is that right? Two, that there, that well, I	
14		think I only have two issues. Second, you tell me	
15		if I'm missing any, that you also described the	
16		current productivity ratios that you had seen the	
17		Consortium be able to meet?	
18	А	I presented the cost as provided by the	
19		Consortium. I presented the factors that that	
20		cost was based on, which were the performance	
21		factors, the indirect to direct craft ratios, and	
22		the field non-manual to direct craft ratios that	
23		the cost was based on, and I also presented the	
24		current data for those ratios.	
25	Q	So that, in your view, is a complete and	

Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	September	25,	201	. 8
Richard	Liç	gh t s e	у,	, et al. v.	Sou	ıth	Carolina
Electrio	e &	Gas	C c	ompany, et	al.		

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 and Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	2
1		sufficient picture to describe the estimate at	
2		completion work that you did. Is that right?	
3	А	That is a complete picture to describe the	
4		estimate at completion that we got from our	
5		contractor. I never presented that as SCANA's	
6		estimate at completion.	
7	Q	Fair enough. And describing what you received	
8		from your contractor in the way that you did, is	
9		not, in your view, a material misstatement, right?	
10	А	Correct.	
11	Q	Would you agree with me that Westinghouse provided	
12		an estimate at completion to SCE&G in 2014?	
13	А	Yes.	
14	Q	Would you also agree with me that that estimate at	
15		completion was based on certain assumptions that	
16		Consortium had made as to continuing progress on	
17		the project?	
18	А	Yes.	
19	Q	Would you agree with me that one of the specific	
20		assumptions was that there would be a productivity	
21		factor of 1.15?	
22	А	Yes.	
23	Q	Would you agree with me that the Consortium had	
24		committed to achieve that productivity level?	
25	А	They did, yes.	

	Rich	neth Browne - September 25, 2018 nard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina etric & Gas Company, et al.	261
1	Q	Would you agree that it was in SCE&G's financial	
2		interest to hold the Consortium to this	
3		commitment?	
4	А	Absolutely, yes.	
5	Q	And that's because any deviation or decrease in	
6		productivity beyond the 1.15 productivity factor,	
7		meaning the productivity factor goes up	
8	А	Right.	
9	Q	would lead to higher SCE&G costs, right?	
10	А	That's correct.	
11	Q	It would also lead to higher cost to the	
12		ratepayers, right?	
13	А	That's correct.	
14	Q	So it was in everyone's interest, SCE&G and the	
15		ratepayers' interest, to hold Westinghouse and the	
16		Consortium to this 1.15 commitment?	
17	А	Yes.	
18	Q	Then you're aware, are you not, that in 2015 SCE&G	
19		requested approval of certain costs from the PSC	
20		and that those costs accepted the consortiums	
21		productivity assumptions?	
22	А	Correct.	
23	Q	You also agree with me, would you not, that SCE&G	
24		said that, that it was using the productivity	
25		assumptions it had received from Westinghouse and	
i I			

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina etric & Gas Company, et al.	262
1		CB&I went it requested that information, right?	
2	А	SCE&G said it to whom?	
3	Q	To the Public Service Commission.	
4	А	I'm not sure what SCE&G said to the Public Service	
5		Commission.	
6	Q	You're familiar with the testimony that was	
7		provided in connection with this request for	
8		increase costs in 2015, right?	
9	А	I know there was a testimony prepared. I didn't	
10		memorize it.	
11	Q	Sure. But you're familiar with the fact there was	
12		testimony?	
13	А	Yes, absolutely.	
14	Q	And you've already discussed some of Carlette	
15		Walker's testimony?	
16	А	Right.	
17	Q	And that was provided in connection, in this	
18		proceeding that we're talking about, right?	
19	А	Right.	
20	Q	Are you familiar with the fact that Steve Byrne	
21		provided testimony in that proceeding?	
22	А	Yes.	
23		(Whereupon, 2015 Direct Testimony of	
24		Stephen Byrne was marked Exhibit No. 18	
25		for identification.)	
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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

263

- 1 BY MR. CHALLY:
- 2 Q Mr. Browne, I have handed you what I've marked as
- 3 Exhibit No. 18 to your deposition. This is
- 4 prefiled testimony, direct testimony of Stephen
- 5 Byrne submitted on behalf of SCE&G in Docket No.
- 6 2015-103E.
- 7 A Right.
- 8 Q Do you recall seeing this before?
- 9 A I don't recall ever seeing the entire testimony in
- 10 this form. I did see it on the screen as it was
- 11 being developed.
- 12 Q So this is among the testimony that you recall
- 13 reviewing in this meeting --
- 14 A Yes.
- 15 Q -- that was the subject of some discussion
- 16 earlier. Is that right?
- 17 A Yes.
- 18 Q Just one reminder for us as we're getting late in
- 19 the day. I'll do my best to let you complete
- 20 answers before I begin my next question. I'd
- 21 appreciate it if you could do the same, allow me
- 22 to complete the question before you begin your
- 23 answer. Is that fair?
- 24 A Yes, it is.
- 25 Q Okay, good. Flip with me to page 20 of this

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	264
1		document.	
2	А	(Witness complies).	
3	Q	First, let me ask you this, do you have any	
4		question in your mind that this testimony	
5		accurately conveyed that the assumptions	
6		supporting the cost estimate provided in this	
7		testimony came from Westinghouse and CB&I?	
8	A	Please ask that question again.	
9		MR. CHALLY: Can you read it back.	
10		COURT REPORTER: First, let me ask you this,	
11		do you have any question in your mind that this	
12		testimony accurately conveyed that the assumptions	
13		supporting the cost estimate provided in this	
14		testimony came from Westinghouse and CB&I?	
15			
16	А	I will have to look in here and see what's in	
17		here.	
18	Q	Okay, let me refer you to the page, page 36	
19		paragraph begins, "In the third quarter of 2014."	
20	А	Right. I don't see the PF addressed in here.	
21	Q	I didn't ask about the PF yet. We'll get to that.	
22		Right now I'm asking you whether this testimony	
23		accurately conveyed that the information, the	
24		assumptions under which we were SCE&G was	
25		requesting revised costs in this proceeding or	

- 1 assumptions that came from WEC and CB&I.
- 2 A I understand now, yes.
- 3 Q Does this language in this testimony convey that
- 4 point to you?
- 5 A In general, yes.
- 6 Q Let me refer you to page 39, the first full
- 7 paragraph. I'm going to read it into the record
- 8 while you review it. "The schedules presented here
- 9 are the schedules that WEC and CB&I has presented
- 10 to SCE&G that it is prepared to meet and that
- 11 SCE&G has carefully reviewed with WEC and CB&I."
- 12 Do you see that?
- 13 A Yes.
- 14 Q Does that also convey to you that the assumptions
- 15 under which the costs were developed, the costs as
- 16 sought in this proceeding, were those received
- from WEC and CB&I?
- 18 A Yes.
- 19 Q Now let's talk about productivity factors a little
- 20 bit. Were you aware that this testimony conveys
- 21 the fact that WEC and CB&I has not met the overall
- 22 productivity factor on which its original cost
- estimates were based?
- 24 A I have to read it to see before I can answer that
- 25 question.

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

Page 266 of 345

Rich	ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina etric & Gas Company, et al.	266
Q	Okay, let me refer you to page 21.	
А	Yes. Okay.	
Q	The very first sentence of the second paragraph,	
	I'll read it while you review it. "For various	
	reasons, to date WEC and CB&I has not met the	
	overall PF on which its original cost estimates	
	were based."	
A	Okay.	
Q	So does that accurately describe to you the facts	
	that you understood at the time that WEC and CB&I	
	had not met the productivity factors?	
А	Yes.	
Q	This is the same point that you conveyed to the	
	ORS in your meeting with them, right?	
A	Yes.	
Q	And then it continues, "Unfavorable productivity	

21 Yes. Α

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22 Is that similar to what you conveyed to the ORS in

improve in this area." Do you see that?

factors have been a matter of frank and direct

discussion between the parties and WEC/CB&I's

senior leadership has recognized the need to

- 23 your meeting with them?
- 24 Yes, it is.
- 25 Then it continues further. "In justifying their

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	267
1		confidence in the revised rate on which the	
2		current construction schedule is based, WEC and	
3		CB&I points to things like reduced delay in	
4		submodule production, increasing levels of design	
5		finalization, and lessons learned from the	
6		construction of the first AP1000 unit in China."	
7		Did you understand that WEC and CB&I had conveyed	
8		to SCE&G that these were among the issues that it	
9		could focus on in an effort to try to reduce the	
10		inefficiencies in their productivity?	
11	А	Yes.	
12	Q	Page 22. The very last sentence before "But the	
13		possibility that WEC/CB&I will fail to meet	
14		current productivity assumptions for the project	
15		represents an important risk to both the cost	
16		forecasts and construction schedule for the	
17		project." Do you see that?	
18	А	Yes.	
19	Q	Is that also similar to the substance of the	
20		information you conveyed to the ORS in your	
21		meeting with them?	
22	А	It is.	
23	Q	Flip with me to page 38.	
24	A	(Witness complies). Okay.	
25	Q	The last paragraph that begins on this page, the	

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

268

	Elec	tric & Gas Company, et al.
1		third sentence. "As to both timing and cost, the
2		schedules are based on productivity factors that
3		WEC/CB&I represents can be met given the current
4		status of the project. Meeting these productivity
5		factors will pose a challenge to WEC and CB&I.
6		But doing so will benefit the project both in
7		terms of cost and schedule now we're on page
8		39 For that reason, as owner SCE&G has no basis
9		or interest in assisting that WEC/CB&I should use
10		less challenging assumptions. However, SCE&G does
11		recognize that WEC/CB&I has set itself a
12		significant challenge as to future productivity."
13		Do you see that?
14	А	Yes.
15	Q	So does this accurately convey to you that the
16		historical productivity factors WEC and CB&I had
17		been able to achieve were significantly worse than
18		those that they were using to develop the EAC that
19		supported this request?
20	А	I don't know that the magnitude of the difference
21		between actual performance and projected
22		performance is sufficiently addressed in this
23		language, but it does address the difference.
24	Q	Okay. What would, in your view, have to be
25		disclosed to account for this magnitude?
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	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	269
1	А	I'm a numbers person, and I would like to see the	
2		numbers presented as a what their current	
3		productivity is and what their expected projected	
4		productivity is that the estimate is based on.	
5	Q	And are you aware of the fact that SCE&G disclosed	
6		just that to the PSC and other public filings?	
7	А	Probably.	
8		MR. COX: Object to the form.	
9	Q	I'm sorry?	
10	А	Probably. I mean, I don't have it memorized,	
11		these testimonies, and it's been several years.	
12	Q	All right. Well, you said that you were familiar	
13		of certain testimony provided by Dr. Lynch,	
14		correct?	
15	А	Not familiar.	
16	Q	But you're aware of it's existence?	
17	А	I'm aware of it, yes. There's a difference.	
18	Q	Understood. I'll hand you a copy of it. Give me	
19		just a second. It's going to be Exhibit No. 19.	
20		(Whereupon, 2016 Testimony of Joseph	
21		Lynch was marked Exhibit No. 19 for	
22		identification.)	
23			
24	А	Can I point out this is a 2016 document and not a	
25		2015 document.	

Α

Yes.

Rich	neth Browne - September 25, 2018 nard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina ctric & Gas Company, et al.	270
Q	You certainly can.	
А	Without looking at this, this would I would	
	assume is testimony prepared to support the	
	fixed-price decision.	
Q	We'll come to that in a little bit later. What I	
	really want to focus on is the productivity	
	factor.	
А	Yes.	
Q	First flip with me to page seven.	
А	(Witness complies.)	
Q	Mr. Browne, have you been able to read all of page	
	seven?	
А	Yes.	
Q	Does this disclose the same substance of the	
	information that you had provided to the ORS in	
	this meeting that you were referring to?	
А	Yes.	
Q	Is there anything that's left out?	
А	It doesn't appear to be. I don't see the	
	relevance of this related to the 2015 filing.	
Q	So you would agree with me just referring to	
	the 2015 filing, you would you agree with me,	

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WEC's productivity assumptions?

would you not, that SCE&G said that it was using

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	271
1	Q	Would you agree with me that SCE&G said through	
2		Mr. Byrne that that assumption was materially	
3		better than past performance?	
4	А	Yes.	
5	Q	Would you agree with me that SCE&G said in 2015	
6		that WEC would have to mitigate productivity	
7		concerns to get to the assumption that it had	
8		used?	
9	A	Yes.	
10	Q	And would you agree with me that Mr. Byrne	
11		accurately conveyed that SCE&G viewed this assumed	
12		PF, WEC's assumed PF, to be a significant	
13		challenge?	
14	A	Yes.	
15	Q	And one that SCE&G was not sure WEC would	
16		ultimately be able to achieve?	
17	A	I don't recall if that's in there or not.	
18	Q	Let's go back to it. It indicates on page 38 of	
19		the Byrne testimony	
20	A	Yes.	
21	Q	I believe it's Exhibit No. 18. "Meeting these	
22		productivity factors will pose a challenge to	
23		WEC/CB&I."	
24	А	That's correct, but I don't see in here that SCE&G	
25		does not believe they're going to make it, which	
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	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	272
1		is what you asked me.	
2	Q	How about page 39. The question is, "Could these	
3		schedules change?" Line 19, "These schedules can	
4		and almost certainly will change." Do you see	
5		that?	
6	А	Yes.	
7	Q	So does that also convey that we were not sure WEC	
8		and CB&I would be able to meet the assumptions	
9		that they had relied on in providing the estimate	
10		at completion?	
11		MR. COX: Object to the form.	
12	А	If I'm not mistaken this is referring to a	
13		schedule and not a cost.	
14	Q	How about the last sentence that begins on this	
15		page, "The construction and cost forecast will be	
16		subject to ongoing change and revision as any	
17		forecast would be."	
18	A	Yes.	
19	Q	Does that make clear that this particular	
20		paragraph to you does that make clear to you	
21		that this particular paragraph is referring to the	
22		schedule and associated cost impacts?	
23	А	No.	
24	Q	It does not?	
25	А	No.	

	Richa	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	273
1	Q	When it says, "The construction and cost forecast	
2		will be subject to ongoing change and revision"	
3		in this paragraph, it's your testimony that that	
4		does not convey to you that this paragraph also	
5		relates to the costs?	
6		MR. ELLERBE: Object to the form.	
7	А	It does not.	
8	Q	Why not?	
9	А	Because the heading says, "Could these schedules	
10		change?" Response, "These schedules can and	
11		almost certainly will change." That is because	
12		the construction schedule for any project as	
13		complex as this is one that will be dynamic. Then	
14		the final sentence addresses the fact that not	
15		only could the schedule change, but the costs may	
16		change somewhat as well. I'm not sure what you're	
17		trying to get there.	
18	Q	Okay. All right. So would you agree with me that	
19		productivity factor doesn't necessarily determine	
20		whether a schedule can be met?	
21	А	Yes.	
22	Q	And that's because hiring more people can address	
23		a poor productivity factor and nevertheless still	
24		achieve a desired schedule.	
25	А	Correct.	
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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

274

- 1 And that's because you could always hire more
- 2 people, right?
- 3 Α That's right.
- Now, hiring more people would lead to an increase 4
- 5 in costs, right?
- That's correct. 6
- 7 And in 2015, SCE&G entered into an amendment to
- 8 the EPC agreement that gave it the option of
- 9 altering the contract to a fixed-price agreement,
- 10 right?
- 11 Yes.
- 12 And then it ultimately exercised that option in
- 13 2016, correct?
- 14 Α Yes.
- So, through that amendment, Westinghouse agreed to 15
- 16 assume the cost of hiring more people to meet the
- 17 anticipated substantial completion dates. Is that
- 18 right?
- 19 That's correct, yes. Α
- 20 And when SCE&G ultimately exercised that option,
- SCE&G was no longer responsible for the cost of 21
- 22 hiring more people to meet the anticipated
- 23 substantial completion dates?
- 24 Α That's correct.
- 25 And as a consequence, poor productivity factor was

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	275
1		materially less relevant, right?	
2	A	Absolutely.	
3	Q	Now, you testified that you wanted to see certain	
4		criminal prosecutions for issues related to the	
5		project, right?	
6	А	I don't know if the words were "I wanted to see,"	
7		but I do believe I said I regretted that there	
8		probably would not be. If that's there's a	
9		difference there.	
10	Q	You regretted that there would not be criminal	
11		prosecutions of who precisely?	
12	А	Specifically Kevin Marsh, Steve Byrne and Jimmy	
13		Addison.	
14	Q	Anyone else?	
15	А	No.	
16	Q	And this is based on your belief that these three	
17		individuals should not have disclosed that the	
18		project was moving forward positively and that it	
19		was healthy. Is that right?	
20	А	Yes.	
21	Q	Anything else?	
22	А	No.	
23	Q	Where exactly did these three individuals make	
24		statements that you believe to be inaccurate?	
25	А	In the public not Public Service Commission, in	

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

	nard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina ctric & Gas Company, et al.	276
	SEC filings.	
Q	So you're not aware of any statements made to the	
	Public Service Commission that you believe should	
	justify criminal prosecution.	
	MR. ELLERBE: Object to the form.	
Q	Is that right?	
А	I'm not aware of any, yes.	
Q	And you're not aware of any material misstatements	
	that you believe should justify criminal	
	prosecution in materials submitted to the Public	
	Service Commission. Is that right?	
А	Correct.	
Q	Only in the SEC filings?	
А	Yes.	

What specific statements do you recall Messieurs

Marsh, Byrne, or Addison making in SEC statements

- 17 that you believe are inaccurate?
- I don't have a specific recollection of those. 18 Α
- You can't identify a single specific filing where 19
- any of these individuals made a statement that you 20
- 21 believe to be materially inaccurate?
- 22 Α At this point in time with no documentation in
- 23 front of me, I cannot.
- 24 What SEC filings have you reviewed?
- 25 Α When?

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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

277

1	Q	Ever.
	π.	

- 2 Ever? Just about every quarterly filing.
- 3 not review it; I saw it after it was filed.
- 4 Do you do that as part of your job at SCANA?
- 5 No, I did it as a stockholder at SCANA.
- 6 You say you reviewed every filing after it was
- 7 submitted to the Public Service Commission, right?
- 8 I did not say I reviewed every one.
- 9 Okay, which ones did you review? Q
- I occasionally would look at the filings. I mean, 10
- it's not a -- it's not my job. I didn't do it as 11
- 12 part of my job. I just would occasionally look at
- 13 a quarterly filing as filed by the -- in the
- 14 annual filings.
- 15 How much time would you spend reviewing them?
- 16 A few minutes, an hour maybe.
- 17 Any of them that you recall spending more time
- with than that? 18
- 19 No. Α
- 20 So you understand that you're making a serious
- accusation that these particular individuals 21
- 22 should be subject to criminal prosecution, right?
- 23 MR. ELLERBE: Object to the form.
- I understand that I have nothing to do with 24
- 25 whether they get criminally prosecuted or not.

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Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Sept	emb	er	25,	201	. 8
Richard	Liç	htse	у,	еt	al.	v.	Sou	th	Carolina
Electric	. &	Gas	Со	mpan	у,	еt	al.		

	Ricl	neth Browne - September 25, 2018 hard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina ctric & Gas Company, et al.	2
1	Q	I asked you a different question. Do you	
2		understand you're making a serious accusation	
3		these individuals should be subject to criminal	
4		prosecution?	
5		MR. HALTIWANGER: Object to the form.	
6	Q	Is that right? Do you understand you're doing	
7		that today?	
8	A	I don't.	
9	Q	You don't understand that you're accusing these	
10		people of committing a crime in connection with	
11		the SEC filings?	
12		MR. HALTIWANGER: Object to the form.	
13	Q	Is that not what you're doing?	
14		MR. HALTIWANGER: Object to the form.	
15	А	I don't have the filings in front of me. I'm just	
16		telling you that I felt like the progress of the	
17		project was not correctly represented in those	
18		filings. The general status of the project and	
19		the health of the project was not correctly	
20		represented in the filings.	
21	Q	But you can't identify a single filing where you	
22		believe that information was conveyed in the way	
23		that you're describing right now.	
24		MR. COX: Object to the form.	
25	А	Today I cannot.	

Kenneth	Brow	ne -	Septembe	er 25,	2018
Richard	Ligh	tsey,	et al.	v. Sou	th Carolina
Electric	& G	as Co	mpany, e	et al.	

- 1 Q You say you reviewed these SEC filings while you 2 were employed at SCE&G, right?
- 3 A I did not.
- 4 Q I didn't -- I'm sorry, I'm just meaning in terms
- 5 of time.
- 6 A Time, yes.
- 7 Q In terms of time, during the time that you were
- 8 employed at SCE&G --
- 9 A Yes.
- 10 Q -- you reviewed these SEC filings?
- 11 A I read the SEC filings during the time period I
- was employed at SCE&G.
- 13 Q And these are the same as the filings you believe,
- 14 although you can't identify with specificity, that
- 15 described the general status of the project in a
- 16 way that you believe inaccurate?
- 17 A Yes.
- 18 Q What precisely do you think should have been
- 19 disclosed, even if you can't identify what was
- inaccurate, what precisely do you think should
- 21 have been disclosed in these SEC filings about the
- fact that the project was unhealthy?
- 23 A I don't recall ever seeing a discussion of the
- 24 performance factors or the inefficiencies or
- anything of the sort occurring in the SEC filings.

Kenneth	Browne	- September	25, 2018
Richard	Lightse	y, et al. v.	South Carolina
Electric	c & Gas	Company, et	al.

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 and Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.
1	Q	So you believe that the same sum and substance of
2		what we saw in Mr. Byrne's 2015 testimony should
3		have been disclosed in an SEC filing. Is that
4		right?
5	A	Yes.
6	Q	And that's it. Is that right? Is there anything
7		else that you believe should have been disclosed?
8	А	Schedule issues and performance efficiency issues.
9	Q	The same sum and substance of what we saw in
10		Mr. Byrne's 2015 testimony, right?
11	А	Yes.
12	Q	Let's take a quick break; we need to change the
13		tape.
14		VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the end of tape number
15		six in the deposition of Kenneth Browne. We're
16		off the record at 6:53 p.m.
17		(Off the Record)
18		VIDEOGRAPHER: This is tape number seven in
19		the deposition of Kenneth Browne. We're on the
20		record at 7:00 p.m.
21		
22	BY M	MR. CHALLY:
23	Q	Mr. Browne, before we broke to change the tape,
24		you had identified that you reviewed these SEC
25		filings that you were discussing while you were

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

		ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina etric & Gas Company, et al.	28
1		employed during the time that you were employed	
2		at SCE&G, right?	
3	А	I read the SEC filings.	
4	Q	Did you ever raise this concern you had regarding	
5		the disclosures made in the SEC filings to anyone	
6		at SCANA?	
7	А	Nothing other than casual conversation with	
8		coworkers.	
9	Q	When specifically do you recall having a casual	
10		conversation?	
11	А	I don't specifically recall having any casual	
12		conversations.	
13	Q	So is it your testimony that you recall having	
14		casual conversations with coworkers related to the	
15		fact that you believed SCANA executives should be	
16		subject to criminal prosecution?	
17	А	It's my recollection that I had casual	
18		conversation with coworkers at SCE&G and SCANA	
19		that the filings information contained in	
20		filings did not present a clear picture of what I	
21		saw was happening on the VC Summer nuclear	
22		project.	
23	Q	But you can't recall a specific conversation?	
24	А	I cannot.	
25	Q	You're aware of an internal audit department at	
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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

282

- 1 SCANA, right?
- 2 A I'm aware there is one, yes.
- 3 Q And, in fact, you had referred some of the
- 4 Compuworld issues to the internal audit
- 5 department, right?
- 6 A Yes.
- 7 Q You never referred any of these issues, any of
- 8 your concerns related to the SEC filings to the
- 9 internal audit department, right?
- 10 A I did not.
- 11 Q Why not?
- 12 A I didn't think it was my place.
- 13 Q You understand, don't you, that there is a
- 14 confidential telephone line that's available to
- 15 SCE&G and SCANA employees that allows them to
- 16 raise concerns regarding the business and work
- 17 environment that they're operating in, right?
- 18 A Yes.
- 19 Q Did you ever use that resource to make any -- to
- 20 raise any concerns related to the SEC filings?
- 21 A I did not.
- 22 Q Did you ever raise any of these concerns with
- 23 anyone in SCANA's legal department?
- 24 A I did not.
- 25 Q Other than in these casual conversations, you

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

283

1	didn't	discuss	these	concerns	$t_{A7}i + h$	anvone	a t	all
_	aran c	arbeabb	CIICDC	CONCELIN	W I CII	arryonc	αc	$\alpha \perp \perp \prime$

- 2 did you?
- 3 A Correct.
- 4 Q While you were employed, did you ever report these
- 5 issues to the South Carolina Law Enforcement
- 6 Division?
- 7 A I did not.
- 8 Q Did you ever report them to the FBI?
- 9 A I did not.
- 10 Q The US Attorney's office?
- 11 A No.
- 12 Q To police of any kind?
- 13 A No.
- 14 Q To the Securities and Exchange Commission?
- 15 A I did not.
- 16 Q Let me ask you this, before you left, did you ever
- 17 tell anyone, anyone, that you thought the activity
- 18 you're talking about, these SEC disclosures,
- warranted criminal prosecution?
- 20 A I did not.
- 21 Q And you ultimately resigned from the company,
- 22 right?
- 23 A Yes.
- 24 Q Did you tell anybody when you resigned that you
- 25 thought SCANA senior executives had provided

1	Rich	neth Browne - September 25, 2018 hard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina ctric & Gas Company, et al.	284
1		materially inaccurate information in SEC filings?	
2	А	No, I did not.	
3	Q	In fact, when you resigned, you said you had	
4		enjoyed working at SCE&G, correct?	
5	А	That's correct.	
6	Q	Let's have this marked as Exhibit No. 20.	
7		(Whereupon, Resignation Letter of	
8		Kenneth Browne was marked Exhibit No. 20	
9		for identification.)	
10			
11	BY 1	MR. CHALLY:	
12	Q	So you didn't say when you resigned that SCANA	
13		senior executives were not disclosing the project	
14		status accurately, did you?	
15	А	I did not.	
16	Q	You don't even you didn't even say when you	
17		resigned that you weren't pleased with the status	
18		of the project, right?	
19	A	In my resignation letter, I did not.	
20	Q	So you recognize the document that I have marked	
21		as Exhibit No. 20 as your resignation letter,	
22		right?	
23	А	Yes.	
24	Q	And in this document, you say that you "will miss	
25		the friendships I have made here and the	

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

285

- excitement of working on this project." 1 2 Α Yes. 3 Your further say in the second paragraph, very
- last sentence, "This is a very important project 4
- 5 for SCE&G, Santee Cooper, and the residents of our
- state, and I will be watching with great interest 6
- 7 as a spectator."
- 8 That's correct.
- 9 And then the last paragraph, "I have enjoyed my
- time at SCE&G, and I really appreciate the 10
- opportunity that has been provided to me by the 11
- 12 company. The friendships made here and the spirit
- of teamwork and cooperation enjoyed here have 13
- added to my life greatly. I wish you all the best 14
- 15 and I look forward to successful completion of the
- 16 VC Summer new nuclear construction project."
- 17 Α That's correct.
- Does that accurately reflect your views at the 18
- 19 time you left the company?
- 20 Α Yes, it does.
- Other than these casual conversations, the first 21
- 22 time that you discussed your views as to the SEC
- 23 filings was when you were contacted by the FBI and
- 24 SLED. Isn't that right?
- 25 Α That's correct.

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Kenneth	Browne - September 25, 2018
Richard	Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina
Electric	c & Gas Company, et al.

How did you come to be contacted by the FBI and 1 Q

- 2 SLED?
- 3 I don't have a clue.
- 4 Did you reach out to them?
- 5 I did not.
- Did you have any discussions with Carlette Walker 6
- 7 about whether she pointed them, FBI and SLED, in
- 8 your direction?
- I don't recall having a specific conversation as 9
- such, but it's possible that she did do that. 10
- When did you say you had these meetings with the 11
- 12 FBI and SLED?
- 13 November of last year. Α
- And after those meetings, you called Al Bynum, 14
- 15 didn't you?
- 16 Sometime substantially after the meetings I talked
- 17 with Al Bynum.
- You do know who Al Bynum is, right? 18 Q
- 19 Yes. Α
- 20 He's a lawyer at SCANA?
- 21 Correct. Α
- 22 He's someone you worked with while you were
- 23 employed with the company, right?
- 24 Α Yes.
- 25 Do you recall calling him on December 18, 2017?

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina

287 Electric & Gas Company, et al. I don't recall the date. I do recall making a 1 2 call to Al Bynum. 3 Do you recall that you told him on this call about your meetings that occurred in November with the 4 5 FBI and SLED? I think I did, yes. 6 7 Do you recall telling him, and this is a quote, 8 "People were sometimes hard to work with, but 9 nothing criminal and nothing that they did really affected the outcome." Do you recall telling 10 Mr. Bynum that's what you had conveyed to the FBI 11 12 and SLED? 13 No. Α 14 You didn't -- are you telling --15 I don't recall telling Al Bynum that. 16 Let's get precise. Are you -- is it your 17 testimony that you did not tell Al Bynum what I read to you just a minute ago? 18 19 That is not my testimony. My testimony is I do Α not recall telling Al Bynum that. You may have told him that? 0

20 21 22 Α It's possible. 23 Do you recall telling Al Bynum that you believe

after you left the company -- in this 24

25

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December 2017 phone call, do you recall telling Al

Kenneth	Bro	wne	- :	Sept	emb	er	25,	201	L 8
Richard	Liç	, h t s e	у,	еt	al.	v.	Sou	th	Carolina
Electri	- &	Gas	Сог	mpan	v,	еt	al.		

	Ricl	neth Browne - September 25, 2018 hard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina ctric & Gas Company, et al.	28
1		Bynum that you believed SCANA senior executives	
2		warranted criminal prosecution for these SEC	
3		filings?	
4	А	I don't recall what I told Al Bynum in that phone	
5		call.	
6	Q	Let's talk about this EAC work that you did in	
7		2014 and 2015. You would agree with me, would you	
8		not, that Westinghouse was the experienced	
9		contractor, was an experienced contractor for	
10		nuclear development, right?	
11	A	I would not agree with that.	
12	Q	You don't believe Westinghouse was an experienced	
13		contractor for nuclear development?	
14	А	I do not.	
15	Q	You are aware, are you not, that they had designed	
16		the AP1000 reactor?	
17	А	Yes.	
18	Q	You are aware that they had built those nuclear	
19		reactors around the globe?	
20	A	They have not.	
21	Q	You are aware that they are in progress of	
22		building those reactors around the globe?	
23	А	Yes.	
24	Q	And you are aware, are you not, that Westinghouse	
25		had dozens of people involved in managing these	

Kenneth	Browne - September 25, 2018
Richard	Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina
Electric	c & Gas Company, et al.

289

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 aard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina etric & Gas Company, et al.	2
1		kinds of projects?	
2	A	Construction projects around the globe?	
3	Q	Specifically nuclear development.	
4	A	I'm still not aware of that.	
5	Q	How many people did they have on-site how many	
6		people did the Consortium have on-site?	
7	A	We need to draw a distinction between design,	
8		providing equipment, and construction, because	
9		you're not permitting me to.	
10	Q	Fair enough. Let's ask it this way. What about	
11		scheduling?	
12	A	Scheduling.	
13	Q	Are you aware of how many people the Consortium	
14		had involved in scheduling?	
15	А	Consortium or Westinghouse?	
16	Q	Consortium.	
17	А	Consortium had many people involved in scheduling.	
18	Q	Is it fair to say dozens?	
19	А	Yes.	
20	Q	Are you also aware that the Consortium had	
21		information that SCE&G did not have regarding the	
22		construction of the project and the potential	
23		schedule?	
24	А	Yes.	

25 Q And the EAC team that you were a part of was

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	290
1		comprised of how many people?	
2	А	About five or six, whatever's on the sheet here.	
3		Not a lot.	
4	Q	Only one was an engineer, right?	
5	А	If Marion Cherry was on the team, he's an	
6		engineer.	
7	Q	So there was you and Mr. Cherry.	
8	А	He was not on the team; he just was in and out.	
9		It was one engineer.	
10	Q	That was you, right?	
11	А	Oh, I'm sorry. Kyle Young is an engineer also.	
12	Q	So Kyle Young	
13	А	Two engineers.	
14	Q	Two engineers.	
15	А	Correct.	
16	Q	I think you said that you were the only one on	
17		your team that could, I think the words you used	
18		were "speak construction" or something to that	
19		effect?	
20	А	In our business and finance team.	
21	Q	Other than and did you have any experience in	
22		scheduling the construction of a nuclear reactor	
23		development?	
24	А	Scheduling, no.	

Other than in this project, have you ever worked

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Q

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	291
1		on a nuclear construction project?	
2	А	I have not.	
3	Q	Have you ever been involved in managing a nuclear	
4		reactor?	
5	А	I have not.	
6	Q	At this time, this time that you were working on	
7		the EAC team, didn't you say you were also dealing	
8		with your mother's health issues?	
9	А	No, not at the time.	
10	Q	You were trying to go part time, though, weren't	
11		you?	
12	А	At this time, I don't recall exactly when I	
13		started going part time.	
14	Q	Late 2014, you don't recall or early 2015, you	
15		don't believe you were part time?	
16	А	No, I think it 2015, was middle of '15.	
17	Q	So you were the only engineer involved in the EAC	
18		team	
19	А	No.	
20	Q	Excuse me, Kyle Young and you were the only two	
21		engineers.	
22	А	Yes.	
23	Q	Do you know whether Kyle Young, other than this	
24		project, whether Kyle Young has had any	
25		involvement in scheduling construction of a	
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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

292

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	2
1		nuclear construction project?	
2	А	Kyle Young had not.	
3	Q	Are you aware of him, other than in connection	
4		with this project start that one over again.	
5		Are you aware of Mr. Young ever being involved in	
6		managing a nuclear reactor?	
7	А	I'm not aware. In fact, I can say that he was not	
8		involved.	
9	Q	I think you said that you knew that Westinghouse,	
10		in preparing its estimate at completion, had done	
11		a bottom's-up approach. Is that right?	
12	А	I said that CB&I had done a bottoms-up approach.	
13		You're going to have to draw a distinction between	
14		CB&I and Westinghouse in your questions.	
15	Q	Fair enough. So, let's tell me if I'm one	
16		thing that we should agree on, if at any point you	
17		don't understand one of my questions or think that	
18		you need to clarify one of my questions so you can	
19		provide an answer, please do so, okay?	
20	А	Okay.	
21	Q	If you don't do that, though, is it fair to say	
22		that you understood my question and can provide a	
23		complete answer to it?	
24	А	Yes.	

The estimate at completion that SCE&G received in

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Q

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	29
1		2014, did you understand that that was prepared	
2		with a bottoms-up approach?	
3	А	Yes.	
4	Q	And I believe that you said that the actual output	
5		provided to you, the model, involved reams of	
6		paper, right?	
7	A	It was not a model; it was a cost estimate and it	
8		did involve reams of paper.	
9	Q	And I believe you testified that the EAC's	
10		estimate, the one that you developed, was a page?	
11	A	That's correct.	
12	Q	A single page?	
13	А	A large page, but a single page. Model.	
14	Q	Do you have any idea how much time was dedicated	
15		to preparing the estimate at completion that SCE&G	
16		received in 2014 from the Consortium?	
17	А	It was over six months of effort by probably a	
18		dozen people.	
19	Q	Was it in part because of that that the EAC team	
20		concluded that it should hold the Consortium to	
21		this 1.15 productivity factor?	
22	А	I don't understand the question.	
23	Q	You do agree with me, though, don't you, that the	
24		EAC team concluded that it should hold the	

Consortium to its 1.15 productivity factor, right?

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	294
1	A	Yes.	
2	Q	And that's reflected in Exhibit No. 15, the	
3		presentation?	
4	А	Yes. Yes, it is.	
5	Q	Why did the EAC team make that recommendation?	
6	А	We made that recommendation because we felt like	
7		if the Consortium was going to present to us that	
8		they were going to meet that cost with the	
9		performance factor of 1.15, that we should limit	
10		our costs to what it would be with a 1.15	
11		performance factor.	
12	Q	That was most prudent for the company to do at the	
13		time, right?	
14	А	Yes. Now, do you understand what I mean when I	
15		say that?	
16	Q	I believe I do, thank you. Do you know how the	
17		company would hold the Consortium to this	
18		productivity factor if you sought if the	
19		company sought PSC approval for cost increases	
20		more than what the 1.15 allowed?	
21	А	I don't understand that question.	
22	Q	If the company, if SCE&G had went to the PSC and	
23		said I want approval for costs above what the	
24		Consortium had provided based on the fact that we	
25		have a productivity factor higher	
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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

295

- 1 A Right.
- 2 Q -- how could -- do you know, how could SCE&G have
- 3 held the Consortium to its promised 1.15
- 4 productivity factor?
- 5 A They could not.
- 6 MR. COX: Object to the form.
- 7 Q They could not?
- 8 A No. In fact, SCE&G could not hold the Consortium
- 9 to that performance factor anyway because of the
- 10 contract.
- 11 Q I believe earlier in your testimony you said
- 12 something to the effect of, "Everybody acted like
- the project would be done on time." Do you recall
- 14 that?
- 15 A Yes.
- 16 Q And that was one of your concerns related to the
- 17 project?
- 18 A Right.
- 19 Q We already looked at Mr. Byrne's testimony in
- 20 2015, right?
- 21 A Right.
- 22 Q Mr. Byrne didn't act like the project would be
- done on time, did he?
- 24 A From appearances he did, yes.
- 25 Q So he acted like the project would be done on

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

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	nard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina etric & Gas Company, et al.	296
	time? Is that what you're saying?	
А	With the schedule that had been presented at that	
	time, yes.	
Q	Let's go back to his testimony. I believe you	
	have it in front of you.	
А	Yes.	
Q	Page 39, line 19. Mr. Byrne testifies, "These	
	schedules can and almost certainly will change."	
А	Right.	
Q	And it's your testimony here that you believe that	
	is Mr. Byrne acting as if the project was going to	
	be done on time?	
А	If you further read on, "That is because the	
	construction schedule for any project as complex	
	as this is one that will be dynamic." When I read	
	that, that's telling me that what he's saying	

He didn't say that; he said, "These schedules can 20

there when it's going to almost certainly change,

is there's some months it's gonna pull -- go out

21 and almost certainly will change." Did he not?

and some months it's gonna come back.

- 22 Α Right, "It can be expected to vary from month to
- 23 month during the construction period as conditions
- change." 24
- 25 Q And that follows "These schedules can and almost

Kenneth	Bro	wne -	September	25, 201	8
Richard	Lig	htsey,	et al. v.	South	Carolina
Electric	. د ا	Gas Co	mpany, et	al.	

1	certainly	will	change."

- 2 A Correct, that's right.
- 3 Q In fact, the whole point of the 2015 testimony was
- 4 to extend the schedule and the expected cost for
- 5 the project, right?
- 6 A Yes, that's correct.
- 7 Q But it's nevertheless your testimony that
- 8 everybody acted like the project would be done on
- 9 time?
- 10 $\,$ A $\,$ On time as in the filing -- the date that was in
- 11 the filing, the scheduled date for the filing.
- 12 Q Let's flip to page 17. So page 17, beginning on
- line 12, in response to a question of "What do you
- 14 consider to be the most important challenges that
- the project faces going forward?" Beginning on
- 16 page 17, line 12, and then continuing through page
- 17 26 line, 10, Mr. Byrne describes these important
- 18 challenges, right?
- 19 A Yes.
- 20 Q Nine pages of challenges.
- 21 A Yes.
- 22 Q And he indicates in the introduction to each of
- these challenges that, "I do not mean in any way
- 24 to minimize the importance of these remaining
- 25 challenges." Right?

Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Septemb	er	25,	201	. 8
Richard	Lig	, h t s e	у,	, et al.	v.	Sou	th	Carolina
Electric	. &	Gas	Cc	ompany,	еt	al.		

298

		nard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina otric & Gas Company, et al.	25
1	А	Yes.	
2	Q	"The project continues to be highly complex with	
3		thousands of interdependent tasks and multiple	
4		opportunities for problems and delay even where	
5		contractors and subcontractors use great skill and	
6		care." Do you see that?	
7	А	Yes.	
8	Q	And it's your testimony that you believe that is	
9		Mr. Byrne saying that everyone excuse me,	
10		saying that the project would be done on time?	
11	A	I believe that what is addressed here in this	
12		testimony is schedule changes on the order of	
13		magnitude of months, okay? My belief is that the	
14		actual schedule was off in order of magnitude of	
15		years. When I say that everyone behaved or acted	
16		like the project was going to complete on	
17		schedule, what I'm talking about is there was a	
18		goal of meeting a date to support getting the	
19		production tax credits.	
20	Q	How long did you and this is based on your	
21		review in the EAC team that you were participating	
22		in?	
23	A	It is not. It's based on my time working on the	
24		project. Nothing to do with the EAC team. The	

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EAC team looked at cost, not schedule.

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

	Rich	ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina ctric & Gas Company, et al.	299
1	Q	Okay. I think you said that you actually weren't	
2		a part of the scheduling group, right?	
3	А	That's correct.	
4	Q	So even though you weren't part of the scheduling	
5		group, you're independent assessment is that it	
6		was years to be delayed?	
7	А	Yes. And, in fact, that's been borne out by	
8		actual results.	
9	Q	Following Westinghouse's bankruptcy?	
10	А	Even prior to Westinghouse's bankruptcy. Look at	
11		the Vogtle project. Have you looked at the Vogtle	
12		project lately? Their cost estimate right now is	
13		over \$25 billion and their schedule is pushed out	
14		into the mid-2020s.	
15	Q	So would you agree that SCE&G's decision to	
16		abandon the project was appropriate?	
17	А	Yes.	
18	Q	I think you also said that the contractor, and in	
19		this instance, I understand you to be referring to	
20		the Consortium, never gave any concrete examples	
21		of what they could do to improve productivity. Is	
22		that right?	
23	А	That's correct.	
24		(Whereupon, Direct Testimony of Stephen	
25		Byrne 2016 was marked Exhibit No. 21 for	
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Ī		hard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina ctric & Gas Company, et al.	31
1		identification.)	
2			
3	BY I	MR. CHALLY:	
4	Q	I'm handing you what I've marked Exhibit No 21.	
5		Before we get there, can you go back to the 2015	
6		testimony, page 21, line 18. Mr. Byrne testifies,	
7		"In justifying their confidence in the revised	
8		rate on which the current construction schedule is	
9		based, WEC and CB&I points to things like reduced	
10		delay in submodule production, increasing levels	
11		of design finalization, and lessons learned from	
12		construction of the first AP1000 unit in China."	
13		Do you see that?	
14	А	Yes.	
15	Q	So aren't these examples of what they could do to	
16		improve their productivity?	
17	А	Not really.	
18	Q	Why not?	
19	А	Because these three things here, reduce delay in	
20		submodule production, has nothing to do with	
21		productivity factors. That's off-site work,	
22		producing submodules. Increasing levels of design	
23		finalization is getting the design complete. That	
24		doesn't impact performance factor. The last	
25		lesson learned from construction of the first	
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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

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	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	30
1		AP1000 unit in China, they're not sending craft	
2		people to China to learn how to build it. What	
3		they're incorporating there is correcting design	
4		deficiencies that are identified in China before	
5		the work gets done on-site.	
6	Q	But they do you agree with me, though, that	
7		they do explain why it was at least possible that	
8		future PF, productivity factor, would be better	
9		than historical productivity factor.	
10	А	Who explains?	
11	Q	These if you learned lessons from the	
12		construction of the first AP1000 unit in China,	
13		that might lead to increased productivity in the	
14		future, right?	
15	А	If you sent the craft people to China so they	
16		could learn the lessons, it would, but that's not	
17		what this is addressing. I do not agree with you.	
18		You said do I agree with you? I do not agree with	
19		you.	
20	Q	Fair enough. So let's go to the 2016 testimony.	
21	А	Okay.	
22	Q	Particularly page 18. First off, you were	
23		employed through the company you were employed	
24		at the company through July of 2016, right?	
25	А	Correct.	

	Rich	aeth Browne - September 25, 2018 aard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina stric & Gas Company, et al.	302
1	Q	So are you aware of 25 key work streams that	
2		Westinghouse and Fluor identified as important	
3		targets for improvement?	
4	А	Yes.	
5	Q	And you are aware that many of those changes were	
6		implemented before the time you left, right?	
7	А	Yes.	
8	Q	And you are aware that those changes include	
9		standardized and simplified work packages for	
10		nuclear island construction, streamlined processes	
11		for equipment transfers between suppliers and	
12		contractors, and processes to minimize design	
13		changes for module and submodule vendors, correct?	
14	А	Yes.	
15	Q	Is it your testimony that that has no impact on	
16		productivity factor?	
17	А	Absolutely not. These are tremendous impacts to	
18		productivity factor, all implemented by Fluor when	
19		they came on-site after the fixed-price option was	
20		implemented in 2015, 2016. All the discussions	
21		concerning performance factors and failure to	
22		address performance factors were through CB&I and	
23		Shaw, which were all prior to Fluor coming	
24		on-site. And if you'll check the record, I	
25		believe I did say that Fluor made great	

Kenneth	Browne - September 25, 2018	
Richard	Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina	
Electri	& Gas Company, et al.	

- 1 improvements when they came on-site and it was a
- very good thing to see Fluor show up on-site.
- 3 Q Okay, so those were the concrete examples that you
- 4 were looking for?
- 5 A Yes.
- 6 Q And they came about when Fluor became involved?
- 7 A Yes.
- 8 Q I think you testified earlier that by the time we
- 9 went to -- time SCE&G went to the fixed-price
- 10 option, productivity factors were irrelevant,
- 11 right?
- 12 A Correct. Not irrelevant, because they impact the
- 13 schedule. But they were not relevant regarding
- 14 cost because we had the fixed-price.
- 15 Q Okay. I believe you also testified that you
- 16 understood the only benefit to Westinghouse of the
- fixed-price option was getting CB&I out of the
- 18 Consortium. Is that right?
- 19 A Yes.
- 20 Q Don't you recall that the fixed-price option, or
- 21 at least the EPC amendment that led to the
- 22 fixed-price option, resolved various disputes
- 23 related to the project between the owners and the
- 24 Consortium?
- 25 A Yes.

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	304
1	Q	And it ultimately facilitated a path forward on	
2		the project, right?	
3	А	It resolved disputes that sooner or later would	
4		have probably been impediments to progress.	
5	Q	So it was a way, was it not, that Westinghouse	
6		particularly could move forward and attempt to	
7		complete construction?	
8	А	Yes.	
9	Q	And that was in Westinghouse's interest, wasn't	
10		it?	
11	А	It was in the owner's interest.	
12	Q	Certainly in the owner's interest, but it was also	
13		in Westinghouse's interest, wasn't it?	
14	А	I'm not sure why.	
15	Q	Hadn't you been informed that Westinghouse was	
16		pursuing these projects in other places, nuclear	
17		develop projects?	
18	А	Which we were informed of that, yes.	
19	Q	And Westinghouse had said that to the owners,	
20		right?	
21	А	Right.	
22	Q	And weren't you also aware that Westinghouse	
23		viewed this project as a loss leader?	
24		MR. COX: Object to the form.	
25	А	That was our understanding. I believe I mentioned	

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	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	305
1		that earlier today. That was the only concept	
2		that made it work.	
3	Q	We talked earlier, or you talked pretty	
4		extensively with Mr. Haltiwanger and to a degree	
5		with Mr. Cox, about the process that led to	
6		testimony provided by Carlette Walker in 2015 to	
7		the PSC?	
8	А	Yes.	
9	Q	Did you view yourself as somewhat of Carlette	
10		Walker's stand-in at this meeting that you talked	
11		about?	
12	А	No.	
13	Q	Why wasn't she there?	
14	А	I'm not sure.	
15	Q	You have no idea?	
16	А	I don't actually.	
17	Q	Did she regularly miss meetings where testimony	
18		she was going to be providing to the PSC would be	
19		discussed?	
20	А	She rarely missed meetings when she was away from	
21		the site due to her husband's illnesses, but I'm	
22		not sure if that was the case at this time or not.	
23	Q	Following this meeting, you understood the	
24		decision to use the Consortium's number for	

purposes of preparing the 2015 testimony, didn't

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

306

- 1 you?
- 2 Α Yes.
- 3 You accepted that decision, didn't you?
- 4 I did. Α
- And Ms. Walker did as well, didn't she? 5
- I don't know if she did or not. 6
- 7 You are aware that she actually submitted the
- 8 testimony, correct?
- 9 Α Yes.
- Is it your testimony today that she was compelled 10
- to submit the testimony? 11
- 12 MR. COX: Object to the form.
- 13 That is not my testimony that she was compelled
- 14 to. I'm not sure that she was able to fully read
- 15 and understand the testimony because of her time
- 16 away.
- 17 Are you aware that she also provided testimony
- live to the Commission? 18
- I'm not sure how it works; I've never been to a 19 Α
- 20 PSC hearing.
- 21 You don't know whether or not she did? 0
- 22 Α I don't know.
- 23 Did she tell you that she was going to go to the
- internal audit department because of this 24
- 25 testimony?

Kenneth	Brov	wne -	September	25, 201	8
Richard	Ligl	htsey,	et al. v.	South	Carolina
Electric	. & (Gas Co	mpanv, et	al.	

307

1	Α	She	did	not.

- In fact, she had been in the internal audit 2
- 3 department herself, right?
- 4 Yes. Α
- 5 So she, to your knowledge, would have known how to
- 6 raise issues related to someone attempting to
- 7 compel her to provide false testimony if she
- 8 wanted to, right?
- 9 MR. COX: Object to the form.
- 10 She was aware of the internal audit. If you're
- trying to put words into my mouth and say she was 11
- 12 compelled to do it, I don't know if she was ever
- 13 compelled. She never did tell me that she was
- forced to do this. 14
- 15 Did she ever tell you that she was going to resign
- 16 because she thought this testimony was inaccurate?
- 17 Α She did not.
- Did she ever tell you that she ever tried to get 18
- out of providing this testimony in 2015? 19
- 20 Α No, she did not.
- Is it your testimony today that the testimony 21
- 22 Ms. Walker provided was inaccurate?
- 23 It was not inaccurate.
- 24 And Ms. Walker's testimony is clear, is it not,
- 25 that she was disclosing the schedule and costs as

ELECTRONICALLY FILED - 2018 November 2 3:16 PM - SCPSC - Docket # 2017-370-E - Page 308 of 512

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

308

- received by the Consortium, right? 1
- 2 MR. COX: Object to the form.
- 3 Yes. I believe it was. It's clear in
- 4 Mr. Byrne's, and I would imagine hers was
- 5 consistent with that.
- (Whereupon, Direct Testimony of Carlette 6
- Walker 2015 was marked Exhibit No. 22
- 8 for identification.)

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- 10 BY MR. CHALLY:
- I've handed you what I've marked as Exhibit 11
- 12 No. 22. It is a copy of the prefiled testimony
- 13 that Ms. Walker submitted. Is this the testimony
- 14 that you were discussing earlier that you recall
- 15 seeing at this meeting?
- 16 Yes. This testimony addresses cost only, but it
- 17 does appear to be clear that it was the cost
- provided by Westinghouse and CB&I. 18
- And, in fact, Ms. Walker specifically indicates 19
- 20 that, "the productivity factors realized on the
- project to date are less favorable than those 21
- 22 originally projected by WEC and CB&I." Right?
- 23 Page 11, line 22.
- 24 Yes. She refers to Mr. Byrnes' and Mr. Jones'
- 25 testimony and reiterates that it's less favorable.

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina 309 Electric & Gas Company, et al. 1 Let's look at page 15, line 19. "WEC/CB&I also 2 has not met the overall productivity factors on 3 which its original cost estimates were based and has increased its labor productivity factors 5 resulting in increased direct craft labor cost for the project." Right? 6 7 That's correct. 8 So Ms. Walker clearly disclosed that the 9 productivity factors had in the past been a challenge for WEC and CB&I, right? 10 11 Yes. 12 And that's totally accurate, isn't it? 0 13 It is accurate. Α Is there any aspect of this testimony at all that 14 15 you believe to be inaccurate in any way? 16 Without sitting here and reading through the whole 17 thing again, I cannot answer that question. I'd like you to do that. 18 Q 19 Okay. (Witness reviewing document). Can you ask 20 the question again. 21 22 COURT REPORTER: Is there any aspect of this 23 testimony at all that you believe to be inaccurate in any way? 24 25

	Renneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.				
1	А	The answer is yes.			
2	Q	Which portions?			
3	A	Page 14, the paragraph beginning on line 16,			
4		there's a subtle difference here in this testimony			
5		and what Mr. Byrne presented. Would you like for			
6		me to read it?			
7	Q	However you think is best to describe your issue?			
8	А	This says, "Through discussions with the WEC/CB&I			
9		team, EAC team, and based upon SCE&G's review and			
10		analysis of the information provided and			
11		representations made to the company by WEC/CB&I,			
12		SCE&G approved for filing under the BLRA the EAC			
13		cost as a reasonable and prudent estimate of the			
14		target price and time and materials price for			
15		completion of the project." Okay. That			
16		doesn't there's a distinction there where this			
17		says that while it was provided by WEC/CB&I, SCE&G			
18		approves this as a reasonable and prudent cost.			
19		And I don't believe that is a fair representation			
20		of I say the EAC's team analysis of this cost.			
21	Q	You thought the cost should be higher, right?			
22	А	Yes.			
23	Q	Did you say that this is information you thought			
24		was a slight variation of what Mr. Byrne			
25		describes?			

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 aard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	311
1	А	I believe the wording is different here.	
2	Q	So the wording that you saw in Mr. Byrne's	
3		testimony didn't have this issue. Is that right?	
4	А	I don't think so.	
5	Q	And I think you said there was another?	
6	А	It's the same issue on page 20. The question,	
7		"Did SCE&G determine whether WEC/CB&I's revised	
8		estimate was reasonable?" Response, "Yes. The	
9		review team analyzed this increased cost as part	
10		of the process I previously described and approved	
11		for filing under the BLRA EAC this cost as a	
12		reasonable and prudent estimate of the target	
13		price and time and materials price for completion	
14		of the project. However, the company has not	
15		waived and has specifically reserved all rights	
16		under the EPC contract and otherwise.	
17	Q	Is the similar concern you have with this	
18		language?	
19	А	Yes.	
20	Q	Nothing else based on your review?	
21	А	Correct. And the distinction here, as I read	
22		this, this is saying that SCE&G supports this as a	
23		reasonable and prudent cost. Whereas, in	
24		Mr. Byrne's testimony, I believe he represents it	

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fully as the cost as provided from the contractor.

		nard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina ctric & Gas Company, et al.	31
1	Q	I believe in your testimony we can put that one	
2		aside; I'm done with that. I believe in your	
3		testimony, you discussed your understanding of an	
4		issue with owner's cost as initially disclosed to	
5		the PSC. Is that right?	
6	A	Owner's cost?	
7	Q	Yeah, the expected owner's cost?	
8	A	I questioned about owner's cost, yes.	
9	Q	And specifically whether there was any alteration	
10		to expected owner's cost between what was expected	
11		of what was ultimately presented to the PSC. Do	
12		you recall that?	
13	А	No, I don't recall I believe the discussion	
14		was, and I don't know if we can go back to it or	
15		not, but whether there had been changes made to	
16		the owner's cost by SCE&G prior to filing that	
17		cost with the Public Service Commission.	
18	Q	That's what I was referring to. I may not have	
19		characterized it that way.	
20	A	And the answer to that was, yes, SCE&G did make	
21		changes to the owner's cost prior to the filing,	
22		and it was based on an input from Westinghouse	
23		concerning the number of people that would be	
24		required to operate and maintain the new units.	
25		Our internal team felt like there was a	
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	Ric	neth Browne - September 25, 2018 hard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina ctric & Gas Company, et al.	31
1		possibility for more people based on the unit one	
2		quantity of people, and Westinghouse said because	
3		of the new technology, we can do it with fewer	
4		people.	
5	Q	Did you independently validate the information	
6		provided to the PSC on owner's cost to determine	
7		whether it was accurate?	
8	А	No.	
9	Q	And make sure I understand your testimony. SCE&G	
10		disclosed what the Consortium had told SCE&G. Is	
11		that right?	
12	А	That's what the owner's cost was based on, I	
13		believe, yes.	
14	Q	Who specifically at SCE&G thought the number	
15		should be lower?	
16	А	Lower than?	
17	Q	What Westinghouse had suggested.	
18	А	Nobody. They used the Westinghouse number.	
19	Q	So no one at SCE&G thought the number should be	
20		lower than what Westinghouse	
21	А	Correct. There were some people, I believe it was	
22		Unit One operations people, who felt like it	
23		should be higher, more people.	
24	Q	I'm sorry. Okay. Thank you. Who at SCE&G	
25		thought that the number should be higher?	

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

314

	Elec	tric & Gas Company, et al.
1	А	Unit One operations people. I mean, I don't have
2		any names. The way the owner's cost was
3		developed, there was two parallel paths: Getting
4		information from Westinghouse and they were
5		getting information from Unit One as to how many
6		people do you need in each department to run the
7		plant with. And the headcount number came up
8		different. And it was decided to use the
9		Westinghouse number for the headcount which could
10		be inferred to develop an owner's cost, which was
11		low, fewer people than what the Unit One
12		operations, which is not an unreasonable thing
13		because it has more modern controls, it's modern
14		equipment, and it's reasonable to expect you would
15		have fewer people.
16	Q	Earlier you said that there was one specific thing
17		that you thought could be done to improve the
18		productivity on-site.
19	А	Yes.
20	Q	And you referred to craft being on-site with no
21		work to do?
22	А	Yes.
23	Q	And you said that what SCE&G could have done is
24		told the contractors to send people home, right?
25	A	We could have tried that, yes.

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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

315

1 Q Did	you?
---------	------

- 2 A I did.
- 3 Q You tried that?
- 4 A Yes.
- 5 Q What was the response?
- 6 A The contract says that the contractor's
- 7 responsible for all means and methods of
- 8 construction. Which means as an EPC contract,
- 9 that's his business and not ours.
- 10 Q So you weren't aware of a contractual right to do
- 11 what it is you were suggesting be done to increase
- 12 productivity factor?
- 13 A I'm aware -- I can tell you there was no
- 14 contractual right to do that.
- 15 Q At the end of your testimony, your discussion with
- 16 Mr. Cox, you said that there were certain costs
- 17 that you believed were not prudent?
- 18 A Yes.
- 19 Q Which ones?
- 20 A Can't identify them right now.
- 21 Q You can't identify a single one?
- 22 A No.
- 23 Q How would you go about trying to define the
- 24 expenses that you believe to be imprudent even if
- 25 you can't identify them?

ELECTRONICALLY FILED - 2018 November 2 3:16 PM - SCPSC - Docket # 2017-370-E - Page 316 of 512

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

1 A I don't understand that -- how would I go about

- 2 identifying them?
- 3 Q Right.
- 4 A I'd have to go back through and look at all of the
- 5 costs and what we spent money on through the
- 6 project and every decision made.
- 7 Q What would you be looking for?
- 8 A I'd be looking for things that were built that
- 9 didn't need to be built. Equipment that was
- 10 purchased that didn't need to be purchased.
- 11 Q How would you determine whether it needed to be
- 12 built or equipment needed to be purchased?
- 13 A It was my understanding of prudent is what would a
- 14 reasonable person do in the same situation. And I
- 15 would have to look at every cost and say is it a
- 16 prudent decision to make that -- to make that
- 17 decision. I believe there were some decisions
- 18 made that were not prudent.
- 19 Q Which ones? Which ones?
- 20 A I'll tell you what, you put me on the payroll,
- 21 send me -- give me the budget and the money that
- 22 was spent and I'll pull them out and find them for
- 23 you. It's been two years since I set foot on that
- 24 project.
- 25 Q I believe you testified earlier that the

Kenneth	Browne	- September	25, 2018
Richard	Lights	ey, et al. v.	South Carolina
Electric	. & Gas	Company, et	al.

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	31
1		productivity factor had never been below 1.15. Do	
2		you recall that?	
3		MR. HALTIWANGER: Object to the form.	
4	А	It was below 1.15 early in the project when they	
5		were doing civil work. Once they started vertical	
6		construction, it was never below 1.15.	
7	Q	So if you had testified earlier today that the	
8		productivity factor had never been below 1.15,	
9		that was just inaccurate, right?	
10		MR. HALTIWANGER: Object to the form.	
11	А	Yes.	
12		MR. CHALLY: I need to take a couple minutes.	
13		I think I might be through.	
14		VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record at 8 o'clock	
15		p.m.	
16		(Off the Record)	
17		VIDEOGRAPHER: On the record at 8:10 p.m.	
18			
19	BY M	MR. CHALLY:	
20	Q	Mr. Browne, back to productivity for a second. On	
21		things that SCE&G could have done and did do, are	
22		you aware, are you not, that SCE&G was withholding	
23		certain payments to the Consortium based on its	

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belief that the Consortium had experienced delays?

24

25

Α

Yes.

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 aard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	31
1	Q	You said earlier that Ray Charles could see the	
2		issues you had seen related to the status of the	
3		project, right?	
4	А	Related to the schedule completion at the current	
5		work completion rates.	
6	Q	And that's based on information that you had	
7		related to historical productivity factors and the	
8		various different rations that you identified,	
9		right?	
10	А	If I can locate it, I can show you what that's	
11		based on. This is Exhibit No. 16. The next to	
12		the last curve, that is a graphical representation	
13		of what I was describing at that time.	
14	Q	So I understand. But is your testimony, this sort	
15		of Ray Charles comment, was that specific to this	
16		particular document or was it broader to the	
17		schedule and cost of the project?	
18	А	It was specific to the impact represented in this	
19		curve.	
20	Q	So you're saying, if you just look if someone	
21		provided this particular document to Ray Charles,	
22		Ray Charles could understand what it's conveying.	
23		Is that right?	
24	А	Yes. Of course, that is a there's not a lot of	

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humor in it because Ray Charles is blind.

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	319
1	Q	Right.	
2	A	But this this would represent that I would	
3		believe anyone could look at this curve if they	
4		understood what is represented here and recognize	
5		there is a problem.	
6	Q	And this, the inputs to this curve, as you	
7		understand it, are the productivity factors. Is	
8		that right?	
9	А	The input to this curve is the work completed	
10		during a fixed period of time and the time	
11		remaining in the project to complete the remaining	
12		work.	
13	Q	And the amount of work completed in a fixed period	
14		of time was known to individuals who were involved	
15		in the project, right?	
16	А	Yes.	
17	Q	And the amount of work completed during a fixed	
18		period of time was also known to the Office of	
19		Regulatory Staff, wasn't it?	
20	А	Yes.	
21	Q	So the Office of Regulatory Staff could have	
22		prepared a chart, to your understanding, very	
23		similar to the one that we are looking at right	
24		now in Exhibit No. 16?	
25		MR. COX: Object to the form.	

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

320

- They could have. 1 Α
- 2 And so they could have then known just as Ray
- 3 Charles could know what the issues were in terms
- of the likely schedule for the project, right? 4
- 5 MR. COX: Object to the form.
- 6 Α Yes.
- 7 Can you pull out Exhibit No. 13, which is your
- 8 email exchange with Carlette Walker.
- 9 Thirteen, yes. Α
- In your testimony related to this particular 10
- document, I believe you indicated that you 11
- 12 understood you were challenging an official
- position of SCE&G? 13
- 14 Α Yes.
- 15 What is the official position you thought you were
- 16 challenging?
- 17 That the Unit Two would complete in September
- of 2018 and Unit Three would complete in September 18
- of 2019. 19
- SCE&G promptly disclosed to the PSC that there 20
- would be a delay in that project completion date, 21
- 22 didn't they?
- 23 MR. COX: Object to form.
- At what time? 24
- You said that -- you sent this email in August. 25

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

321

		ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	32
1		Aren't you aware that in March of 2015, SCE&G	
2		publicly petitioned the Public Service Commission	
3		for a new schedule and new costs for completion of	
4		the project?	
5	А	That's correct. What date was that?	
6	Q	That was in March 2015.	
7	А	And what date was this email?	
8	Q	August.	
9	А	Correct. In August of 2014, the official position	
10		of SCE&G was September of 2018 and September	
11		of 2019.	
12	Q	Where was that official position announced, to	
13		your understanding?	
14	А	In any reports that would've been filed at this	
15		point in time.	
16	Q	Is it your testimony that reports that went in	
17		after August 2014 committed to a substantial	
18		completion date shorter or sooner than what you	
19		believed was appropriate at the time?	
20	А	Say that again.	
21	Q	Is it your testimony that you believe reports	
22		submitted after the date of your email, filings	
23		submitted to the PSC after that date, reported on	
24		a substantial completion date different than or	
25		excuse me, committed to a substantial completion	
ı			

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Kenneth	Browne	- September	25, 2018
Richard	Lights	ey, et al. v.	South Carolina
Electric	. & Gas	Company, et	al.

date of	' 18	and	' 19?
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- 2 A Prior to the March of 2015 filing, I cannot
- 3 specifically give you dates of reports, but I
- 4 would expect that any reports submitted prior to
- 5 that March filing would have dates of September
- 6 '18 and September of '19.
- 7 Q But do you know whether or not they do?
- 8 A I don't have them in front of me.
- 9 Q Do you know whether there were any discussions
- 10 with the Office of Regulatory Staff or any member
- of the PSC related to the expectation of
- submitting a petition in 2015?
- 13 A I don't know that there was or not; I can't say.
- 14 Q The old schedule that we're talking about. This
- 15 '18 and '19, that schedule was also based on dates
- that the Consortium had given SCE&G, right?
- 17 A Yes, that's correct.
- 18 Q Mr. Browne, since the time you left SCE&G, have
- 19 you had discussions with Carlette Walker?
- 20 A I have had discussions with Carlette Walker.
- 21 Q You said you had discussed your deposition with
- 22 Carlette, I believe, right?
- 23 A No, I did not. I told you that I discussed the
- fact that I was going to have a deposition with
- 25 Carlette Walker.

	Richa	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	323
1	Q	When did you have that discussion with her?	
2	А	In an email conversation last week.	
3	Q	What's your email address?	
4	А	Actually, it was a Facebook Messenger discussion.	
5	Q	Did she reach out to you?	
6	А	She did.	
7	Q	How did she know you were going to be deposed?	
8	А	I don't know. I'm sure well, I know that it	
9		was publicly posted by the Public Service	
10		Commission, and I'm guessing that's how she knows.	
11	Q	The date of your deposition? It's your belief	
12		that the date of your deposition was publicly	
13		disclosed with the Public Service Commission?	
14	А	I know for a fact that the date of my deposition	
15		was publicly disclosed by the Public Service	
16		Commission.	
17	Q	What was the exchange with Ms. Walker on this	
18		topic?	
19	А	Would you like for me to read it to you?	
20	Q	I would.	
21	А	I don't think this is appropriate, but I'm going	
22		to humor you.	
23	Q	Okay.	
24	А	"Hey Ken, hope you are enjoying your grandbabies	
25		and now being able to get back up to the	
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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

324

	Elec	tric & Gas Company, et al.
1		mountains. I thought you might be interested to
2		learn that I heard from Aaron Hawkins this
3		morning. He was trying to find out where Keller
4		Kissam's home is. He asked me to confirm his read
5		of my thoughts that Keller was an honest guy on
6		staff. I took the liberty to make sure they knew
7		of Byron Hinson's role as well as Kenny Jackson's.
8		They may not get in trouble, but at least I would
9		like to think that being interviewed by the FBI
10		will rattle their cages. I hope your deposition
11		goes well next week. I would love to talk to you
12		afterwards to learn of the nature of their
13		questions. I will call you. If I'm home, just
14		leave me a message and I will call you back
15		assuming you feel you want to talk about it. I
16		also want you to know my attorney had to answer a
17		subpoena with a copy of my file again. I don't
18		know who wanted it." And I don't know what she's
19		talking about there on the file.
20	Q	Do you intend to call Ms. Walker after your
21		deposition?
22	А	About the deposition?
23	Q	Uh-huh.
24	А	No.
25	Q	Are you aware that Ms. Walker was deposed in this

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Office of Regulatory Staff Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Septe	mber	25,	201	. 8
Richard	Lig	htse	у,	et a	1. v.	Sou	th	Carolina
Electric	. &	Gas	Cc	mpany	, et	al.		

325

1	case?
⊥	case:

- 2 Α No, I'm not.
- 3 It's your testimony that you didn't discuss with
- 4 Ms. Walker any aspect of her deposition?
- 5 I did not. Yes, it is. That is my testimony.
- 6 I'd like to -- how many times have you discussed
- 7 issues related to the project or this litigation
- 8 with Ms. Walker since you left the company in
- 9 July 2016?
- 10 I have never discussed litigations with the
- company -- against the company, with Ms. Walker. 11
- 12 Well, your Facebook Messenger talks about a
- 13 subpoena that Ms. Walker received. I'm intending
- 14 litigation against the company to encompass even
- those kinds of discussions. 15
- 16 I have never discussed litigations with
- 17 Ms. Walker. The cases -- I don't even know what
- the cases are to discuss. 18
- 19 Have you ever discussed a subpoena with Ms. Walker Q
- 20 since you left the company in July 2016?
- 21 I know that she was subpoenaed by the FBI. Α
- 22 How do you know that? 0
- 23 Because she told me. Α
- 24 When did she tell you that?
- 25 I don't recall when it was. Sometime last winter.

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- Through what means did she tell you that? 1 2 a Facebook message? 3 No, it was a discussion. I've had dinner with her 4 and her husband. 5 What do you recall her telling you about this? Q 6 Α About what? 7 The subpoena she received from the FBI? 8 Just that she was subpoenaed. Α 9 Nothing else? Q 10 Α No. There's no other discussion on that topic? 11 12 Α Nope. She simply said "I received a subpoena from the 13 FBI" and you all moved on to a different issue? 14 15 She said that she received a subpoena and that was 16 the only way she could testify -- or wasn't 17 testifying, just felt like she could discuss the project. Her attorney told her that she had to 18 19 have a subpoena to be able to do it. That was 20 after the time that I had spoken with the FBI.
- 22 A I did tell her that I spoke with the FBI.
- 23 Q What did you tell her about that discussion?
- 24 A That's all.

21

0

25 Q Did you tell her the topics that you discussed

Did you tell her that you had spoken with the FBI?

Office of Regulatory Staff Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

Kenneth	Browne - S	eptember 25,	2018
Richard	Lightsey,	et al. v. Sou	th Carolina
Electric	& Gas Com	pany, et al.	

327

1	 wi	th	the	FBI?

- I told her we had discussed a spreadsheet, the 2
- 3 cost spreadsheet.
- 4 Nothing else? 0
- 5 Right.
- Isn't that unusual, to have a discussion with a 6
- 7 former employee about an interview with the FBI?
- 8 MR. HALTIWANGER: Object to the form.
- 9 I don't know if it's unusual or not. It's unusual
- for me to have a discussion with the FBI. I've 10
- only had one in my life. 11
- 12 So I'm trying to understand how it's possible that
- 13 it was a -- well, how long was the discussion
- between you and Ms. Walker related to the 14
- 15 interview you had with the FBI?
- 16 Just a few minutes.
- 17 Okay. 0
- It was at the Red Bowl Asian Bistro in the Village 18
- 19 at Sandhills. My wife and myself and her husband
- and her. And my wife doesn't like for me to talk 20
- about this stuff and neither does her husband. 21
- 22 Fair enough. Any other instance where you have Q
- 23 discussed with Ms. Walker a subpoena?
- 24 Α No.
- 25 0 Any other instance where you have received a text

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Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Sept	e m b	еr	25,	201	. 8
Richard	Lig	htse	у,	еt	al.	v.	Sou	th	Carolina
Electric	&	Gas	Со	mpan	у,	еt	al.		

	Elec	tric & Gas Company, et al.
1		message or an email or a message of any kind from
2		Ms. Walker related to a subpoena?
3	А	I don't think so, no.
4	Q	Other than this one instance you already
5		discussed, have you ever discussed with Ms. Walker
6		any investigation currently underway related to
7		the project?
8	А	Not other than that time.
9	Q	What other discussions have you had with
10		Ms. Walker since you left the company in 2016 that
11		touched on the project?
12	А	I don't recall any. I mean, we've seen them
13		socially maybe two or three times in that time
14		period.
15	Q	Do you exchange emails with Ms. Walker?
16	А	No.
17	Q	Have you ever exchanged text messages with
18		Ms. Walker since you left the company?
19	А	I don't know if I have or not, honestly.

21 A I have her cell phone number in my phone, yes.

Do you know her cell phone number?

22 Q Is there any reason why you couldn't tell me right

now whether you had text messages with Ms. Walker

24 from July 2016 to the present?

20

Q

25 A I don't know if there is or not.

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Office of Regulatory Staff Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

	Richa	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	329
1	Q	Do you have your phone with you?	
2	A	I have my phone.	
3	Q	Can you search your phone using Ms. Walker's phone	
4		number to see whether or not you've had a text	
5		message with her since July 2016?	
6	А	I can do that.	
7	Q	Okay, please.	
8	А	(Witness complies). All regarding my wife and	
9		issues that my wife had this past spring.	
10	Q	So no text messages with Ms. Walker related to the	
11		project?	
12	А	Not in my phone, right.	
13	Q	While you have that, what's the date of the	
14		Facebook message that she sent you that you read?	
15	А	It doesn't have a date. It's Friday 6:49 p.m. and	
16		I'm guessing it was probably a week-and-a-half	
17		or a week-and-a-half ago or so.	
18	Q	Other than your lawyer, have you talked to any	
19		lawyers in any way related to the project since	
20		you left the company in July 2016?	
21	А	No. Well, I did call and talk to Al Bynum in	
22		December of last year, and I specifically called	
23		and talked to Al Bynum about getting assistance in	
24		paying for my lawyer because I don't think it's	
25		right. Because I'm suffering and spending my time	
		Thomas Count Donastine Inc Count	

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Office of Regulatory Staff Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Sept	emb	er	25,	201	. 8
Richard	Liç	, h t s e	у,	et	al.	v.	Sou	t h	Carolina
Electric	. &	Gas	Сc	mpan	у,	еt	al.		

0

I	Rich	neth Browne - September 25, 2018 nard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina otric & Gas Company, et al.	330
1	E.F.C.		
1		here and have my attorney and nobody's paying my	
2		legal expenses.	
3	Q	Other than discussions with your lawyer and	
4		Mr. Bynum, are you aware of any other discussions	
5		you had with anyone who is affiliated with a	
6		lawyer about the project. So an assistant, a	
7		paralegal, an investigator, anything of that sort?	
8	А	I have not.	
9	Q	Since you left SCE&G in July 2016, have you talked	
10		about the project with Marion Cherry?	
11	A	Yes.	
12	Q	How often?	
13	A	Maybe four times in that time period.	
14	Q	What do you recall discussing with Mr. Cherry?	
15	A	The status of things, what's going on.	
16	Q	Stuff you see in the newspaper?	
17	А	No. What's happening on the project. After it	
18		shut down, what's happening with the equipment,	
19		things like that. Just more of a casual interest	
20		in the project than anything else.	
21	Q	Have you ever discussed the dispute that involves	
22		SCE&G related to the project with Mr. Cherry since	
23		you left SCE&G in July 2016?	

What dispute? 24 Α

25 This dispute, any of the disputes that you're Q

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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina 331 Electric & Gas Company, et al. aware of involving the company? 1 2 Α No. 3 MR. CHALLY: That's all I have. Thank you. 4 VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the end of tape number 5 seven in the deposition of Kenneth Browne. off the record at 8:30 p.m. 6 7 (Off the Record) 8 VIDEOGRAPHER: This is tape number eight in 9 the deposition of Kenneth Browne. We're on the record at 8:35 p.m. 10 11 12 13 RE-EXAMINATION 14 BY MR. COX: 15 Mr. Browne, I just have a few follow-up questions 16 for you. In March 2015, do you believe that the 17 cost EAC that your team prepared was a better and 18 more accurate forecast of the anticipated cost required to complete the project than the 19 Consortium's cost EAC? 20 21 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 22 Α Yes. 23 Now, Mr. Chally had you go through Ms. Walker's 24 testimony and identify any statements you believed 25 were not correct. I don't believe you had the

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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018

332

	Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.						
1		chance to do that with Mr. Byrne's. So I would					
2		like to turn you to, if you could pull out Exhibit					
3		No. 18, which is Mr. Byrne's 2015 testimony.					
4	А	Got it.					
5	Q	If you could turn to page 39 of that document.					
6	А	Right.					
7	Q	I'm going to read the two sentences from line five					
8		to 10, and then I'm going to ask you if you					
9		believe these statements are correct? If the					
10		statement is correct. "The schedules presented					
11		here are the schedules that WEC/CB&I has					
12		represented to SCE&G that it is prepared to meet					
13		and that SCE&G has carefully reviewed with					
14		WEC/CB&I. For those reasons, I can affirm that					
15		these schedules represent the best and most					
16		definitive forecast of the anticipated costs and					
17		construction schedule required to complete this					
18		project that is available as of the date of this					
19		filing of the testimony." Do you believe that					
20		second sentence was accurate?					
21	А	No.					
22	Q	Why not?					
23	A	Because the costs were not the best and most					
24		definitive forecast at that time.					
O.F.	0						

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The work that your team did was the best and most

25

Q

Kenneth	Browne -	September	25, 20	18
Richard	Lightsey,	et al. v	South	Carolina

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	3
1		definitive forecast?	
2	А	It was better.	
3	Q	It was better evidence than what the Consortium	
4		had given you?	
5	А	Correct.	
6	Q	And isn't it correct, Mr. Browne, that the SCE&G	
7		attorneys that you spoke to did not tell you that	
8		they were using the Consortium's numbers because	
9		they were better and more accurate numbers?	
10		MR. CHALLY: Object to form. And Judge Hayes	
11		has ruled as to this particular meeting. If	
12		you're asking a broader question, we're going to	
13		have the same issue. So if you're limiting it to	
14		this meeting, then we will subject to our, you	
15		know.	
16		MR. COX: Well, we can clear this up now.	
17			
18	BY M	IR. COX:	
19	Q	Did you have any other discussions about the 2015	
20		testimony other than that meeting that you went to	
21		regarding Ms. Walker's testimony to which she was	
22		not present but two SCE&G attorneys were present?	
23	A	No.	
24	Q	So, at that meeting, the SCE&G attorneys did not	

tell you that they were using the Consortium's Thompson Court Reporting, Inc. \square www.thompsonreporting.com

25

Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Septe	mber	25,	201	. 8
Richard	Liç	ghtse	у,	et a	1. v.	Sou	th	Carolina
Electric	2 &	Gas	Со	mpany	, et	al.		

	Rich	eth Browne - September 25, 2018 aard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina etric & Gas Company, et al.	33
1		anticipated cost numbers because they were better	
2		or more accurate numbers than the numbers your	
3		team developed, correct.	
4		MR. CHALLY: I do have a continuing objection	
5		to that.	
6	Q	And isn't it true that you were told that the	
7		reason that the Consortium numbers were going to	
8		be used is because the Commission would disapprove	
9		the filing if you used your team's numbers?	
10		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
11	А	No, that is not true.	
12	Q	Okay. Tell me why that is not true.	
13	А	What I was told was, that our numbers were higher	
14		than the Consortium's numbers, and to file with a	
15		cost higher than the cost that had been provided	
16		by our contractors would represent filing with a	
17		contingency on the project. And the Public	
18		Service Commission had ruled that a contingency	
19		was not appropriate, that we could not have a	
20		contingency on the project.	
21	Q	So was it your understanding that the Commission	
22		would not approve the request if your team's	
23		numbers were used?	
24		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
25	А	If it had been structured as a contingency, yes.	

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Office of Regulatory Staff Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

Kenneth	Browne	- September	25, 2018
Richard	Lightse	ey, et al. v.	South Carolina
Electric	& Gas	Company, et	al.

335

- And your understanding is the attorneys were 1 2 saying the Commission would interpret it as being 3 structured as a contingency if your team's numbers were used? 5 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 6 That was my understanding, yes. 7 I'd like for you to turn to page 38 of that same 8 Exhibit No. 18, Mr. Byrne's testimony. 9 Α Yes. I'm going to read a sentence to you from lines 19 10 to 21 on that page. "As to both the timing and 11 12 cost, the schedules are based on productivity 13 factors that WEC/CB&I represents can be met given the current status of the project." Now, it's 14 15 true, Mr. Browne, that by March 2015, SCE&G 16 already knew that the Consortium's promise or 17 representation that it would get to a PF factor of 1.15 within six months had not been met? 18 MR. CHALLY: Object to form. 19 20 Α That's correct. And SCE&G knew that at the time of this filing, 21 22 correct? 23 MR. CHALLY: Same objection.
- Yes. If I can clarify. You understand that what 24
- 25 they represented to us was that they would have

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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

336

		ard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina tric & Gas Company, et al.	33
1		their monthly performance at a PF of 1.15 within	
2		six months. The fact that they did not get to	
3		there within six months does not mean that they're	
4		not ever going to get there. It just means that	
5		they didn't get there within the six months, if	
6		you understand.	
7	Q	I understand. The question I have for you based	
8		on that is that at the time of this filing, the	
9		company, SCE&G, already knew that one of the	
10		promises the Consortium had made when it provided	
11		its cost estimates, i.e., that it could get it's	
12		PF factor to 1.15 in six months, had not occurred?	
13	А	That's correct.	
14	Q	Turning back to the first quote that I read you	
15		from page 39, given your opinion about that	
16		statement by Mr. Byrne, do you wish to amend your	
17		testimony as to whether there's anything	
18		inaccurate in Mr. Byrne's testimony here?	
19		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.	
20	А	Yes. I don't recall if I said that because I had	
21		not read through every word of Mr. Byrne's	
22		testimony. Specifically regarding the cost, I	
23		believe, Mr. Byrne did his testimony more	
24		closely represents it as the cost as provided from	
25		the contractor and not the EAC as validated by	
		Thompson Court Reporting, Inc	

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.

337

- 2 Q But you disagree with Mr. Byrne's statement and do
- 3 not believe it's accurate that it was the best and
- 4 most definitive forecast of the anticipated cost
- 5 as of the date of the filing of the testimony?
- 6 A I disagree with that statement.
- 7 Q And you believe it's inaccurate. Is that correct?
- 8 A Yes.
- 9 Q Mr. Browne, Mr. Chally had asked you about the
- 10 single page model that your EAC team had used to
- 11 come up with its estimate. Is it correct to say
- 12 looking at exhibits 15 and 17 that the work
- 13 product of your team consisted of more than one
- 14 page?
- MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 16 A Yes.
- 17 Q That's all I have on that. The comment you
- 18 mentioned about Ray Charles being able to see the
- 19 problems on the project, did you make that comment
- 20 to anyone on the project when you were working
- with SCE&G?
- 22 A That Ray Charles could see it?
- 23 Q Right.
- 24 A Maybe. I don't know.
- 25 Q You don't recall specifically?

ELECTRONICALLY FILED - 2018 November 2 3:16 PM - SCPSC - Docket # 2017-370-E - Page 338 of 512

Office of Regulatory Staff Docket No. 2017-207, 305, 370-E

38

	Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina 3 Electric & Gas Company, et al.									
1	A	I don't recall specifically. This curve in here								
2		represents exactly what I was talking about,								
3		though. The curve with the performance, you know,								
4		our work completed and work to be done. And the								
5		farther you get out, the steeper that work to be								
6		done gets.								
7	Q	If you can turn to Exhibit No. 13, Mr. Browne.								
8	A	(Witness complies). Okay.								
9	Q	So this is an email between you and Carlette								
10		Walker that Mr. Chally called your attention to.								
11		Is it fair to say that you're expressing to								
12		Ms. Walker that there is no chance that the								
13		Consortium is going to meet the guaranteed								
14		substantial completion dates of September 2018 and								
15		'19?								
16	А	Yes.								
17	Q	And you were told by SCE&G to use those guaranteed								
18		substantial completion dates as the input for your								
19		EAC analysis. Is that correct?								
20		MR. CHALLY: Object to form.								
21	А	I believe that is correct, yes.								
22	Q	That's all I have on that exhibit. I'd like to								
23		talk about Ms. Walker's testimony. You pointed								
24		out to Mr. Chally two portions of Ms. Walker's								
25		testimony in which the work of your team is								

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Kenneth	Bro	wne	- 5	September	25,	201	L 8
Richard	Li	ghtse	у,	et al. v	. Sou	ıth	Carolina
Electri	c &	Gas	Сог	mpany, et	al.		

- referenced, page 14 and page 20. Is that right?

 Page 14 and 20, that's correct.
- 3 Q And in both parts of this testimony where your
- 4 team's work is referenced, at no point is the
- 5 conclusion of your team's analysis provided
- 6 regarding the cost estimate EAC?
- 7 A Correct.
- 8 Q And at this meeting that Mr. Chally mentioned
- 9 where Ms. Walker missed the meeting where her
- 10 testimony is prepared, do you know whether the
- 11 participants in that meeting knew that Ms. Walker
- 12 would not be there at the time the meeting was to
- 13 begin?
- MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 15 A I don't know.
- 16 Q It's true that no attorney at that meeting, no
- SCE&G attorney ever said "wait, stop, we can't
- have this meeting occur without the witness here,
- we need to do at a later time"?
- MR. CHALLY: Object to form.
- 21 A Obviously that did not happen.
- 22 MR. COX: I have no further questions, thank
- you, Mr. Browne.

24

25 - - - - -

	Elec	tric & Gas Company, et al.	54
1		RE-EXAMINATION	
2	BY M	R. HALTIWANGER:	
3	Q	At that meeting, was there ever an occasion where	
4		anybody's voices were raised during the discussion	
5		argument-wise, that you recall?	
6	А	Actually, yes.	
7	Q	Can you describe what happened?	
8	А	I hate to be in this position, but yes, I can. I	
9		was told when I raised my objection to the cost	
10		that, I believe it was Mr. Willoughby, said that	
11		he didn't give a damn what our EAC team cost was;	
12		our contractor had provided that cost estimate and	
13		that's what the filing was going to be based on.	
14		MR. HALTIWANGER: Thank you. That's all I	
15		have.	
16			
17			
18		RE-EXAMINATION	
19	BY M	R. CHALLY:	
20	Q	Just one question. You identified with Mr. Cox	
21		and you identified with me certain aspects of	
22		Mr. Byrne's and Ms. Walker's testimony as provided	
23		in 2015 that you believe to be incorrect. With	
24		those specific statements in mind, did you voice	
25		concern over those specific statements during this	
		Thompson Court Reporting, Inc. 00000	

Kenneth	Browne - S	eptember	25, 201	. 8
Richard	Lightsey,	et al. v.	South	Carolina
Electric	. & Gas Com	pany, et	al.	

		nard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina etric & Gas Company, et al.	3
1		meeting?	
2	А	I voiced concern over the cost that was used in	
3		the filing, which is reflected by the statements,	
4		but the specific statements, no.	
5		MR. CHALLY: Done. Thank you.	
6		VIDEOGRAPHER: This concludes tape number	
7		eight and the deposition of Kenneth Browne. We	
8		are off the record at 8:49 p.m.	
9		MR. CHALLY: We don't need this on the video.	
10		We will designate this as confidential. If we	
11		want to talk about what portions are and what	
12		aren't, we can talk about that. Okay. Put that	
13		on the record, thank you.	
14			
15		(There being no further questions, the	
16		deposition concluded at 8:49 p.m.)	
17			
18			
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		Thompson Court Reporting, Inc. 🗆 🗆 🗆 🗆	

Kenneth	Bro	wne	-	Sept	emb	er	25,	201	. 8
Richard	Lig	jh tse	у,	еt	al.	v.	Sou	th	Carolina
Electri	e &	Gas	Co	mpar	ц,	еt	al.		

	Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.	3					
1	CERTIFICATE						
2	Be it known that the foregoing Deposition of KENNETH BROWNE was taken by Jennifer L.						
3	Thompson, CVR-M;						
4	That I was then and there a notary public in and for the State of South Carolina-at-Large;						
5	That the witness was sworn by me or						
6 7	administered an oath of affirmation to testify the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, concerning the matter in controversy aforesaid;						
8	The foregoing transcript represents						
9	a true, accurate and complete transcription of the testimony so given at the time and place aforesaid to the best of my skill and ability;						
10	-						
11	That I am not related to nor an employee of any of the parties hereto, nor a relative or employee of any attorney or counsel employed by the						
12	parties hereto, nor interested in the outcome of taction.						
13 14	Witness my hand and seal this 10th day of October 2018.						
15							
16	Jennifer L. Thompson, CVR-M						
17	Committee I. Incomposit, CVN P						
18	Notary Public for South Carolina My Commission Expires: August 14, 2019						
19	My Commitsion Expires. Magase 14, 2019						
20	This transcript may contain quoted material. Such						
21	material is reproduced as read or quoted by the speaker.						
22							
23							
24							
25							
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	Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina Electric & Gas Company, et al.	343
1	DEPOSITION ERRATA SHEET	
2	In the matter of: Richard Lightsey, et al. vs. SCE&G,	
3	et al.	
4	Deponent: Kenneth Browne	
5	Date of Deposition: 9/25/18	
6		
7	DECLARATION UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY	
8	I declare under penalty of perjury	
9	that I have read the entire transcript of	
10	my Deposition taken in the captioned matter	
11	or the same has been read to me, and	
12	the same is true and accurate, save and	
13	except for changes and/or corrections, if	
14	any, as indicated by me on the DEPOSITION	
15	ERRATA SHEET hereof, with the understanding	
16	that I offer these changes as if still under	
17	oath.	
18	Signed on the day of	
19	, 20	
20		
21		
22	KENNETH BROWNE	
23		
24		
25		
2,5		

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Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina 344 Electric & Gas Company, et al. 1 DEPOSITION ERRATA SHEET 2 Page No.____Line No.____Change to:____ 3 Reason for change: Page No.____Line No.____Change to:____ 5 6 Reason for change: _____ 7 Page No. Line No. Change to: 10 Reason for change: Page No. Line No. Change to: 11 12 13 Reason for change: Page No. Line No. Change to: 14 15 16 Reason for change:_____ Page No. Line No. Change to: 17 18 19 Reason for change:_____ 20 Page No.____Line No.____Change to:____ 21 22 Reason for change: 23 SIGNATURE: _____DATE:____ 24 25

Kenneth Browne - September 25, 2018 Richard Lightsey, et al. v. South Carolina 345 Electric & Gas Company, et al. 1 DEPOSITION ERRATA SHEET 2 Page No.____Line No.____Change to:____ 3 Reason for change: Page No.____Line No.____Change to:____ 5 6 Reason for change: _____ 7 Page No. Line No. Change to: 10 Reason for change: Page No. Line No. Change to: 11 12 13 Reason for change: Page No. Line No. Change to: 14 15 16 Reason for change:_____ Page No. Line No. Change to: 17 18 19 Reason for change:_____ 20 Page No.____Line No.____Change to:____ 21 22 Reason for change: 23 SIGNATURE: _____DATE:____ 24 25 Thompson Court Reporting, Inc.

From: BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME Sent: Tuesday, September 17, 2013 10:21 AM

To: YOUNG, KYLE MATTHEW

Subject: FW: August Target Labor Performance

Attachments: Aug 2013Target Perf.xlsx

Here is the analysis file for August PF

From: BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME

Sent: Wednesday, September 11, 2013 10:02 AM

To: SMITH, ABNEY A JR; WALKER, CARLETTE L; JOHNSON, SHIRLEY S

Cc: TORRES, ALAN D; CHERRY, WILLIAM; KOCHEMS, KEVIN R

Subject: August Target Labor Performance

FYI, The attached sheet is one that I put together to analyze the monthly performance each month, rather than the inception to date (ITD) that CB&I reports to us. August was not a good month, due largely to the performance on Concrete, with 44,565 manhours expended for the month and only 14,410 earned hours. I suspect this is related to work on the "I" wall and the Unit 3 base mat, but need the labor billing to confirm exactly where the issues are (we should get that on Friday). Overall performance for the month shows a PF of 2.52 with 73,411 manhours worked and 29,076 earned. As a result of this poor performance, the ITD PF has bumped up to 1.25 from 1.22.

This shows a steadily increasing trend from an ITD PF of 1.14 in January 2013 to the present 1.25. In March 2012 (COL Receipt) the ITD PF was 0.94. From March 2012 through August 2013, the PF is 1.54 (1,162,851 work hours with 753,907 earned hours). Unfortunately, this may be a better representation of what we should expect as we move forward. Unless this trend is reversed, we should expect a substantial over-run of Target Price Craft Labor cost. To the best of my knowledge, this is in addition to previously identified Target Contingency allocations. Let me know if you have any questions.

Thanks, Ken

Ken Browne, P.E. Senior Engineer Business and Financial Services New Nuclear Deployment, SCE&G (803)941-9817 WALKER, CARLETTE L[CWALKER@scana.com]; SMITH, ABNEY A

JRISASMITH@scana.com]

'Cherry, Marion'[marion.cherry@santeecooper.com]; JOHNSON, SHIRLEY

S[SWJOHNSON@scana.com]; TORRES, ALAN D[ATORRES@scana.com]

From: BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME Sent: Thur 10/10/2013 4:49:23 PM

Subject: CB&I Target Performace for September 2013

SEP2013TargetPerf.xlsx.efa

WITNESS THOMPSON COURT REPORTING INC.

The monthly data for September 2013 CB&I performance came in today. They have added a section to their report to show the monthly performance factors as requested. The attached file is the comparison that I have been doing each month, along with the input that CB&I provides (at the bottom).

Unfortunately, the Consortium Direct Craft Labor performance has fallen off further this month, with a monthly PF of 2.68. The ITD (project Inception to Date) PF is now 1.29. A few other items included in the analysis worthy of mention are:

- They have removed substantial quantities of hours from the Concrete (Concrete work scope includes re-bar installation) and DCP Allowance (Shield Building)and added these mostly to Structural Steel and Structural Modules work scopes. I'm not sure of the reason, or impact of this move. I would guess this is an effort to take hours from work not in progress (shield building), and add to work in progress (structural steel and modules), but not looking very good, but I don't understand the removal from Concrete...
- 2) The Concrete work scope has a monthly PF of 3.00 with 62,249 hours worked and 20,750 hours earned.
- 3) The Major Equipment work scope has a monthly PF of 2.99 with 14.447 hours worked and 4,828 hours earned
- 4) Overall monthly PF is 2.68 with 108,584 hours worked and 40,494 hours earned. This is approximately 543 Man-Months worked vs. 202 Man-Months earned.

Not shown, but in a separate report looking at Jan 2013 - Sep 2013, the PF for this 9 month period is 1.79 with 616,986 hours worked, and 344,736 hours earned. Looking at the hour usage vs. completion percentage, 12.86% of the Direct hours have been used. with the project at 10.0% complete. If performance continues at the current ITD rate, the direct craft labor portion of the Target price will be roughly 28.6% over the budget. If performance continues at the YTD rate, the direct craft labor portion of the Target price will be 70% over the budget.

Let me know if you have any questions.. Thanks, Ken

Ken Browne, P.E.

Senior Engineer

Business and Financial Services

New Nuclear Deployment, SCE&G

(803)941-9817

From: BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME

Sent: Monday, March 10, 2014 6:13 PM

To: WALKER, CARLETTE L; SMITH, ABNEY A JR

Subject: Strange call from Shimon



I just got a strange call from Shimon while riding home, asking to talk to me sometime tomorrow. I asked what the topic was and he said "issues" related to the EAC. I can't say exactly why, but I think this is related to the WEC takeover of this project. I asked specifically if I could include you two and he said no. He just wants to talk to me right now. I figured it would be better to find out what we can now than to make an issue of who is not there. If you want me to cancel, I will let him know I won't be able to meet alone. I tentatively set up for 9:00, no room selected yet. Let me know if I should cancel... What a pain...

Ken

Sent from my BlackBerry 10 smartphone on the Verizon Wireless 4G LTE network.

From: BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME Sent: Tuesday, August 5, 2014 11:18 AM

To: SMITH, ABNEY A JR Subject: FW: Schedule

Attachments: Unit 2and3 Schedule 08052014.pdf

Look at what they gave us to perform our review on...

From: HYDRICK, BERNARD JR

Sent: Tuesday, August 05, 2014 10:12 AM

To: BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME

Subject: FW: Schedule

Here is the schedule we were given this morning - all of it.

Ветніс

From: HYDRICK, BERNARD JR

Sent: Tuesday, August 05, 2014 9:50 AM

To: YOUNG, KYLE MATTHEW Cc: COLEMAN, JONATHAN M

Subject: Schedule

The schedule is a joke. There is nothing verifiable in what they posted on RT01. It is just a grouping of hammocks (with long arbitrary durations in my opinion) with no relationships or use to sub-tier activities. This is not acceptable. It is essentially a one line logic schedule complete with gaps. It is easily adjusted to display anything CB&I wants to show us. Someone should be fitted for thinking this would be acceptable to us. I have attached the "schedule", the ENTIRE schedule, with all activities.

Ветне

From: YOUNG, KYLE MATTHEW

Sent: Tuesday, August 05, 2014 9:32 AM

To: HYDRICK, BERNARD JR Subject: Re: Bud and Ryan

Just asked Guy Bradley the IST Director to work out Ryan.

Kyle Young 803.941.9811 Office 803.543.9582 Mobile

From: HYDRICK, BERNARD JR

Sent: Tuesday, August 5, 2014 09:26

To: YOUNG, KYLE MATTHEW Subject: Bud and Ryan

Bud will be driving to the NND building today and I will pick him up at 12:30 so as to orient him with the site. Please call Ryan Lageman to get permission from his boss to dedicate his time to the schedule review.

Bernard Hydrick Jr

Schedule Coordinator - New Nuclear Deployment SCE&G | V.C. Summer Nuclear Station P.O. Box 88 | MC P-40 Jenkinsville, SC 29065-0088 803-941-9988 Office 803-391-9359 Cell blydrick@SCANA.com To: SMITH, ABNEY A JR[SASMITH@scana.com]; WALKER, CARLETTE

L[CWALKER@scana.com]

Cc: CHERRY, WILLIAM[WILLIAM.CHERRY@scana.com]

From: BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME
Sent: Thur 1/22/2015 9:38:19 AM
Subject: Update on Real Schedule Status...

WITNESS: DOUNG
DATE THOMPSON COURT REPORTING INC.

Just learned that the June 2019 U2 SCD is June 26th. Even this is not real... it is based on assumption that NNI meets original delivery dates AND CBIS is able to start SB erection on March 24, 2015 (hard constraint in schedule). Releasing the constraint pushes the SB start out 19 work days (3 to 4 weeks)...really looking at late July/early August even with SB panel acceleration. All along, our management has been told the current date is June 2019 and we pass it along.

Sent from my BlackBerry 10 smartphone on the Verizon Wireless 4G LTE network.

From:

BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME < KENNETH BROWNE@scana.com>

Sent:

Monday, August 25, 2014 9:44 AM

To:

KOCHEMS, KEVIN R < KKOCHEMS@scana.com>; SMITH, ABNEY A JR

<SASMITH@scana.com>; WALKER, ČARLETTE L <CWALKER@scana.com>; WICKER, SHERI L <SWICKER@SCANA.COM>; JOHNSON, SHIRLEY S

<SWJOHNSON@scana.com>; CHERRY, WILLIAM

<WILLIAM.CHERRY@scana.com>

Cc:

YOUNG, KYLE MATTHEW < KYLE. YOUNG@scana.com>

Subject:

RE: Preparation for Getting and Reviewing the EAC

WITNESS: DOWN!

DATE
THOMPSON COURT REPORTING INC.

Kevin, If you could set up something for this week, that would be good. I will try to break away from the IPS to join in. Thursday afternoon would not be good for me, because Chris Lavesque is going to be joining the IPS team for an outbrief then and I would like to be here for that.

Just include me in your meeting invite...

Thanks, Ken

From: KOCHEMS, KEVIN R

Sent: Monday, August 25, 2014 9:37 AM

To: BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME; SMITH, ABNEY A JR; WALKER, CARLETTE L; WICKER, SHERI L; JOHNSON, SHIRLEY

S; CHERRY, WILLIAM

Cc: YOUNG, KYLE MATTHEW

Subject: RE: Preparation for Getting and Reviewing the EAC

Ken,

Glad you brought this up. With a complex task of this magnitude and with such a large team, I think it is imperative that we have clear focus on achieving our objectives. With Skip and Carlette setting the overall goals and then you focusing the team on achieving them, I am very optimistic.

To your suggestions:

- Using the ERB is a great idea. This will allow us to stay focused on our task. I would suggest we begin 7:00, which will allow us to go until a natural stopping point.
- 2) I plan on being part of the team and will bring in Meagen if you think we need her.

3)

- 4) While this is a Carlette/Skip call, I would think our goal should be to put a price on the schedule we plan to accept. This maybe higher or lower than the EAC delivered.
- 5) I think this needs to be the schedule we plan to file with the PSC (whether we think it is achievable or not).
- 6) Not sure if a presentation or report is better, but we should keep the end product of a PSC filing and Testimony in mind so that we aren't redoing work in a month.
- I think we should get through this as quickly as possible. We are already behind schedule to support a November filing date.

8)

I also think spending some time together before Friday is a good idea (I can do this for you if you'd like).

Kevin

From: BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME

Sent: Monday, August 25, 2014 8:24 AM

To: SMITH, ABNEY A JR; WALKER, CARLETTE L; KOCHEMS, KEVIN R; WICKER, SHERI L; JOHNSON, SHIRLEY S;

CHERRY, WILLIAM

Cc: YOUNG, KYLE MATTHEW

Subject: Preparation for Getting and Reviewing the EAC

I did some thinking over the weekend about a plan for review of the EAC when we get it. As you all know, we are supposed to get it this on Friday morning. Our review will be much more effective and efficient if we have a plan prior to getting it.

- 1) Being separated from everything for the last 2 weeks for work on the schedule has been good and I think a similar approach for the EAC may be beneficial if we need a quick review. Probably not for a whole day, but maybe ½ days (7:00 11:30 or 12:30 5:00). There is a conference room here in the ERB that would work well. I don't think it would work as well to attempt the same thing in our conference room in the office, but I guess it is an option. The schedule team review may continue through next week to prepare a presentation but space should be available here. The room has a conference table, 8 chairs (room for a couple more), a white board, and a large TV/ monitor on the wall. There is also a larger classroom with 30 chairs where we have been doing the schedule review. Kyle says we will finished here by this Friday.
- 2) The team composition needs to be determined and people assigned to participate as full time members. Some suggestions...
 - Possibly Ken, Kevin (and/or somebody from his team), Sheri (and/or somebody from her team), Shirley (and/or somebody from her team), Marion (or somebody else from Santee Cooper, Fritz Hood?) Christina (to extract Shawtrac data as needed for comparison, full time/part time?), somebody from Construction (full time/part time?)
- 3) Need to identify who will be points of contact for part time support (Construction for staffing and schedule related questions, Startup and Licensing for example)
- 4) Need to define our mission and goals for the EAC review (validate cost estimate?, cut cost?, identify structural module delay cost?, etc.)
- 5) What Schedule do we want to base our EAC on?
- 6) What will be the product? Presentation to management? Report? Both?
- 7) What is the schedule? If we go with a separated and intensive review, I think we can knock it out in 3 weeks, or so. (9/2 9/19)
- 8) Need to set up a few meetings with the Consortium to answer questions and set up a protocol for passing them along and getting the answer (do they have to go through "governance review"?)

Maybe other things I have not thought of...

I have attached the EAC Review summary that we worked on a couple of weeks ago and it probably needs a few tweaks, but it is a good start. I suggest that we get together sometime this week before we get the EAC to discuss, and then sometime on Friday after the delivery.

Please let me know your thoughts on this.

Thanks, Ken

Ken Browne, P.E. Senior Engineer Business and Financial Services New Nuclear Deployment, SCE&G (803)941-9817 From: BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME < KENNETH BROWNE@scana.com>

Sent: Monday, August 20, 2012 2:26 PM

To: WALKER, CARLETTE L < CWALKER@scana.com>; KOCHEMS, KEVIN R

<KKOCHEMS@scana.com>; JOHNSON, SHIRLEY S <SWJOHNSON@scana.com>;

SMITH, ABNEY A JR <SASMITH@scana.com>

Cc: BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME < KENNETH BROWNE@scana.com>

Subject: Revision 2 of the Cancelation Analysis

Attach: CancelCostEst8-20-12-Rev2.xlsx

Here is Revision 2 of the Cancelation Analysis with changes we discussed this morning.

I initially put in 50% for Unit 2 F.1.3 & F.1.5 and 25% for Unit 2 F.1.3 & F.1.5 cancelation costs as we discussed. The magnitude of the cost was getting to what I think would be very difficult to justify. As a result, I dropped back to 35% for Unit 2 and 20% for Unit 3. Somehow we have to be able to accommodate that these costs are for non-nuclear materials and components smaller than the "Major Equipment" of F.1.1 payment schedule. I can change again if we need to go up to the higher cost. The 10% recovery factor is probably a little low for these as well, since they are standard materials and equipment.

I also added lines for HLD Cancelation Cost and Concrete Batch Plant demobilization and cancelation costs. (\$1,000,000 for each issue)

I added a column for Kevin to insert the appropriate escalation rates and the 2012 \$ cost will be calculated. Some of the costs in the original calc. column would already be in 2012 \$'s, so the rate should stay 1.0 for them.

We can reconvene tomorrow if there is anything else that we need to discuss or change.

Thanks, Ken

Ken Browne, P.E. Senior Engineer Business and Financial Services New Nuclear Deployment, SCE&G (803)941-9817 From: BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME Sent: Monday, September 10, 2012 3:51 PM

To: WALKER, CARLETTE L

Subject: Emailing: CancelCostEst8-22-12-Rev3.xlsx Attachments: CancelCostEst8-22-12-Rev3.xlsx

<< CancelCostEst8-22-12-Rev3.xlsx.efa>> Carlette, This is the latest revision of this analysis. I didn't check to make sure what revision you were working with...

The message is ready to be sent with the following file or link attachments:

CancelCostEst8-22-12-Rev3.xlsx

Note: To protect against computer viruses, e-mail programs may prevent sending or receiving certain types of file attachments. Check your e-mail security settings to determine how attachments are handled.

SCANA RP0689335

WITNESS: TOWNED DATE THOMPSON COURT REPORTING INC.

To: ADDISON, JIMMY E[JADDISON@scana.com]

Cc: WALKER, CARLETTE L[CWALKER@scana.com]; KOCHEMS, KEVIN R[KKOCHEMS@scana.com]; SMITH, ABNEY A JR[SASMITH@scana.com]

From: BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME Sent: Wed 10/21/2015 3:55:18 PM

Subject: RE: Cost Comparison as Requested (Current PSC Budget vs. Settlement w/o Fixed Price

Option)

22222

For 55% Fixed Price, it is \$1,038,876,000 more than PSC Filing. Is that what you are asking? Can you see the spreadsheet?

Sorry for any confusion...

From: ADDISON, JIMMY E

Sent: Wednesday, October 21, 2015 3:49 PM

To: BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME

Cc: WALKER, CARLETTE L; KOCHEMS, KEVIN R; SMITH, ABNEY A JR

Subject: Re: Cost Comparison as Requested (Current PSC Budget vs. Settlement w/o Fixed Price

Option)

And this compared to the currently approved PSC amount is how much higher?

I get about \$750mm

Jimmy E Addison

On Oct 21, 2015, at 3:47 PM, BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME < KENNETH.BROWNE@scana.com > wrote:

Jimmy, Carlette relayed a question concerning the total cost with Fixed Price Option. These have not been fully vetted, but I feel pretty sure they are close. Done in about 10 minutes and nobody here to check behind me. I know you need this quick, so here it is. Fixed Price based on \$4,654,706,000 Paid to date + \$6,082,000,000 remaining to be paid + Owner's Cost \$1,506,187 + Escalation \$850,883. Owner's Cost and Escalation from Kevin Kochem's recent analysis.

Let me know of any questions, Thanks, Ken

From: ADDISON, JIMMY E

Sent: Wednesday, October 21, 2015 3:09 PM

To: BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME

Subject: Re: Cost Comparison as Requested (Current PSC Budget vs. Settlement w/o Fixed

Price Option) Great thanks

Jimmy E Addison

On Oct 21, 2015, at 3:07 PM, BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME <KENNETH.BROWNE@scana.com> wrote:

Yes, you are correct. It is included in netting out the +300 and -50 to give +250

From: ADDISON, JIMMY E
Sent: Wednesday, October 21, 2015 3:02 PM

To: BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME

Subject: RE: Cost Comparison as Requested (Current PSC Budget vs. Settlement w/o

Fixed Price Option)

Ken,

Confidential

It isn't a lot but does this analysis include the \$50mm target credit? I think it does as you used the net \$250mm (\$300mm fixed less \$50mm target)

From: BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME

Sent: Wednesday, October 21, 2015 11:33 AM To: ADDISON, JIMMY E

Cc: WALKER, CARLETTE L; SMITH, ABNEY A JR; KOCHEMS, KEVIN R

Subject: Cost Comparison as Requested (Current PSC Budget vs. Settlement w/o Fixed

Price Option)

Jimmy, Here is an attempt at answering your question from yesterday. This is based on EPC cost as filed and shows the impacts of the settlement without the Fixed Price Option. Let me know if you have any questions or would like to have something modified. Hope this meets your needs. Carlette and I worked on this and will both be here at VCS all day.

Thanks, Ken Ken Browne, P.E. Senior Engineer Business and Financial Services New Nuclear Deployment, SCE&G (803)941-9817 From: BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME Sent: Tuesday, July 23, 2013 8:41 AM

To: KOCHEMS, KEVIN R; WICKER, SHERI L; SMITH, ABNEY A JR; WALKER, CARLETTE L;

JOHNSON, SHIRLEY S CC: CHERRY, WILLIAM

Subject: Charleston Post and Courier Article on Santee Cooper Bond Sale

Attachments: Santee Cooper bond sale raises concerns about costs of nuclear project.docx

Here is an article from today's Charleston Post& Courier on Santee Cooper's bond sale to finance their share of VCS 2 & 3

Ken Browne, P.E. Senior Engineer Business and Financial Services New Nuclear Deployment, SCE&G

(803)941-9817

THOMPSON COURT REPORTING INC

BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME

Sent:

Tuesday, August 25, 2015 4:41 PM

To:

Burk, Sean M

Cc:

SMITH, ABNEY A JR; JONES, RONALD A; Kenneth W. Hollenbach; White, Charles G;

WALKER, CARLETTE L

Subject: Attachments: Good Business Practice in Procurement

StaplesChair.pdf; amazonchair.pdf; Compuworld 8492.pdf; Compuworld Inc Project to Date

Amount.xlsx

Sean, Attached are three pdf files showing the commercial information for identical office chairs. The first one I would like to call to your attention is the file named Compuworld 8492.pdf. This is the backup information, approved by you and provided to SCE&G by CB&I for the purchase of 100 replacement office chairs for the VCS Units 2 & 3 project. The chairs were sourced from a company named Compuworld Inc. located in Columbia, SC. The backup includes a commercial analysis indicating that pricing was requested from JBE Media, Graybar, and Regional Material Handling for competitive analysis. None of these would be the obvious source of an office chair. As indicated in the backup information, and included in the July 2015 Target Price (Expense) billing to SCE&G, CB&I purchased 100 chairs at a cost of \$289.00 each (\$28,900.00 total cost). This same supplier, Compuworld, has been pointed out in numerous Target Log issues by SCE&G due to the lack of competitive pricing in prior purchases of office furnishings by CB&I. To date, CB&I has purchased over \$941,000.00 from this vendor as shown in the attached Excel file. A quick review of this information brings many questions to mind, including justification for the wide range in pricing for apparently identical items. For example, 2 Hour Fire Rated, 4 Drawer, File Cabinets have been purchased for prices ranging from \$2,128 to \$3,379. Also, a 2 Hour Fire Rated, 2 Drawer, File Cabinet was just purchased for \$3,499 and included in the July Target Price billing. This very same cabinet (FireKing Model 2-1929-2) is available from numerous sources for \$1,600 - \$1,700!

The additional pdf files provide a true competitive analysis for the chairs purchased. The identical chairs are available from Staples Office Supply at a cost of \$184.99 each, and if you wanted to get really resourceful, you could get them from Amazon for \$145.03 each. This pricing is for one chair, and it is possible that an even better price could be negotiated for 100 chairs purchased. The information was readily available and took only a minute or two to gain access. Both of these vendors also have local presence and one could even be the source for Compuworld to get their supply. At the price available from Amazon, CB&I could have saved almost 50% of the cost (\$14,397) on the very same chairs. Instead, through the purchase from Compuworld, CB&I has spent this amount unnecessarily, and thus increased the cost to SCE&G by this amount + 3.09% G&A (\$444.86) AND 4.562% PROFIT (\$677.09) to CB&I. A total of \$15,518.95 of unnecessary cost.

Some would argue that this is just a drop in the bucket in the construction of a \$10 Billion nuclear project and not worth our discussion. I can't reconcile this argument with the CB&I responsibility to SCE&G in the performance of a cost plus EPC Contract, nor can I reconcile this with the responsibility of SCE&G to our customers. This \$15,519 represents to me an indicator of the attitude that I see every month as I review the CB&I invoices. This is not an isolated case, it is only a good and easily understandable example. I prefer to see this as a mere drop in the bucket of cost reductions that are capable through the practice of making good business decisions as we move forward with this project. Again, CB&I has this responsibility to SCE&G and SCE&G has this responsibility to our customers.

I am sure that CB&I can, and will, provide some justification for making the purchase from Compuworld, in addition to replying that you checked with three other sources as you have in the past when questioned. Rather than make the same arguments as you have in the past to justify the expense, please provide an explanation of how this practice will be stopped. It is past the time for good business practice to be followed in the purchase of supplies and materials for this project.

Ken Browne, P.E. Senior Engineer

CompuWorld, Inc. PO Box 8771 Columbia, SC 29202-8771

240 Winterberry Loop Lexington, SC (803) 732-4757

invoice 8492

inveice#: Date: Due Date:

06/17/2015 06/17/2015

Alan Salecby Owner/ President

BIII To:

289.00 -> 28,900.00

Quantity Description

100.00 N_CHTMBMST Chair - Task - Mid-Backy (Nest), Swivel/Tilt

SEAN-BURK 1341156 July 08; Unit Price Amount 289.00 \$28,900,00 Sub Total: \$28,900.00 Total: \$28,900.00

NCSP 3-4 Form 8.1	Project Number: J132177			
CB&I®	Client: SCE&G			
	Project: VC Summer EPC Unit 2			
	Req Orig: Cassandra Reeves			
Requisition for Purchase	Req No: 132177F008492, Rev. 0			
Project Requisition Title:	Creation Date: 05-JUN-2015			
Replacement of Broken Chairs in Offices, Cubicles, and Conference Rooms	Released Date:			
• • •	Page 2 of 2			
Item Qty UOM Cost Item Code No Account	Description			
1 100 EA N_CHTMBMST C Comment: Alera Part# ALEEL42MBE10B or equivalent	Chair - Task - Mid-Back - Mesh, Swivel/Tilt, Safety Class N/A, Storage Leve			

	AUTHORIZED SIGNERS	
Approved By:	Originator:	Cassandra Reeves

NCSP 3-4 Form 8.1	Project Number: J132177
NCOP 3-4 FORM 6.7	Client: SCE&G
CB&I®	Project: VC Summer EPC Unit 2
	Req Orig: Cassandra Reeves
Requisition for Purchase	Req No: 132177F008492, Rev. 0
Project Requisition Title:	Creation Date: 05-JUN-2015
Replacement of Broken Chairs in Offices, Cubicles, and Conference Rooms	Released Date:
	Page 1 of 2
BUDGET INFOR	RMATION
Original Total Budget: USD 0.00	
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Required On Site Date: 15-JUN-15 Inqui	iry Complete: N
Req Tech Eval Required: N Purc	hase Order Complete: N
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Taxable: Tax Explanation (Code:
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REQUISITION ATTRI	BUTES
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Inventory Reduction Review William Johnson Date: Comment:

Construction Manager (CM) James X. Jarrett Date: Comment:

Procurement Manager (PM) Kimberly Bentz Date: Comment:

Buyer Kimberly Bentz Date: Comment:

Field Cost Engineer (FCE) Donald Martin Date: Comment:

Accounting Management (AM) Sparkle Glover Date: Comment:

Site Management (SM) Kenneth J Kelley Date: Comment:

05-JUN-15 09:19:53

"Token" Commercial Evaluation

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Alera EL42BME10B Elusion Fabric Mid-Back Executive Chair with Adjustable Arms, B... Page 1 of 3

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Alera EL42BME10B Elusion Fabric Mid-Back Executive Chair with Adjustable Arms, Black

Item: ALEEL428ME108 Model: EL428ME109

(0) | Write a Review

Save an extra 7% on this product! \$172.04 in cart. Offer valid for 20 minutes. See details

SHARE:

- · Managers/Executive chair offers ergonomic seating
- · Mid-back design for enhanced support to mid-toupper back region
- Overali Dimensions: 36,63* 42,88*H x 26*W x

See more details

- Special Financing Available Learn More
- In Stock Online
- Expected Delivery: 1 Business Day



SquareTrade Protection Plan

- 3-Yr Furniture Protection (\$100-499,99)
- \$29.99
- ☐ Stoples Furniture Assembly (1 Chair)

\$30,00

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Product Info

Reviews

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Product Details | Specifications

PRODUCT DETAILS

The Alera Elusion EL42BME10B Black Fabric Mid-back Managers/Executive Chair has adjustable arms that can be set at different height levels for a comfortable position.

Increase productivity at your workplace with the black Alera Managers/Executive Chair that is ergonomically designed to provide comfort while working. Furnished with high-quality fabric upholstery, this mid-back Managers/executive chair adds a fresh look to your workspace. It lets you fix the lumbar support at a required height with its adjustable back height feature. Its pneumatic seat height adjustment mechanism feature lets you regulate the seat height to achieve a good sitting position. This chair has tilt control function that allows you to rest your feet on the floor in an upright or a reclined position.

- Managers/Executive chair offers ergonomic seating standards
- · Mid-back design for enhanced support to mid-to-upper back region
- Overall Dimensions: 36.63" 42.88"H x 26"W x 25,63"D
- Seat Dimensions: 18.75" 21.75"H x 20.5"W x 21"D; Back Dimensions: 20.13" - 22.88"H x 20.13"W
- · Tilt lock and tilt tension control for a comfortable seating experience
- · Black fabrio-upholstered seat and mesh back for comfort and durability

2 EXCLIVE (VED) T-Bar arms with polyurethane padding for comfort

http://www.staples.com/Alera-EL42BME10B-Elusion-Fabric-Mid-Back-Executive-Chair-... 8/25/2015

Alera EL42BME10B Elusion Fabric Mid-Back Executive Chair with Adjustable Arms, B... Page 2 of 3

- · Nylon base with casters for easy movement on hard floors
- Height-adjustable backrest for customized comfort
- · Weight Capacity: Supports up to 250 lbs. for 8 working hours
- · GREENGUARD Indoor Air Quality Certified and ANSI/BIFMA compliant
- · 5-year limited mfr. warranty

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SPECIFICATIONS

Chair Type

Computer and Desk

Chair Material

Mesh

Am Type

Adjustrable

Color Family

Black

Adjustable Back Height

Yes

Soat Glido

No

110

Warranty

5-year

Rated level of use

No

Lumbar Support

No

Requires Assembly

Yes

Mosts ANSUBIFMA

105

Minimum Back Height

20.13

(in.)

Maximum Back Height 22,88

(hr.)

Minimum Seat Height 18

(in.)

Maximum Seat Height 2

(In.)

Height (in.) 42.88

Width (In.)

28

Depth (In.)

25.63

Maximum Weight Capacity (ibs.) 250

Office Cheb Base

Nyton

Material

Office Chair Back

Mesh

Material

Office Chair Caster

Hard Floor

Usage

Office Chair Center Till

Office Chair Synchro N

Till

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2 EXCLUSIVE OFFERS

http://www.staples.com/Alera-EL42BME10B-Elusion-Fabric-Mid-Back-Executive-Chair-... 8/25/2015

Alera EL42BME10B Elusion Fabric Mid-Back Executive Chair with Adjustable Arms, B... Page 3 of 3

2 EXCLUSIVE OFFERS

http://www.staples.com/Alera-EL42BME10B-Elusion-Fabric-Mid-Back-Executive-Chair-... 8/25/2015



http://www.amazon.com/Alera-Elusion-Series-Mid-Back-Swivel/dp/B0046H56JS

8/25/2015

Amazon.com: Alera Elusion Series Mesh Mid-Back Swivel/Tilt Chair, Black: Furniture ... Page 2 of 7

Flash Furniture MAT-CM11113FD-GG 36-Inch by 48-Inch Carpet Chairmat with Lip, Clear

#1 Best Seller in Hard Floor Chair Mats \$36.03

Rolodex Mesh Round Wastebasket, 11-1/2 Diameter x 14-1/4 H, Black (22351)584

#1 Best Seller In Office Waste Bins \$11.18

Alera Elusion Series Mesh Mid-Back Multifunction Chair, Black

\$154.59

Walker Edison Screno 3-Piece Corner Desk, Black with Binck Glass

2.313

#1 Best Seller in AV Carts & AV Stands \$102.09

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Page 1 of 2



Aeron Chair By Hermon Miller - Highly Adjustable Graphite Frame - With

\$649.99



GM Seating Leader Executive Ergonomic Mesh Chair, Lumbar Support and Sea...

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Steelcase Leng Fabric Chair, Black (72)

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Product Information

Color: Black

Technical Details



Brand Name	Alera	
ttem Weight	46.7 pounds	
Product Dimensions	26.2 x 24.4 x 14.6 inches	
(term model number	ALEEL42BME10B	
Color	Black	
Material Type	PlasticMesti	
Number of Items	1	
Size	Mid-Back	
Manufacturer Part Number	EL42BME10B	

Product Warranty: For warranty information about this product, pleaso click here (POF)

Additional Information

ASIN	BCG45H5BJS
Customer Reviews	257 reviews 4.3 out of 5 stars
Best Seifers Rank	#3,805 in Home & Kitchen (See top 100) #4 in Office Products > Office Furniture & Accessories > Chains & Sofas > Desk Chains
Shipping Weight	46.5 pounds (View shipping rates and policies)
Domestic Shipping	Item can be shipped within U.S.
International Shipping	This item is not eligible for international shipping. Learn More
Date First Available	October 8, 2010

Warranty & Support

http://www.amazon.com/Alera-Elusion-Series-Mid-Back-Swivel/dp/B0046H56JS

8/25/2015

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Buzzfile

This is a residence

f y 8+ in

Compuworld Inc

Contact Information Compuworld Inc 240 Winterberry Loop Lexington, SC 29072

Contact:

Alan Saleeby

Title: Phone: President 803-269-9790

Website:

Map

www.cwisupply.com

Not Active!

Compuworld Inc is the only company located at 240 Winterberry Loop, Lexington, SC 29072

Sector:

Home Furniture, Furnishings and Equipment

Stores

people at this single location.

Business Description

Compuworld is located in Lexington, South

been operating for approximately 23 years.

Carolina. This organization primarily operates in

the Computer Peripheral Equipment business / industry within the Home Furniture, Furnishings

and Equipment Stores sector. This organization has

Compuworld is estimated to generate \$250,000 in

annual revenues, and employs approximately 4

Category: Industry:

Computer and Software Stores
Computer Peripheral Equipment

Computer Maintenance and Repair

SIC Code: 5734, 7378

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f y 8+ in ompuworld inc

http://www.buzzfile.com/business/Compuworld-Inc-803-269-9790

8/26/2015

Female	Male		
51.1%	48.9%	Female	Male
		38.3	36.4
25,331	24,235	JO.J	30.4

Questions & Answers

- QA How many people work at Compuworld?
- Compuworld has approximately 4 employees at this location.
- Is there a key contact at Compuworld?
- Alan Saleeby is the President at Compuworld. You can contact Alan at (803) 269-9790.
- Q How long has Compuworld been in business?
- Compuworld has been in business for approximately 23 years.



Similar Companies Nearby

Name	Employees	Distance (mil)	
Compuworld Inc	4	0.0	
T C G Inc	2	13.6	
Orangeburg Business Machines	8	39.7	

Statistics for Zipcode 29072 Average House Value Average Household Income **Number of Households** Persons per Household 2.57

Number of Businesses	3,042
Number of Employees	18,552
Land Area (square miles)	68.469
Water Area (square miles)	18.902

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Joe Saleeby

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Wrong Joe Saleeby?

Vice President Sales

http://www.zoominfo.com/p/Joe-Saleeby/1264537944

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6 Total References

Web References

Melwood Capital

www.melwoodcapital.com, 5 Nov 2014 [cached]

Joseph Saleeby Vice President, Business DevelopmentStone & Webster, The Shaw Group Joe Saleeby, Senior Vice ...

us-saudiforum.com, 9 Jan 2014 [cached]

Joe Saleeby, Senior Vice President & Managing Director, Europe, Middle East & Asia, CB&I

Joseph Saleeby Joe Saleeby is the Senior Vice President for the Chicago Bridge & Iron Company's (CB&I) Power Group. At the company, Mr. Saleeby provides engineering, procurement and construction services to the power industry. He is also responsible for the group's international business.

Prior to his current role, Mr. Saleeby was the Vice President in charge of the Power Group's environmental business line, which completed 15 projects under his tenure with a value of several billion dollars. Mr. Saleeby's career at CB&I spans over 20 years where he served in various positions covering both project execution and business development. His assignments ranged from project director on large power projects, to director of the Power Group's proposals and estimating teams, to field assignments on various power projects, including hydro, fossil and nuclear. Mr. Saleeby started his career with a heavy civil contractor in Saudi Arabia where he worked on power and industrial construction projects.

Mr. Saleeby earned a B.S. in Civil Engineering from the American University of Beirut and a M.S. in Civil Engineering and Construction Management from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

Speakers | U.S.-Saudi Business Opportunities Forum 2013

us-saudiforum.com, 1 Aug 2013 [cached]

Joseph Saleeby

•••

Joe SaleebySenior Vice President & Managing Director, Europe, Middle East & Asia, CB&I SPEAKER BIO

Experts | SUSRIS

susris.com, 1 Jan 2012 [cached]

Joe Saleeby

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Joe Saleeby

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Joe Saleeby Senior Vice President & Managing Director, Europe, Middle East & Asia, CB&I Joe ...

www.ceraweek.com, 6 May 2012 [cached]

Joe Saleeby

Senior Vice President, Managing Director, Europe, Middle East and AsiaShaw Power Group Other People with this Name (304)

Other People with the name "Saleeby":

Raymond Saleeby

Vistage International Inc

William Saleeby

New Hanover County Schools

Tim Saleeby

Triangle X-Ray Company

Raymond Saleeby

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zirhbt201304

From: BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME Sent: Friday, October 3, 2014 8:05 AM

Sent: Friday, October 3, 2014 8:05 AM

THOMPSON COURT REPORTING INC.

To: SMITH, ABNEY A JR; WALKER, CARLETTE L; KOCHEMS, KEVIN R; WICKER, SHERI L;

JOHNSON, SHIRLEY S CC: CHERRY, WILLIAM

Subject: Re: Phone call with Jeff Archie - Oct 1, 2014

Skip, Preach on Rev....You hit the nail on the head! The Consortium response to every issue is another program, more people, more money. The new OSS group is a perfect example, in response to the failure of Project Controls doing their job, we got OSS. Included in the EAC is a deviation for \$1.5 M (I think, maybe more) for OSS. The reason given is excess Owner audits and billing questions. They never gave a thought to shifting positions, or dollars from Project Controls budget. And now we have more cost but the problems are not fixed. At least one half of their effort is hiding cost, not fixing problems. This month we got the bill for "impact resistant" work gloves (\$12,500). It should not be billed to us because we pay for PPE with labor markups. It sticks out like a sore thumb (sorry, but I had to say that) in the invoice detail, but our overpaid OSS did not catch it.

Bring this up and we will be challenged as petty because it's only \$12,500.

Until we demand performance, and penalize for failure, nothing will change.

Hope y'all have a good day, and weekend. Ken

Sent from my BlackBerry 10 smartphone on the Verizon Wireless 4G LTE network.

From: SMITH, ABNEY A JR

Sent: Friday, October 3, 2014 6:04 AM

To: WALKER, CARLETTE L; KOCHEMS, KEVIN R; WICKER, SHERI L; JOHNSON, SHIRLEY S; BROWNE, KENNETH

JEROME

Cc: CHERRY, WILLIAM

Subject: Re: Phone call with Jeff Archie - Oct 1, 2014

It's a good thing you've lost part of your voice. You'd be blasting out of my BlackBerry screen,

Sent from my BlackBerry 10 smartphone on the Verizon Wireless 4G LTE network.

From: WALKER, CARLETTE L

Sent: Thursday, October 2, 2014 9:44 PM

To: SMITH, ABNEY A JR; KOCHEMS, KEVIN R; WICKER, SHERI L; JOHNSON, SHIRLEY S; BROWNE, KENNETH

JEROME

Cc: CHERRY, WILLIAM

Subject: Re: Phone call with Jeff Archie - Oct 1, 2014

l agree 100%. We need actionable items on their (WEC and cbi) parts to drive change and let's quit talking about and around the problems. Just for the record, I don't have any emotion in my voice:)

From: SMITH, ABNEY A JR

Sent: Thursday, October 2, 2014 9:15 PM

To: WALKER, CARLETTE L; KOCHEMS, KEVIN R; WICKER, SHERI L; JOHNSON, SHIRLEY S; BROWNE, KENNETH

JEROME

Cc: CHERRY, WILLIAM

Subject: Re: Phone call with Jeff Archie - Oct 1, 2014

A Lot of the same CBI talk on planning, protocol, briefings, presentations, alignments. So not very impressive in my opinion. As a wise old mentor once very bluntly suggested to me, get off your a--- and get out in the field and find out what's going on and get the job done without all the b---s--. CBi has productivity problems in the field. Can't meet a schedule. WEC keeps changing design that impact field and shops. The shops have quality and production problems. There are a multitude of procurement issues. The field non manuals and indirects are out of control. Cbl, one of the largest contractors in the universe can't find the necessary resources. Until cbi rolls up their sleeves and get connected in those and other problem areas and clean things up, until that happens. Then all of the alignment sessions, presentations, planning, protocol will be a waste of time and money. There will be continued delays and cost increases. As far as alignment on schedule and cost is concerned, that is going to be a very difficult and contentious process based on the cost information that we've been provided. Not a very positive outlook, but I'm somewhat turned off by a lot of talk but little action. For what it's worth.

Sent from my BlackBerry 10 smartphone on the Verizon Wireless 4G LTE network.

From: WALKER, CARLETTE L

Sent: Thursday, October 2, 2014 8:12 PM

To: SMITH, ABNEY A JR; KOCHEMS, KEVIN R; WICKER, SHERI L; JOHNSON, SHIRLEY S; BROWNE, KENNETH

JEROME

Cc: CHERRY, WILLIAM

Subject: Fw: Phone call with Jeff Archie - Oct 1, 2014

For your review and insight into what Jeff and Don are thinking/planning.

From: ARCHIE, JEFFREY B < JARCHIE@scana.com>

Sent: Thursday, October 2, 2014 4:48 PM

To: 'DePierro, Don'

Cc: 'Benjamin, Jeffrey A'; Christopher R. Levesque; JONES, RONALD A; BYRNE, STEPHEN A; 'Crosby, Michael';

Lyash, Jeff; WALKER, CARLETTE L

Subject: FW: Phone call with Jeff Archie - Oct 1, 2014

My comments are in Red below.

Jeff A

From: DePierro, Don [mailto:don.depierro@cbi.com]

Sent: Wednesday, October 01, 2014 3:43 PM

To: ARCHIE, JEFFREY B

Cc: Lyash, Jeff; Benjamin, Jeffrey A; Christopher R. Levesque; Kenneth W. Hollenbach; JONES, RONALD A;

Skudlarick, Josh

Subject: Phone call with Jeff Archie - Oct 1, 2014

***This is an EXTERNAL email. Please do not click on a link or open any attachments unless you are confident it is from a trusted source.

Jeff

The following is a summary of today's call. Please edit or add if necessary:

- 1. Planning process implementation is underway for short term, intermediate range and long range. Short Term POD is established and occurs each day to address the immediate, daily and short term needs. Intermediate Range Planning is up and running. Each week the team meets focusing on the 3 week look ahead, restraints, work package planning and material needs, work progress -v- plan and performance. The Long range Planning team is mobilized to address all the necessary activities and actions to assure successful execution at the work front. This team focuses on the EPC work streams and deliverables, including constructability problems to assure successful execution and no emergent, un-planned items interrupt or restrain work. Note these planning processes are being executed for the most part but are not in some cases very mature (wet paint).
- 2. The team will pursue Benchmarking of TVA Watts Barr's Long Range and Short Term Work Planning process if not done already.
- 3. Suggested an extended series workshops with SCANA Sr. Mgt. and Senior Consortium Management to better align the SCANA and the Consortium Senior Management on the EPC execution challenges, focusing on the Gaps, Challenges, Risk impacting Engineering, Procurement and Construction delivery process. Specific area we discussed Don was the shield building execution plan.
- 4. Craft Resources Discussion:
 - a. The following strategies and actions can be employed to draw and retain labor, presuming the work conditions and safety are good.
 - i. Wage Rate
 - ii. Per Diems
 - iii. Bonuses
 - iv. Work Hours
 - b. The Project coordinates with CBI Labor Relations and manages the above items on an enterprise or portfolio basis considering the immediate and wider geographical region.
 - Ken Hollenbach is the VC summer point person responsible for managing labor at the Project with assistance from and coordination with CBI Functional and Corporate Construction Management.
- 5. Ken / Chris and Ron will coordinate on conducting a labor management briefing for SCANA Management describing how the Project and CBI manages the above items (suggest it be included in an upcoming PRM) My comment was that we have this discussion first with Carlette's commercial team. The initial discussion needs to be outside of the PRM.
- A protocol or process should be established for SCANA Management to participate and align with the Consortium on Cost –v- Schedule decisions related to craft wages, per diems and other cost drivers that will flow to the Target
- 7. CBI Module Management Team will provide a briefing on the Status of SMCI and CA03 (suggest it be included in an upcoming PRM). We expect this discussion to take place after the assessment is complete and it does not need to wait on a scheduled PRM.
- 8. The Shield Building Execution Plan will be presented (suggest an upcoming PRM). Focus will be on erection by CBIS, ground fab plan, unit rates, sustained weld rates.
- 9. Schedule and Cost alignment
 - a. Need to decide on the "operational" Target Schedule Consortium is currently working to the Sept 2018 IPS. Operational decisions are be made to support this schedule.
 - Ultimately need decide on the schedule for external communication purposes, ORS, etc.
 - SCANA and Consortium need to align on overall EAC and in addition, the acceleration cost
 - d. Consortium is preparing acceleration cost and will provide forecast for completion
- 10. Understand Kevin Marsh, Danny Roderick and Phil Asherman are meeting on 10/13 where they may reach an understanding on a path forward for alignment on:

- a. Cost
- b. Schedule
- c. Contract

Regards.....Don



Donald DePlerro Sr. Vice President Nuclear Power +1 980-321-8232 Direct +1 704-576-8428 Cell

+1 980-321-1310 FAX don.depierro@cbi.com

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From: BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME Sent: Wednesday, August 27, 2014 9:07 AM

To: WALKER, CARLETTE L

Subject: RE: Conference Room for Friday Meeting



Carlette, I don't know that "wrapping up" is a good description. Covering up is probably better. We have a schedule that shows completion of Unit 2 in September of 2018 and Unit 3 in September of 2019, on paper. We also have a long list of requirements that must be met to meet the schedule. We then went through and ranked/evaluated the "risks" with probability of happening and impact if they do/do not occur. Based on the "risks" as we have them rated right now, it is unanimous that there is a 100% chance we will not meet the September dates. At least, we do have a conceivable path to "success" and a list of challenges to address to make it possible. As we have believed all along, the Shield Building is No. 1 on the challenge list for unit 2, and the "success" schedules have been based on an unjustified, and so far not even presented to us, schedule of 22 months for SB wall panel erection that was endorsed by CB&I Services. If the 22 month erection schedule is believed, NNI can't support panel delivery dates for the work on site, but that is at least solvable with more S's. The list of comparable improbabilities is long, but this is by far the worst one. We have finally gotten them to agree to bring CB&I Services reps to talk to us this afternoon and convince us that the 22 month schedule is even worth consideration. I can't wait to hear what they have to say about it. I will fill you in on that later.

Unit 3 completion has a similar set of issues, beginning with delivery and assembly of the CA20 sub-modules to support a September 2015 set date. This is 4 months ahead of what the sub-module schedules currently support.

If I honestly believed any of this was possible, I would stop on the way home and buy a lottery ticket, just one...

See you later, Ken

NOTE: Please don't forward this note because I would prefer to make my departure on my terms, and not because I was fired

From: WALKER, CARLETTE L

Sent: Wednesday, August 27, 2014 8:34 AM

To: BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME

Subject: Re: Conference Room for Friday Meeting

How is the schedule work going? Close to wrapping up?

From: BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME

Sent: Wednesday, August 27, 2014 8:24 AM **To:** WALKER, CARLETTE L; SMITH, ABNEY A JR

Cc: YOUNG, KYLE MATTHEW

Subject: RE: Conference Room for Friday Meeting

Thanks

From: WALKER, CARLETTE L

Sent: Wednesday, August 27, 2014 8:18 AM

To: BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME; SMITH, ABNEY A JR

Cc: YOUNG, KYLE MATTHEW

Subject: Re: Conference Room for Friday Meeting

3rd floor of the tallest of the campus bldgs

From: BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME

Sent: Wednesday, August 27, 2014 7:42 AM To: SMITH, ABNEY A JR; WALKER, CARLETTE L

Cc: YOUNG, KYLE MATTHEW

Subject: RE: Conference Room for Friday Meeting

OK, Thanks...

From: SMITH, ABNEY A JR

Sent: Wednesday, August 27, 2014 7:42 AM

To: BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME; WALKER, CARLETTE L

Cc: YOUNG, KYLE MATTHEW

Subject: Re: Conference Room for Friday Meeting

We meet there for executive overview

Sent from my BlackBerry 10 smartphone on the Verizon Wireless 4G LTE network.

From: SMITH, ABNEY A JR

Sent: Wednesday, August 27, 2014 7:39 AM

To: BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME; WALKER, CARLETTE L

Cc: YOUNG, KYLE MATTHEW

Subject: Re: Conference Room for Friday Meeting

Behind admin assistant at door by elevator

Sent from my BlackBerry 10 smartphone on the Verizon Wireless 4G LTE network.

From: BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME

Sent: Wednesday, August 27, 2014 7:35 AM **To:** WALKER, CARLETTE L; SMITH, ABNEY A JR

Cc: YOUNG, KYLE MATTHEW

Subject: Conference Room for Friday Meeting

In looking at the meeting invitation for Friday's EAC meeting, it says the location is the 'Energy Conf. Room", Do either one of you know where this room is? Kyle and I looked at the Corp. Campus maps and don't see it identified.

Thanks, Ken

Ken Browne, P.E. Senior Engineer Business and Financial Services New Nuclear Deployment, SCE&G (803)941-9817 From:

BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME < KENNETH BROWNE@scana.com>

Sent:

Monday, August 25, 2014 8:24 AM

To:

SMITH, ABNEY A JR <SASMITH@scana.com>; WALKER, CARLETTE L

<CWALKER@scana.com>; KOCHEMS, KEVIN R <KKOCHEMS@scana.com>; WICKER, SHERI L <SWICKER@SCANA.COM>; JOHNSON, SHIRLEY S

<SWJOHNSON@scana.com>; CHERRY, WILLIAM

<WILLIAM.CHERRY@scana.com>

Cc:

YOUNG, KYLE MATTHEW < KYLE. YOUNG@scana.com>

Subject:

Preparation for Getting and Reviewing the EAC

Attach:

EAC Review.docx

I did some thinking over the weekend about a plan for review of the EAC when we get it. As you all know, we are supposed to get it this on Friday morning. Our review will be much more effective and efficient if we have a plan prior to getting it.

- 1) Being separated from everything for the last 2 weeks for work on the schedule has been good and I think a similar approach for the EAC may be beneficial if we need a quick review. Probably not for a whole day, but maybe ½ days (7:00 11:30 or 12:30 5:00). There is a conference room here in the ERB that would work well. I don't think it would work as well to attempt the same thing in our conference room in the office, but I guess it is an option. The schedule team review may continue through next week to prepare a presentation but space should be available here. The room has a conference table, 8 chairs (room for a couple more), a white board, and a large TV/ monitor on the wall. There is also a larger classroom with 30 chairs where we have been doing the schedule review. Kyle says we will finished here by this Friday.
- The team composition needs to be determined and people assigned to participate as full time members. Some suggestions...
 - Possibly Ken, Kevin (and/or somebody from his team), Sheri (and/or somebody from her team), Shirley (and/or somebody from her team), Marion (or somebody else from Santee Cooper, Fritz Hood?) Christina (to extract Shawtrac data as needed for comparison, full time/part time?), somebody from Construction (full time/part time?)
- Need to identify who will be points of contact for part time support (Construction for staffing and schedule related questions, Startup and Licensing for example)
- 4) Need to define our mission and goals for the EAC review (validate cost estimate?, cut cost?, identify structural module delay cost?, etc.)
- 5) What Schedule do we want to base our EAC on?
- 6) What will be the product? Presentation to management? Report? Both?
- What is the schedule? If we go with a separated and intensive review, I think we can knock it out in 3 weeks, or so. (9/2 – 9/19)
- 8) Need to set up a few meetings with the Consortium to answer questions and set up a protocol for passing them along and getting the answer (do they have to go through "governance review"?)

Maybe other things I have not thought of...

I have attached the EAC Review summary that we worked on a couple of weeks ago and it probably needs a few tweaks, but it is a good start. I suggest that we get together sometime this week before we get the EAC to discuss, and then sometime on Friday after the delivery.

Please let me know your thoughts on this.

Thanks, Ken

Ken Browne, P.E.

WITNESS: TOUCH DATE THOMPSON COURT REPORTING INC.

Senior Engineer Business and Financial Services New Nuclear Deployment, SCE&G (803)941-9817

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EAC Review

- 1) To what level schedule has the EAC been developed?
- 2) Compare the new units of measure to the original that the contract is based on for gross changes.
- a. Have they used the real data that has been earned for the first 2 years of construction?
- b. What performance factors are assumed?
- 3) Determine the wage rates used during the new schedule units of measure
- 4) Compare the productivity assumption in the new EAC to the previously supplied one in the contract
- 5) What are the new staffing levels and how do they compare to the original contract assumptions?
- a. Are these broken down by type (FNM, Craft, Supervision, Support, Startup, Subcontract workforce)?
- b. Are Westinghouse Startup resources identified and coordinated with the IPS?
- 6) Review original contract payment milestones to new construction activities to determine if dollar output would match percentage complete
- 7) Review ramp up and down curves to the work flow windows to ensure no work force padding.
- 8) What level of justification is used for FNM staffing? Compare to the previously known value
- a. What is the budget for FNM?
- b. Look at FNM categories (all 80xxx Cost Codes) and compare to Original Budget and per month costs.
- 9) Subcontracts
- a. What are the major anticipated Subcontracts? Does this vary from past assumptions?
- b. What is the PF assumed for Subcontract work?
- c. What past areas were in the direct hire assumptions that are now subcontracts?
- 10) Rework
- a. What were the past assumptions or allowances for rework (may tie to #2, PFs)?
- b. What are current assumptions?
- c. What areas in target are assumed to be performed off-site vs. on-site (past example: Mechanical modules at LC and AECON)?
- 11) Indirect Costs and Distributables
- a. What is the ratio of Direct Cost (\$'s) to Indirect Cost (\$'s)?
- b. What is the ratio of Direct manpower to Indirect manpower?
- c. What is the budget for Temporary Facilities "Expenses"?
- d. What is the budget for Temporary Facilities install and maintain "Labor"?
- e. What is the budget for Craft per diem?



EAC Review Team

Preliminary Update
Preparation for 10/13/14 Executive Meeting

KEN BROWNE, MARGARET FELKEL, KEVIN KOCHEMS, SHERI WICKER, AND KYLE YOUNG

> CONFIDENTIAL DRAFT Prepared 10/6/2014



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CONFIDENTIAL DRAFT—Prepared 10/6/2014

4

CB&I Direct Craft Productivity

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- EAC Team recommends holding CB&I accountable to this PF, only paying up to this level.
- EAC Team anticipates a To-Go PF closer to 1.40 and recalculated the cost, resulting in an additional increase of approximately \$101M. (This is the cost impact of the To-Go PF of 1.40 vs. 1.15 and is not included in the Consortium EAC.)
- This does not address excessive Indirect Craft present on site and an additional opportunity exists to challenge costs above established Direct/Indirect ratios.

CONFIDENTIAL DRAFT - Prepared 10/6/2014

Confidential

SCANA RP0024676

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CONFIDENTIAL DRAFT - Prepared 10/6/2014

Confidential

SCANA_RP0024677

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- CB&I projects an additional \$77M of contingency for a total contingency of \$200M.
- EAC Team recommends removal of the \$77M from EAC, leaving \$123M remaining in contingency.
- Note: The Consortium Contingency account of \$123M has been restored due to inclusion of previous usage of contingency in the "Quantity Changes" and "Other Misc. Adjustments" categories of the EAC.

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- In addition to the CB&I issues contained in the EAC provided by the Consortium, the EAC review team has identified an omission that should be mentioned
 - Construction of the Shield Building presents an additional risk to the Project.
 - O Increasing the base labor hours for Shield Building erection to the original estimate quantities represents an increase of \$14.9M to the EAC at CB&I Services labor rates.

8

CONFIDENTIAL DRAFT - Prepared 10/6/2014

Confidential

SCANA RP0024679

CB&I Field Non-Manual

- CB&I projects an increase in FNM costs of \$170M.
- EAC Team verified the EAC using the current CB&I FNM plan, which is lean. The EAC Team does not anticipate that CB&I will be able to comply with this plan.
- CB&I currently receives a contract based mark-up of 1.70 for all FNM labor costs. The Owner has verified on numerous occasions that the mark-up CB&I actually incurs on FNM labor costs is approximately 1.30.
- EAC Team recommends a reduction in FNM mark-up for all additional FNM costs above the original estimate using a 1.40 mark-up. This will result in an EAC reduction of approximately \$48M.

CONFIDENTIAL DRAFT—Prepared 10/6/2014

Confidential

SCANA_RP0024680

CB&I Acceleration

- CB&I projects an increase of approximately \$168M for acceleration to meet the December 2018/2019 SCDs.
- This cost is based on a limited night shift of 340 Direct Craft, 100
 Indirect Craft, and 60 FNM. There is also an additional 100
 FNM on day shift to support the night shift.
- The proposed September 2018/November 2019 schedule will result in additional acceleration impacts, not yet quantified by the Consortium.
- EAC Team recommends \$0 entitlement because the acceleration is necessary due to Structural Module Delays.

CONFIDENTIAL DRAFT - Prepared 10/6/2014

20

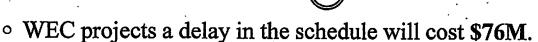
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- CB&I cut the EAC by \$296M at a very high-level. How these cuts will be realized has yet to be determined.
- Under Target Price scheme, all actual costs are reimbursed....

	Woodlands Adjustmant	Project Adjustment	Total Adjustment
Indirect	(30,000)		(30,000)
FE Increase FNM Reduction Project Adjustment	(163,500) (49,000)	25,000	(163,500) (49,000) 25,000
FNM	(212,500)		(187,500)
Direct Subcontracts	(19,300)		(19,300)
Distribs	(37,000)	1. 1	(37,000)
Escalation OOMs ↓ Project ICA	(23,400) (532) 1,629		(23,400) (532) 1,629
Other Costs	(22,303)		(22,303)
क्रिजा	(821,103)	25,000	((296,108)

CONFIDENTIAL DRAFT - Prepared 10/6/2014

WIEC Schedule Impact



- \$64M of the \$76M is due to increases in the CV subcontract cost.
 EAC Team found several errors in this estimate reducing the EAC impact to \$35M. (WEC has been requested to revise the EAC)
- \$12M of the \$76M is due to hotel load increases for Plant Startup and Licensing.
- EAC Team recommends \$0 entitlement because the delay is due to Structural Module Delays.

22

CONFIDENTIAL DRAFT - Prepared 10/6/2014

Base Scope Refinement

- EPC Management -WEC has indicated that their 'best talent' approach, in addition to CB&I on-site management, will add WEC staff costs totaling approximately \$22M.
- WEC EPC Target work scope does not currently include this function or cost.
- EAC Team recommends \$0 entitlement as this cost is due to Consortium (CB&I) inefficiencies.
- Licensing-WEC projects an increase in the Licensing T&M costs totaling \$28M.
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CONFIDENTIAL DRAFT - Prepared 10/6/2014

23

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SCANA_RP0024684

Regulatory Driven

- Start-up and Testing -WEC projects an increase in CVAP and FOAK testing of \$23M. (Waiting on WEC Cost...)
- EAC Team recommends all home office planning and procedure development be removed from the EAC and considered Firm price \$11.5M. (Pending receipt of WEC Cost)

(WAP) Comprehensive rebrations, programs

24

Owner Challenges

- The cost of unrealized savings projections that have been included in the EAC by the Consortium will be reimbursed under Target Price and T&M payment processes.
- Much of the costs for Structural Module Delays and PF
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SCANA_RP0024686

EAC Review Team

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To: JONES, RONALD A[RONALD.JONES@scana.com]; WALKER, CARLETTE

L[CWALKER@scana.com]; SMITH, ABNEY A JR[SASMITH@scana.com]

Cc: BROWNE, KENNETH JEROME[KENNETH.BROWNE@scana.com]; KOCHEMS, KEVIN R[KKOCHEMS@scana.com]; WICKER, SHERI L[SWICKER@SCANA.COM]; JOHNSON, SHIRLEY

S[SWJOHNSON@scana.com]

From: Cherry, Marion

Sent: Mon 4/6/2015 4:38:07 PM Subject: FW: VCS - NND - Target Cost

2015 04 06 - EPCA Target Cost & Pct Comp DCL Charts.pptx

***This is an EXTERNAL email. Please do not click on a link or open any attachments unless you are confident it is from a trusted source.

FYI

From: Crosby, Michael

Sent: Monday, April 06, 2015 4:30 PM

To: sbyrne@scana.com

Cc: ARCHIE, JEFFREY B; Cherry Marion; Cherry, Marion

Subject: VCS - NND - Target Cost

Steve,

As you know, Marion worked with Business and Finance to produce the following charts that were discussed in the Executive Steering Committee meeting on Mar 6:

- 1. Direct Craft Productivity (EPC basis 1.0 ... EAC basis going forward 1.15)
- 2. Indirect to Direct Craft Labor Ratio (EPC basis 0.38 ... EAC basis going forward 0.39)
- 3. Field Non-Manual to Direct Craft Labor Ratio (EPC basis 0.51 ... EAC basis going forward 0.53)
- 4. Percent Complete Direct Craft Work

As follow-on to this effort a ... Total Target Cost chart ... has been added to the package (see last slide in attached file).

The new chart is a good visual aid which projects the (end-view) total target cost impact of the Consortium's poor management of productivity and labor ratios.

In the top left corner of the new chart ... a table is provided which summarizes the key inputs that generate the total target cost curves.

The top row of the table (highlighted yellow) ... is an average of the actual numbers recorded on the project over the 5 month period (Sep 2014 – Jan 2015). A total target cost curve for this data is not shown on the graph because it would be off the chart.

As you recall upon receiving the EAC (August 2014), the Consortium promised to self-correct and drive productivity and the labor ratios back (closer) to the EPC basis.

Scenario 1 and 2 (curves) ... demonstrate how improvements to productivity factor and labor ratios drive the curves down ... but still result in cumulative target costs that are significantly over budget.

Both the EAC and Entitlement curves ... demonstrate that to achieve the target costs projected by the EAC ... the Consortium must perform in accordance with numbers that closely track the contract basis.

Additional details on the new chart:

- 1. All numbers shown are at 100%.
- 2. Baseline reference: Cumulative cost of \$2,281M ... is the EPC contract based on the July 2012 settlement totaling \$1,936M escalated.
- 3. Entitlement curve: Cumulative cost of \$358M above the baseline ... is the EAC Design Finalization and Change Orders minus LDs with escalation added. For SCE&G at 55% ... this is the \$72M (design finalization) and \$56M (change orders) filed in the current PSC petition.
- 4. EAC curve: Cumulative cost of \$1,156M above the baseline ... is the total EAC cost (target only) with escalation.

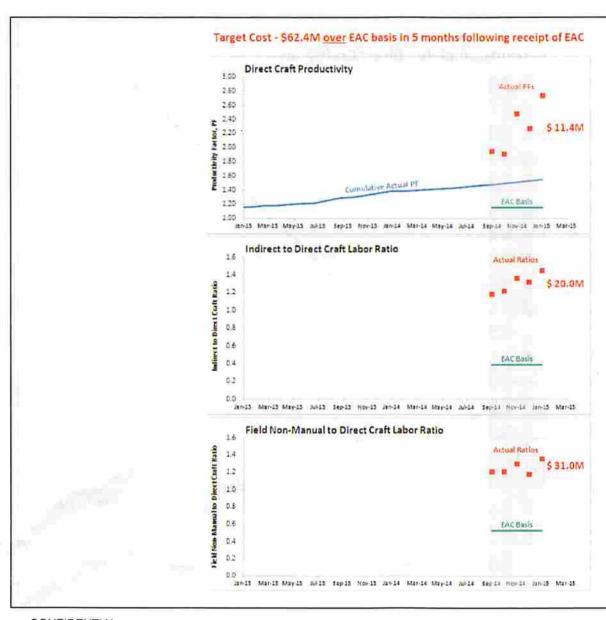
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If you have time to review ... maybe we can discuss tomorrow after our meeting.

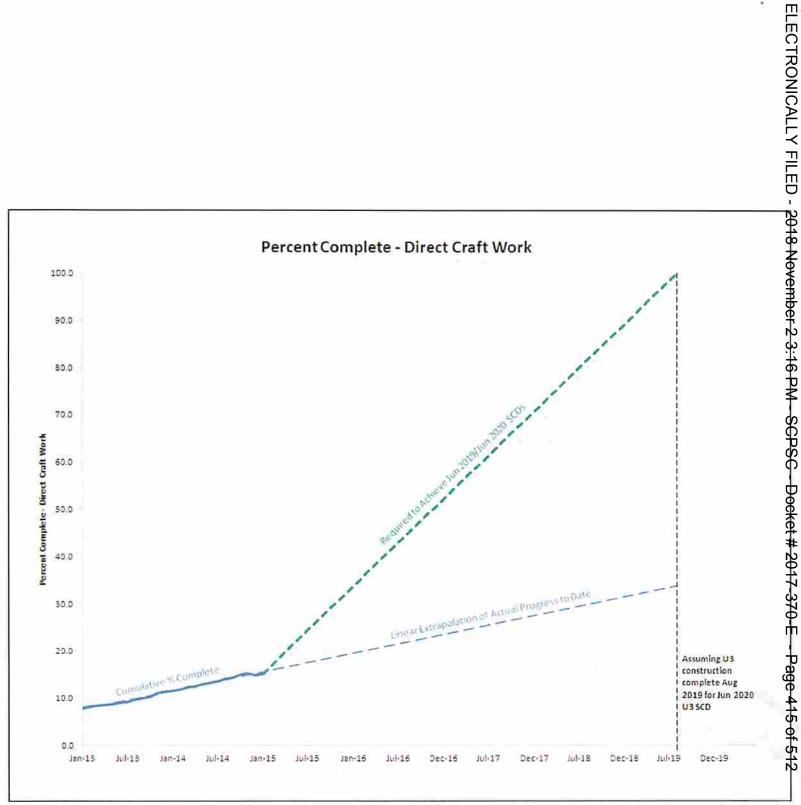
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Confidentiality Notice:

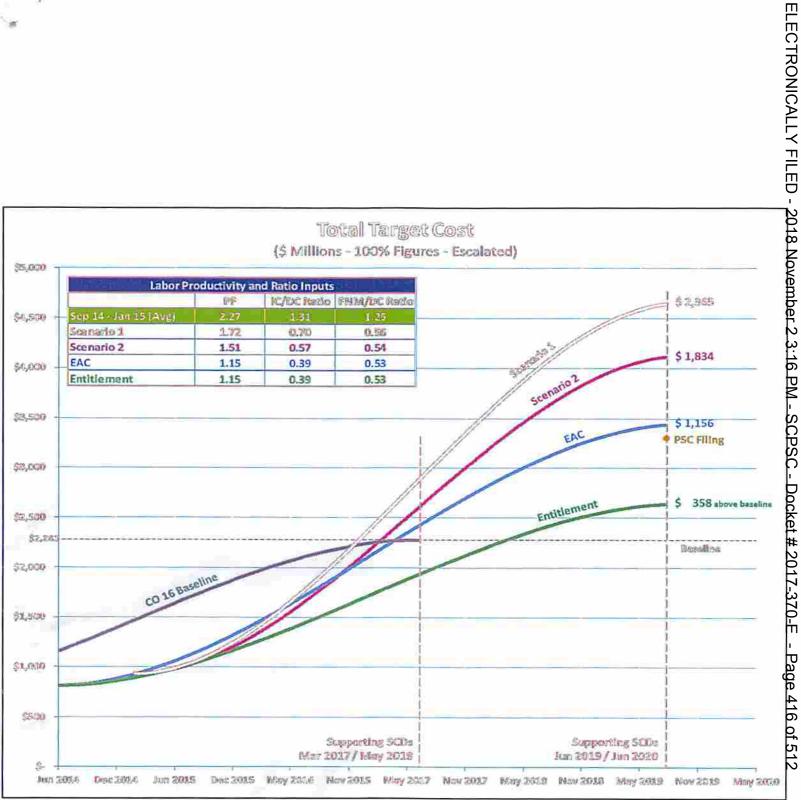
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CONFIDENTIAL SCANA_RP0954159



CONFIDENTIAL SCANA_RP0954160



CONFIDENTIAL

SCANA_RP0954161

Message

From:

ARCHIE, JEFFREY B [/O=SCANA/OU=COLUMBIA/CN=RECIPIENTS/CN=JARCHIE]

Sent:

4/7/2015 10:31:30 AM

To:

I cloud [jeffarchie@icloud.com]

Subject:

Fw: VCS - NND - Target Cost

Attachments: 2015 04 06 - EPCA Target Cost & Pct Comp DCL Charts.pptx

Sent from my BlackBerry 10 smartphone on the Verizon Wireless 4G LTE network.

From: Crosby, Michael <michael.crosby@santeecooper.com>

Sent: Monday, April 6, 2015 4:29 PM

To: BYRNE, STEPHEN A

Cc: ARCHIE, JEFFREY B; CHERRY, WILLIAM; Cherry, Marion

Subject: VCS - NND - Target Cost

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Thanks, Michael

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THOMPSON COURT REP

To:

WALKER, CARLETTE L[CWALKER@scana.com]

Cc:

KOCHEMS, KEVIN R[KKOCHEMS@scana.com]; BROWNE, KENNETH

JEROME[KENNETH.BROWNE@scana.com]

From:

WICKER, SHERI L

Sent:

Tue 5/5/2015 5:09:38 PM

Subject: EAC Docs

EAC Review Team Action Items Final 11-11-14.xlsx Copy of EAC Validation Report - May 2015.docx

Sheri L. Wicker SCE&G New Nuclear Project NND Finance Tel 803-941-9825 (x89825)

Confidential

				EAC Revie	w and	l Validati	ion*			
Revi	sed By:	Sheri Wicker		The purpose of this exercise is to understand the basis of the Consortium's EAC. Closure of an Action item does not imply Owner concurrence with the Consortium's position.				Date Revised		11/11/14
ITEM No.	DATE	OWNER	UZSCD	DESCRIPTION	CONSORT MEMBER	RESPONSIBLE PERSON	COMPLETION	NOTES	Consortium Responses	STATUS
ì	08/29/14	Ken Stowne	December 2018 June 2019	CB&I S&W to provide supporting documentation for EAC.	COS	Joe Arostegui	09/05/14	Meeting scheduled for 03/05/14 ? atn - 10 am. Partial submittal of documentation received via email 09/03/14		Closed
2	09/02/14	Ken Srowne	December 2018 June 2019	CBS1SEW to provide mapping between Progress Tracker database and EAC Summary categories.	CBS1	Joe Arostegui	09/03/14	Owner received email.		Closed
3	09/04/14	Sheri Wicker		Reference Column "Schedule Impact", Containment Vessel, \$61,250: Owner requests copies of WTC/CBBs Services documents used to compute \$35,000 of the \$61,250.	WEC	JoAnne Hyde		WEC will provide Owner with access to on-site review. Owner has contacted CB&I Power Management to request assistance with obtaining Owner copy of documents. Meeting requested between WEC and Owner 09/23/14.	WEC 09/05/14 - The Containment Vessel Change Order Request from CBI Services is available for viewing by Owner on-site. Distribution of copies is not approved by CBI Services WEC 09/19/14 - Hardcopy release pending response from D. De Pierro	Closed
8.	09/04/14	Sheri Wicker	June 2019	Reference Column "Schedule Impact", Plant Startup & Testing \$4,050. Backup documents indicate these costs are based on 14 FTE's. Provide the mathematical calculations that support these numbers. What is the basis for the 14 FTE's? What is the basis for 18,100 hours?	WEC	JoAnne Hyde	09/05/14		WEC 09/05/14 -38.100 hours * 5106.20 Blended Rate = 54,050 Basis for 14 FTEs is current staffing - (reference monthly Start Up invoices) 147.3 hours/month * 18 FTE = 38,100 hours	Closed
5	09/04/14	Sheri Wicker	June 2019	Reference Column "Schedule Impact"; What delay period has been considered in establishing these schedule impact costs?	WEC	JoAnne Hyde		Reference Action Item No. 41 dated 09/09/14	impacted Partially Accelerated, and 12 months for the Accelerated.	Closed
6	09/04/14	Sheri Wicker	June 2019	Reference Column "Schedule Impact", Licensing \$7,050) Backup documents indicate these costs are based on 15.75 FTE's. Provide the mathematical calculations that support these numbers. What is the basis for the 15.75FTE's? What is the basis for 43,750 hours? What work scope is considered in this cost estimate?	WEC	JoAnse Hyde			WEC 09/05/14-41,750 hours * 5168.80 Bleinded Rate = 57,050 Basis is current levels of effort. 15.75 FTE * 147.3 hours/month * 18 months * 41,750 hours Includes Sire licensing plus augmented support from home office - about 60% site and 40% home office. The scope includes evaluation, preparation and support of licensing changes including LARs and Departures, any NRC meetings supported on behalf of the Owner, responses to NRC questions, and any other licensing support. FTEs are based on current levels of effort.	Closed

7	09/04/14	Sheri Wicker	Ame 2019	Reference Column "Base Scooe Refinement", EPC Marmt 531,500; What is the basis for number of FTE's and months used in the estimate? Provide the mathematical calculations that support these numbers. What work scope is being considered in this cost estimate? Provide justification for using G-2 rates. Provide basis used to determine costs (names/titles).	wec	loAnne Hyde	09/05/14	WEC 09/05/14 -FIE's are based estimate from Project Manageme intended to include milesto management, issue management Control COLD, Stratege? Feam, and other anticipated focu Names will change over the durati project as people are assigned to This is work was not part of Westinghouse scope of supply, the 2 rates are being applied. Names/bitles for work performed will be provided later.	nt. It is the On Site sanning areas. On of the his role. The refere Guitar far	Closed
8	09/04/14	Sheri Wicker	June 2019	Reference Column "Base Scope Refinement.", Containment Vessel \$25,000: What is the basis for this number? The WEC documentation used to support this number does not show the \$25,000. Owner requests copies of CBIS documents to support the detailed scopes of work that add to the \$25,000.	WEC	JoAnne Hyde	09/05/14	WEC 09/05/14-525M is the delta original estimate and the current order [568.7 - 593.7). A list of s change orders which have been e are in the Supporting Documentath The change orders over \$2500 previously agreed threshold, has previously audited by the Owner. can schedule an additional au necessary. CBIS estimates were used as the I the Miscellaneous Future CV CI Notices and will be provided to the However the amount included in was a probabilistic weighted estit the anticipated negotiated am (Probability = 70%, low - \$13M, m high \$18M) which yielded a value included in the \$93.7M Current E Total.	urchase ecific secuted on Book. the a been Owner lit if asis for ange Owner. the EAC sate of sunt: d \$14M, of \$10M	Closed

9	09/04/14	Sheri Wicker	kine 2019	Reference Column "Rase Scope Refinement", Plant Startup and Testing \$13,000: The documentation provided shows total costs of \$76,047. What is the basis for number of FTE's and months used in the estimate? Provide the mathematical calculations that support these numbers. Confirm that the \$15,000 is the difference between \$76,047 and the original T&M Allowance of \$61,047? Owner received an additional document, "ITP Summary", How does the \$76,047M reconcile to the \$89.3M referenced as T&M in the "ITP Summary"?	WEC	JoAnne Hyde	09/05/14		the Integrated / Partially Accelerated Project Schedule activities. A White Paper was provided to Owner GM of Operational Readiness to explain the process. The monthly duration of Start Up activities varies and is detailed in the White Paper. 8 of FTE's for each respective role description per each respective year * 1768 saleable labor hours per year * applicable G 1 rate = \$76,047 Confirmed: \$15M = current estimate (\$76.047) - EPC contract designated funding (\$61.0M) The \$89.3 represents the internal Westinghouse cost. Actual invoices are per the rates in G-1 as per contract and were estimated at \$76.0M. WE 09/05/14-The estimate did not include costs to resolve the open items on page 10-11 of the ITP Summary	
10	09/04/14	Sheri Wicker	June 2019	Reference the "ITP Summary" document: Were the Open Rems listed on pages 10 - 11 addressed in the EAC calculation?	WEC	JoAnne Hyde		Reference Action Item No. 42 dated 09/09/14	WEC 09/19/14 - The estimate did not include costs to resolve the open items on page 10-11 of the ITP Summary except for the first two bullets: FPOT and F3POT (included in the 522M FPOT/F3POT estimate value), and control system I&C support during preoperational testing (included in the 576M value).	Closed
11	09/04/14	Sheri Wicker	Ame 2019	Reference Column "Base Scope Refinement", Plant Startup and Testine \$15,000; Will further schedule acceleration (potential U2 SCD September 2018) impact these costs?	WEC	ZoAnne Hyde	09/05/14	Reference Action Item No. 43 dated 09/09/14	WEC 09/05/14 -Ves. It is anticipated that more oversight and support will be required as a higher number of tests are completed in parallel. Estimates have not yet been developed to support the September 2018 schedule.	Closed

12	09/04/14	Sheri Wicker	June 2019	Reference Column "Base Scope Refinement", Licensing \$30,000: What is the basis for number of FTE's and months used in the estimate? Provide the mathematical calculations that support these numbers. Provide justification for using G-2 rates. What work scope is being considered for this estimate?	WEC	JoAnne Hyde	09/05/14		WEC 09/05/14-8 of projected FTE's for each respective role description per each respective year * 1768 sakeable labor hours per year * applicable G-2 rate = \$30M includes \$\text{Ste}\$ licensing pkts augmented support from home office - about 60% site and 40% home office G-2 Rates are used per Exhibit G.1.1 provision and the limit of \$2.2M is assumed to be exceeded for this exercise. The scope includes evaluation, preparation and support of licensing changes including support of licensing that of the Owner, responses to NRC questions, and any other licensing support. FTEs are based on an overall anticipated level of effort.	Closed
13	09/04/14	Margaret Felkel	June 2019	WEC to review the Model for Vendor Change Orders with Owner for Cyber Security.	WEC	JoAnne Hyde	09/05/14	Owner will have additional questions during negotiations of change order.	WEC 09/05/14 - Model provided as an estimating tool for Owner consideration. Reference email from J. Hyde 9/2/2014 WEC 09/05/14 - For the prior years, the	Closed
14	09/04/14	Margaret Felhel	kune 2019	Reference "Residatory" Column, Affordable Care Act \$5,000: What is the basis for the healthcare costs as a percentage of payroll and OHC as percentage of total healthcare costs? What is the basis for the \$.35% SGA and 14.44% Profit? Reconcile actual EAC costs with draft Change Order provided to Owner. Provide number of employees, titles and pay rates used in the total payroll category by year (actual and estimated). What percentage of total AP1000 payroll does this estimate represent (Yogite vs. China vs. VCS)? Owner requests review of document, "Timeline for Phase in of Affordable Care Act", specifically, how timing of the provisions of Act are incorporated into the estimate.	WEC	JoArine Hyde	09/05/14	Owner will have additional questions during negotistions of change order.	calculation for VCS impact is applied as follows: VCS payroll "8% calculated value" percent impact of the Affordable Care Act. The Hill department provided the health care costs as a percent of total payroll based on actual claims resulting in an average calculated value was 8%. A base ratio was set for the number of dependents per employee in 2010 before the Act based on experience. For current and future years, the Affordable Care Act impacts were supplied by Hill based on a projection from the third party benefits provider. SGA percentage of 5.35% has been consistently applied to change orders as per the original cost books since the beginning of the project as there is no stated SGA ratio in the construct. Profit is applied without the first mover discount (14.44%) for Change Order work which is not TSM, and is consistent with past change orders as there is no stated profit rate in the contract. The Affordable Care Act is a Change in law and therefore rates were annilied as ner the contract Change.	Closed

15	09/04/14	Kevin Kochems	June 2019	Beference Column "Regulatory Driven", Plant Startup & Testing SZZM; Provide justification for use of G-2 rates. Provide the basis for the hours used for each of the tests/stems listed? Provide assurance that this estimate includes the costs for both units?	WEC	JoAnne Hyde	Meeting held 09/24/14 between Owner and WEC:	WEC 09/05/14-G-2 Rates were used for Regulatory Changes (CVAP/ FPOT) Secarse this is considered as new scope to comply with Owner's license. The hours estimate was developed by the starring groups. Costs represent the scope for both units. CVAP instrument work is only performed on 1 unit, while non-instrument work is performed on both. Suggest a separate meeting focused on CVAP and FPOT scope.	Closed
16	09/04/14	Kevin Kochems	June 2019	Reference Column "Regulatory Driven", Plant Startup & Testing SZZM: Within the WEC backup, \$445,767,04 was provided as the dollars for "Project Management". Provide support for this calculation.	wec	JoAnne Hyde	Meeting held 09/24/14 between Owner and WEC. WEC will resubmit EAC when estimate becomes available (week ending 10/03/14)	WEC 09/05/14-The Project Management scope was estimated by the startup groups based on their estimation of need for a first of a kind testing. Suggest a separate meeting focused on the CVAP and FPOT scope. 10/31/14 The Westinghouse Project Management estimate remains unchanges for this scope. It is estimated at *20% due to the first of a kind nature of this work.	Closed
17	09/04/14	Kevin Kochems	June 2019	Reference Column "Regulatory Driven". Plant Startup & Testing \$22M: 522M: Does this increase include test data analysis and test equipment/supplies?	WEC	JoAnnie Hyde	Meeting held 09/24/14 between Owner and WEC. WEC will resubmit EAC when estimate becomes available (week ending	WEC 09/05/14 - Materials were not included in the EAC estimate and are not listed in the Supporting Documentation. EAC estimate also includes a portion of work to be performed to C5&1, Suggest a separate meeting on the scope of this work as the cost estimates need to be refined in conjunction with Owner WEC 09/19/14 - The estimate did not include costs to resolve the open items on page 10-11 of the ITP Summary except for the first two builtets: FPOT and FEPOT (included in the S22M FPOT/FBPOT estimate value), and control system USC support during preoperational testing (included in the 576M value). 10/31/14 The estimate has been refined the new estimate is \$1004.	Closed

18	09/04/14	Kevin Kochems	kme 2019	Reference Column "Resultsory Deiven". ITAAC Maintenance SIM: SIM: Provide detailed scopes of work that build-up this amount? Provide justification for use of G-2 rates. Provide detailed original ITAAC budget?	WEC	JoAnne Hyde			WEC 09/05/14 - This estimate was intended to coincide with the scope agreed with Owner per the T&M authorization process. It is viewed as a Change in Law under the contract and is not a part of base scope therefore G-2 rates were applied. Incremental costs will be billed at actual hours for such scope as agreed with Owner per the T&M authorization form. The original base scope ITAAC budget is part of Firm Price and not subject to Owner's review.	Closed
19	09/04/14	Kevin Kochems	June 2019	Reference Column - Various; Provide basis of 147.3 hrs used to calculate FTE month.	WEC	JoAnne Hyde	09/05/14		inc. 03/03/24 2000 mours per year (nonsalable factor of 15% to include: average amount of vacation, holiday, sick, non project time for the employee population) / 12 months = 147.3 hours per	Closed
20	03/29/14	Ken Browne		Verify that costs of Shield Building Mast Climbers are included in the EAC?	C8&1	Joe Arostegul			Estimate includes funds from CD 16 - no additional forecast is included for Mast Climbers	Closed
21	08/29/14	Ken Browne	December 2018 June 2019	Confirm that the basis for the Shield Building erection costs for CB&I Services in the EAC matches the 22 month erection schedule.	C8&1	Joe Arostegui			Yes - 22 month erection schedule (per unit) is basis for Shield Building erection costs.	Closed
22	08/29/14	Margaret Felkel	December 2018 June 2019	Confirm that the EAC does not include any FRIM Living Allowance or Relocation costs. Per Change Order 8, those costs are Firm Price.	C8&I	Joe Arostegui			Corrected. On the Acceleration in the presentation, there was a mistake. The \$7.5M will be removed from Target	Closed
23	G8/29/14	Ken Browne	December 2018 June 2019	Provide a detailed explanation for the costs included in the "Other Misc Adjustments" Column.	C8&I	Joe Arostegui		Response provided by CB&I via email dated 09/12/14 to Owner is incomplete. Owner requested additional information on 09/12/14. CB&I 09/23/14 - CB&I confirmed still awaiting details on the costs. Owner comments - CB&I emailed documentation on 09/25/14 and meeting was held 09/30/14 to discuss supporting documentation. Reference Action Item No. 49 - 51 for additional questions.		Closed
24	08/29/14	Kevin Kochems		Provide high level estimated cash flows by quarter by September 5, 2024.	CB&I WEC	Joe Arostegui JoAnne Hyde		Reference Action Item No. 44 dated 09/09/14	WEC 09/05/14 - High level estimates by year, as available, were included in the Westinghouse Supporting Documentation.	Closed
25	03/29/14	Kevin Kochems		Provide detailed estimated cash flows by quarter by October 13, 2014.	CB&I WEC	Joe Arostegui JoAnne Hyde			WEC 09/05/14 - For Westinghouse, the ability to provide this is contingent on a detailed schedule being available for the individual detailed milestones. At the present time, only the June schedule has the detail to support a cash flow on a monthly basis.	Deferred

26	09/04/14	Kevin Kochems		Provide additional details regarding the escalation/do-escalation methodology used to calculate the EAC.	C8&1 WEC	ioe Arostegui IoAnne Hyde	I (mostly 1 0694) enforcement backup I (Closed
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VC Summer Units 2 & 3, 2014 EAC Analysis and Discussion of Cost Changes

Report prepared by Owner's EAC Review and Validation Team

Ken Browne – NND B&F
Margaret Felkel – NND B&F
Kevin Kochems – NND B&F
Sheri Wicker – NND B&F
Kyle Young – NND Construction

This report was prepared based upon an analysis of the revised EPC Project Estimate at Completion (EAC) for Target and T&M cost categories as prepared by the EPC Consortium and presented to the Owner on August 29, 2014. Subsequent to the Consortium presentation the Owner's EAC Review Team convened and conducted a detailed review of the data as presented and as provided at later dates as requested to support the original presentation. Several subsequent meetings were conducted with various members of the Consortium team to review the additional data and discuss the estimate. This report was prepared based on use of the December 2018/December 2019 Substantial Completion Dates for Units 2 & 3 respectively.

Discussion of the EAC Details:

(In the order presented on the Client Summary Sheet)

1.0 2007 \$'s Sch @ CO-16 PSC Approved

This column provides the cost basis for Target and T&M costs for both CB&I and WEC as it existed in the Consortium budget at the execution of the CO-16 "Settlement Agreement" (July 2012), with the exception of "Deviations" for identified Consortium Contingency usage prior to that time. This budget included an EPC Target Price Consortium Contingency of approximately \$130 Million. The total EPC Consortium budget for Target Price was \$1,935,976,000 and for T&M Price was \$302,748,000.

2.0 Site Layout C.O.

This column provides the cost estimate for site layout modifications requested by the Owner related to re-defined security requirements. This is an "Owner –Directed" Change and the Consortium is entitled to 100% of the actual cost. It should be noted that in addition to the Target and T&M costs indicated in the EAC, there are additional Firm Price cost impacts which are not included in the EAC. At the time of EAC submittal, this Change Order had not been submitted and the estimated Target Price cost is \$20,465,000 and the estimated T&M cost is \$36,000 (Excluding CB&I G&A and Profit to be added later in the EAC template). Subsequent to submittal of the EAC, revised prices for the Change Order were submitted and the total Target Price impact of the Site Layout Changes has increased to \$36,000,000 with \$43,000 T&M and an additional Firm Price impact of \$21,000,000. All costs presented are in 2007 \$'s. The EAC analysis spreadsheet has been updated to reflect this additional cost.

EAC Validation Report Page 1

Confidential SCANA_RP0021577

There is no WEC cost impact from this Change.

3.0 Cyber Security C.O.

This column provides the cost estimate for additional Cyber Security provisions required for VCS Units 2 &3 due to Regulatory Changes by the US NRC. Due to the uncertainty surrounding the Cyber Security Change Order, all costs are included in the T&M Price category by the Consortium. The Owner continues to negotiate the work scope included in this Change and monitor the costs of this work evolution. Subsequent to the EAC submittal, the projected T&M cost impact to CB&I is \$10,030,582 and \$24,180,500 to WEC (including G&A and Profit to each Consortium party). Both parties are entitled to full compensation for the performance of the negotiated scope at EPC controlled T&M rates, as this Change is related to a "Change in Law." In addition to the amounts listed above, there will be further costs associated with Vendor Change Order T&M work. These costs are not included in the current T&M proposal as the work is dependent on a number of estimates and assumptions that are unknown at this time. The Consortium will invoice these costs to the Owner via separate change orders as they are identified and incurred. For the purposes of this EAC review, the Owner has estimated \$7,500,000 for the total sum of the Vendor Change Orders. However, it should be noted that this is a broad estimate and that the total cost could be much higher or lower. Although these costs were not included in the EAC by the Consortium, the Owner believes that the Consortium is entitled to the total amount.

4.0 Quantity Changes

This column addresses the additional CB&I craft labor costs associated with commodity quantity changes that have been identified since the original estimate was developed and incorporated in approved "Deviations". These quantity changes are the result of design change/refinement and site specific issues. The costs of all commodities are included in the Firm Price and are not included here. In addition, CB&I has used this column to shift categories for two specific work scopes (Shield Building Erection and HVAC) from self performed to sub-contract. This is represented by the \$57,575,000 included in the Direct Subcontracts line. Corresponding reductions are included in the Unit 2 and Unit 3 Direct Labor costs, but they can't be identified in the summary sheet. The Owner agrees that the Consortium is entitled to 100% of this cost through the normal Target Price billing. The EAC total is unchanged at \$87,346,000 + G&A and Profit and Entitlement is the same amount.

5.0 Craft Productivity

This column accounts for the lack of productivity and additional labor costs within the Direct Craft category. The original budget assumed a PF of 1.00. This column takes the PF to an overall 1.19, using a 1.15 To-Go PF. As of 12/2/14 (for reporting period through October 2014), the Productivity Factor (PF) for the project to date was 1.49. In the four subsequent months since receipt of the EAC, the ITD PF has increased steadily from 1.45 to the current value, due to monthly values of 1.97 for August, 1.95 for September, 1.91 for October and 2.48 for November.

EAC Validation Report Page 2

Confidential SCANA_RP0021578

In its EAC, the Consortium assumed that the project would reach a goal PF of 1.15 within 6 months. This does not appear to be achievable. The Owner does not believe the assumed To-Go PF of 1.15 is achievable with the current CB&I organization, so the EACH Review Team recalculated the cost with a PF factor of 1.40 To-Go. This resulted in the Owner's EAC estimate increasing \$167,461,000 for Direct Craft labor. However, the Owner believes that CB&I should only be entitled to recovery of a reasonable PF, like the one assumed in the EAC (1.19). The Owner therefore does not think CB&I is entitled to any additional costs beyond their estimate of \$81,763,000.

6.0 Schedule Impact

This EAC category is comprised of Target and Time & Materials increases for both CB&I and Westinghouse due to delays associated with Structural Modules and Westinghouse Design Engineering issues that result in new Commercial Operation Dates (COD's). The EAC Review Team recommends \$0 of increased entitlement for these Target and Time & Materials costs. The Owner has already agreed to increased costs for Structural Module Delays in proposed Change Order 16 and the associated interim Letter Agreement. Delays due to design engineering issues are the responsibility of Westinghouse.

CB&I Target

CB&I includes increased costs for Indirect Construction Labor, FNM Labor and associated FNM expenses for hotel load, Distributables and Fuel associated with Construction Equipment. All increased costs are due to the schedule delays associated with Structural Modules and Westinghouse Design Engineering issues. Based on CB&I's estimating methodology, the EAC Review Team believes these costs are inflated. An example of these inflated costs was the methodology used for distributables whereby CB&I did not look at what was previously spent on distributables but used a "forward looking" estimate of distributable expenses and may include some Firm Price distributables (Change Order #8) such as construction equipment and office supplies and equipment.

CB&I Time & Materials

CB&I includes increased costs for scaffolding craft and FNM labor and used a factor applied to Target scope indirect labor to determine the estimate for craft labor. CB&I also increased its estimate for one Field Non Manual Supervision Employee for hotel load associated with the Schedule Impact. CB&I increased its estimate for distributables for additional scaffolding materials. The EAC Review Team questioned CB&I as to why Scaffolding costs would increase due to the Schedule Impact of Structural Module Delays. The explanation given was not sufficient to support an increase in scaffolding costs related to a Schedule Delay.

Westinghouse Target

Westinghouse includes increased costs associated with its subcontract with CB&I Services for the Containment Vessel Fabrication and Assembly. The EAC Review Team evaluated the estimate documentation provided by CB&I Services to Westinghouse and found erroneous assumptions and mathematical errors. Westinghouse stated that CB&I Services has retracted

EAC Validation Report Page 3

Confidential

this estimate pending additional information and that a new estimate will not be given to the Owner for review with the EAC. Based on a review of the documents provided by CB&I Services to Westinghouse, CB&I Services' updated estimate includes charges for professional/supervision hotel load for 16 months for what CB&I Services considers a delay related to the Containment Vessel Fabrication and Assembly Schedule (mostly due to Westinghouse design issues/changes) plus the COD Schedule Impact Delay.

Westinghouse Time & Materials

Westinghouse includes increased costs for hotel load for professionals working on Licensing and Startup related to the Schedule Impact and new COD's.

7.0 Base Scope Refinement

This EAC category is comprised of Target and Time & Materials increases for Westinghouse due to refinement in Base Scope tasks. The increase in Target costs are associated with Westinghouse EPC Management for CB&I Construction Support and an increase in base scope associated with changes in the estimate from CB&I Services for Containment Vessel Fabrication and Assembly. The increase in Time & Materials costs are associated with additional base scope changes for Plant Startup and Testing netted against an estimated decrease for Import Duties associated with equipment.

Westinghouse Target

Increased cost estimates associated with EPC Management for CB&I Construction Support are due to Consortium's decision to apply a best talent/best athlete approach of using Westinghouse Management Personnel (an approximate staff of twelve managers) to supplement CB&I Construction Management. This base scope of work was never previously included in Westinghouse's Target work scope. The EAC Review Team recommends \$0 entitlement, since these costs are directly related to the incompetency of CB&I's construction management staff.

Increased cost estimates due to changes in the CB&I Services Subcontract for the Fabrication and Assembly of the Containment Vessel have been reviewed by the Owner and increased costs are entitled due to change orders between Westinghouse and CB&I Services for this Target Price Work Scope.

Westinghouse Time & Materials

Increased cost estimates associated with Plant Startup and Testing are due to Westinghouse's completion of a resource loaded Plant Startup and Test Schedule. The Owner's Operational Readiness Staff reviewed this schedule with Westinghouse and agrees that increased costs may be entitled. The EAC Review Team recommends that any additional costs in this base scope refinement be paid at Westinghouse Base Scope Labor Rates per EPC Table G-1 because this is not new work scope.

Increased cost estimates due to changes in licensing base scope is the result of an increased workload for Westinghouse to support its licensing efforts. Upon review of this estimate, the

EAC Validation Report Page 4

EAC Review Team discovered that Westinghouse is attempting to recover Firm Price Licensing Work Scope through T&M Work pricing. The EPC Contract specifically states that the Consortium must provide the Owner with a "Licensed Plant" and much of this estimated additional work is included in Westinghouse's Firm Price Work Scope. Comments from the Owner's Licensing Manager include statements that there has only been one Owner directed LAR (Licensing Amendment Request) and all other E&DCR's and LAR's are due to Westinghouse changes/issues. The Owner has experienced increased costs due to additional licensing support staff and NRC fees to review Westinghouse's licensing changes. The EAC Review Team recommends \$0 entitlement for the increased costs above the original T&M Licensing Allowance and suggests seeking recovery from Westinghouse for the increase in Owner's costs associated with these changes.

Decreased cost estimates due to changes in Import Duties are directly associated with the decrease in duties associated with the Federal Government's Korean Free Trade Agreement. The EAC Review Team agrees that the Owner has already seen a decrease in import duties associated with equipment from South Korea. Although the Owner cannot verify Firm Price costs used to compute Import Duties it is assumed that this \$15 million decrease is a reasonable estimate and agrees to deduct from the EAC.

8.0 Regulatory Driven

This column addresses Westinghouse costs associated with changes that are regulatory in nature as identified by the Consortium. The three scopes included are: Plant Startup & Testing, ITAAC Maintenance, and the Affordable Care Act. Both of the estimates for ITAAC Maintenance (\$2,623,837) and the Affordable Care Act (\$4,502,868) appear reasonable and the Owner believes the Consortium is entitled to these costs per regulatory changes enacted since the EPC Agreement was signed in 2008. For Plant Startup & Testing, the Consortium has identified \$30,000,000 in regulatory driven changes, which includes costs for CVAP, FPOT, F3POT and hotel load costs. The Owner does not believe that all of the costs included in this estimate are appropriately identified by the Consortium as new scope per regulatory changes. Costs that should not be contained in this estimate include any and all costs identified as Firm Price by the Owner such as Home Office Program Managers.

9.0 Contingency/Risk Evaluation

CB&I Target

This EAC category is comprised of increased CB&I Target costs for Contingency based on 11% of the ETC (Estimate-To-Completion). The EAC Review Team recommends \$0 entitlement since CB&I's Contingency account has been restored for the inclusion of previous contingency usage in the "Quantity Changes" and "Other Miscellaneous Adjustments" categories of the EAC and this restores the Consortium to a Target Price Contingency of \$123M, which is approximately 6% of the remaining ETC.

10.0 Other Misc. Adjustments

EAC Validation Report Page 5

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This column provides the projected cost impacts of identified changes that have not been incorporated into deviations by CB&I. In addition to cost changes due to design completion and refinement, included in this category are cost impacts due to other issues such as the delayed completion of the NI base mat due to design changes in the reinforcing bars. Cost Impacts such as this which are the responsibility of the Consortium are recognized, but are not included in the "entitlement" for CB&I. Some of the supporting information for these costs included interviews with CB&I personnel. CB&I was unable to substantiate the total costs for this EAC category.

11.0 Field Non Manual (FNM)

This column provides the cost estimate for additional FNM employees required to complete the project. CB&I provided details to support the cost included in the EAC. The Owner was able to verify the EAC amount, and determined it is reasonable only if CB&I conforms to the staffing plan as provided to the EAC Review Team. In addition to the staffing plan provided to the EAC Team, CB&I has provided a curve with limited data to indicate FNM staffing plan for site facilities and resource planning purposes. The FTE quantities reflected in the curve appear to be substantially higher than the detailed plan provided (20% +). Following the curve vs. the plan will result in a significant impact to the FNM cost.

Using the detail provided by CB&I, the Owner made additional adjustments to the estimated costs to complete the project by 1) applying actual pay rates and 2) extended the time employees were on-site to a more reasonable date (ex. Project Accounting). This analysis resulted in the base scope FNM estimate of \$179M (Excluding G&A and Profit to each Consortium party to be added later in the EAC template). CB&I would only be entitled to \$146M of these costs due to the fact that FNM costs have a factor of 1.70 added to them to cover administrative expenses. The Owner has been told that the actual factor experience by CB&I is approximately 1.3-1.4. Therefore, the Owner should only pay a 1.4 markup on any FNM expense incurred in excess of the amount originally budgeted.

12.0 Acceleration

This column contains an estimate for the increase in project cost due to acceleration to meet the December 2018/2019 SCDs. The Consortium has identified approximately \$171M for both Target and T&M costs. Of this \$171M, \$7.5M was incorrectly included as Target Price for FNM Living Allowances and/or Relocation expenses. These costs should be Firm Price. The majority of the acceleration costs are due to the introduction of a limited night shift of 340 Direct Craft, 100 Indirect Craft, and 60 FNM employees. There are also an additional 100 FNM added to the day shift to support the new night shift. The Owner does not believe the Consortium is entitled to any of the \$171M of acceleration costs as the acceleration is necessary due to Structural Module Delays.

13.0 Total EAC

Through various discussions with the Consortium the Owner understands the methodology used by the Consortium to estimate these costs. For the majority of these costs, a fairly

EAC Validation Report Page 6

Confidential SCANA_RP0021582

judgmental/subjective approach was used rather than a formulaic methodology. As such, the EAC Review Team would be challenged to reproduce these costs if requested. When viewed as a rough order of magnitude this estimate appears to be a reasonable attempt at establishing the minimum Target Price and T&M Price to be expected for completion of the project.

The EAC Review Team believes it has a reasonable understanding of the majority of the costs presented by the Consortium. However, understanding does not equate to agreement of the costs. There were several action items that the Owner did not receive complete answers for but deferred further discussion due to materiality.

EAC Validation Report Page 7

Confidential SCANA_RP0021583

1		DIRECT TESTIMONY OF
2		STEPHEN A. BYRNE WITNESS: DOWNE
3		ON BEHALF OF
4		SOUTH CAROLINA ELECTRIC & GAS COMPANY
5		DOCKET NO. 2015-103-E
6	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, BUSINESS ADDRESS, AND
7		POSITION.
8	A.	My name is Stephen A. Byrne and my business address is 220
9		Operation Way, Cayce, South Carolina. I am President for Generation and
10		Transmission of South Carolina Electric & Gas Company ("SCE&G" or the
11		"Company").
12	Q.	DESCRIBE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND
13		BUSINESS EXPERIENCE.
14		
14	A.	I have a Chemical Engineering degree from Wayne State University.
15	A.	I have a Chemical Engineering degree from Wayne State University. After graduation, I started my nuclear career working for the Toledo Edison
	A.	
15	A.	After graduation, I started my nuclear career working for the Toledo Edison
15 16	A.	After graduation, I started my nuclear career working for the Toledo Edison Company at the Davis-Besse Nuclear Plant. I was granted a Senior Reactor
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15 16 17 18	A.	After graduation, I started my nuclear career working for the Toledo Edison Company at the Davis-Besse Nuclear Plant. I was granted a Senior Reactor Operator License by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission ("NRC") in 1987. From 1984 to 1995, I held the positions of Shift Technical Advisor, Control Room Supervisor, Shift Manager, Electrical Maintenance Superintendent,

Chief Nuclear Officer. In 2004, I was promoted to the position of Senior Vice President for Generation, Nuclear and Fossil Hydro. I was promoted to the position of Executive Vice President for Generation in 2008 and to Executive Vice President for Generation and Transmission in early 2011. I was promoted to President for Generation and Transmission and Chief Operating Officer of SCE&G in 2012.

7 Q. WHAT ARE YOUR DUTIES WITH SCE&G?

Α.

As President of Generation and Transmission and Chief Operating Officer for SCE&G, I am in charge of overseeing the generation and transmission of electricity for the Company. I also oversee all nuclear operations. Included in my area of responsibility is the New Nuclear Deployment ("NND") project in which Westinghouse Electric Company, LLC ("WEC") and Chicago Bridge & Iron ("CB&I") (collectively "WEC/CB&I") are constructing two Westinghouse AP1000 nuclear generating units in Jenkinsville, South Carolina, (the "Units") that are jointly owned by SCE&G and South Carolina Public Service Authority ("Santee Cooper").

18 Q. HAVE YOU EVER TESTIFIED BEFORE THIS COMMISSION?

Yes. I have testified before the Public Service Commission of South
 Carolina (the "Commission") in several past proceedings.

21 Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?

The purpose of my testimony is to discuss the current status of construction of the new nuclear Units; the new construction schedule proposed here which is based on the revised, fully-integrated construction schedule provided to SCE&G by WEC/CB&I in the third quarter of 2014 (the "Revised, Fully-Integrated Construction Schedule"); the changes in commercial operations dates for the Units; the updates in cost forecasts; and the operational, contractual and other matters related to the updates to the cost and construction schedules proposed in this proceeding. This testimony is also submitted in satisfaction of the requirement imposed by the Commission in Order 2009-104(A) that the Company provides annual status reports concerning its progress in constructing the Units.

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PROJECT UPDATE

PLEASE PROVIDE AN OVERVIEW OF THE PROJECT STATUS.

Concerning current status, the project is passing through an important time of transition related to the risks and challenges that will define our efforts going forward. When we began the project, the most important risks were related to first-of-a-kind nuclear construction activities. This project is one of two new nuclear construction projects to be initiated in the United States since the 1970s. It is being licensed by the NRC under an entirely new regulatory framework contained in 10 C.F.R. Part 52. In the early stages of the project, you would have expected risks to reflect that first-of-a-kind nature of the undertaking.

Today, we still face substantial risks and challenges in completing But many of the uncertainties related to first-of-a-kind the project. activities have been resolved or substantially mitigated. While unanticipated problems are always possible, the challenge of completing the Units is now shifting away from first-of-a-kind activities where major new design, performance, fabrication or regulatory challenges predominate. Today, execution risks related to construction, fabrication and acceptance testing are at the forefront. These tasks pose important challenges, and the challenges are commensurate in scale and complexity with the scale and complexity of this project. But qualitatively, these challenges are not that different from the challenges encountered in other major generation projects. It is a sign of the progression of the project that execution risks related to construction, fabrication and testing risks increasingly define the project rather than the first-of-a-kind nuclear project risks. Reaching this point represents an important milestone in our progress toward completion.

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COULD YOU PLEASE ELABORATE ON THE PROJECT'S RISKS AND CHALLENGES AS THEY CURRENTLY STAND?

Much of the change in the risk profile of the project has to do with the major risk factors that are being wholly or partially mitigated. For example, in the 2008 BLRA Combined Application, we identified 19 major permits, certifications or categories of permits that were required to construct the Units. See Combined Application in Docket No. 2008-196-E

1		at Exhibit J, Chart B. Eighteen of the 19 have now been issued and one was
2		determined not to be needed. Receipt of these permits represents the
3		successful resolution of a major risk factor for this project.
4	Q.	COULD YOU OUTLINE SOME OF THE KEY LICENSES,
5		PERMITS AND CERTIFICATIONS THAT THE PROJECT HAS
6		RECEIVED TO DATE?
7	A.	Yes. We have now received:
8		1. The Combined Operating Licenses ("COLs") for the two Units
9		that were issued by the NRC under 10 C.F.R. Part 52;
10		2. Amendments to the Design Control Documents ("DCDs") for
11		the AP1000 Units through DCD Revision 19 that were approved by the
12		NRC to incorporate design enhancements to the Units;
13		3. A Clean Water Act Section 404 permit that was issued by the
14		Army Corps of Engineers related to work in on-site wetlands;
15		4. Several permits associated with use of Lake Monticello as a
16		source of cooling water and potable water for the project that were issued
17		by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC");
18		5. A Clean Water Act Section 401 Water Quality Certification and
19		an Environmental Impact Statement issued under the National
20		Environmental Policy Act ("NEPA") for the project, including associated
21		transmission projects to support other federal permits:

1		6. Multiple construction and storm-water permits that were issued
2		by the South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control
3		("DHEC");
4		7. Several National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
5		("NPDES") permits associated with the on-site waste water treatment plant
6		and discharge of blow-down water from the Units' cooling system that
7		were issued by DHEC; and
8		8. Certificates under the Utility Facility Siting and Environmental
9		Protection Act that were issued by this Commission for the construction of
10		305 circuit miles of new or reconfigured 230 kV transmission lines to
11		deliver power from the project to our customers.
12	Q.	WHAT OTHER RISK FACTORS HAVE BEEN REDUCED OR
13		AMELIORATED?
14	Α.	Let me review where we stand on several of the key risk factors
15		including those that were identified when we came before the Commission
16		in 2008 in the first BLRA proceeding.
17		1. Financial Risk. In 2008, we identified a key risk factor for
18		the project to be uncertainties as to whether financial markets would
19		support SCE&G in raising the capital needed to support construction. As
20		Mr. Marsh's testimony demonstrates, SCE&G has successfully met this
21		challenge thus far. The financial markets have developed confidence in the

BLRA largely because ORS and the Commission have applied that statute

in a fair and consistent way. Because of that confidence, to date markets have been comfortable providing capital to the project on reasonable terms, even in times of generally unfavorable market conditions. However, as Kevin Marsh indicates, our May 2015 bond issuance indicates that markets appear to be more concerned about regulatory risk than they have been in the past. Nonetheless, we believe that if regulatory conditions remain stable and consistent, financial markets will continue to support the project through to completion.

2. **Major Equipment**. The design and fabrication of major equipment for the AP1000 Units was an important risk factor for the project when we began. As we stated in 2008:

Quality controls and manufacturing standards for components for nuclear plants are very stringent and the processes involved may place unique demands on component manufacturers. It is possible that manufacturers of unique components (e.g., steam generators and pump assemblies or other large components or modules used in the Units) and manufacturers of other sensitive components may encounter problems with their manufacturing processes or in meeting quality control standards. Many of the very largest components and forging used in the Units can only be produced at a limited number of foundries or other facilities worldwide. Any difficulties that these foundries or other facilities encounter in meeting fabrication schedules or quality standards may cause schedule or price issues for the Units.

Combined Application in Docket No. 2008-196-E at Exhibit J, page 7.

The first-of-a-kind risks associated with major equipment fabrication have now largely been mitigated. All of the major equipment for an AP1000 unit has been fabricated at least once and in some cases two or

more times. More than a third of the major equipment for Unit 3, or five
out of the thirteen components, have arrived on site. All of the major
equipment for Unit 2 has been received on site except three of the thirteen
components. In this regard,

- a. The Passive Residual Heat Removal Heat Exchanger ("PRHR") while fabricated has been returned to Italy for installation of a Supplemental Restraint Bar to improve its performance and durability.
- b. As of May 2015, the Reactor Coolant Pumps ("RCPs") for the AP1000 were successfully undergoing engineering and endurance testing with redesigned bearings. Previous endurance tests indicated a potential problem with the performance of the RCPs' bearings.
- c. Squib Valves are important parts of the passive safety features of the AP1000 Units. Prior performance testing of the Squib Valves had shown problems with certain seals. Those seals have been redesigned and as of May 2015 the redesigned valves were undergoing testing and performing satisfactorily.
- 3. Shipping. The construction of the Units is supported by a global supply chain. Several ultra-large and ultra-heavy components of the Units are fabricated in Asia and Europe. In 2008, we identified important risks related to shipping these components safely and without delay to the

site. To date, there have been no disruptions or losses due to shipping. The Deaerators, which were approximately 148 feet in length and weighed in excess of 300 tons, have been successfully delivered to the site. Delivery of this equipment was the project's most difficult and complex shipping challenge and was met without loss or delay, or any disruption to the construction plan. The Deaerators were shipped by sea to the Port of Charleston and then by barge to a Santee Cooper dock facility on Lake Marion. From there they were taken on special trailers to the site.

4. **Design Finalization.** Design finalization has been an important risk factor for the project since its inception. As we stated in 2008,

Under the current NRC licensing approach, there is engineering work related to the Units that will not be completed until after the COL is issued. Any engineering or design changes that arise out of that work, or the engineering or design changes required to address problems that arise once construction is underway, are potential risks which could impact cost schedules and construction schedules for the Units.

Combined Application in Docket No. 2008-196-E at Exhibit J, page 6.

The most challenging aspect of design finalization of the AP1000 Units is finalization of the Nuclear Island ("NI"). The NI includes the Shield Building and containment vessel which house the reactor, steamgenerators, refueling equipment and passive safety components of the Units, and the Auxiliary Building, which houses other nuclear components of the plant. Design delay and design changes related to the NI have been a

major source of delay in the project to date and have contributed to delay in submodule production. As of May 2015, design finalization for the NI was approaching completion, indicating that risks associated with this aspect of the project are being mitigated.

A related development that has reduced risks due to design finalization has been the NRC's successful implementation of the Preliminary Amendment Request ("PAR") process. The License Amendment Request ("LAR") process, which has been in place for some time, allows SCE&G to obtain license amendments when needed to address changes in design documents. These changes arise from finalization of design, constructability issues identified in the field, and similar matters. Processing a certain number of LARs is a necessary and expected part of a construction project involving an NRC licensed facility.

The PAR process was developed less than five years ago to support new nuclear construction. A PAR requires the NRC staff to issue a "notice of no objection" and allows construction work to proceed at the applicant's risk pending issuance of a LAR. We have used the PAR process in several cases to mitigate potential delay in the project. The NRC's successful implementation of the PAR process has been very helpful in mitigating design finalization risk.

5. Hiring, Training and Retention of Operating Staff.

Another very important risk factor that has been highlighted since the

beginning of the project was the possible "[i]nability [of SCE&G] to hire sufficient qualified people to operate the plants." See Combined Application, Docket No. 2008-196-E, at Exhibit J, Chart A. Without a sufficient team of licensed operators and other staff to operate the Units, initial fuel load would be prohibited and the project would come to a halt. To support initial fuel load, the team must be large enough to staff all necessary positions at the Units around the clock seven days a week with provisions for training and development time and personal and sick leave. Each Unit requires no less than three Senior Reactor Operators ("SROs") and two Reactor Operators ("ROs") to be on duty at all times. Training as a licensed reactor operator takes between 3-7 years depending on the level of nuclear experience that the candidate brings to the job. Because the AP1000 is a new design, there is no pool of trained and licensed AP1000 reactor operators and other personnel potentially available to fill gaps in SCE&G's ranks.

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As the Commission is aware from past proceedings, SCE&G's concerns about this staffing issue grew as the project progressed and concerns about the difficulty in finding qualified candidates for training as reactor operators and other skilled positions came into focus. With support from the Commission and ORS, SCE&G redoubled its efforts and expanded its hiring targets to allow for greater rates of attrition. See Order 2012-884 at pp. 47-48. We currently have a group of 60 well-qualified

licensed reactor operator candidates in training and a similarly sufficient number of candidates in training for other technical positions. Training is proceeding well and to date retention has been good. As things stand today, the risk factor related to hiring the staff for the Units when constructed has largely been mitigated. As described below, risk factors remain related to completing the licensing of our staff and maintaining our current retention rates.

6. Hiring, Training and Retention of Construction Labor.

Another significant risk factor which was recognized when the project began is that WEC/CB&I might potentially be unable to recruit, train and retain a sufficient work force to support construction activities on-site. As we reported to the Commission in 2008, "staffing risks for the Units include both the possible shortage of required workers, which could impact both schedule and cost, and the risk that bidding for the available work force will raise labor costs to levels higher than anticipated." Combined Application in Docket No. 2008-196-E at Exhibit J, page 9. A construction work force of approximately 3,500 WEC/CB&I and subcontractor personnel have been recruited, hired and trained and is working on site. To date, the contractors have been able to staff the project, but we continue to monitor the effect of an improving economy, and increasing labor demand on their ability to do so.

7. **Site Conditions.** Every construction site has the potential to conceal soil, rock, hydrological or other conditions that can impede or halt construction. Discovering and dealing with those conditions is an important part of the initial stage of any construction project. The construction project for the Units is now past this site discovery stage. Excavation, grading, mapping of subsurface rock, and other site preparation work are complete for the nuclear Units. The most significant issue that came to light in this work was related to a depression in the bedrock underlying Unit 2. It was resolved with the installation of concrete fill. As we stand today, site discovery risk has largely been resolved.

8. Transmission. The design, routing and permitting of transmission facilities was another important risk factor in the early stages of the project. As the Commission is aware, the siting plan and schedule for constructing the transmission assets required to support the Units was disrupted when the Corps of Engineers, at the insistence of the Environmental Protection Agency, decided to change its position related to the acceptability of assessing potential transmission-related environmental impacts based on a macro-corridor approach. See Order No. 2012-884 at 40-41.

In response to this challenge, SCE&G accelerated the siting of transmission by placing all but approximately 6 miles of transmission lines in or adjacent to existing rights of way. As of May 2015, all necessary

transmission lines and off-site substations have now been sited and either are completed or are under construction. In addition, the new Unit 2 & 3 switchyard located on the site has been completed and energized. At present, transmission related risk factors are largely resolved.

9. Fukushima – In 2008, SCE&G disclosed that

events that are hypothetical and difficult to predict could result in a change in the current level of political, legislative, regulatory and public support for nuclear generation in particular or for the Units specifically. Such a change could in turn result in additional costs, delays, and difficulty in receiving permits, licenses or approvals for the Units and could possibly place the cost and schedules of the Units in jeopardy. While such events are difficult to predict or envision, any event that casts doubt on the continued safety and reliability of nuclear power . . . could result in such a reversal.

Combined Application, Docket No. 2008-196-E, at Exhibit J, pp.5-6.

On March 11, 2011, a 9.0 magnitude earthquake occurred off the eastern coast of Japan. The epicenter of the earthquake was 112 miles from Tokyo Electric Power Company's Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station. The earthquake was the largest Japan has ever experienced and caused all of the operating units at the Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station (Fukushima Units 1, 2, and 3) to automatically scram on seismic reactor protection system trips.

After the earthquake, the first of a series of seven tsunamis arrived at the site. The maximum tsunami height that impacted the site was estimated to be 46 to 49 feet. This exceeded the design basis tsunami height and inundated the area surrounding Fukushima Units 1-4 to a depth of 13 to 16 feet above grade, causing extensive damage to site buildings and flooding of the turbine and reactor buildings. Despite their best efforts, the operators lost the ability to cool the Fukushima Units resulting in damage to the nuclear fuel shortly after the loss of cooling capabilities.

The Fukushima event was the realization of the sort of major disaster risk that was disclosed in 2008. Fukushima could easily have soured public support for nuclear power, delaying and complicating SCE&G's ability to complete the Units.

However, the feared reaction did not occur. President Obama quickly went to the public. He committed his administration, through the NRC, to conduct a comprehensive review of the safety of U.S. nuclear units in light of the disaster. He promised that lessons learned would be identified and applied. Through President Obama's leadership the United States avoided a "knee-jerk" reaction to halt nuclear construction or to close nuclear plants as some proposed.

The location and seismic profile of the Jenkinsville site and the more modern design standards and passive safety features of the AP1000 unit make a disaster on the scale of Fukushima extremely remote for SCE&G's project. Nonetheless, the NRC's review of the Fukushima event has resulted in important improvements in the resources, procedures and safety

plans for U.S. nuclear reactors. Some of the increased costs experienced in this project since 2011 are a direct result of the application of lessons learned through Fukushima. However, the feared result from such an event, a wholesale loss of public, political and regulatory support for nuclear power, never materialized. This risk factor was triggered but overcome.

10. Summary. Risks will remain as to all of these items. They will not disappear until construction of the Units or the applicable components of them are complete and they have been inspected, tested and placed into service. Nonetheless, the nature and extent of risks associated with these items has been greatly mitigated by the progress made on the project to date.

In this regard, one important fact reducing risks is that construction of the first AP1000 reactor at the Sanmen site in China is largely complete physically. That reactor is undergoing flushing and purging in preparation for hydrostatic testing. SCE&G continues to benefit from lessons learned in the Chinese construction project. In fact, Westinghouse personnel participating in the startup of the Chinese reactors are scheduled to participate in the start-up of our Units. The risk profile of our project has changed significantly since the project began. Startup of the Chinese unit will provide an important opportunity to identify any yet undisclosed risks.

In the United States, TVA is also approaching the completion of the

Watts Bar 2 nuclear plant in Tennessee. Construction on Watts Bar Units 1 and 2 began in 1973. Construction on Unit 2 was suspended in 1988 when it was approximately 80% complete, but was resumed in 2007. Watts Bar Unit 2 will be the last of the pre-AP1000 Westinghouse units to be completed. Through cooperation with TVA we have gained valuable information about the practical issues involved in system turnovers and pre-operational testing. Several of our start-up engineers plan to assist in TVA's start-up activities at Watts Bar to gain information in this area.

Q.

A.

WHAT DO YOU CONSIDER TO BE THE MOST IMPORTANT CHALLENGES THAT THE PROJECT FACES GOING FORWARD?

As I indicated earlier, the project seems to be moving past first-of-a-kind activities and major design, performance or fabrication challenges to the challenge of executing construction, fabrication and acceptance testing tasks. I do not mean in any way to minimize the importance of these remaining challenges. The project continues to be highly complex with thousands of interdependent tasks and multiple opportunities for problems and delay, even where contractors and subcontractors use great skill and care. In my opinion, the major challenges appear today to be as follows:

1. Enforcing the EPC Contract while Maintaining a Working Relationship with WEC/CB&I. It is a critical necessity for the

project that we effectively enforce the EPC Contract for the benefit of the customers of SCE&G and Santee Cooper. But effectively managing a project of this scope and complexity also requires a close working relationship between the owners and the contractor. This leads to an important challenge, that of maintaining an effective working relationship with WEC/CB&I in spite of mounting commercial disputes over the rights of the parties under the EPC Contract. Striking the proper balance between these two potentially conflicting requirements is a challenge now and will be an increasing challenge going forward. Failure in either direction could be a risk to the project. This effort is complicated by the high level of turnover in WEC/CB&I project management. The senior on-site project managers have resigned, or have been replaced several times since the project began. This turnover has made establishing and maintaining effective working relationships a challenge.

2. Maintaining Financial Community Support Through a Predictable Regulatory Environment for the Project. As discussed above, the financial community has demonstrated its willingness to fund the project even in adverse market conditions. However, this willingness depends on the continuation of predictable regulatory environment for the project such as ORS and this Commission have established to date. If the financial community were to lose its confidence in the predictability of regulatory treatment for this project, the Company could lose the ability to

I	raise the funds needed to complete it on reasonable terms, if at all. This is a
2	very important risk factor for the project going forward.
3	3. Modules and Submodules. The use of modular construction
1	for nuclear units was new to the commercial nuclear industry in the United
5	States with these projects. In 2008, SCE&G identified risks associated with
5	this production technique as an important risk factor for the project. See

Combined Application in Docket No. 2008-196-E at Exhibit J, p.7.

[T]he construction of the Units will employ standardized designs and advanced modular construction processes. The project schedules are based on efficiency anticipated from the use of these techniques. . . . Standardized design and advanced modular construction has not been used to build a nuclear unit in the United States to date. The construction process and schedule is subject to the risk that the benefits from standardized designs and advanced modular construction may not prove to be as great as expected.

See Combined Application in Docket No. 2008-196-E at Exhibit J, p.8.

Experience has shown that to be the case. Delay in production of modules, submodules and Shield Building panels has been a major source of delay for the project. This remains a key focus area for concern going forward.

However, there are indications that problems in this area are lessening. Three of the six major structural modules for Unit 2 (CA04, CA05, and CA20) have now been fabricated and set in place. The fabrication of a fourth (CA01) is physically complete. All submodules for a fifth (CA02) are on site. Submodules for the sixth module (CA03) are being

received. There are one hundred and sixty-seven (167) Shield Building cylinder panels for each Unit. As of May 2015, more than sixty-eight (68) Unit 2 and six (6) Unit 3 Shield Building cylinder panels had been received on site and initial welding of the first ring of them had begun. However, module and submodule production remains a major challenge for the project.

4. Shield Building Air Inlet and Tension Ring. Among the last items of the NI design to be finalized is the design for the Shield Building Air Inlet and Tension Ring. These are design features at the top of the vertical walls of the Shield Building and are the most complicated sets of Shield Building panels to be fabricated.

Delay in design finalization for these items has resulted in delay in finalizing their procurement. WEC/CB&I assures SCE&G that these panels can be fabricated and delivered to site on schedule. Nonetheless, Shield Building construction is currently a critical path item for the project. This means that a delay in fabricating the Shield Building Air Inlet or Tension Ring panels could delay completion of the project. SCE&G is monitoring this area closely.

5. **Productivity Factors.** Construction companies like WEC/CB&I base their construction plans on data they compile indicating the expected amount of labor required to complete specific construction tasks. One measure of productivity is the ratio between the amount of labor

actually required to perform a particular task, and the amount of labor anticipated to be required, the so called productivity factor, or PF. Higher PFs indicate more labor hours were required than expected.

In compiling a construction plan and budget, the design and engineering documents are reviewed to determine the amount or volume of commodities that need to be installed. The appropriate expected productivity labor factor is applied to each item. Doing so determines the amount of labor required for each scope of work. The amount of labor which is calculated in this way determines both the cost of construction and the schedule for construction.

For various reasons, to date WEC/CB&I has not met the overall PF on which its original cost estimates were based. In preparing the Revised, Fully-Integrated Construction Schedule, WEC/CB&I forecasted an increase its PF across the board. (The higher the rate indicates more hours required for a task). SCE&G has not accepted responsibility to pay for this increased labor. Unfavorable productivity factors have been a matter of frank and direct discussion between the parties, and WEC/CB&I's senior leadership has recognized the need to improve in this area. In justifying their confidence in the revised rate on which the current construction schedule is based, WEC/CB&I points to things like reduced delay in submodule production, increasing levels of design finalization, and lessons learned from construction of the first AP1000 unit in China. They also

point to the increasing adaptation by the project's work-force to the requirements of nuclear construction. They further reference the assumption that productivity for Unit 3 will improve due to the experience gained in completing similar scopes of work on Unit 2.

SCE&G fully supports WEC/CB&I in its efforts to improve labor productivity and will continue to monitor WEC/CB&I's performance and demand improvement. But the possibility that WEC/CB&I will fail to meet current productivity assumptions for the project represents an important risk to both the cost forecasts and the construction schedule for the project

of its new regulatory approach to licensing nuclear units was seen as a major risk factor for the projects. Previously, the NRC issued a permit to begin nuclear construction at the beginning of a project. It only issued a license to operate the unit after construction was complete and comprehensive post-construction testing was done. Under the new approach, which is contained in 10 C.F.R. Part 52, the NRC now issues a single license to build and operate a new nuclear unit. This happens at the start of the construction process. Construction takes place under an active nuclear operating license with all of the regulatory oversight that this entails.

As construction proceeds, and before a new unit is placed in commercial service, the licensee is required to complete a specified

regimen of Inspections, Tests, Analyses and Acceptance Criteria ("ITAACs"). Successfully completing those ITAACs to the satisfaction of the NRC demonstrates that a new unit has been built in conformity with the design documents and the COL and will perform as designed. This ITAAC process is entirely new to the industry as of the current projects. There are 873 ITAACs that must be completed for each Unit, or 1,746 for the project.

Uncertainties about how ITAACs would be administered was an important risk factor that SCE&G identified in 2008: "[T]he NRC is still developing the process for approving the results of ITAAC tests once they are completed and for resolving disputes or other issues related to the results of those tests." Combined Application, Docket No. 2008-196-E, at Exhibit J, page 4. The NRC has now issued regulatory guidance resolving some of the outstanding issues concerning the review of ITAAC Closure Notification ("ICN") packages. *See* Guidance for ITAAC Closure, 80 Fed. Reg. 265 (January 2, 2015). However, there are still important issues to be resolved, such as how a hearing will be conducted if ITAAC results are challenged. Furthermore, the sheer number of ITAACs to be completed poses a challenge to the schedule for the substantial completion of the Units.

As of late May 2015, SCE&G has successfully completed 22 ITAAC packages and has submitted 20 ICN packages to the NRC. While the ITAAC process seems to be working satisfactorily at present,

completing the required ITAAC program on schedule remains an important risk factor for the project.

Failure to Obtain NRC Certification of the Full Scope Simulator. Plant simulators are computer systems designed to model the response of a generating plant to changing operating conditions and operator inputs. They are used for operator training and testing and to support plant operations. Certification of a simulator by the NRC as a Plant Reference Simulator ("PRS") allows that simulator to be used to support an operating nuclear unit and for all training purposes. Successful Integrated Systems Validation ("ISV") testing is necessary for the NRC to approve a plant simulator to serve as a PRS.

During the first quarter of 2015, WEC conducted the required ISV testing on the Unit 2 and 3 plant simulators. As of May 2015, SCE&G and WEC are evaluating the results. If the NRC accepts ISV testing as sufficient, the documentation supporting certification of the simulators as PRS could be completed by the end of 2015.

This approval schedule will not permit certification of the Unit 2 and 3 PRSs in time for them to be used in conducting the integrated operator simulator exams for the first class of candidates seeking licensing as Reactor Operators ("ROs") and Senior Reactor Operators ("SROs"). That exam was scheduled to be offered in May 2015. The schedule also may not

support testing for the second class of candidates. Their exams are scheduled for November 2015.

In response, WEC and SCE&G have requested the NRC to approve the simulators as Commission-Approved Simulators ("CASs") under the process specified in 10 C.F.R. 55.46(b). However, it is not clear that the NRC will grant CAS approval. The NRC has also indicated that approval of the simulator as a PRS could be delayed until Instrumentation and Control ("I&C") systems for the Units are installed and ITAAC testing is completed. If the NRC takes this position, and denies CAS certification for the simulator, the training and licensing schedule for ROs and SROs candidates might not support initial fuel load for the Units.

- 8. Retaining Operating Staff in the Face of Delay. Delay in completing the Units can cause morale problems among the SROs, ROs and other operating staff that are being trained to operate the Units. These individuals' opportunities for advancement and job satisfaction are often related to operating experience. Delaying the start of the Units postpones the time when operating experience becomes available. A risk factor for the project at present is that morale problems due to delay could increase attrition in these areas.
- 9. Instrumentation and Controls Acceptance Testing. While several existing nuclear units have been retrofitted with digital Instrumentation and Control ("I&C") systems, the AP1000 is the first United

States reactor to be designed with a site-wide integrated digital I&C system
as original equipment. To address testing and commissioning of the new
integrated I&C system, WEC has developed a Digital Test Strategy ("DTS")
to demonstrate the AP1000 integrated I&C system compliance with design
requirements and regulatory commitments. While informal feedback from
the NRC has generally been positive, formal acceptance of the DTS by the
NRC has not been received. If the NRC does not concur with the DTS and
requires that hardware and software testing be delayed until installation is
complete, that testing could result in a delay in the scheduled completion of
the Units

CURRENT CONSTRUCTION STATUS

- 12 Q. DO YOU HAVE PHOTOGRAPHS OR SLIDES THAT
- 13 ILLUSTRATE THE STATUS OF CONSTRUCTION AND
- 14 FABRICATION ACTIVITIES RELATED TO THE UNITS?
- 18 Q. HOW MANY PEOPLE ARE CURRENTLY EMPLOYED AT THE
 19 JENKINSVILLE SITE?
- As of March of 2015, of the approximately 3,500 construction personnel working at the site, 57% were South Carolina residents. An

additional approximately 560 SCANA, SCE&G and Santee Cooper employees are working full time on the project.

Q. WHAT IS THE PROJECT SAFETY RECORD?

A.

A. SCE&G and WEC/CB&I are very proud of the current safety record at the site. As of May 2015, the project has logged over 25 million man hours on the site with only a minimal number of lost time accidents. This is remarkable testimony to the care and professionalism with which all parties are approaching work on these Units with respect to safety.

COST CATEGORIES FOR THE PROJECT

10 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE HOW THE VARIOUS COSTS ASSOCIATED 11 WITH THE UNITS ARE CATEGORIZED.

In Order No. 2009-104(A), the Commission reviewed and approved SCE&G's estimate of forecasted costs for the Units as shown in nine cost categories. Seven of these cost categories reflected costs agreed to in the EPC Contract. Four of those seven involve categories of fixed cost, which do not change, or firm costs which change only based on specified inflation indices ("Fixed/Firm Costs"). Two of the seven EPC categories involve costs where WEC/CB&I operates under established budgetary targets and SCE&G pays actual costs as incurred ("Target Costs"). The seventh is Time and Materials ("T&M") which are costs for allowances requiring preapproval by SCE&G for things like start-up support, scaffolding, and licensing support. The final two cost categories are Transmission costs and

- Owner's cost. These are activities that SCE&G undertakes directly and are outside of the scope of work of the EPC Contract with WEC/CB&I.
 - Transmission cost includes the cost of the transmission facilities that SCE&G will build to integrate the Units into its transmission grid. It does not include the on-site switchyard which is part of the EPC Contract scope.
 - Owner's cost include the costs of the NND teams and associated labor costs, and involve such things as site-specific licensing and permitting of the Units and their construction; regulatory costs such as NRC fees; insurance, including workers compensation insurance for all workers on site, builder's risk insurance and transportation risk insurance; construction oversight and contract administration costs; the costs of recruiting and training of operating personnel for the Units; the costs of overseeing the final acceptance testing of the Units and providing for interim maintenance of components of the Units as completed; the cost of NND facilities, information technology systems and equipment to support the project and the permanent staff of the Units; sales taxes, and other incidental costs for the site.

OWNER'S COST AND THE NND PROJECT

Q. WHAT IS THE COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY CONCERNING THE

22 NND PROJECT?

As I have mentioned in past testimony, apart from ensuring the safety of our public and the people, the Company has no greater priority than getting the deployment of the new nuclear Units right. Senior leadership, including our CEO Mr. Marsh, is directly involved in the management of this project and of escalation of issues to WEC/CB&I on a regular basis.

A.

On the day to day operations level, the Company has put in place a team of people that are capable of interfacing with the NRC, overseeing the work of thousands of on-site contractors and subcontractors, a worldwide supply chain for highly specialized components and equipment, and the transportation and logistics required to bring those components and equipment safely together in Jenkinsville. All this must be done while recruiting and training a permanent staff that can operate and maintain the Units safely and efficiently when they go into service, and that can successfully conduct the acceptance testing that the NRC requires before the Units are put into commercial operation. This effort also requires SCE&G to keep in place a team of people who can ensure that the contractual aspects of the project are prudently managed, that the terms of the EPC Contract are enforced, and that we do all in our power to ensure that costs are controlled.

Q. DO YOU TAKE COST CONTROL SERIOUSLY?

We take cost control very seriously. Senior leadership for the
project takes an active role in reviewing budgets, setting up systems, and
engaging staff appropriately to ensure that only reasonable, necessary and
prudent costs are included in the cost forecasts. As Company Witness
Walker testifies in detail, our cost and staffing reviews are thorough and
demanding. We will not jeopardize the safety or quality of the project, but
by the same token, we will not tolerate unnecessary spending.

A.

Q.

A.

A.

UNDER THE EPC CONTRACT, WHAT ROLE DOES SCE&G PLAY IN THE LICENSING AND PERMITTING OF THE UNITS?

Apart from the Design Control Document for the AP1000, which WEC as owner of the technology was responsible to obtain, SCE&G is responsible for obtaining the major licenses and permits that are required to construct and operate the Units. SCE&G is responsible for procuring all LARs required by the project. Also, during construction and testing of the Units, SCE&G must ensure that it and its contractors comply with all terms and conditions of these licenses and permits.

17 Q. HOW DOES THE NRC SEE SCE&G'S CURRENT 18 RESPONSIBILITIES AS OWNER AND LICENSE HOLDER?

Since March 30, 2012, SCE&G has been managing the project under active NRC nuclear construction and operation licenses, i.e., COLs, issued in SCE&G's and Santee Cooper's names. As the NRC is quick to remind us, the Company is now directly responsible to the NRC for the safety of

1	the Units as constructed and for QA/QC both on-site and in the shops and
2	factories where components are being fabricated worldwide.

A.

A.

Α.

Q. WHAT IS SCE&G'S PHILOSOPHY ABOUT DEPLOYING THE RESOURCES REQUIRED TO MEET THESE CHALLENGES?

These Units will serve as a critical component of our generation portfolio for decades. They are expected to serve the needs of our customers for 60 years or more. With those facts in mind, SCE&G is committed to continuously monitoring the needs of the project and to adjust its staffing, training and resource plans whenever it concludes that doing so is necessary to protect the interests of the Company and its customers in this project.

12 Q. WHAT GROUP WITHIN SCE&G IS RESPONSIBLE FOR 13 CARRYING OUT THE TASKS YOU HAVE DESCRIBED?

The NND teams have direct responsibility for the project. They are supported by resources from throughout SCE&G and SCANA. But the primary responsibility for the success of the project rests with the NND teams.

18 O. HOW HAS SCE&G STRUCTURED THE NND TEAMS?

The NND teams are comprised of eight groups which include Nuclear Licensing, Design Engineering, Organizational Development and Performance ("OD&P"), Quality Systems, Construction, Business and Finance, Operational Readiness and Training. Other groups that share

resources with Unit 1 are Health Physics, Emergency Planning, Chemistry,
and Security Services. In all cases, where resources are shared between
units, there are strict accounting rules in place to ensure that each unit bears
its full share of cost that benefit it.

A.

In March 2015, the staffing of the NND teams was approximately 560 SCANA, SCE&G and Santee Cooper employees. The permanent staffing for the two Units is expected to be approximately 761 individuals (excluding security contractors). Many of the members of the NND teams will transition to permanent operating staff of the Units, although there will be some retirements and other attrition. The structure of the NND teams and the responsibilities of the eight areas that comprise them are discussed in Mr. Jones' testimony and exhibits.

13 Q. WHAT IS THE EXPERIENCE LEVEL OF THE LEADERS OF 14 THESE TEAMS?

The members of the senior leadership team for the NND effort have an average of more than 35 years of experience in nuclear and major generating plant construction. All told, the seven senior leaders for the NND project represent 252 years of nuclear and major construction experience.

Q. WHAT PART OF THE COSTS INCLUDED IN THESE UPDATES ARE OWNER'S COSTS?

1 A. As Ms. Walker testifies, updates in Owner's cost forecasts represent
2 \$245 million¹ of the \$698 million that we are presenting here for BLRA
3 approval. These costs are the reasonable and prudent costs of fulfilling our
4 responsibilities as the owner of this project.

Q. WHAT IS DRIVING THESE OWNER'S COST INCREASES?

A.

As Mr. Jones and Ms. Walker testify in more detail, the majority of these Owner's cost increases are a result of the delay in the substantial completion dates of the Units. This delay will require SCE&G to support the project and the NND teams for 27 additional months as to Unit 2 and 25 additional months as to Unit 3. These delay related costs represent \$214 million, or approximately 87% of the increase in Owner's costs. The other \$31 million represents increases in personnel costs, facilities costs, software and systems costs and other expenses that must be incurred for SCE&G to meet its obligations as Owner and COL licensee in a reasonable and prudent way.

16 Q. DO YOU HAVE AN OPINION CONCERNING THE
17 REASONABLENESS AND PRUDENCE OF THE ADJUSTMENTS
18 TO THE STAFFING LEVELS AND COST SCHEDULES FOR THE
19 NND PROJECT THAT THE COMPANY IS PRESENTING HERE?

¹ Unless otherwise specified, all cost figures in this testimony are stated in 2007 dollars and reflect SCE&G's share of the cost of the Units.

For the reasons set forth in this testimony, as well as those set forth in Mr. Jones' testimony and Ms. Walker's testimony, it is my opinion that the adjustments in the forecasts of Owner's cost for the NND project are reasonable and prudent costs of the Units. These costs reflect a prudent and valuable investment that the Company is making to protect the interest of its customers in these long-lived assets, as well as those of our partner Santee Cooper, in the project.

A.

Q.

A.

PROCEEDING.

PLEASE PROVIDE THE BACKGROUND FOR THE REVISED

THE REVISED PROJECT SCHEDULE AND COST SCHEDULE

PROJECT SCHEDULE THAT IS PRESENTED IN THIS

Beginning in 2010, and consistently thereafter, SCE&G publicized its concerns about the inability of the module fabrication facility in Lake Charles, Louisiana, to produce submodules for the project in a timely-way. Initially, that Lake Charles facility was operated by Shaw Modular Solutions ("SMS"), a subsidiary of the Shaw Group, which was WEC's original partner in the construction consortium. As the Company has testified in past proceedings, and has been reported to ORS and the Commission regularly over this period, the Company, along with Southern Company, the other AP1000 owner, worked diligently to convince WEC and Shaw to make required changes.

In March 2012, SCE&G placed a permanent on-site inspector at the SMS facility. An inspector has been on site since. On multiple occasions during the period 2009-2012, at SCE&G's direction, SMS re-baselined its initial module fabrication and delivery schedule to account for its rate of production. But SMS was never able to prepare a schedule that reasonably reflected the effect of on-going delay.

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In July 2012, CB&I announced its intention to acquire the Shaw Group. After that sale closed, in February 2013, SCE&G requested that WEC/CB&I produce a revised construction schedule that included a realistic and achievable production for submodules from the Lake Charles facility (now known as CB&I-LC), and a plan for completing the project in light of the submodule production delay. During this time, SCE&G urged WEC/CB&I to resolve its submodule production issues, and specifically to relieve the congestion issues that were impeding progress at its Lake Charles facility. In response, WEC/CB&I asked SCE&G for space to relocate certain aspects of submodule production from Lake Charles to designated work areas at the Jenkinsville site. This relieved some of the congestion at the Lake Charles facility and allows work crews to be hired in South Carolina to supplement those on site in Louisiana. CB&I also proposed to diversify it supply chain by outsourcing production of certain submodules to other fabricators. As a result, important aspects of the submodule fabrication for Units 2 and 3 were assigned to other fabricators, including Oregon Iron Works in Oregon and IHI/Toshiba in Japan.

In late May 2013, SCE&G received a revised construction schedule from WEC/CB&I that sought to take into account the effects of production delay at the Lake Charles facility. SCE&G challenged important aspects of this schedule. WEC/CB&I agreed to conduct a thorough review of the schedule in light of delay to date, and to include is a full review of the engineering, procurement and construction resources necessary to support the plan.

In the third quarter of 2014, SCE&G received what WEC/CB&I termed a Revised, Fully-Integrated, Construction Schedule. Accompanying the construction schedule data was information related to the revised cost estimates for completing the project, the Estimated at Completion ("EAC") costs. SCE&G spent a number of months reviewing the schedule and cost information with WEC/CB&I and in negotiations with WEC/CB&I concerning costs and schedule mitigation to accelerate the substantial completion dates of the Units.

Based on those reviews and negotiations, SCE&G determined in March of 2015 that the cost and construction schedules as updated by WEC/CB&I through that time were in fact the anticipated schedules for completion of the project as envisioned by the BLRA. As Mr. Marsh testifies, Senior leadership approved those schedules, with updates as to

l	Owner's c	costs and	other	cost	items,	as	the	basis	for	the	filings	presently
2	before the	Commis	sion.									

The Revised, Fully-Integrated Construction Schedule, is the mitigated construction schedule for the Units as it was revised and finalized during the review process.

Q. WHAT DO YOU MEAN BY A MITIGATED CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE?

A. There a number of ways to mitigate a construction schedule. One of the more common is to add additional shifts of labor. Another is to reallocate fabrication activities to multiple vendors, as we have done with sub-modules going forward. Another is to change the method or sequence of construction activities so that delayed components do not hold up other specific tasks. For example, if delivery of a module is delayed, concrete forms can be used to allow concrete to be placed that would otherwise have been poured directly against the module wall. In many cases, schedule mitigation means additional expense, and that additional expense can become a matter of negotiation between the owner and contractor.

18 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE EXHIBIT NO. _ (SAB 2).

A. Exhibit No. _ (SAB-2) is the Milestone Construction schedule based on the Revised, Fully-Integrated Construction Schedule, which we proposed for Commission approval as the current anticipated construction schedule for the Units as envisioned by the BLRA.

ARE THE SCHEDULES PRESENTED HERE REASONABLE AND PRUDENT SCHEDULES FOR COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT?

Q.

A.

The schedules that SCE&G has presented here are the current anticipated schedules for completing the Units as envisioned by the BLRA and are reasonable and prudent schedules for completing the project. They should be approved as the new BLRA schedules for the Units.

These schedules represent the best current forecasts of the anticipated costs and the anticipated construction schedules to complete the project. They are based on the cost projections and construction schedule data that WEC/CB&I has provided to SCE&G and which SCE&G has carefully studied and reviewed consistent with its duties as Owner. The construction schedule is based on a comprehensive identification and sequencing of the tens of thousands of construction activities that must be accomplished for the project to be completed. The cost schedule is based on identifying labor and other costs that must be incurred to complete the scopes of work listed on those schedules.

SCE&G's construction experts have reviewed the schedules presented here. We find that their scope and sequencing is logical and appropriate. As to both timing and cost, the schedules are based on productivity factors that WEC/CB&I represents can be met given the current status of the project. Meeting these productivity factors will pose a challenge to WEC/CB&I. But doing so will benefit the project both in

terms of cost and schedule. For that reason, as owner SCE&G has no basis or interest in insisting that WEC/CB&I should use less challenging assumptions. However, SCE&G does recognize that WEC/CB&I has set itself a significant challenge as to future productivity.

The schedules presented here are the schedules that WEC/CB&I has represented to SCE&G that it is prepared to meet and that SCE&G has carefully reviewed with WEC/CB&I. For those reasons, I can affirm that these schedules represent the best and most definitive forecast of the anticipated costs and construction schedule required to complete this project that is available as of the date of this filing of the testimony. These updated costs are not in any way the result of imprudent management of the project by SCE&G. Further, these costs do not include speculative or unitemized costs, such as owner's contingencies. S.C. Energy Users Comm. v. S.C. Pub. Serv. Comm'n, 388 S.C. 486, 697 S.E.2d 587 (2010). While additional costs may be incurred after the date of this filing of the petition in this proceeding, those costs are not known at present and so cannot be included here.

O. COULD THESE SCHEDULES CHANGE?

A.

These schedules can and almost certainly will change. That is because the construction schedule for any project as complex as this one will be dynamic. It can be expected to vary from month to month during the construction period as conditions change. The construction and cost

1		forecasts will be subject to ongoing change and revision, as any forecast
2		would be.
3 4 5		OVERVIEW OF INCREASE IN FORECASTED EPC CONTRACT COSTS
6	Q.	PLEASE PROVIDE AN OVERVIEW OF THE INCREASE IN THE
7		EPC CONTRACT COST FORECASTS SCE&G IS PRESENTING IN
8		THIS PROCEEDING.
9	A.	This total increase of \$698 million is made up of (1) changes in the
10		Estimated at Completion ("EAC") cost under the EPC Contract, (2) ten
11		additional change orders to the EPC Contract, (3) reallocation of certain on-
12		site transmission costs between SCE&G and Santee Cooper, and (4)
13		changes in Owner's cost. Company witnesses Mr. Jones and Mrs. Walker
14		will address these items in detail in their pre-filed direct testimony in this
15		matter. I am familiar with the matters they discuss and can confirm the
16		accuracy of their testimony. I also affirm that cost and construction
17		schedules presented here accurately reflect the anticipated cost and
18		schedule for completion of the Units and in no way are the result of any
19		imprudence on the part of SCE&G.
20		DISPUTED COSTS
21	Q.	YOU MENTIONED EARLIER THAT SCE&G IS NOT RELEASING
22		OR WAIVING ANY CLAIMS AGAINST WEC/CB&I. PLEASE

EXPLAIN WHAT COSTS YOU ARE CHALLENGING.

1	A.	At present, SCE&G is challenging several categories of costs being
2		billed to it by WEC/CB&I. Those challenges include:

- 1. Costs invoiced by WEC/CB&I where the costs are increased costs related to fixed or firm items where SCE&G has entered into an agreement with WEC/CB&I to resolve claims for a fixed amount of compensation. For example, WEC/CB&I has attempted to bill SCE&G for module rework. Modules are a fixed cost item. SCE&G has returned the invoices for such charges as improper since additional costs associated with these items are a WEC/CB&I responsibility.
- 2. Cost invoiced by WEC/CB&I which are related to general project delay. SCE&G takes the position that these delay costs are WEC/CB&I payment responsibility for reasons including WEC/CB&I failure to meet its responsibilities under the EPC Contract to effectively manage the project.
- 3. Cost invoiced by WEC/CB&I which are the result of WEC/CB&I not meeting productivity factors. SCE&G believes that WEC/CB&I is under a contractual obligation to efficiently conduct its construction activities, and some or all of any labor costs based on failure to meet productivity factors is WEC/CB&I's payment responsibility.

As to invoices for costs which are 100% unjustified, SCE&G believes it is contractually entitled to return the invoices as improperly issued and pay nothing. This is permissible under provisions of the EPC Contract that only require SCE&G to pay for properly invoiced items.

As to invoiced costs where only part of any given invoiced amount would be subject to dispute, SCE&G will withhold part of the payment. Under the EPC Contract, SCE&G is required to pay at least 90% of the disputed amount pending resolution of its dispute. Other provisions of the EPC Contract permit WEC/CB&I to cease work and treat the project as if it had been suspended at SCE&G's request if 90% payments are contractually required but are not made after proper invoicing. WEC/CB&I has reserved its rights under these provisions to cease work on the site if required payments are not made.

As to delay costs, the revised cost forecast associated with the Revised, Fully-Integrated Construction Schedule shows the amount by which overall project costs have increased due to delay through the end of the project. A percentage of increased cost due to delay has been computed for each cost category under the EPC Contract where delay has increased costs. Since May 5, 2015, SCE&G has applied that percentage to the charges in each invoice and only paid 90% of the disputed amount as the EPC Contract provides.

As to productivity factors costs, SCE&G will determine on a case by case basis the amount of additional charges that is due to inefficiency and from this amount, SCE&G will withhold 10%.

A.

Q. WHY ARE DISPUTED AMOUNTS PROPERLY INCLUDED IN THE COST SCHEDULES PRESENTED HERE?

The BLRA requires SCE&G to present the anticipated cost to complete the project. SCE&G in no way disputes the fact that the project will incur the amount presented here to complete the Units. The question is who is required to absorb these additional and disputed costs. SCE&G intends to pursue its dispute of these certain costs, and going forward will pay only 90% of those costs pending resolution of those disputes. When SCE&G pays those 90% amounts, they will become paid capital costs of the project and will be reflected in CWIP for the project. For that reason, these 90% payments are properly included in the cost projections for the Units.

At present, the outcome of the disputes with WEC/CB&I is not known. Therefore, SCE&G does not have any basis to forecast any additional costs or cost reductions beyond the 90% payments it knows it must make. We have only included in this filing non-speculative, itemized costs which are costs that SCE&G fully anticipates paying. Revised rates only reflect costs actually paid. If for any reason, certain costs are not paid,

they will not be booked as capital costs of the Units, and will not be used for calculating revised rates or for any other ratemaking purposes. Any future reductions in the anticipated cost presented here due to resolution of claims against WEC/CB&I or other reasons are also not known, are unquantifiable, and therefore are not properly included in the current BLRA cost projections for the project.

7 Q. HOW WILL THESE DISPUTES BE RESOLVED?

A.

SCE&G is committed to resolving these disputes by negotiation if possible. However, litigation may occur. The venue specified in the EPC Contract is the Southern District of New York. If litigation occurs, there is no way to determine how long it would take to resolve the disputes. While the amounts in dispute are important, SCE&G and its customers have a primary interest in seeing the Units completed in a timely, safe and efficient manner. This is particularly important since if Unit 3 is not placed in service before January 1, 2021, SCE&G and its customers could lose the value of federal Production Tax Credits associated with that Unit. The value of those credits, grossed up for tax, could equal approximately \$1.1 billion. That is one important reason to maintain focus on the goal of the project and not let disputes interfere with completing the project in a timely way. The overarching goal is to ensure that the project is completed in a safe and timely fashion.

Q.	HOW DO YOU RESPOND TO THE CLAIM THAT INCLUDING
	THE 90% PAYMENTS IN BLRA COSTS TAKES AWAY SCE&G'S
	INCENTIVE TO REACH A FAIR SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS
	AGAINST WEC/CB&I?

5 A. There are multiple reasons that this is not the case.

- 1. SCE&G seeks to include the 90% payments in its BLRA cost schedule because they will in fact be part of the capital outlays for this project. SCE&G hopes that it will recover all or part of those payments from the WEC/CB&I. But this recovery is not guaranteed. As a result, we are in no different position than in cases where we complete a plant or project, and once it is closed to rate base, we pursue warranty or contractual claims against suppliers. Those claims, if successful, lower the cost of the plant or project after the fact. This happens in the ordinary course of our business.
- 2. Further, to withhold these payments from the capital costs recognized under the BLRA would do the opposite of what the question implies. Rather than creating an incentive for SCE&G to aggressively and doggedly pursue the claims against WEC/CB&I, it would create an incentive for SCE&G to settle claims quickly so that the settlement amounts could be included in BLRA filings. Mr. Marsh has testified that it is critical to our financial plan that we generate cash returns through revised rates filing on the capital we spend on this project. If the only way to

1	include disputed costs in revised rates is to settle the underlying dispute,
2	then SCE&G will be put under financial pressure to settle as quickly as
3	possible. That fact would not be lost on WEC/CB&I and would likely
4	change their bargaining position in settlement negotiations.

5 Q. WHAT WILL HAPPEN IF SCE&G DOES RECOVER PART OF 6 THE DISPUTED AMOUNTS THAT IT HAS PAID?

A.

A.

If through negotiation or litigation, SCE&G recovers any past payments to WEC/CB&I or reduces any current payments, those amounts will be reflected as reductions to the accounts where the capital cost of the project are recorded. This will reduce the financing costs to be charged to customers and the reduction will be reflected in lower revised rates in subsequent revised rates proceedings going forward.

CONCLUSION

14 Q. ARE THE UPDATES REQUESTED IN THIS PROCEEDING 15 REASONABLE AND PRUDENT?

Yes they are. As President for Generation and Transmission, I am involved on an on-going basis with all major aspects of the construction project and am directly involved in the negotiations with WEC/CB&I over the issues discussed here. The adjustments requested in this proceeding include adjustments to the construction schedule as well as to EPC costs and Owner's cost. They are adjustments that I know to represent reasonable and prudent changes in the cost and construction schedules for

the Units. Making these adjustments is necessary to create the anticipated cost and construction schedules for the Units as required by the BLRA. Based on my knowledge of the project, and in my professional opinion, the adjustments are in no way the result of any lack of responsible and prudent management of the project by the Company or of imprudence by the Company in any respect. I ask the Commission to approve these adjustments as presented in the exhibits to Mrs. Walker's testimony.

8 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?

9 A. Yes, it does.

I

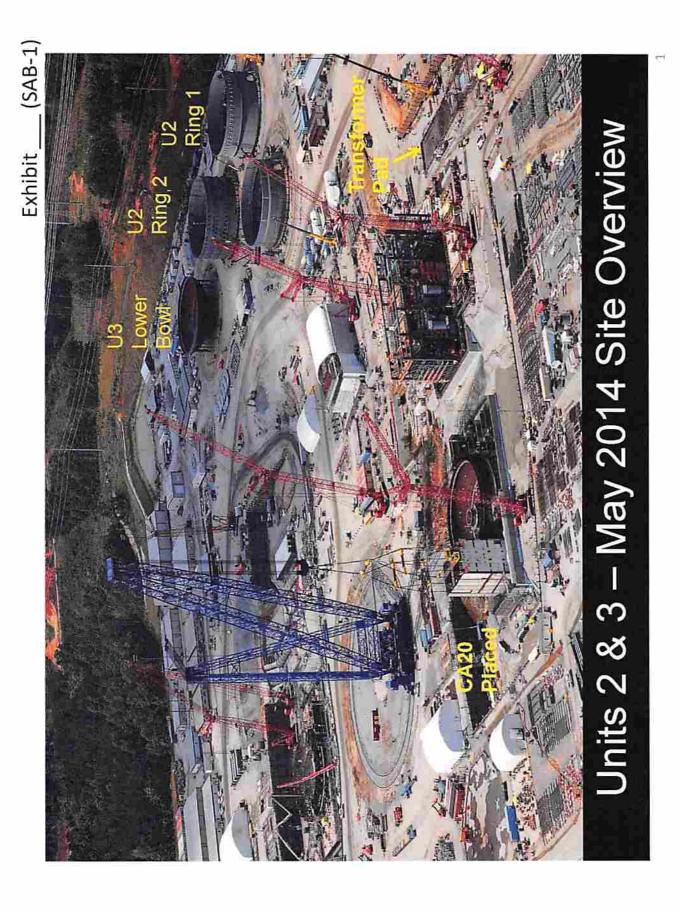
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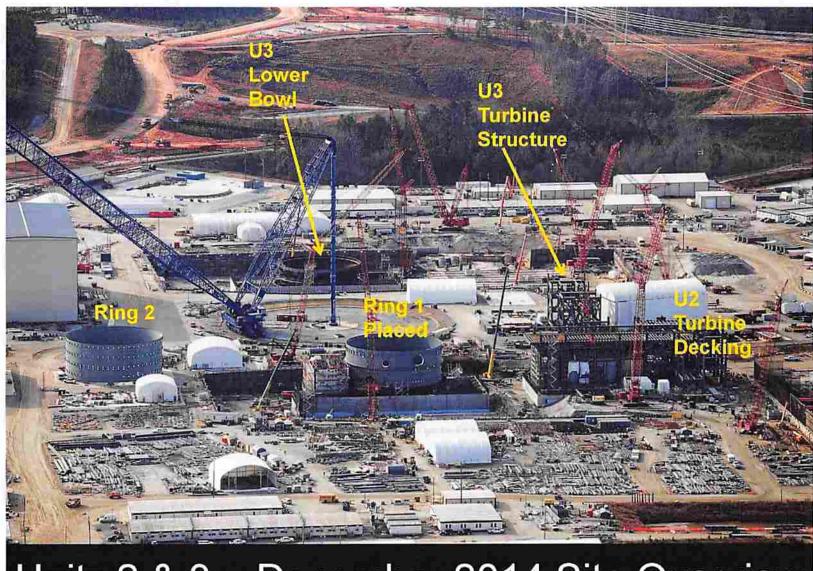
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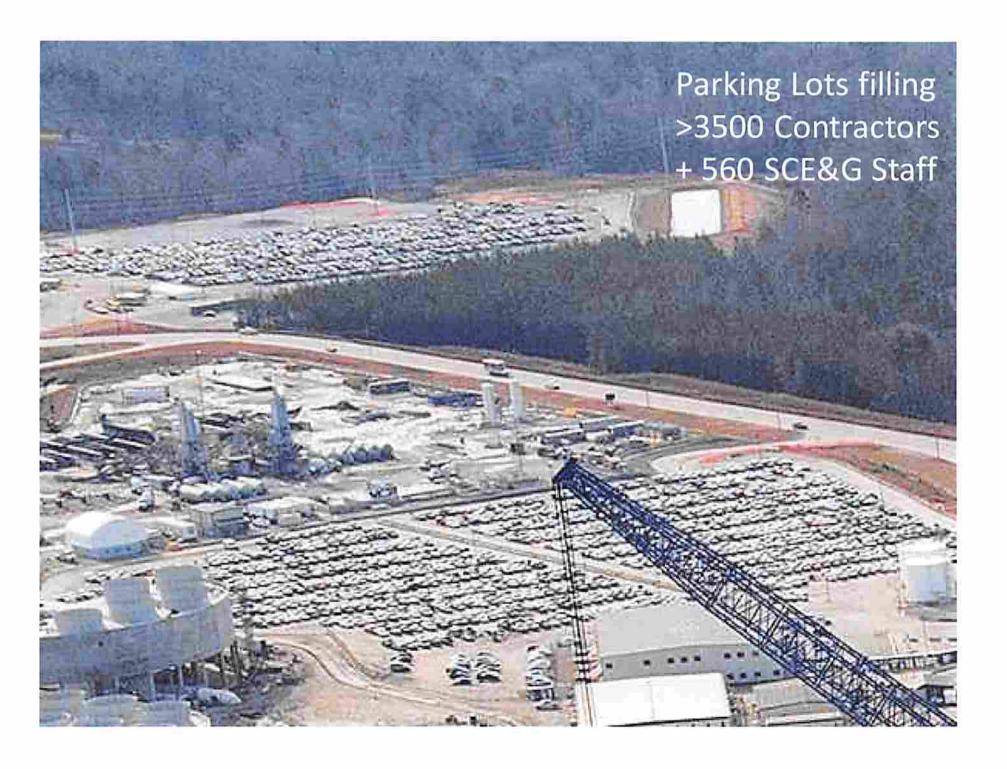
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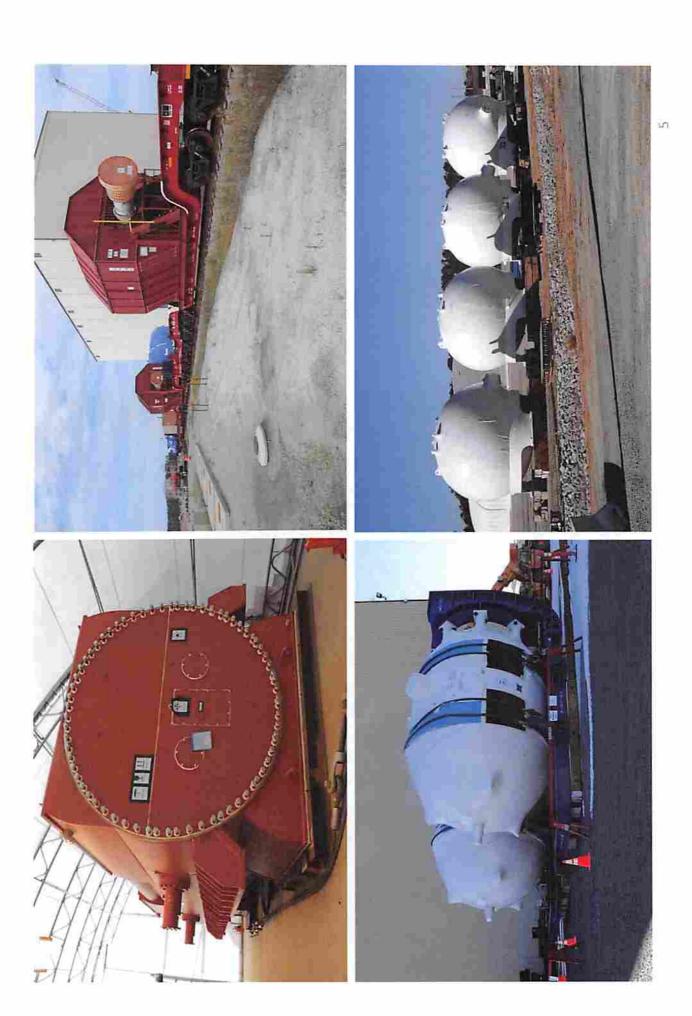




Units 2 & 3 – December 2014 Site Overview

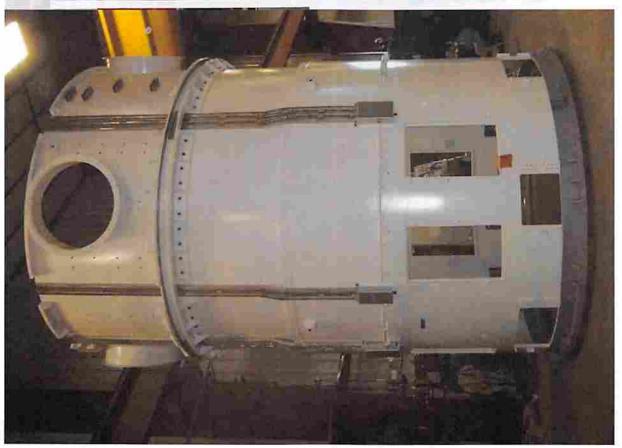














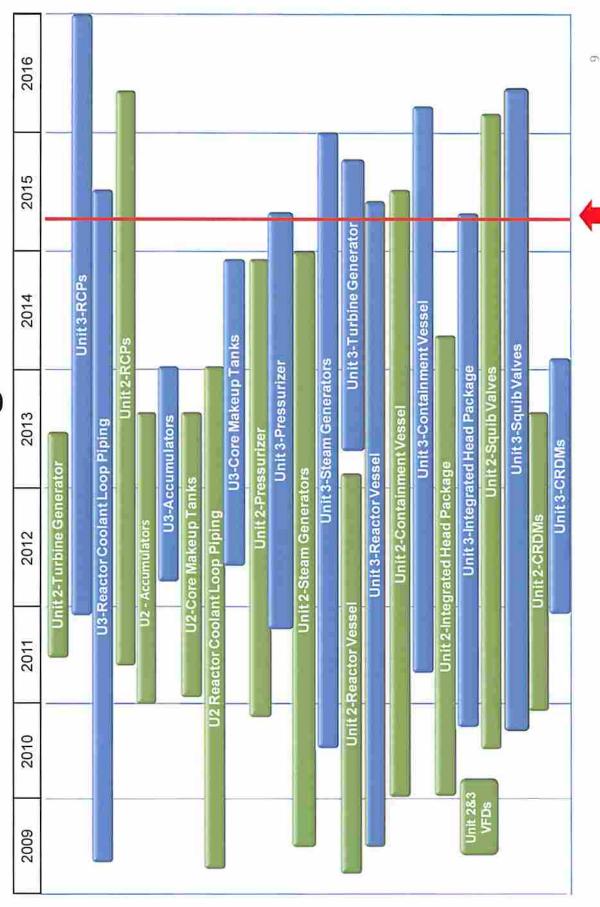




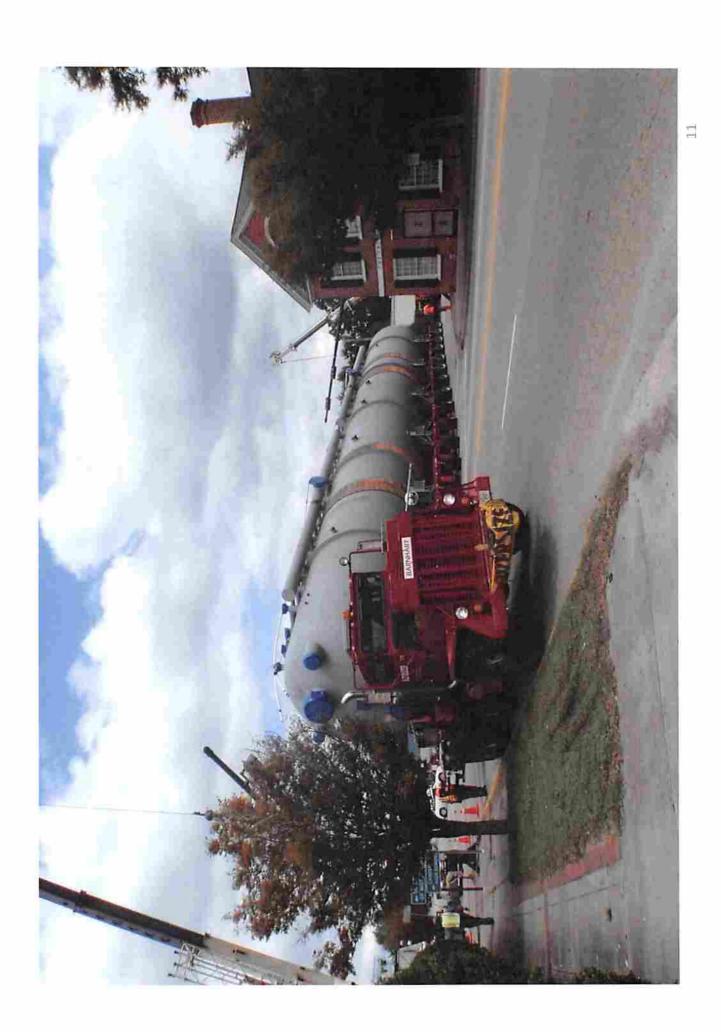


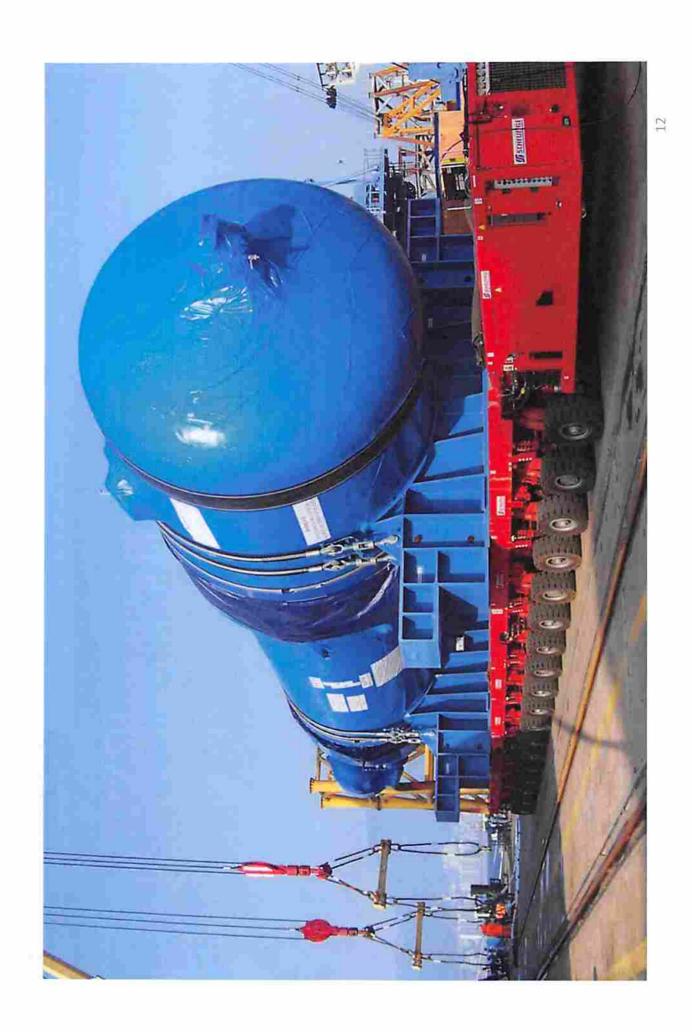


Manufacturing Schedule

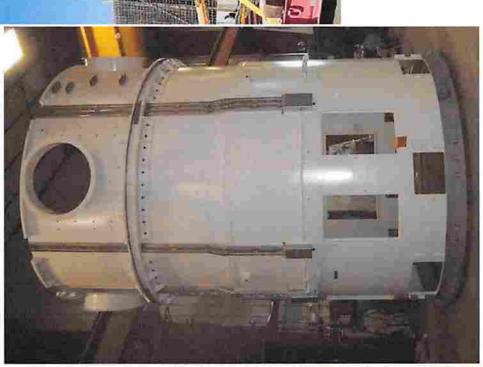








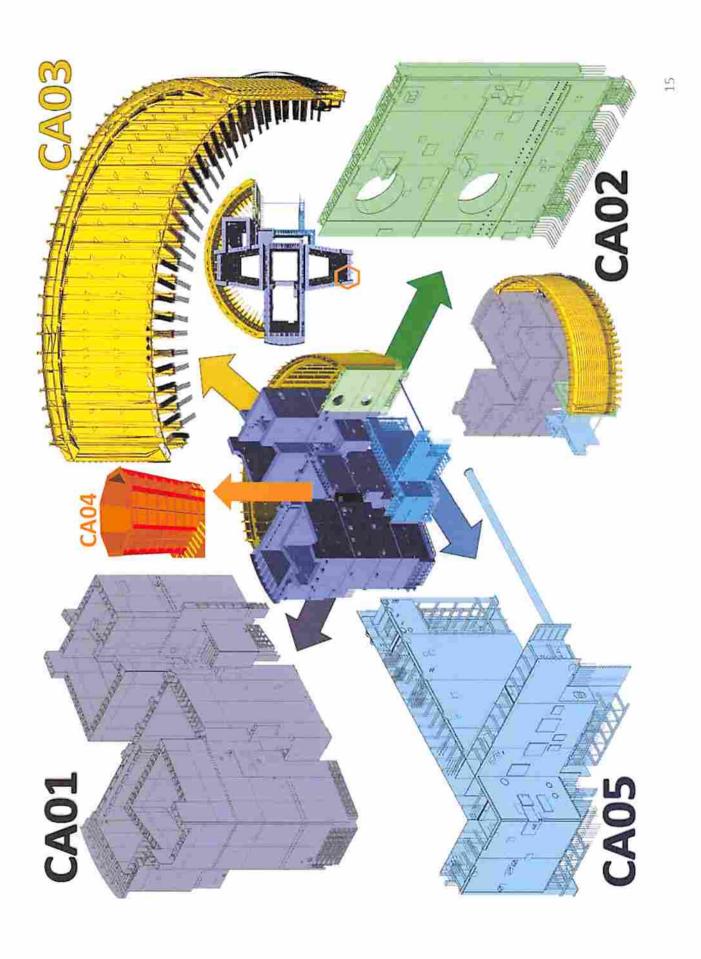
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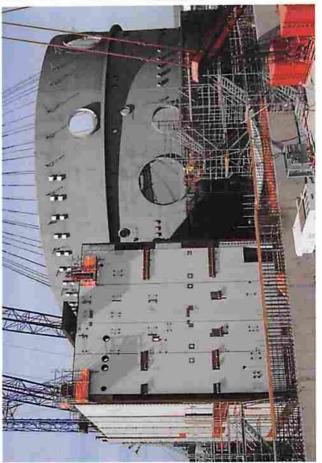


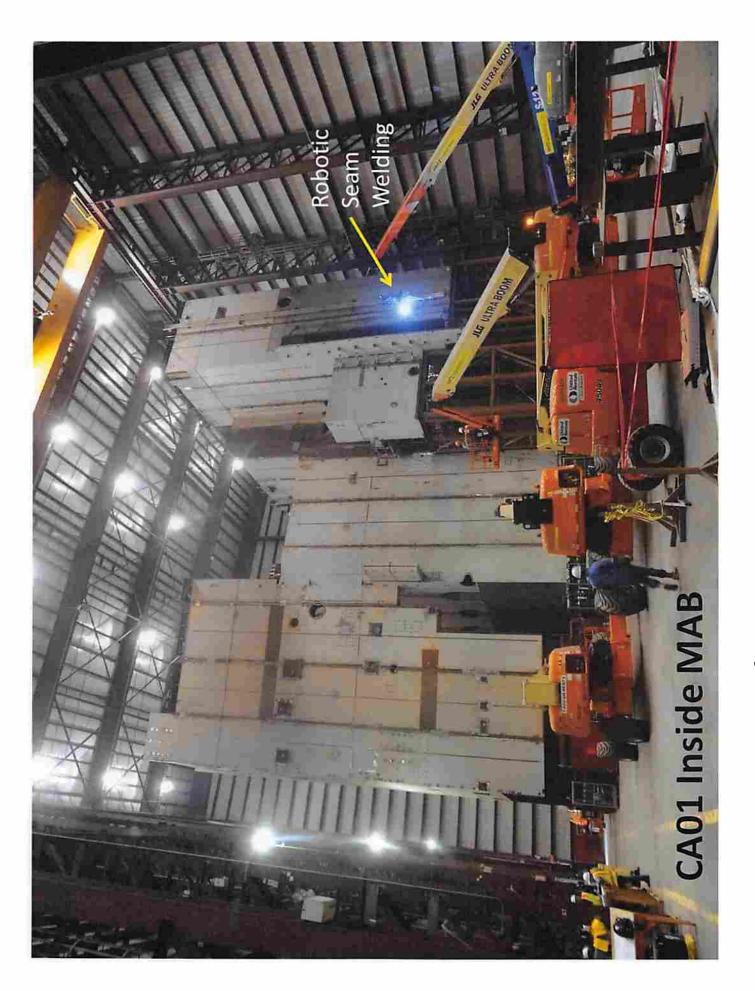


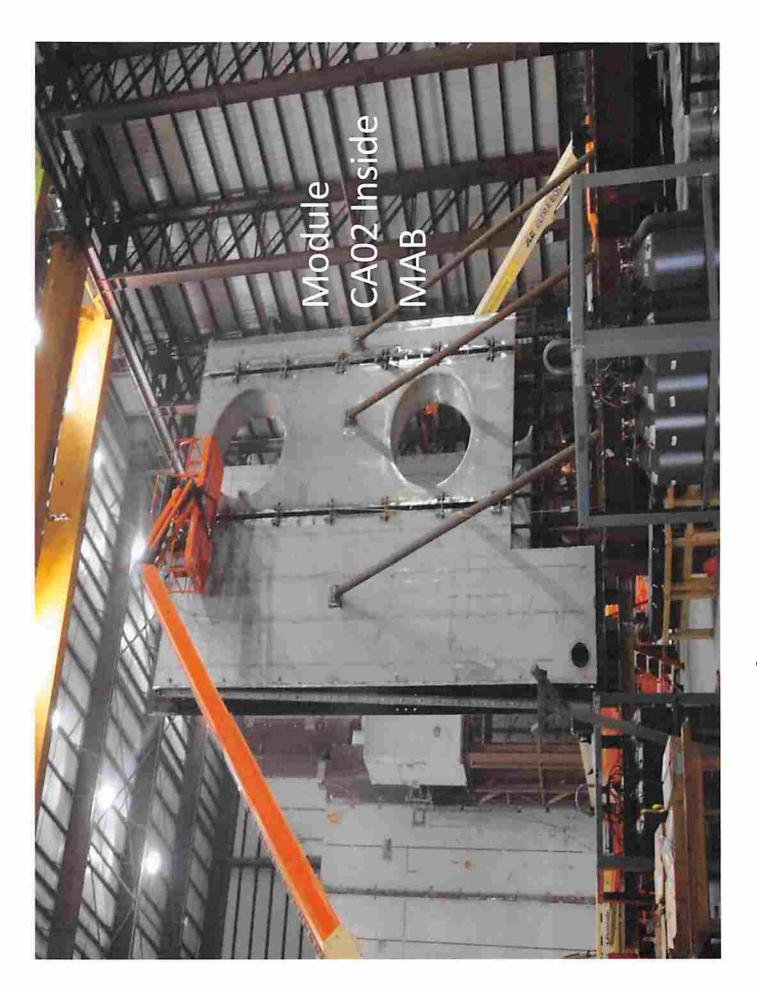


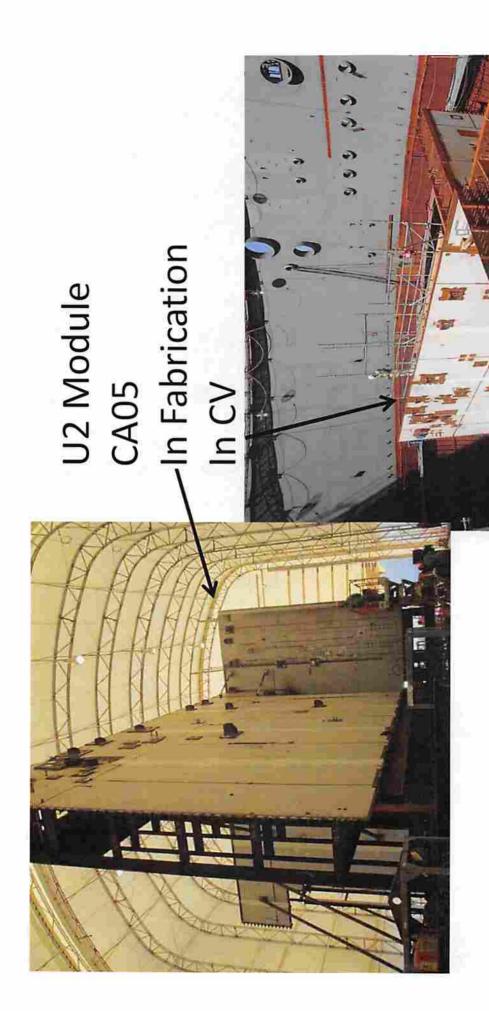


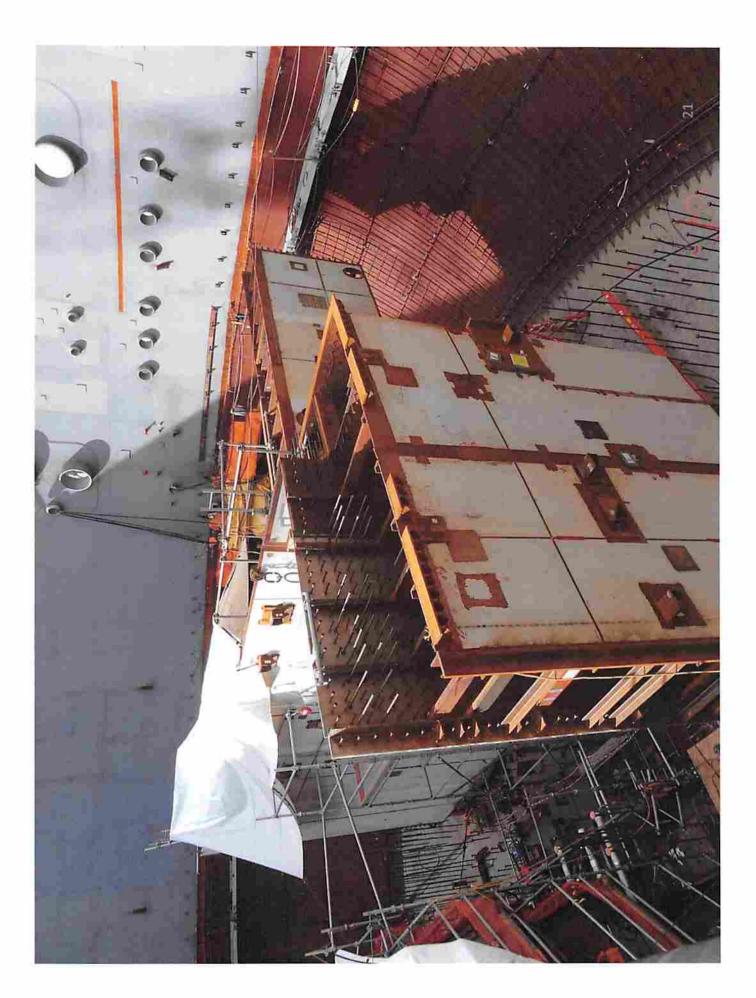


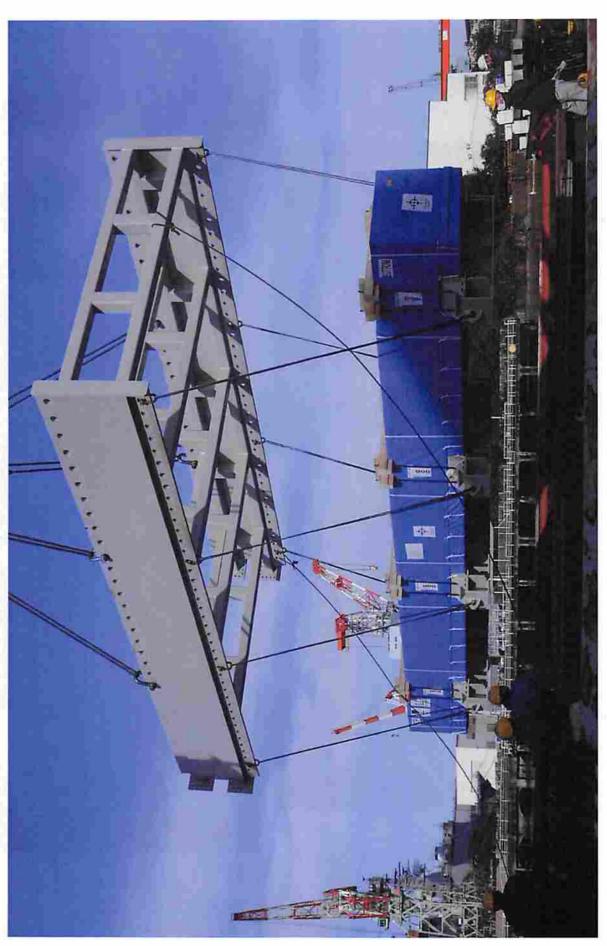






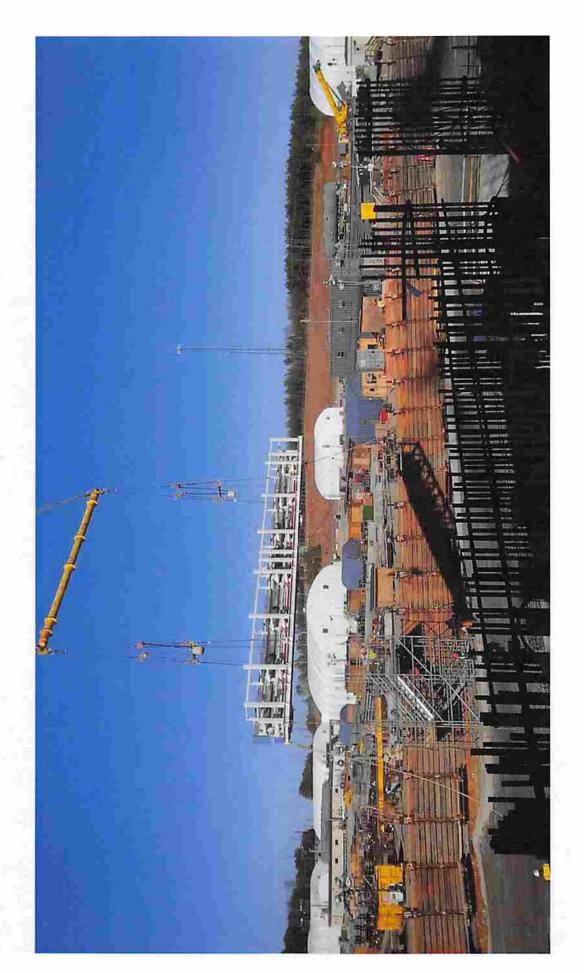


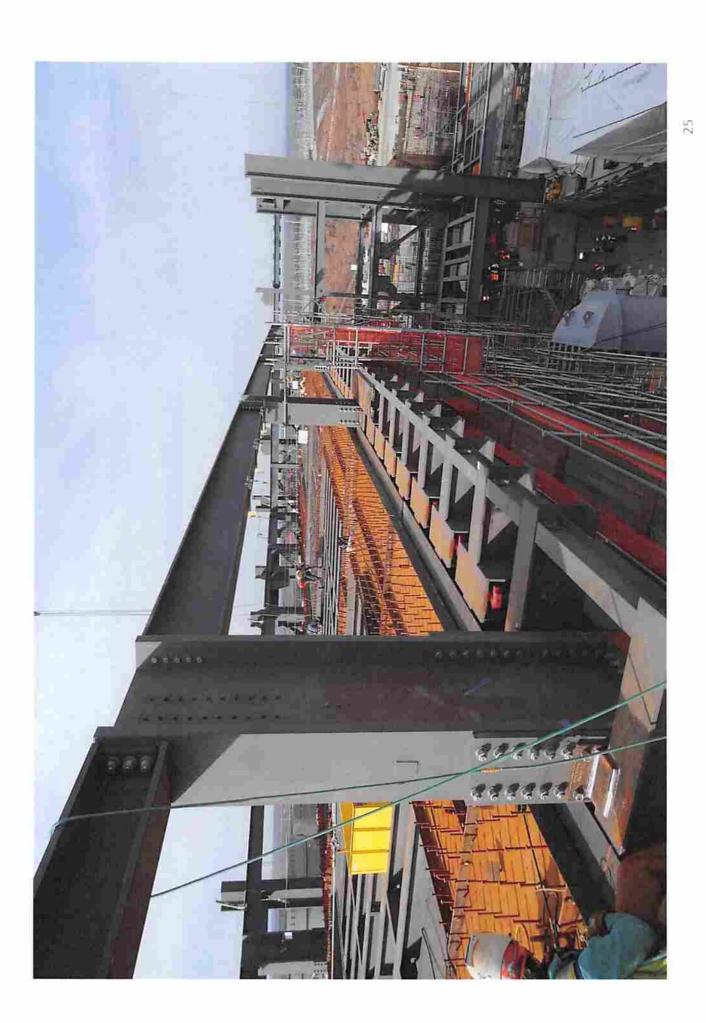


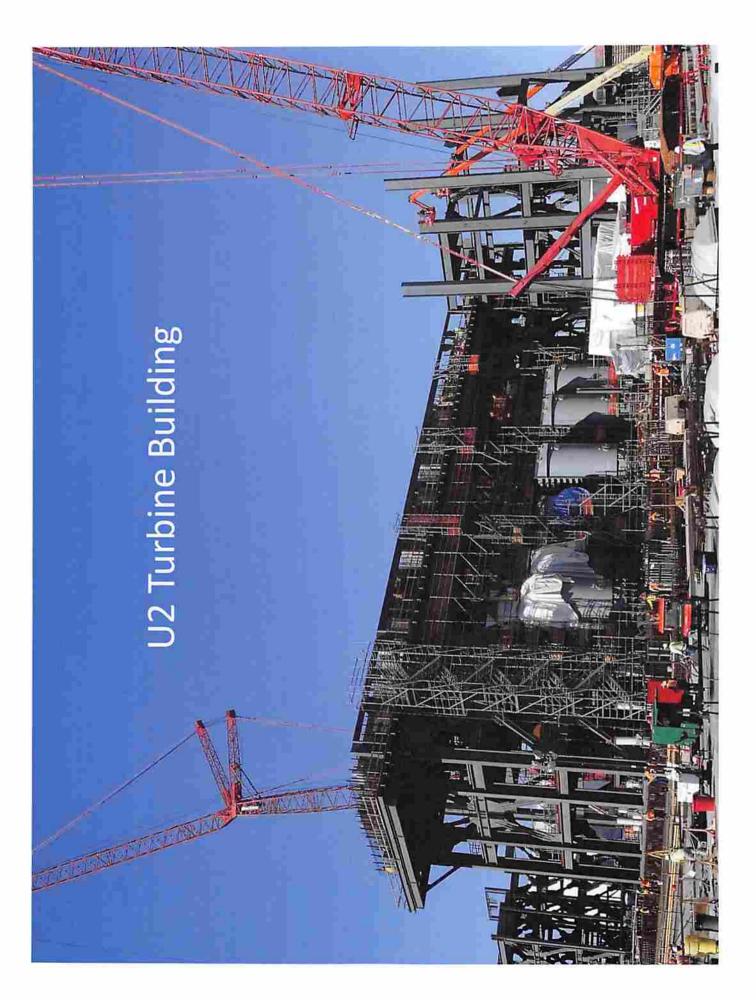


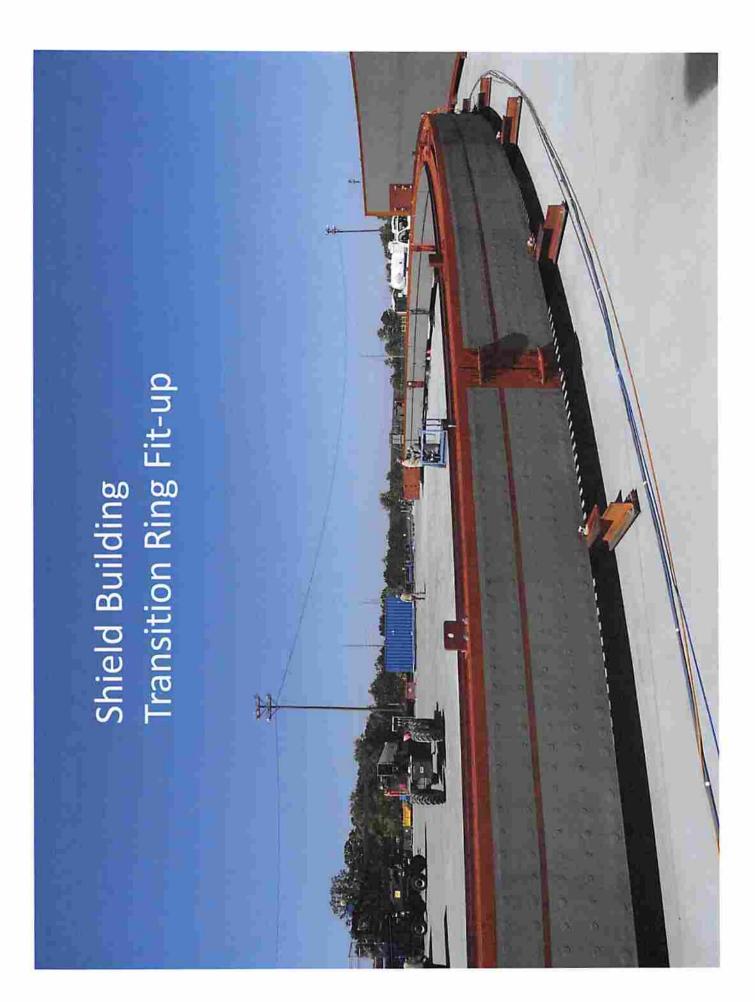


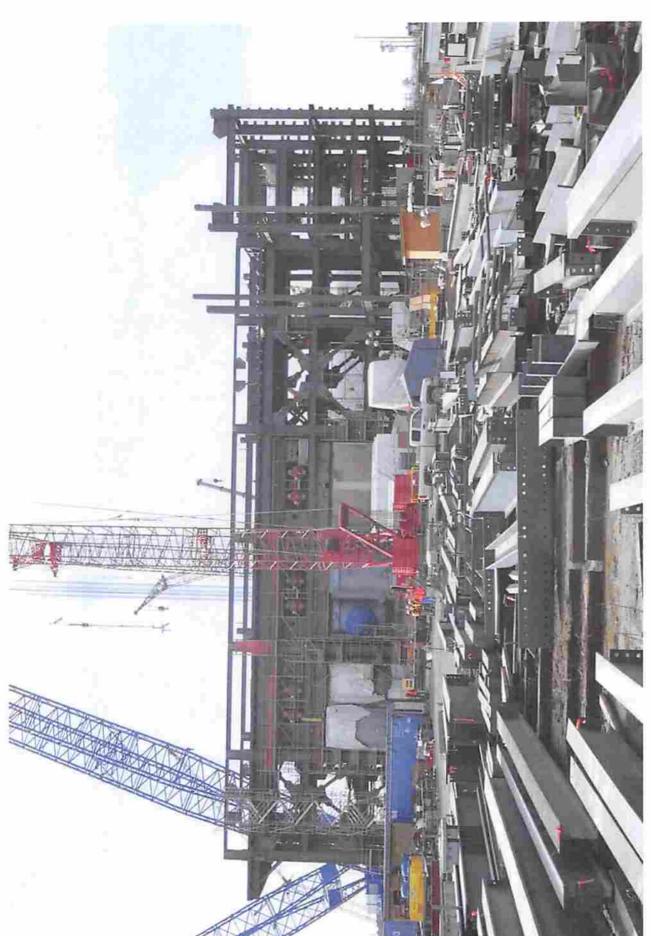


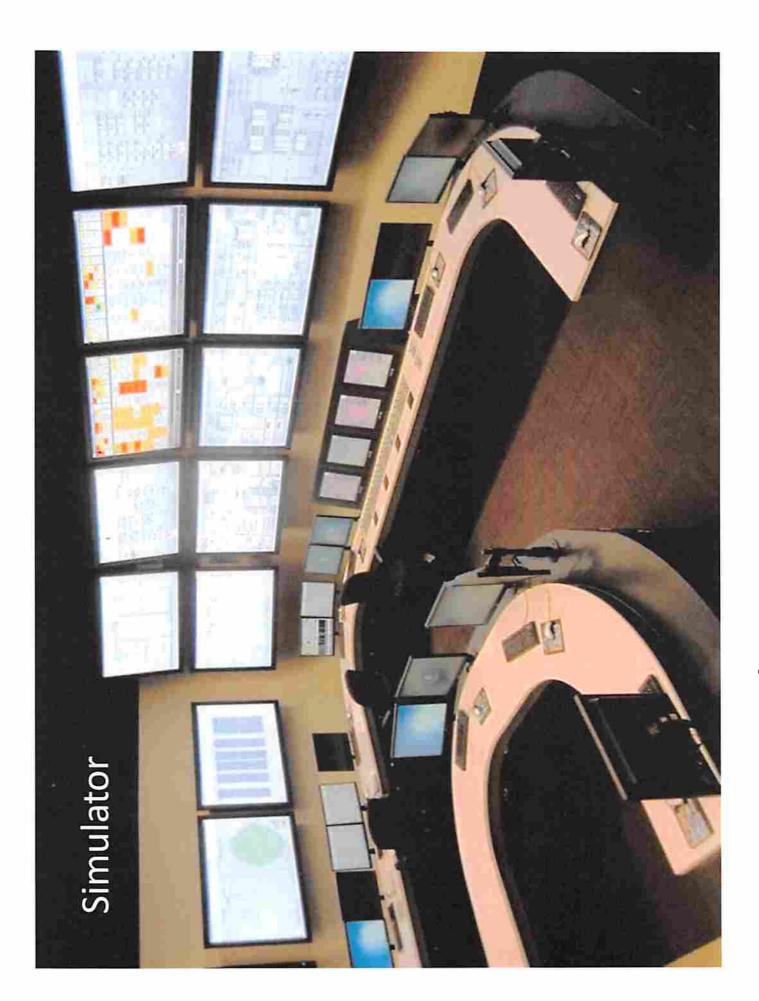












Tracking ID	Order No. 2012:884 Description	Order No 2012-884 Date	Revised Completion Date	Unit
17.	Approve Engineering Procurement and Construction Agreement	Complete	Complete	
2	Issue POs to nucleair component fabricators for Units 2 & 3 Containment Vessels	Complete	Complete	
	Contractor Issue PO to Passive Residual Heat Removal Heat Exchanger Fabricator - First Payment - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
47	Contractor Issue PO to Accumulator Tank Fabricator - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
5	Contractor Issue PO to Core Makeup Tank Fabricator - Units 2 & 3	Complete	Complete	
9	Contractor Issue PO to Squib Valve Fabricator - Units 2'8:3	Complete	Complete	
1	Contractor Issue PO to Steam Generator Fabricator - Units 2 & 3	Complete	Complete	
00	Contractor Issue Long Lead Material PO to Reactor Coolant Pump Fabricator - Units 2 & 3	Complete	Complete	
5	Contractor Issue PO to Pressulter Fabricator - Units 2 & 3	Complete	Complete	
10	Contractor Issue PO to Reactor Coolant Loop Pipe Fabricator - First Payment - Units 2.8.3	Complete	Complete	
11	Reactor Vessel Internals - Issue Long Lead Material PO to Fabricator - Units 2 & 3	Complete	Camplete	
12	Contractor trsue Long Lead Material PO to Reactor Voxsel Fabricator - Units 2 & 3	Complete	Complete	
13	Contractor Issue PO to Integrated Head Package Fabricator - Units 2 & 3	Complete	Complete	
14	Control Rod Drive Mechanism Issue PO for Long Lead Material to Fabricator - Units 2 & 3 - first payment	Complete	Complete	
15	Issue POs to nuclear component fabricators for Auctear Island structural CA20 Modules	Complete	Complete	
16	Start Site Specific and balance of plant detailed design	Complete	Complete	
17	Instrumentation & Control Simulator - Contractor Place Notice to Proceed - Units 2 & 3	Complete	Complete	
18	Steam Generator - Issue Final PO to Fabricator for Units 2 & 3	Complete	Complete	
19	Reactor Vessel Internals - Contractor Issue PO for Long Lead Material (Heavy Plate and Heavy Forgings) to Fabricator - Units 2 & 3	Complete	Complete	
20	Contractor Issue Final PO to Reactor Vessel Fabricator - Units 2 & 3	Complete	Complete	
2.1	Variable Frequency Drive Fabricator Issue Transformer PO - Units 2.8.3	Complete	Complete	
22	Start clearing, grubbing and grading.	Complete	Complete	
23	Core Makeup Tank Fabricator Issue Long Lead Material PO - Units 2 & 3	Complete	Complete	
24	Accumulator Tank Fabricator Issue Long Lead Material PO - Units 2 & 3	Complete	Complete	
25	Pressuriter Fabricator Issue Long Lead Material PO ∪ Units 2 & 3	Complete	Complete	
56	Reactor Coolant Loop Pipe - Contractor Issue PO to Fabricator - Second Payment - Units 2 & 3	Complete	Complete	
27	Integrated Head Package - Issue PO to Fabricator - Units 2 and 3 - second payment	Complete	Complete	
28	Control Rod Drive Mechanisms - Contractor Issue PO for Long Lead Material to Fabricator - Units 2 & 3	Complete	Complete	
53	Contractor Issue PO to Passive Residual Heat Removal Heat Exchanger Fabricator - Second Payment - Units 2 & 3	Complete	Complete	
30	Start Parr Road Intersection work	Complete	Complete	
31	Reactor Coolant Pump - Issue Final PO to Fabricator - Units 2 & 3	Complete	Complete	
32	Integrated Hear Parkages Fabricator Issue Long Lead Material PO - Units 2 & 3	Complete	Complete	
33	Design Finalization Payment 3	Complete	Complete	
34	Start site development	Complete	Complete	
35	Contractor tissue PO to Turbine Generator Fabricator - Units 2 & 3	Complete	Complete	
36	Contractor Issue PO to Main Transformers Fabricator - Units 2 & 3	Complete	Complete	
37	Core Makeup Tank Fabricator Notice to Contractor Receipt of Long Lead Material - Units 2 & 3	Camplete	Camplete	
38	Design Finalization Payment 4	Complete	Camplete	
33	Turbine Generator Fabricator Issue PD for Condenser Material - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
40	Reactor Coolant Pump Fabricator Issue Long Lead Material Lot 2 - Units 2 & 3	Complete	Complete	
4.1	Passive Residual Heat Removal Heat Exchanger Fabricator Receipt of Long Lead Material - Units 2 & 3	Complete	Complete	
45	Design Finalization Payment 5	Complete	Complete	
į	Start erection of construction buildings, to include craft facilities for personnel, tools, equipment; first aid facilities; field offices for site management and support	100		
43	persannel; temporary warehouses; and construction filing office	Complete	Complete	
44	Reactor Vessel Fabricator Notice to Contractor of Receipt of Flange Notate Shell Forging - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
45	Design Finalization Payment 6	Complete	Complete	
46	Instrumentation and Control Simulator - Contractor Issue PO to Subcontractor for Radiation Monitor System - Units 2 & 3	Complete	Complete	
47	Reactor Vessel Internals - Fabricator Start Fit and Welding of Core Shroud Assembly - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
400	Turbine Generator Fabricator Issue PO for Moisture Separator Reheater/Freedwater Heater Material - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
4	Neactor Loop Pripe Fabricator Acceptance of Naw Material - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
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South Carolina Electric & Gas Company

Tracking	Order No. 2012-884 Description	Order No. 2012-884 Date	Revised Completion Date	Livit
60	Restor Visco Internals, Eshicator Start Wold Nautron Shield Snaror Pade to Assembly - Linit 3	Complete	Complete	l
T	Control Red Drive Mechanisms - Fabricator to Start Procurement of Long Lead Material - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
Т	Contractor Notified that Pressurier Fabricator Performed Cladding on Bottom Head - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
	Start excavation and foundation work for the standard plant for Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
54 5t	Steam Generator Fabricator Notice to Contractor of Receipt of 2nd Steam Generator Tubesheet Forging Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
	Reactor Vessel Fabricator Notice to Contractor of Outlet Nozzle Welding to Flange Nozzle Shell Completion - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
	Turbine Generator Fabricator Notice to Contractor, Condenser Fabrication Started - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
	Complete preparations for receiving the first module on site for Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
	Steam Generator Fabricator Notice to Contractor of Receipt of 1st Steam Generator Transition Cone Forging - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
59 Re	Relation Coolant Pumpin Fabricator Notice to Contractor of Manufacturing of Casing Compileton - Unit 2 Seasons Coolant Pumpin Fabricator Notice to Contractor of Manufacturing of Casing Cooping Coopi	Complete	Complete	
T	nearth constitution of the property of the pro	Complete	Complete	
Τ	Lycine primaritation (state PO for Main Hosts Drum and Wire Rose - Units 2 is Polar Crane Eabirator (state PO for Main Hosts Drum and Wire Rose - Units 2 is	Camplete	Complete	
Т	Control Red Drive Mechanisms - Fabricator to Start Procurement of Long Lead Material - Unit 3	Complete	Complete	
T	Turbine Generator Fabricator Notice to Contractor Condenser Ready to Ship - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
	Start placement of mud mat for Unit 2	Camplete	Complete	
	Steam Generator Fabricator Notice to Contractor of Receipt of 1st Steam Generator Tubing - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
67 Pr	Pressurizer Fabricator Notice to Contractor of Welding of Upper and Intermediate Shells Completion - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
	Reactor Vessel Fabricator Notice to Contractor of Closure Head Cladding Completion - Unit 3	Complete	Complete	
	Begin Unit 2 first nuclear concrete placement	Complete	Complete	
	Reactor Coolant Pump Fabricator Notice to Contractor of Stator Core Completion - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
	Fabricator Start Fit and Welding of Core Shroud Assembly - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
	Steam Generator Fabricator Notice to Contractor of Completion of 1st Steam Generator Tubing Installation - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
	Reactor Coolant Loop Pipe - Shipment of Equipment to Sitn - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
T	Control Rad Drive Mechanism - Ship Remainder of Equipment (Latch Assembly & Rad Travel Housing) to Head Supplier - Unit 2.	Complete	Complete	
	Pressurince Fabricator Notice to Contractor of Welding of Lower Shell to Bottom Head Completion - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
	Steam Generator Fabricator Notice to Contractor of Completion of 2nd Steam Generator Tubing Installation - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
	Design Finalization Payment 14	Camplete	Complete	
	Set madule CAD4 for Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
	Passive Residual Heat Removal Heat Exchanger Fabricator Notice to Contractor of Final Post Weld Heat Treatment - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
T	Passive Residual Heat Removal Heat Exchanger Fabricator Notice to Contractor of Completion of Tubing - Unit 2	Complete	Сотріете	
	Polar Crane Fabricator Notice to Contractor of Girder Fabrication Completion - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
	Turbine Generator Fabricator Notice to Contractor Condenser Ready to Ship - Unit 3	Complete	Complete	
	Set Containment Vesset ring #1 for Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
T	Reactor Coolant Pump Fabricator Delivery of Casings to Port of Export - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
Т		Complete	Complete	
T		Complete	Complete	
97 /8	CONTROL MODIFICATION TO THE TRANSPORT OF THE TRANSPORT OF THE TRANSPORT OF THE STATEMENT OF THE TRANSPORT OF THE STATEMENT OF	COMPLETE	13/30/3015	Hale 2
T	and the state of t	Complete	Complete	CHIEF
T	Accumulator Tank Fabricator Notice to Contractor of Satisfactory Completion of Hydrotest - Unit 3	Complete	Complete	
	Pojar Crane Fabricator Notice to Contractor of Electric Panel Assembly Completion - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
Γ	Start containment large bore pipe supports for Unit 2	Camplete	Complete	
	Integrated Head Package - Shipment of Equipment to Site - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
	Reactor Coolant Pump Fabricator Notice to Contractor of Final Stator Assembly Completion - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
95 St	Generator Fabricator Notice to Contractor of Completion of 2nd Steam Generator Tubing Installation - Unit 3	Complete	Complete	
	Steam Generator Fabricator Notice to Contractor of Satisfactory Completion of 1st Steam Generator Hydrotess - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
97 51	Start concrete fill of Nuclear Island structural modules CA01 and CA02 for Unit 2	4/3/2014	7/18/2016	Unit 2
98 Pa	Passive Residual Heat Removal Heat Eschanger - Delivery of Equipment to Port of Entry - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
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South Carolina Electric & Gas Company

Tracking	Order No. 2012-884 Description	Order No 2012:884 Date	Revised Completion Date	Unit
100 Deliver Reactor	Deliver Reactor Vessel Internals to Port of Exocut - Unit 2	1/31/2014	7/30/2015	Unit 2
Г	Set Unit 2 Containment Vessel #3	4/24/2014	8/23/2016	Unit 2
	Steam Generator - Contractor Acceptance of Equipment at Port of Entry - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
T	Turbine Generator Fabricator Notice to Contractor Turbine Generator Ready to Ship - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
Т	Pressurizer Fabricator Notice to Contractor of Satisfactory Completion of Hydrotest - Unit 3	3/31/2014	3/28/2015	Unit 3
Т	Polar Crane - Shipment of Equipment to Site - Unit 2	1/31/2014	12/31/2015	Unit 2
T	Receive Unit 2 Reactor Vessel on site from fabricator	Camplete	Complete	
107 Set Unit 2 Heactor Vessel	Exhibitor of Contractor of Committee of Tool Chamber Mander Tribushoot Accommission 11sts 2	6/23/2014	3/3/3/305	Unit 2
	STREET WORKEN DE TRANSPORTE DE CONTRACTOR OF COMPREHENDER DE TRANSPORTE DE TRANSPORTE VASSEMBLY WEIGHT. S Train a Contract de Train Street De Contractor of Empleyen on Street Accommission of Disposition Provider of Contractor of Final States Accommission - Links	8/31/2013	10/30/2015	Unit 3
Т	Reactor Coolant Pump - Shipment of Equipment to Site (2 Reactor Coolant Pumps) - Unit 2	10/31/2013	5/30/2016	Unit 2
111 Place first nucle	Place first nuclear concrete for Unit 3	Complete	Complete	
112 Set Unit 2 Steam Generator	Generator	10/23/2014	10/10/2016	Unit 2
113 Main Transform	Main Transformers Ready to Ship - Unit 2	Complete	Complete	
114 Complete Unit 3	Complete Unit 3 Steam Generator Hydrotest at fabricator	2/28/2014	7/30/2015	Unit 3
	Set Unit 2 Containment Vessel Bottom Head on basemat legs	Complete	Complete	
	urizer Vessel	5/16/2014	8/23/2016	Unit 2
	Reactor Coolant Pump Fabricator Notice to Contractor of Satisfactory Completion of Factory Acceptance Test - Unit 3	2/28/2015	1/31/2017	Unit 3
T	Deliver Reactor Vessel Internals to Port of Export - Unit 3	6/30/2015	12/31/2016	Unit 3
119 Main Transform	Main Transformers Fabricator Issue PO for Material - Unit 3	Complete	Complete	
T	Complices weathing in Unit. Z France resolution in Resolution in 1995 the Implicit in Security of Complete Security in Unit. Security of Emiliary and Security in Complete Security in Sec	APACTORE	1/10/2017	tinit 3
I	Refuel in Markino - Sharment of Equipment or specific and a state of the state of t	2/28/2015	3/27/2016	Unit 3
	Crane	1/9/2015	12/19/2016	Unit 2
	Reactor Coolant Pumps - Shipment of Equipment to Site - Unit 3	6/30/2015	4/30/2017	Unit 3
	Main Transformers Ready to Ship - Unit 3	7/31/2015	12/30/2015	Unit 3
126 Spent Fuel Stora	Spent Fuel Storage Rack - Shipment of Last Rack Module - Unit 3	7/31/2014	5/31/2015	Unit 3
127 Start electrical c	Start electrical cable pulling in Unit 2 Auxiliary Building.	8/14/2013	11/29/2016	Unit 2
128 Complete Unit 2	Complete Unit 2 Roactor Coolant System cold thydro	1/22/2016	2/19/2018	Unit 2
	Activate class 1E DC power in Unit 2 Auxiliary Building	3/15/2015	6/22/2017	Unit 2
130 Complete Unit 2	Complete Unit 2 hat functional test.	5/3/2016	5/23/2018	Unit 2
131 Install Unit 3 rin	install Unit 3 ring 3 for containment vessel	8/25/2015	2/27/2017	Unit 3
	earfuel	9/15/2016	12/21/2018	Unit 2
٦	al Completion	3/15/2017	6/19/2019	Unit 2
	or Vessel	10/22/2015	5/26/2017	Unit 3
П	Generator #2	2/25/2016	9/22/2017	Unit 3
	urizer Vessel	7/16/2015	11/27/27/11	thuit 3
	Complete welding of Unit 3 Passive Residual Hear Removal System piping,	6/16/2016	1/29/2018	Unit 3
T	crane	5/9/2016	12/18/2017	Unit 3
T	Start Unit 3 Shield Building roof stab rebat placement	5/26/2016	5/11/2018	Unit
T	STATE ONLY SAMINING PRODUCES CARRY DURING	107///11	4/12/201/	200
	ACTIVATE UNITED BUILDING CIRS. IL CL. DEWER	8/07/61/6	0103/51/6	C III
143 Complete Unit 3	Compilere Unit 3 Notation Conduct System Color Nation Compilere Unit 3 Notation Color Nation (Color Nation Color Nation Color Nation Color Nation Color Nation Color	7/3/2017	6105/07/2	Linit 3
T	Complete and a nichal facility of the complete and the co	7105/5/11	12/10/2016	their 3
	Rapid Lint 3 full conver energical	4/8/2018	6/20/2020	Unit 3
T		The state of the s	Canada da la	

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